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EXERCÍCIO 5

Questão 1: Coloque ,dentro de cada caixa da tabela, o grupo de elementos coesivos de acordo com o cabeçalho.

| Adding information | Giving examples | Showing contrast | Showing reason | Showing result |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| also – moreover – in addition | such as – for example – like | but – however - despite | therefore – as a consequence – so | as a result of – owing to - since |

- such as – for example – like
- also – moreover – in addition
- but – however - despite
- therefore – as a consequence – so
- as a result of – owing to - since

Questão 2: Complete as sentenças abaixo com um dos elementos **coesivos** da tabela da questão 1. Lembre-se: pode haver de uma resposta correta de elemento coesivo. O que deve estar correto é o sentido e a coesão do elemento utilizado.

1. A school-leaver may have learned a lot from books. **But**, there is no substitute for seeing things first hand.
2. My brother worked his way around the world in his gap year. He did various jobs **for example** dishwasher, waiter, cleaner and cook.
3. I couldn't afford to go straight to university, **as a consequence** I spent my gap year working and saving up.
4. If you go to another country, you see a different culture. **As a consequence**, you get a new perspective on your own country.
5. It is not always good to go straight from school to university **since** you don't get a chance to broaden your horizons first.



Questão 3: Complete a segunda sentença de forma que tenha o significado similar da primeira, utilizando a palavra fornecida.

Complete the second sentence so it has a similar meaning to the first, using the word given. Write no more than four words in each gap.

1. Keith wants to visit China as well as Australia.
In Addition: **In Addition**, Keith wants to visit China.
2. Although travelling is enjoyable, it is expensive.
Despite: **Despite** enjoyable, travelling is expensive.
3. Because of her journey around the world, Lana decided to study journalism.
As a result of: Lana decided to study journalism **As a result of** her journey round the world.
4. You can look for summer work in places like hotels and summer camps.
Such: Places **such as** and summer camps are good for finding summer work.
5. He spent his gap year working and, consequently, didn't enjoy it much.
Therefore: He spent his gap year working and, **Therefore**, didn't enjoy it much.

Questão 4: Complete as sentenças com suas próprias palavras.

1. Of course, young people can learn a lot while travelling. However, **the trip can be expensive.**
2. School-leavers have usually learned very little about the world. In addition, **they don't get good jobs.**
3. What a student needs nowadays is money. This is because **the financial crisis has affected education.**
4. Travelling takes a youth away from their parents for the first time. As a result, **he feels insecure with the world.**
5. There are many jobs eighteen-year-olds can do while abroad. For instance, **washing dishes.**
6. Although the idea of travelling through strange countries is a beautiful one, **we need to be careful when choosing our destination.**