

Irregular Verbs

Monday, July 8, 2024 7:31 PM

Certainly! Here's the requested information for each verb:

Abide

- **Present**: abide (abáid)
- **Past**: abode (abóud)
- **Past Participle**: abidden (abíden)
- **Meaning**: To accept or act in accordance with a rule, decision, or recommendation.
- **Example**: He always tries to abide by the rules set by his parents.

Arise

- **Present**: arise (aráis)
- **Past**: arose (aróus)
- **Past Participle**: arisen (arízen)
- **Meaning**: To happen; to start to exist.
- **Example**: Problems can arise when people don't communicate properly.

Awake

- **Present**: awake (awáke)
- **Past**: awoke (awóke)
- **Past Participle**: awoken (awóken)
- **Meaning**: To stop sleeping; to wake up.
- **Example**: She awoke to the sound of birds singing outside her window.

Bear

- **Present**: bear (bér)
- **Past**: bore (bór)
- **Past Participle**: borne (bórn)
- **Meaning**: To carry or support; to endure something difficult.
- **Example**: She bore the pain without complaining.

Beat

- **Present**: beat (bít)
- **Past**: beat (bít)
- **Past Participle**: beaten (bíten)
- **Meaning**: To defeat someone in a competition or battle.
- **Example**: They beat their rivals in the championship game.

Become

- **Present**: become (bicóm)
- **Past**: became (bicéim)
- **Past Participle**: become (bicóm)
- **Meaning**: To begin to be something.
- **Example**: She became a successful author after years of hard work.

Begin

- **Present**: begin (beguín)
- **Past**: began (begán)
- **Past Participle**: begun (begún)
- **Meaning**: To start doing something.
- **Example**: The meeting began at 10 a.m.

Bend

- **Present**: bend (bénd)

- **Past**: bent (bént)
- **Past Participle**: bent (bént)
- **Meaning**: To shape or force something straight into a curve or angle.
- **Example**: She bent the wire into a circle.

Bet

- **Present**: bet (bét)
- **Past**: bet (bét)
- **Past Participle**: bet (bét)
- **Meaning**: To risk money on a race or an event by trying to predict the result.
- **Example**: He bet all his savings on that horse.

Bid

- **Present**: bid (bíd)
- **Past**: bid (bíd)
- **Past Participle**: bid (bíd)
- **Meaning**: To offer a particular amount of money for something.
- **Example**: She bid \$100 for the antique vase at the auction.

Bind

- **Present**: bind (báind)
- **Past**: bound (báund)
- **Past Participle**: bound (báund)
- **Meaning**: To tie something tightly or to fasten something.
- **Example**: They bound the prisoner's hands with rope.

Bite

- **Present**: bite (báit)
- **Past**: bit (bít)
- **Past Participle**: bitten (bíten)
- **Meaning**: To use your teeth to cut into something.
- **Example**: He bit into the apple with a loud crunch.

Bleed

- **Present**: bleed (blíd)
- **Past**: bled (bléd)
- **Past Participle**: bled (bléd)
- **Meaning**: To lose blood because of a cut or injury.
- **Example**: The cut on his arm was bleeding badly.

Blow

- **Present**: blow (blóu)
- **Past**: blew (blú)
- **Past Participle**: blown (blóun)
- **Meaning**: To move and make currents of air, or to cause something to be moved in this way.
- **Example**: The wind blew the leaves off the trees.

Break

- **Present**: break (bréik)
- **Past**: broke (bróuk)
- **Past Participle**: broken (bróuken)
- **Meaning**: To separate into pieces as a result of a sudden and severe force.
- **Example**: She broke the glass when she dropped it.

Breed

- **Present**: breed (bríd)
- **Past**: bred (bréd)

- **Past Participle**: bred (bréd)
- **Meaning**: To keep animals for the purpose of producing young animals in a controlled way.
- **Example**: They breed horses on their farm.

Bring

- **Present**: bring (bríng)
- **Past**: brought (brót)
- **Past Participle**: brought (brót)
- **Meaning**: To take or carry someone or something to a place or a person.
- **Example**: Can you bring me a glass of water?

Broadcast

- **Present**: broadcast (bródkast)
- **Past**: broadcast (bródkast)
- **Past Participle**: broadcast (bródkast)
- **Meaning**: To send out a programme on television or radio.
- **Example**: They broadcast the match live all over the world.

Build

- **Present**: build (bíld)
- **Past**: built (bílt)
- **Past Participle**: built (bílt)
- **Meaning**: To make something by putting bricks or other materials together.
- **Example**: They built their house out of stone.

Burn

- **Present**: burn (bérn)
- **Past**: burnt/burned (bérnt/bérnd)
- **Past Participle**: burnt/burned (bérnt/bérnd)
- **Meaning**: To be on fire, or to produce flames.
- **Example**: The fire burned brightly in the fireplace.

Burst

- **Present**: burst (bérst)
- **Past**: burst (bérst)
- **Past Participle**: burst (bérst)
- **Meaning**: To break open or apart suddenly and violently so that its contents come out.
- **Example**: The balloon burst when he sat on it.

Buy

- **Present**: buy (bái)
- **Past**: bought (bót)
- **Past Participle**: bought (bót)
- **Meaning**: To get something by paying money for it.
- **Example**: She bought a new dress for the party.

Cast

- **Present**: cast (kást)
- **Past**: cast (kást)
- **Past Participle**: cast (kást)
- **Meaning**: To choose actors to play particular parts in a play, film, or show.
- **Example**: The director cast her in the lead role of the movie.

Catch

- **Present**: catch (kach)
- **Past**: caught (kót)
- **Past Participle**: caught (kót)

- **Meaning**: To take hold of something, especially something that is moving through the air.
- **Example**: He caught the ball with one hand.

Choose

- **Present**: choose (chúz)
- **Past**: chose (chóuz)
- **Past Participle**: chosen (chóuzn)
- **Meaning**: To decide what you want from two or more things or possibilities.
- **Example**: She chose the red dress instead of the blue one.

Clap

- **Present**: clap (kláp)
- **Past**: clapped (klápt)
- **Past Participle**: clapped (klápt)
- **Meaning**: To hit your hands together repeatedly to show that you enjoyed a performance or the speech.
- **Example**: The audience clapped loudly at the end of the concert.

Cling

- **Present**: cling (klíng)
- **Past**: clung (klúng)
- **Past Participle**: clung (klúng)
- **Meaning**: To hold on tightly to somebody/something.
- **Example**: The child clung to her mother's leg.

Clothe

- **Present**: clothe (klóudh)
- **Past**: clad/clothed (klád/klóudhd)
- **Past Participle**: clad/clothed (klád/klóudhd)
- **Meaning**: To provide someone with clothes.
- **Example**: They clothe the children in warm clothes during winter.

Come

- **Present**: come (kám)
- **Past**: came (kéím)
- **Past Participle**: come (kám)
- **Meaning**: To move or travel towards or into a place.
- **Example**: She came to the party alone.

Cost

- **Present**: cost (kóst
-)
- **Past**: cost (kóst)
- **Past Participle**: cost (kóst)
- **Meaning**: If something costs an amount of money, you need to pay that amount to buy or do it.
- **Example**: The meal cost us \$50.

Creep

- **Present**: creep (kríp)
- **Past**: crept (krépt)
- **Past Participle**: crept (krépt)
- **Meaning**: To move slowly, quietly, and carefully, usually in order to avoid being noticed.
- **Example**: He crept downstairs, trying not to wake anyone.

Cut

- **Present**: cut (kát)
- **Past**: cut (kát)
- **Past Participle**: cut (kát)
- **Meaning**: To use a knife or other sharp tool to divide something, remove part of something, or make a hole in something.
- **Example**: She cut the cake into pieces.

Deal

- **Present**: deal (díl)
- **Past**: dealt (délť)
- **Past Participle**: dealt (délť)
- **Meaning**: To give or share out something, especially playing cards.
- **Example**: He dealt the cards to the players.

Dig

- **Present**: dig (díg)
- **Past**: dug (dág)
- **Past Participle**: dug (dág)
- **Meaning**: To break up and move soil using a tool, a machine, or your hands.
- **Example**: They dug a hole to plant the tree.

Dive

- **Present**: dive (dáiv)
- **Past**: dove/dived (dóuv/dáivd)
- **Past Participle**: dived (dáivd)
- **Meaning**: To jump into water, especially with your head and arms going in first.
- **Example**: She dived into the pool from the highest board.

Do

- **Present**: do (dú)
- **Past**: did (díd)
- **Past Participle**: done (dón)
- **Meaning**: To perform an action or activity.
- **Example**: He did his homework before going out to play.

Draw

- **Present**: draw (dró)
- **Past**: drew (drú)
- **Past Participle**: drawn (drón)
- **Meaning**: To make a picture of something or someone with a pencil or pen.
- **Example**: She drew a beautiful landscape.

Dream

- **Present**: dream (drím)
- **Past**: dreamt/dreamed (drémt/drímd)
- **Past Participle**: dreamt/dreamed (drémt/drímd)
- **Meaning**: To experience events and images in your mind while you are sleeping.
- **Example**: He dreamt of being a famous actor one day.

Drink

- **Present**: drink (dríngk)
- **Past**: drank (dránk)
- **Past Participle**: drunk (dránk)
- **Meaning**: To take liquid into your mouth and swallow it.
- **Example**: She drank a glass of water after her run.

Drive

- **Present**: drive (dráiv)
- **Past**: drove (dróuv)
- **Past Participle**: driven (dríven)
- **Meaning**: To control and operate a vehicle.
- **Example**: He drove his car to work every day.

Dwell

- **Present**: dwell (duél)
- **Past**: dwelt/dwelled (duélt/duéld)
- **Past Participle**: dwelt/dwelled (duélt/duéld)
- **Meaning**: To live in a place or in a particular way.
- **Example**: They dwelt in a small cottage by the sea.

Eat

- **Present**: eat (ít)
- **Past**: ate (ét)
- **Past Participle**: eaten (íten)
- **Meaning**: To put food into your mouth, chew it, and swallow it.
- **Example**: She ate a sandwich for lunch.

Fall

- **Present**: fall (fál)
- **Past**: fell (fél)
- **Past Participle**: fallen (fólen)
- **Meaning**: To move quickly downwards from a higher position, usually by accident.
- **Example**: The leaves fell from the trees in autumn.

Feed

- **Present**: feed (fíd)
- **Past**: fed (féd)
- **Past Participle**: fed (féd)
- **Meaning**: To give food to a person or an animal.
- **Example**: She fed the baby with a spoon.

Feel

- **Present**: feel (fíl)
- **Past**: felt (félt)
- **Past Participle**: felt (félt)
- **Meaning**: To experience something physical or emotional.
- **Example**: He felt a sharp pain in his leg.

Fight

- **Present**: fight (fáit)
- **Past**: fought (fót)
- **Past Participle**: fought (fót)
- **Meaning**: To use physical force to try to defeat someone.
- **Example**: They fought bravely in the battle.

Find

- **Present**: find (fáind)
- **Past**: found (fáund)
- **Past Participle**: found (fáund)
- **Meaning**: To discover something or someone by searching.
- **Example**: She found her lost keys under the sofa.

Fit

- **Present**: fit (fít)

- **Past**: fit/fitted (fít/fítted)
- **Past Participle**: fit/fitted (fít/fítted)
- **Meaning**: To be the right size or shape for someone or something.
- **Example**: The dress fits her perfectly.

Flee

- **Present**: flee (flí)
- **Past**: fled (fléd)
- **Past Participle**: fled (fléd)
- **Meaning**: To run away from danger or from something frightening.
- **Example**: The people fled from the burning building.

Fling

- **Present**: fling (flíng)
- **Past**: flung (flúng)
- **Past Participle**: flung (flúng)
- **Meaning**: To throw something or someone suddenly and with a lot of force.
- **Example**: She flung the door open and ran outside.

Sure! Here are the verbs with their present, past, and past participle forms, meanings according to the Cambridge Dictionary, and example sentences:

Fly

- **Present**: fly (flái)
- **Past**: flew (flú)
- **Past Participle**: flown (flóun)
- **Meaning**: To move through the air using wings.
- **Example**: The birds flew south for the winter.

Forbid

- **Present**: forbid (forbíd)
- **Past**: forbade (forbád)
- **Past Participle**: forbidden (forbídñ)
- **Meaning**: To order someone not to do something.
- **Example**: The teacher forbade the students from talking during the exam.

Forecast

- **Present**: forecast (forkást)
- **Past**: forecast/forecasted (forkást/forkásted)
- **Past Participle**: forecast/forecasted (forkást/forkásted)
- **Meaning**: To predict what the weather will be like.
- **Example**: They forecast rain for tomorrow.

Foresee

- **Present**: foresee (forsí)
- **Past**: foresaw (forsó)
- **Past Participle**: foreseen (forsín)
- **Meaning**: To know about something before it happens.
- **Example**: She foresaw the potential problems and prepared for them.

Foretell

- **Present**: foretell (fortél)
- **Past**: foretold (fortóuld)
- **Past Participle**: foretold (fortóuld)
- **Meaning**: To predict what will happen in the future.
- **Example**: The fortune teller foretold that he would have a long and happy life.

Forget

- **Present**: forget (forguét)
- **Past**: forgot (forgót)
- **Past Participle**: forgotten (forgótn)
- **Meaning**: To not remember to do something.
- **Example**: She forgot to lock the door when she left.

Forgive

- **Present**: forgive (forguív)
- **Past**: forgave (forguéiv)
- **Past Participle**: forgiven (forguíven)
- **Meaning**: To stop being angry with someone for something they have done.
- **Example**: She forgave him for breaking her favorite vase.

Forsake

- **Present**: forsake (forséik)
- **Past**: forsook (forsúk)
- **Past Participle**: forsaken (forséiken)
- **Meaning**: To leave someone or something, especially when you have a duty or responsibility to stay.
- **Example**: He forsook his friends in their time of need.

Freeze

- **Present**: freeze (fríz)
- **Past**: froze (fróuz)
- **Past Participle**: frozen (fróuzn)
- **Meaning**: To turn into ice as a result of extreme cold.
- **Example**: The lake froze solid during the winter.

Get

- **Present**: get (guét)
- **Past**: got (gót)
- **Past Participle**: gotten (gótn)
- **Meaning**: To receive or be given something.
- **Example**: She got a new job offer yesterday.

Give

- **Present**: give (guív)
- **Past**: gave (guéiv)
- **Past Participle**: given (guíven)
- **Meaning**: To offer something to someone, or to provide someone with something.
- **Example**: He gave her a gift on her birthday.

Go

- **Present**: go (góu)
- **Past**: went (uént)
- **Past Participle**: gone (gón)
- **Meaning**: To move or travel somewhere.
- **Example**: They went to the beach last weekend.

Grind

- **Present**: grind (gráind)
- **Past**: ground (gráund)
- **Past Participle**: ground (gráund)
- **Meaning**: To break something into small pieces or powder by pressing it between hard surfaces.
- **Example**: She ground the coffee beans into a fine powder.

Grow

- **Present**: grow (gróu)
- **Past**: grew (grú)
- **Past Participle**: grown (gróun)
- **Meaning**: To increase in size or amount, or to become more advanced or developed.
- **Example**: The children have grown so much over the summer.

Handwrite

- **Present**: handwrite (hándrít)
- **Past**: handwrote (hándrout)
- **Past Participle**: handwritten (hándritn)
- **Meaning**: To write something by hand, as opposed to typing it.
- **Example**: She handwrote a letter to her grandmother.

Hang

- **Present**: hang (háng)
- **Past**: hung (háng)
- **Past Participle**: hung (háng)
- **Meaning**: To attach something from up high so that it drops down.
- **Example**: They hung the picture on the wall.

Have

- **Present**: have (háv)
- **Past**: had (hád)
- **Past Participle**: had (hád)
- **Meaning**: To own, possess, or hold something.
- **Example**: She has a lot of books.

Hear

- **Present**: hear (híer)
- **Past**: heard (hérd)
- **Past Participle**: heard (hérd)
- **Meaning**: To perceive sound by the ear.
- **Example**: She heard a strange noise coming from the attic.

Hide

- **Present**: hide (háid)
- **Past**: hid (híd)
- **Past Participle**: hidden (híden)
- **Meaning**: To put something or someone in a place where they cannot be seen or found.
- **Example**: He hid the key under the mat.

Hit

- **Present**: hit (hít)
- **Past**: hit (hít)
- **Past Participle**: hit (hít)
- **Meaning**: To move your hand or an object onto the surface of something so that it touches it, usually with force.
- **Example**: He hit the ball with the bat.

Hold

- **Present**: hold (hóuld)
- **Past**: held (hélld)
- **Past Participle**: held (hélld)
- **Meaning**: To take and keep something in your hand or arms.
- **Example**: She held the baby in her arms.

Hurt

- **Present**: hurt (hért)
- **Past**: hurt (hért)
- **Past Participle**: hurt (hért)
- **Meaning**: To cause pain or injury to someone or something.
- **Example**: He hurt his knee playing football.

Inlay

- **Present**: inlay (ínlei)
- **Past**: inlaid (ínleid)
- **Past Participle**: inlaid (ínleid)
- **Meaning**: To set pieces of wood, metal, etc. into the surface of something to form a design.
- **Example**: The craftsman inlaid the table with a beautiful pattern.

Input

- **Present**: input (ínput)
- **Past**: input (ínput)
- **Past Participle**: input (ínput)
- **Meaning**: To put information into a computer or other electronic device.
- **Example**: She input the data into the computer.

Keep

- **Present**: keep (kíip)
- **Past**: kept (képt)
- **Past Participle**: kept (képt)
- **Meaning**: To have or retain possession of something.
- **Example**: She kept all her old letters in a box.

Kneel

- **Present**: kneel (níil)
- **Past**: knelt/kneeled (nélt/níild)
- **Past Participle**: knelt/kneeled (nélt/níild)
- **Meaning**: To go down into, or stay in, a position where one or both knees are on the ground.
- **Example**: He knelt down to tie his shoe.

Knit

- **Present**: knit (nít)
- **Past**: knit/knitted (nít/nítéd)
- **Past Participle**: knit/knitted (nít/nítéd)
- **Meaning**: To make clothes, etc. by using two long needles to connect wool or another type of thread into joined rows.
- **Example**: She knitted a scarf for her friend.

Know

- **Present**: know (núu)
- **Past**: knew (niú)
- **Past Participle**: known (núun)
- **Meaning**: To have information in your mind.
- **Example**: He knew the answer to the question.

Lay

- **Present**: lay (léi)
- **Past**: laid (léid)
- **Past Participle**: laid (

léid)

- **Meaning**: To put something in a flat or horizontal position.
- **Example**: She laid the book on the table.

Lead

- **Present**: lead (líd)
- **Past**: led (lédd)
- **Past Participle**: led (lédd)
- **Meaning**: To show the way to a group of people, animals, vehicles, etc., by going in front of them.
- **Example**: He led the team to victory.

Lean

- **Present**: lean (lín)
- **Past**: leant/leaned (lént/línd)
- **Past Participle**: leant/leaned (lént/línd)
- **Meaning**: To move your body away from a vertical position so that it is bent.
- **Example**: She leaned forward to hear better.

Leap

- **Present**: leap (líip)
- **Past**: leapt/leaped (lépt/lípt)
- **Past Participle**: leapt/leaped (lépt/lípt)
- **Meaning**: To make a large jump or sudden movement, usually from one place to another.
- **Example**: He leapt over the fence with ease.

Learn

- **Present**: learn (lérn)
- **Past**: learnt/learned (lérnt/lérnd)
- **Past Participle**: learnt/learned (lérnt/lérnd)
- **Meaning**: To get knowledge or skill in a new subject or activity.
- **Example**: She learned how to play the piano as a child.

Leave

- **Present**: leave (líiv)
- **Past**: left (léft)
- **Past Participle**: left (léft)
- **Meaning**: To go away from someone or something, for a short time or permanently.
- **Example**: She left the house early in the morning.

Lend

- **Present**: lend (lénd)
- **Past**: lent (lént)
- **Past Participle**: lent (lént)
- **Meaning**: To give something to someone for a short period of time, expecting it to be given back.
- **Example**: He lent me his car for the weekend.

Let

- **Present**: let (lét)
- **Past**: let (lét)
- **Past Participle**: let (lét)
- **Meaning**: To allow something to happen or someone to do something by not doing anything to stop it.
- **Example**: She let the children play outside.

Lie

- **Present**: lie (láii)

- **Past**: lay (léi)
- **Past Participle**: lain (léin)
- **Meaning**: To be in or move into a horizontal position on a surface.
- **Example**: She lay on the bed and closed her eyes.

Light

- **Present**: light (lait)
- **Past**: lit/lighted (lit/láited)
- **Past Participle**: lit/lighted (lit/láited)
- **Meaning**: To make something start to burn.
- **Example**: He lit a fire in the fireplace.

Lose

- **Present**: lose (lúuz)
- **Past**: lost (lóst)
- **Past Participle**: lost (lóst)
- **Meaning**: To no longer have something because you do not know where it is.
- **Example**: She lost her keys on the way home.

Make

- **Present**: make (méik)
- **Past**: made (méid)
- **Past Participle**: made (méid)
- **Meaning**: To produce something, often using a particular substance or material.
- **Example**: She made a cake for his birthday.

Mean

- **Present**: mean (mín)
- **Past**: meant (mént)
- **Past Participle**: meant (mént)
- **Meaning**: To express or represent something such as an idea, thought, or fact.
- **Example**: I meant to call you, but I forgot.

Meet

- **Present**: meet (mít)
- **Past**: met (mét)
- **Past Participle**: met (mét)
- **Meaning**: To come together with someone, either unexpectedly or as planned.
- **Example**: They met at a conference last year.

Melt

- **Present**: melt (mélt)
- **Past**: melted (méltid)
- **Past Participle**: melted (méltid)
- **Meaning**: To turn from something solid into something soft or liquid, or to cause something to do this.
- **Example**: The ice cream melted in the sun.

Mislead

- **Present**: mislead (mislíd)
- **Past**: misled (misléd)
- **Past Participle**: misled (misléd)
- **Meaning**: To cause someone to believe something that is not true.
- **Example**: The advertisement misled customers about the product's quality.

Mistake

- **Present**: mistake (mistéik)

- **Past**: mistook (mistúk)
- **Past Participle**: mistaken (mistéiken)
- **Meaning**: To be wrong about or to fail to recognize something or someone.
- **Example**: I mistook him for his brother.

Misunderstand

- **Present**: misunderstand (misandérstánd)
- **Past**: misunderstood (misandérstúud)
- **Past Participle**: misunderstood (misandérstúud)
- **Meaning**: To fail to understand someone or something correctly.
- **Example**: She misunderstood what I was saying.

Mow

- **Present**: mow (móu)
- **Past**: mowed (móud)
- **Past Participle**: mown/mowed (móun/móud)
- **Meaning**: To cut grass or grain with a machine or tool with a blade.
- **Example**: He mowed the lawn every Saturday.

Overhear

- **Present**: overhear (ouverhíer)
- **Past**: overheard (ouverhérd)
- **Past Participle**: overheard (ouverhérd)
- **Meaning**: To hear what other people are saying without intending to and without their knowledge.
- **Example**: I overheard them discussing their plans.

Overtake

- **Present**: overtake (ouvertéik)
- **Past**: overtook (ouvertúk)
- **Past Participle**: overtaken (ouvertéiken)
- **Meaning**: To go past something by being a greater amount or degree.
- **Example**: He overtook the car in front of him.

Pay

- **Present**: pay (péi)
- **Past**: paid (péid)
- **Past Participle**: paid (péid)
- **Meaning**: To give money to someone for something you want to buy or for services provided.
- **Example**: She paid the bill in cash.

Certainly! Here are the verbs with their present, past, and past participle forms, meanings according to the Cambridge Dictionary, and example sentences:

Prove

- **Present**: prove (prúv)
- **Past**: proved (prúvd)
- **Past Participle**: proven/proved (prúvn/prúvd)
- **Meaning**: To show that something is true.
- **Example**: He proved his theory with several experiments.

Put

- **Present**: put (put)
- **Past**: put (put)
- **Past Participle**: put (put)
- **Meaning**: To move something to a particular place or position.
- **Example**: She put the book on the table.

Quit

- **Present**: quit (kwít)
- **Past**: quit (kwít)
- **Past Participle**: quit (kwít)
- **Meaning**: To stop doing something or leave a job or a place.
- **Example**: He quit his job to travel the world.

Read

- **Present**: read (ríd)
- **Past**: read (réd)
- **Past Participle**: read (réd)
- **Meaning**: To look at words and understand what they mean.
- **Example**: She read the entire book in one day.

Rid

- **Present**: rid (ríd)
- **Past**: rid (ríd)
- **Past Participle**: rid (ríd)
- **Meaning**: To remove or free someone or something of something unpleasant or undesirable.
- **Example**: They rid the house of pests.

Ride

- **Present**: ride (ráid)
- **Past**: rode (róúd)
- **Past Participle**: ridden (rídñ)
- **Meaning**: To sit on and control the movement of something, such as a bicycle or a horse.
- **Example**: She rode her bike to school.

Ring

- **Present**: ring (rɪŋ)
- **Past**: rang (ræŋ)
- **Past Participle**: rung (rʌŋ)
- **Meaning**: To make a sound, especially by means of a bell.
- **Example**: The phone rang, but no one answered.

Rise

- **Present**: rise (raɪz)
- **Past**: rose (roʊz)
- **Past Participle**: risen ('rɪzn)
- **Meaning**: To move upwards.
- **Example**: The sun rose at six this morning.

Run

- **Present**: run (rʌn)
- **Past**: ran (ræn)
- **Past Participle**: run (rʌn)
- **Meaning**: To move swiftly on foot.
- **Example**: She ran to catch the bus.

Saw

- **Present**: saw (sɔː)
- **Past**: sawed (sɔːd)
- **Past Participle**: sawn/sawed (sɔːn/sɔːd)
- **Meaning**: To cut something with a saw.
- **Example**: He sawed the wood into pieces.

Say

- **Present**: say (seɪ)
- **Past**: said (sed)
- **Past Participle**: said (sed)
- **Meaning**: To express something in words.
- **Example**: She said she would be late.

See

- **Present**: see (siː)
- **Past**: saw (sɔː)
- **Past Participle**: seen (siːn)
- **Meaning**: To perceive with the eyes.
- **Example**: He saw the movie last night.

Seek

- **Present**: seek (siːk)
- **Past**: sought (sɔːt)
- **Past Participle**: sought (sɔːt)
- **Meaning**: To try to find or get something.
- **Example**: They sought advice from an expert.

Sell

- **Present**: sell (sel)
- **Past**: sold (soʊld)
- **Past Participle**: sold (soʊld)
- **Meaning**: To give something to someone else in return for money.
- **Example**: She sold her car to buy a new one.

Send

- **Present**: send (send)
- **Past**: sent (sent)
- **Past Participle**: sent (sent)
- **Meaning**: To cause something to go from one place to another.
- **Example**: He sent a letter to his friend.

Set

- **Present**: set (set)
- **Past**: set (set)
- **Past Participle**: set (set)
- **Meaning**: To put something in a particular place or position.
- **Example**: She set the table for dinner.

Sew

- **Present**: sew (soʊ)
- **Past**: sewed (soʊd)
- **Past Participle**: sewn/sewed (soʊn/soʊd)
- **Meaning**: To join, fasten, or repair something by making stitches with a needle and thread.
- **Example**: She sewed a button onto the shirt.

Shake

- **Present**: shake (ʃeɪk)
- **Past**: shook (ʃʊk)
- **Past Participle**: shaken (ˈʃeɪkən)
- **Meaning**: To move something quickly up and down or from side to side.
- **Example**: He shook the bottle before opening it.

Shave

- **Present**: shave (ʃeɪv)
- **Past**: shaved (ʃeɪvd)
- **Past Participle**: shaved/shaven (ʃeɪvd/'ʃeɪvn)
- **Meaning**: To remove hair from the body, especially the face, by cutting it close to the skin with a razor.
- **Example**: He shaved his beard off.

Shear

- **Present**: shear (ʃɪər)
- **Past**: sheared (ʃɪəd)
- **Past Participle**: shorn/sheared (ʃɔrn/ʃɪəd)
- **Meaning**: To cut the wool off a sheep.
- **Example**: The farmer sheared the sheep in the spring.

Shed

- **Present**: shed (ʃɛd)
- **Past**: shed (ʃɛd)
- **Past Participle**: shed (ʃɛd)
- **Meaning**: To lose or drop something.
- **Example**: The tree shed its leaves in autumn.

Shine

- **Present**: shine (ʃaɪn)
- **Past**: shone/shined (ʃoʊn/ʃaɪnd)
- **Past Participle**: shone/shined (ʃoʊn/ʃaɪnd)
- **Meaning**: To give off light.
- **Example**: The sun shone brightly in the sky.

Shoot

- **Present**: shoot (ʃu:t)
- **Past**: shot (ʃɒt)
- **Past Participle**: shot (ʃɒt)
- **Meaning**: To fire a bullet or arrow.
- **Example**: He shot the target from a distance.

Show

- **Present**: show (ʃoʊ)
- **Past**: showed (ʃoʊd)
- **Past Participle**: shown/showed (ʃoʊn/ʃoʊd)
- **Meaning**: To make it possible for something to be seen.
- **Example**: She showed him her new dress.

Shrink

- **Present**: shrink (ʃrɪŋk)
- **Past**: shrank (ʃræŋk)
- **Past Participle**: shrunk (ʃrʌŋk)
- **Meaning**: To become smaller in size.
- **Example**: The sweater shrank in the wash.

Shut

- **Present**: shut (ʃʌt)
- **Past**: shut (ʃʌt)
- **Past Participle**: shut (ʃʌt)
- **Meaning**: To close something.
- **Example**: He shut the door behind him.

Sing

- **Present**: sing (sɪŋ)
- **Past**: sang (sæŋ)
- **Past Participle**: sung (sʌŋ)
- **Meaning**: To produce musical sounds with the voice.
- **Example**: She sang beautifully at the concert.

Sink

- **Present**: sink (sɪŋk)
- **Past**: sank (sæŋk)
- **Past Participle**: sunk (sʌŋk)
- **Meaning**: To go down below the surface of water.
- **Example**: The ship sank after hitting

an iceberg.

Sit

- **Present**: sit (sɪt)
- **Past**: sat (sæt)
- **Past Participle**: sat (sæt)
- **Meaning**: To rest your weight on your buttocks with your back upright.
- **Example**: She sat on the chair by the window.

Slay

- **Present**: slay (sleɪ)
- **Past**: slew (sluː)
- **Past Participle**: slain (sleɪn)
- **Meaning**: To kill violently.
- **Example**: The knight slew the dragon.

Sleep

- **Present**: sleep (sliːp)
- **Past**: slept (slept)
- **Past Participle**: slept (slept)
- **Meaning**: To rest your mind and body by closing your eyes and becoming unconscious.
- **Example**: He slept for eight hours last night.

Slide

- **Present**: slide (slaɪd)
- **Past**: slid (slɪd)
- **Past Participle**: slid (slɪd)
- **Meaning**: To move smoothly over a surface.
- **Example**: She slid down the hill on a sled.

Sling

- **Present**: sling (slɪŋ)
- **Past**: slung (slʌŋ)
- **Past Participle**: slung (slʌŋ)
- **Meaning**: To throw or drop something carelessly.
- **Example**: He slung his bag over his shoulder.

Slink

- **Present**: slink (slɪŋk)
- **Past**: slunk (slʌŋk)
- **Past Participle**: slunk (slʌŋk)
- **Meaning**: To move somewhere quietly and secretly.
- **Example**: She slunk out of the room, hoping no one would notice.

Slit

- **Present**: slit (slɪt)
- **Past**: slit (slɪt)
- **Past Participle**: slit (slɪt)
- **Meaning**: To make a long, narrow cut in something.
- **Example**: He slit the envelope open with a knife.

Smell

- **Present**: smell (smɛl)
- **Past**: smelt/smelled (smɛlt/smɛld)
- **Past Participle**: smelt/smelled (smɛlt/smɛld)
- **Meaning**: To detect the odor of something.
- **Example**: The flowers smelled wonderful.

Sneak

- **Present**: sneak (sni:k)
- **Past**: snuck/sneaked (snʌk/sni:kt)
- **Past Participle**: snuck/sneaked (snʌk/sni:kt)
- **Meaning**: To go somewhere secretly, or to take someone or something somewhere secretly.
- **Example**: He snuck out of the house at night.

Sow

- **Present**: sow (soʊ)
- **Past**: sowed (soʊd)
- **Past Participle**: sown/sowed (soʊn/soʊd)
- **Meaning**: To plant seeds in the ground.
- **Example**: She sowed the seeds in the garden.

Speak

- **Present**: speak (spi:k)
- **Past**: spoke (spoʊk)
- **Past Participle**: spoken ('spoʊkən)
- **Meaning**: To say words, to use the voice, or to have a conversation with someone.
- **Example**: She spoke to him about the project.

Speed

- **Present**: speed (spi:d)
- **Past**: sped/speeded (spɛd/'spi:dɪd)
- **Past Participle**: sped/speeded (spɛd/'spi:dɪd)
- **Meaning**: To move or happen faster than usual.
- **Example**: He sped down the highway.

Spell

- **Present**: spell (spɛl)
- **Past**: spelt/spelled (spɛlt/spɛld)
- **Past Participle**: spelt/spelled (spɛlt/spɛld)
- **Meaning**: To write or say the letters of a word in the correct order.
- **Example**: She spelled her name out for the receptionist.

Spend

- **Present**: spend (spɛnd)
- **Past**: spent (spɛnt)
- **Past Participle**: spent (spɛnt)
- **Meaning**: To give money as a payment for something.
- **Example**: He spent a lot of money on the new car.

Spill

- **Present**: spill (spɪl)
- **Past**: spilt/spilled (spɪlt/spɪld)
- **Past Participle**: spilt/spilled (spɪlt/spɪld)
- **Meaning**: To flow, move, fall, or spread over the edge or outside the limits of something.
- **Example**: She spilled coffee on the carpet.

Spin

- **Present**: spin (spɪn)
- **Past**: spun (spʌn)
- **Past Participle**: spun (spʌn)
- **Meaning**: To turn around and around quickly.
- **Example**: The dancers spun around gracefully.

Spit

- **Present**: spit (spɪt)
- **Past**: spat (spæt)
- **Past Participle**: spat (spæt)
- **Meaning**: To force saliva out of the mouth.
- **Example**: He spat the water out after rinsing his mouth.

Split

- **Present**: split (splɪt)
- **Past**: split (splɪt)
- **Past Participle**: split (splɪt)
- **Meaning**: To divide or make something divide into two or more parts.
- **Example**: They split the bill between them.

Spoil

- **Present**: spoil (spɔɪl)
- **Past**: spoilt/spoiled (spɔɪlt/spɔɪld)
- **Past Participle**: spoilt/spoiled (spɔɪlt/spɔɪld)
- **Meaning**: To destroy or reduce the pleasure, interest, or beauty of something.
- **Example**: The rain spoiled our picnic.

Spread

- **Present**: spread (sprɛd)
- **Past**: spread (sprɛd)
- **Past Participle**: spread (sprɛd)
- **Meaning**: To cover, reach, or have an effect on a wider or increasing area.
- **Example**: The news spread quickly through the town.

Spring

- **Present**: spring (sprɪŋ)
- **Past**: sprang (spræŋ)
- **Past Participle**: sprung (sprʌŋ)
- **Meaning**: To move quickly and suddenly towards a particular place.
- **Example**: The cat sprang onto the table.

Stand

- **Present**: stand (stænd)
- **Past**: stood (stʊd)
- **Past Participle**: stood (stʊd)
- **Meaning**: To be in an upright position on the feet.
- **Example**: He stood up when she entered the room.

Certainly! Here are the verbs with their present, past, and past participle forms, meanings according to the Cambridge Dictionary, and example sentences:

Steal

- **Present**: steal (sti:l)
- **Past**: stole (stoʊl)
- **Past Participle**: stolen ('stoʊlən)
- **Meaning**: To take something without the permission or knowledge of the owner and keep it.
- **Example**: Someone stole her purse while she was shopping.

Stick

- **Present**: stick (stɪk)
- **Past**: stuck (stʌk)
- **Past Participle**: stuck (stʌk)
- **Meaning**: To attach or become attached to a surface or object.
- **Example**: He stuck a stamp on the envelope.

Sting

- **Present**: sting (stɪŋ)
- **Past**: stung (stʌŋ)
- **Past Participle**: stung (stʌŋ)
- **Meaning**: To cause sharp but usually temporary pain.
- **Example**: A bee stung him on the arm.

Stink

- **Present**: stink (stɪŋk)
- **Past**: stank (stæŋk)
- **Past Participle**: stunk (stʌŋk)
- **Meaning**: To have a strong, unpleasant smell.
- **Example**: The garbage stank after being left out in the sun.

Stride

- **Present**: stride (straɪd)
- **Past**: strode (stroʊd)
- **Past Participle**: stridden ('strɪdən)
- **Meaning**: To walk with long, decisive steps in a specified direction.
- **Example**: He strode across the room to greet his guests.

Strike

- **Present**: strike (straɪk)
- **Past**: struck (strʌk)
- **Past Participle**: struck/stricken (strʌk/'strɪkən)
- **Meaning**: To hit or attack someone or something forcefully.
- **Example**: The workers decided to strike for better wages.

String

- **Present**: string (strɪŋ)
- **Past**: strung (strʌŋ)
- **Past Participle**: strung (strʌŋ)
- **Meaning**: To hang or fit something with string.
- **Example**: They strung lights around the garden for the party.

Strive

- **Present**: strive (straɪv)
- **Past**: strove (stroʊv)
- **Past Participle**: striven ('strɪvən)
- **Meaning**: To try very hard to do something or to make something happen.
- **Example**: She strove to become the best in her field.

Swear

- **Present**: swear (swɛər)
- **Past**: swore (swɔr)
- **Past Participle**: sworn (swɔrn)
- **Meaning**: To promise or say firmly that you are telling the truth or that you will do something.
- **Example**: He swore an oath to tell the truth.

Sweat

- **Present**: sweat (swɛt)
- **Past**: sweat/sweated (swɛt/'swɛtɪd)
- **Past Participle**: sweat/sweated (swɛt/'swɛtɪd)
- **Meaning**: To produce liquid through your skin because you are hot or nervous.
- **Example**: He sweated a lot during the workout.

Sweep

- **Present**: sweep (swi:p)
- **Past**: swept (swɛpt)
- **Past Participle**: swept (swɛpt)
- **Meaning**: To clean an area by brushing away dirt or litter.
- **Example**: She swept the kitchen floor.

Swell

- **Present**: swell (swɛl)
- **Past**: swelled (swɛld)
- **Past Participle**: swollen/swelled ('swɒlən/swɛld)
- **Meaning**: To become larger and rounder than usual; to increase in size or amount.
- **Example**: Her ankle swelled after she twisted it.

Swim

- **Present**: swim (swɪm)
- **Past**: swam (swæm)
- **Past Participle**: swum (swʌm)
- **Meaning**: To move through water by moving your arms and legs.
- **Example**: She swam across the lake.

Swing

- **Present**: swing (swɪŋ)
- **Past**: swung (swʌŋ)
- **Past Participle**: swung (swʌŋ)
- **Meaning**: To move backward and forward or from side to side while hanging from something.
- **Example**: The children swung on the playground swings.

Take

- **Present**: take (teɪk)
- **Past**: took (tʊk)
- **Past Participle**: taken ('teɪkən)
- **Meaning**: To move something or someone from one place to another.
- **Example**: She took her keys and left the house.

Teach

- **Present**: teach (ti:tʃ)
- **Past**: taught (tɔt)
- **Past Participle**: taught (tɔt)
- **Meaning**: To give someone knowledge or to train someone; to instruct.
- **Example**: He taught math at the local high school.

Tear

- **Present**: tear (tɛər)
- **Past**: tore (tɔr)
- **Past Participle**: torn (tɔrn)
- **Meaning**: To pull something apart or to pieces with force.
- **Example**: She tore the letter into small pieces.

Tell

- **Present**: tell (tɛl)
- **Past**: told (tɔʊld)
- **Past Participle**: told (tɔʊld)
- **Meaning**: To say something to someone, usually giving them information.
- **Example**: He told her the news over the phone.

Think

- **Present**: think (θɪŋk)
- **Past**: thought (θɔt)
- **Past Participle**: thought (θɔt)
- **Meaning**: To have a particular opinion, belief, or idea about someone or something.
- **Example**: She thought about the problem for a long time.

Thrive

- **Present**: thrive (θraɪv)
- **Past**: thrived/throve (θraɪvd/θroʊv)
- **Past Participle**: thrived/thriven (θraɪvd/'θrɪvən)
- **Meaning**: To grow, develop, or be successful.
- **Example**: The business thrived in the new location.

Throw

- **Present**: throw (θroʊ)
- **Past**: threw (θru:)
- **Past Participle**: thrown (θroʊn)
- **Meaning**: To send something through the air with force, especially by a sudden movement of the arm.
- **Example**: He threw the ball to his friend.

Thrust

- **Present**: thrust (θrʌst)
- **Past**: thrust (θrʌst)
- **Past Participle**: thrust (θrʌst)
- **Meaning**: To push suddenly and strongly.
- **Example**: She thrust the papers into his hand.

Tread

- **Present**: tread (tɹɛd)
- **Past**: trod (tɹɒd)
- **Past Participle**: trodden/trod ('tɹɒdn/tɹɒd)
- **Meaning**: To put your foot on something or to press something down with your foot.
- **Example**: Be careful not to tread on the flowers.

Undergo

- **Present**: undergo (ˌʌndər'ɡoʊ)
- **Past**: underwent (ˌʌndər'wɛnt)
- **Past Participle**: undergone (ˌʌndər'ɡɒn)
- **Meaning**: To experience something that is unpleasant or something that involves a change.
- **Example**: She underwent surgery last year.

Understand

- **Present**: understand (ˌʌndər'stænd)
- **Past**: understood (ˌʌndər'stəd)
- **Past Participle**: understood (ˌʌndər'stəd)
- **Meaning**: To know the meaning of something that someone says.
- **Example**: He understands Spanish perfectly.

Undertake

- **Present**: undertake (ˌʌndər'teɪk)
- **Past**: undertook (ˌʌndər'tʊk)
- **Past Participle**

: undertaken (ˌʌndər'teɪkən)

- **Meaning**: To do or begin to do something, especially something that will take a long time or be difficult.
- **Example**: He undertook the task of organizing the event.

Upset

- **Present**: upset (ʌp'set)
- **Past**: upset (ʌp'set)
- **Past Participle**: upset (ʌp'set)
- **Meaning**: To make someone worried, unhappy, or angry.
- **Example**: The news upset him greatly.

Wake

- **Present**: wake (weɪk)
- **Past**: woke (wʊk)
- **Past Participle**: woken ('wʊkən)
- **Meaning**: To (cause someone to) become awake and conscious after sleeping.
- **Example**: She woke up early in the morning.

Wear

- **Present**: wear (weə)
- **Past**: wore (wɔr)
- **Past Participle**: worn (wɔrn)
- **Meaning**: To have clothing, jewellery, etc. on your body.
- **Example**: She wore a beautiful dress to the party.

Weave

- **Present**: weave (wi:v)
- **Past**: wove (wʊv)
- **Past Participle**: woven ('wʊvən)
- **Meaning**: To make cloth by repeatedly crossing a single thread through two sets of long threads on a loom.
- **Example**: She wove a beautiful tapestry.

Wed

- **Present**: wed (wɛd)
- **Past**: wed/wedded (wɛd/'wɛdɪd)
- **Past Participle**: wed/wedded (wɛd/'wɛdɪd)
- **Meaning**: To marry someone.
- **Example**: They were wed in a small ceremony.

Weep

- **Present**: weep (wi:p)
- **Past**: wept (wɛpt)
- **Past Participle**: wept (wɛpt)
- **Meaning**: To cry tears.

- **Example**: She wept at the sad news.

Wet

- **Present**: wet (wɛt)
- **Past**: wet/wetted (wɛt/'wɛtɪd)
- **Past Participle**: wet/wetted (wɛt/'wɛtɪd)
- **Meaning**: To make something wet.
- **Example**: He wetted the sponge before cleaning the table.

Win

- **Present**: win (wɪn)
- **Past**: won (wʌn)
- **Past Participle**: won (wʌn)
- **Meaning**: To achieve first position and/or get a prize in a competition.
- **Example**: She won the race.

Wind

- **Present**: wind (waɪnd)
- **Past**: wound (waʊnd)
- **Past Participle**: wound (waʊnd)
- **Meaning**: To turn or cause something to turn.
- **Example**: He wound the clock.

Withdraw

- **Present**: withdraw (wɪð'drɔ)
- **Past**: withdrew (wɪð'dru)
- **Past Participle**: withdrawn (wɪð'drɒn)
- **Meaning**: To take or move out or back, or to remove.
- **Example**: She withdrew \$200 from her bank account.

Withhold

- **Present**: withhold (wɪð'hoʊld)
- **Past**: withheld (wɪð'held)
- **Past Participle**: withheld (wɪð'held)
- **Meaning**: To refuse to give something or to keep back something.
- **Example**: The company withheld information from the public.

Withstand

- **Present**: withstand (wɪð'stænd)
- **Past**: withstood (wɪð'stʊd)
- **Past Participle**: withstood (wɪð'stʊd)
- **Meaning**: To be strong enough, or not be changed by something, or to oppose a person or thing successfully.
- **Example**: The building withstood the earthquake.

Wring

- **Present**: wring (rɪŋ)
- **Past**: wrung (rʌŋ)
- **Past Participle**: wrung (rʌŋ)
- **Meaning**: To twist a cloth or piece of clothing with your hands to remove water from it.
- **Example**: She wrung out the wet towel.

Write

- **Present**: write (raɪt)
- **Past**: wrote (roʊt)
- **Past Participle**: written ('rɪtən)
- **Meaning**: To make marks that represent letters, words, or numbers on a surface, such as

paper or a computer screen, using a pen, pencil, or keyboard.

- **Example**: She wrote a letter to her friend.