



2. Machine Learning (ML)

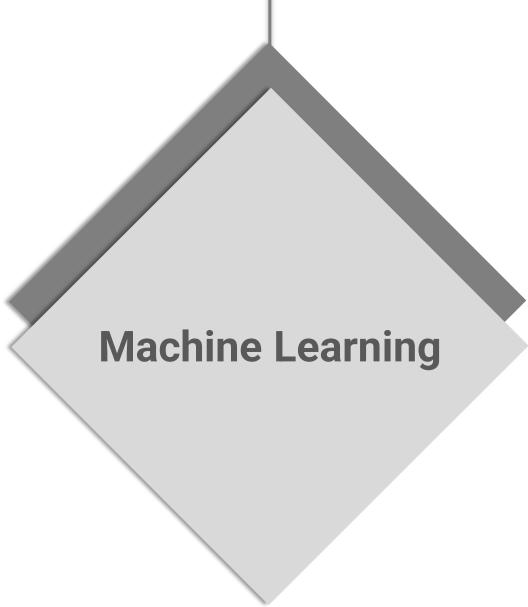


3. Types of ML



4. ML process









2. Machine Learning (ML)

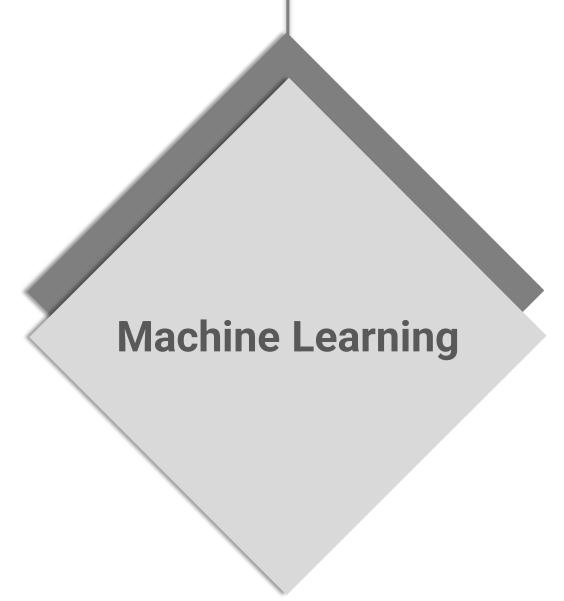


3. Types of ML



4. ML process







How can we teach computers:

- 1- Rule-base
- 2- Machine Learning
- 3- Deep Learning
- 4- Reinforcement Learning



How can we teach computers:

1- Rule-base

Rule:

If he covers his face, he is a Thief!









How can we teach computers:

1- Rule-base

When can we use this method?



- When the rules are simple!
- Most importantly, we know the rules!

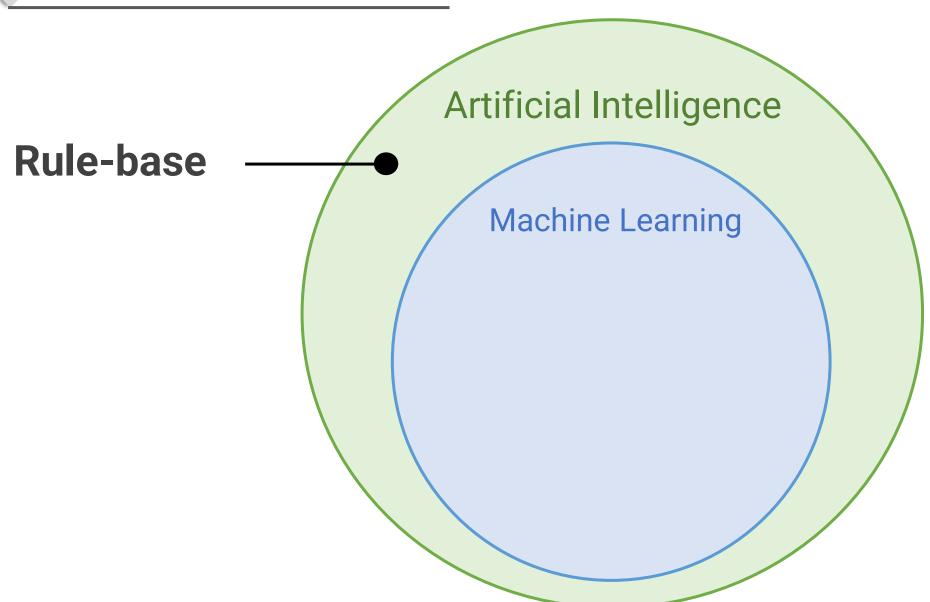


How can we teach computers:

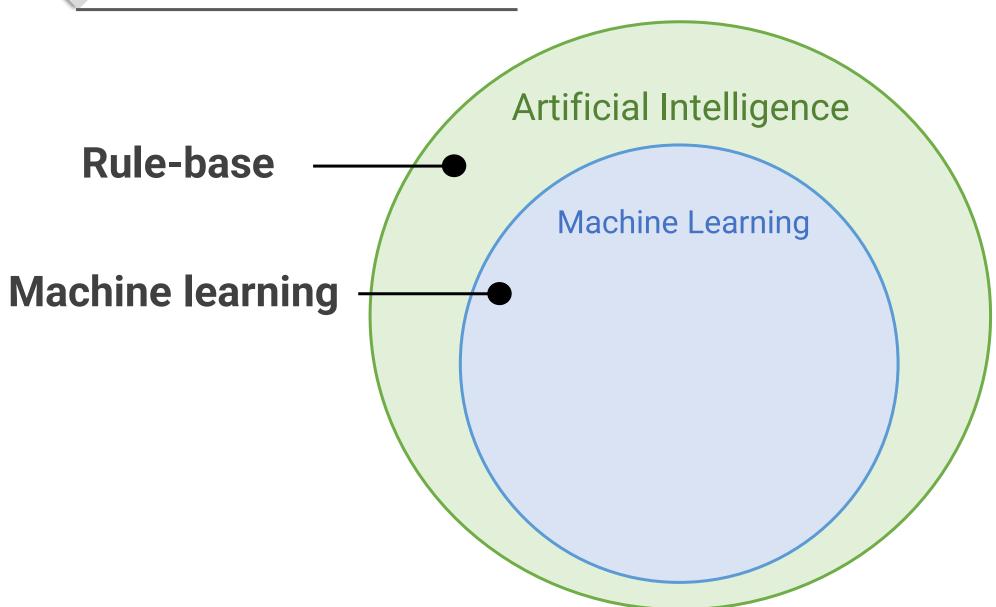
1- Rule-base

Give me more examples!













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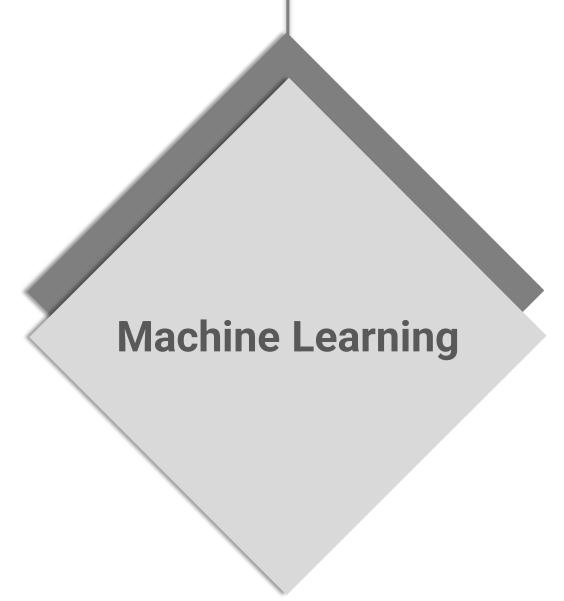


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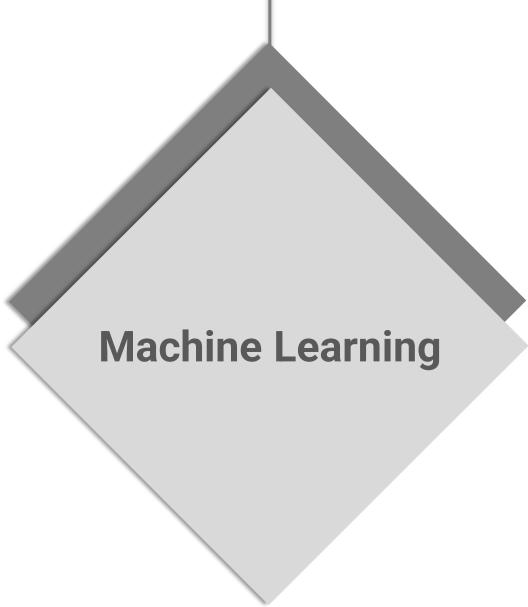


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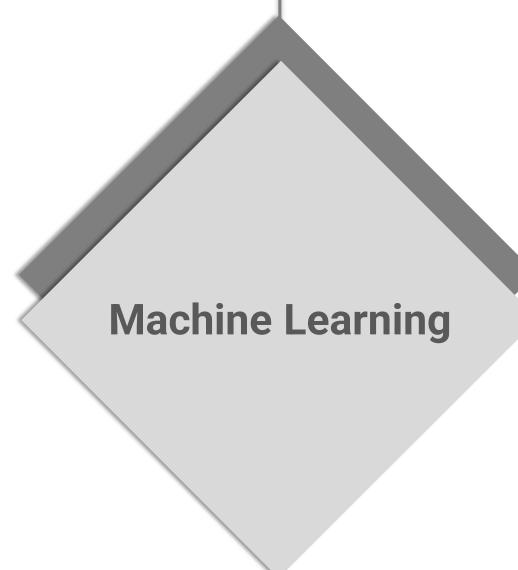


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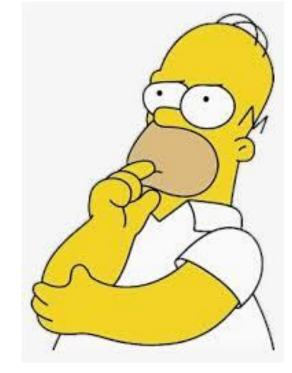






Figuring out the rules is difficult and confusing Even for humans

Like what?





Examples:

Do I get a heart attack?

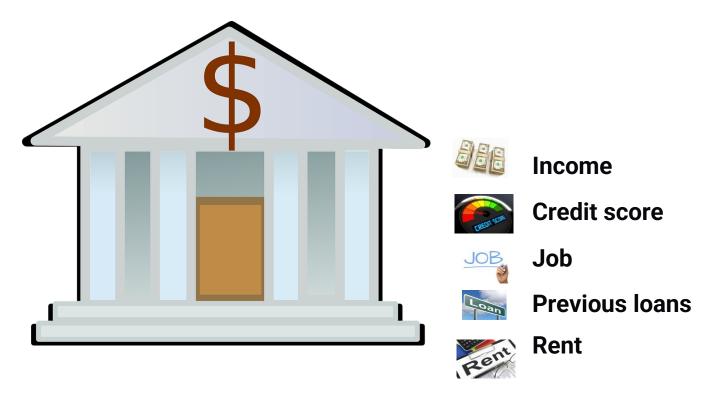






Examples:

Can I get a loan?







Cat or Dog?







Cat or Dog?





How can you distinguish?



















Machine Learning

Learn the rules yourself!
It is too hard for me to know the rules
The problem is too complicated to understand the rules
I will provide you with examples to figure out





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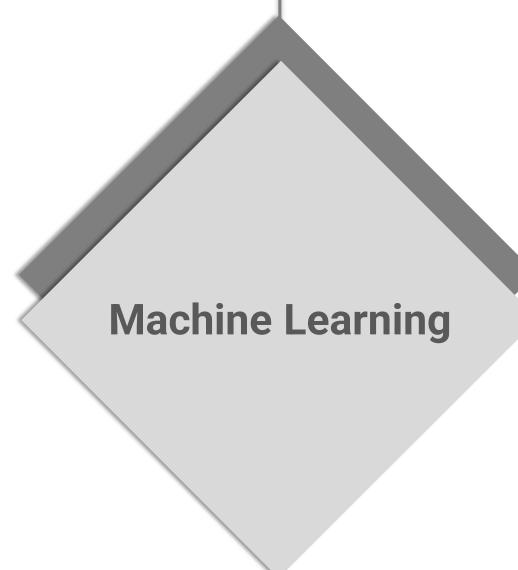


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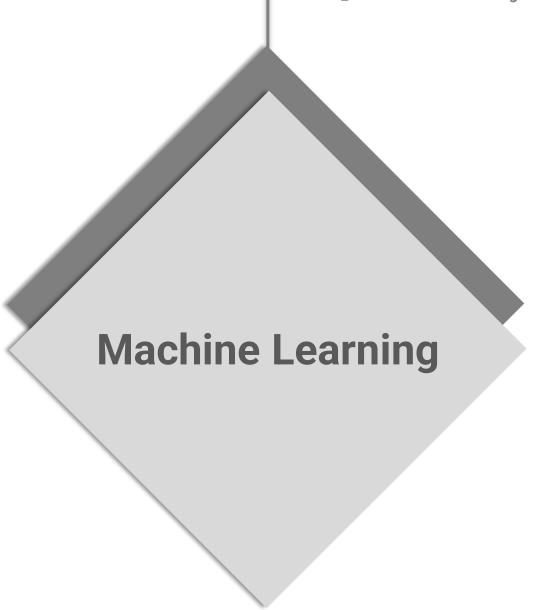


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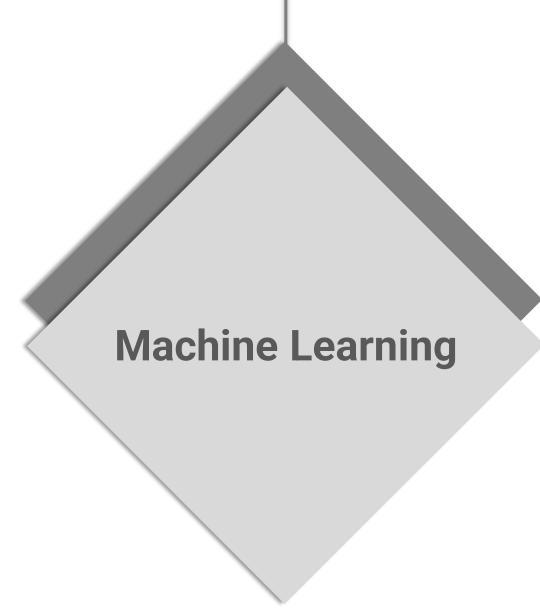


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There are two types of problems that we use ML to solve:

Supervised

Unsupervised

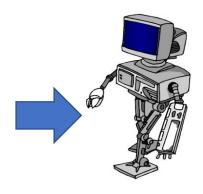








These are cats!







I guess this is a Cat!



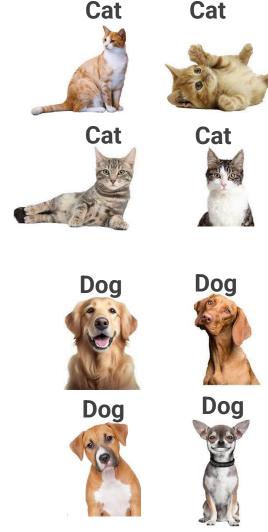
I guess this is a Dog!

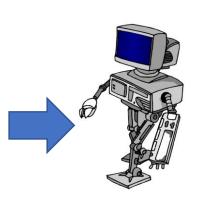




Supervised







Supervised

Supervised

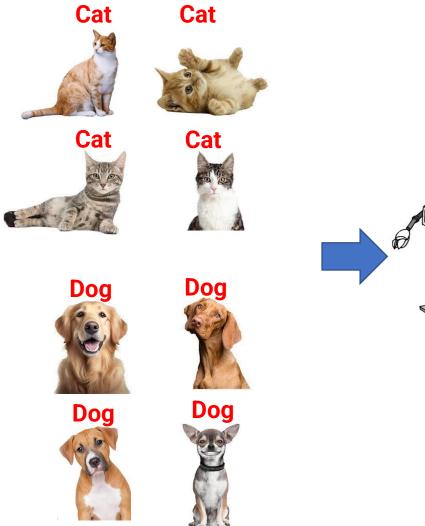
The data has label

Al predicts the label and tries to classify based on its learning

In other words, it tries to Classify

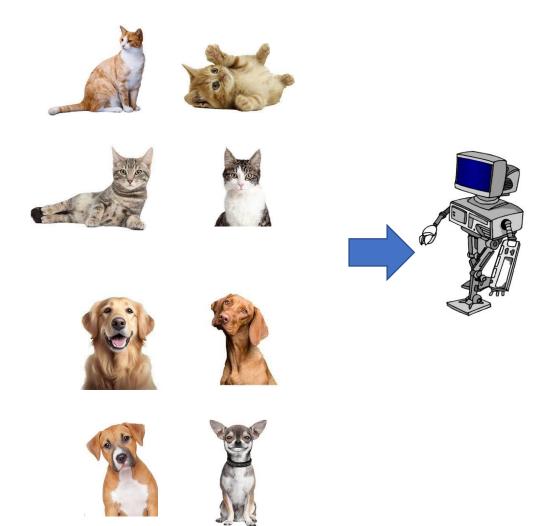
Supervised learning -> Classification







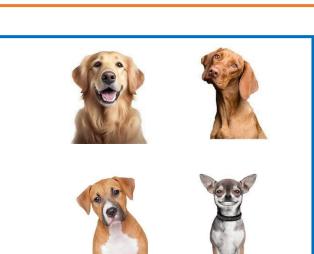




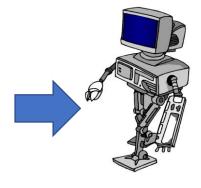
Unsupervised







I think these are similar!



And these are similar to each other!



I guess this is similar to this group (or cluster)!





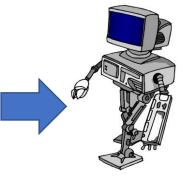
I guess this is similar to this group (or cluster)!







I think these are similar!



And these are similar to each other!

Unsupervised

The data has NO label

Al tries to understand the similarities and find the patterns in data. It tries to predict if the input is similar to which group (cluster)

In other words, it tries to find a cluster of similar data

Unsupervised learning -> Clustering

Unsupervised



Supervised (Classification)

OR

Unsupervised (Clustering)

Spam filter detection



Supervised (Classification)

OR

Unsupervised (Clustering)

Weather forecasting



Supervised (Classification)

OR

Unsupervised (Clustering)

Netflix Recommender systems



Supervised (Classification)

OR

Unsupervised (Clustering)

IPhone Face detection



3. Types of ML

Supervised (Classification)

OR

Unsupervised (Clustering)

Customer persona investigation for marketing





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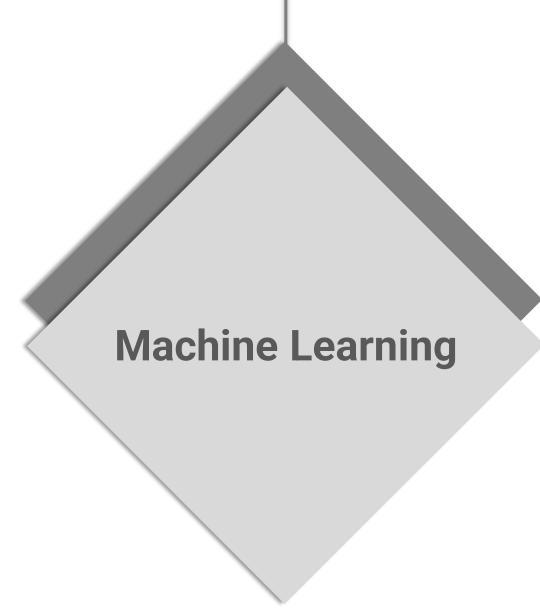


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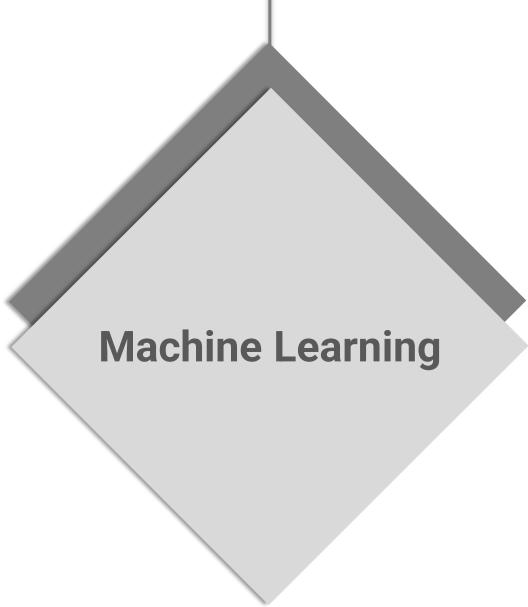


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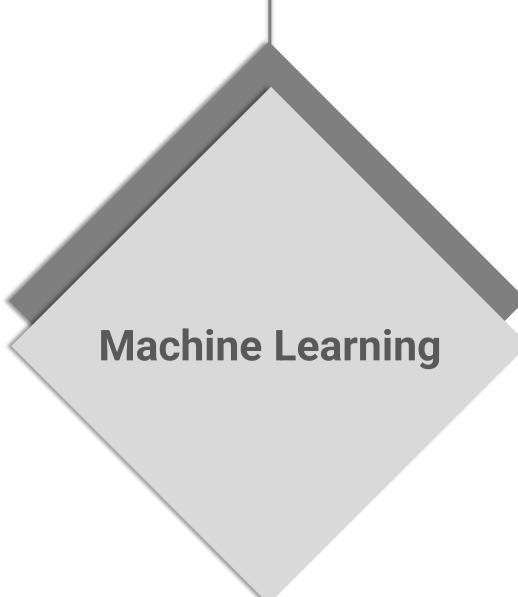


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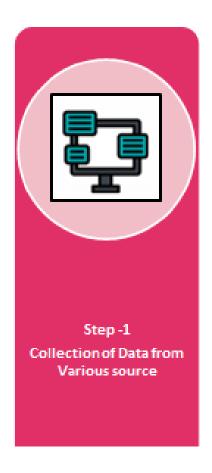


4. ML process

















Step -1 Collection of Data from Various source



Step -2
Data cleaning
and Feature
Engineering



Model building for selecting correct ML Algorithm

Step -3





Step -1 Collection of Data from Various source



Step -2
Data cleaning
and Feature
Engineering



Step -3

Model
building for
selecting
correct ML
Algorithm



Step -4 Evaluate Model





Step -1 Collection of Data from Various source



Step -2
Data cleaning
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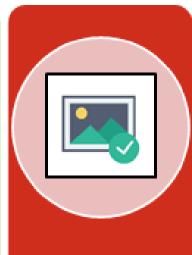


Step -3

Model
building for
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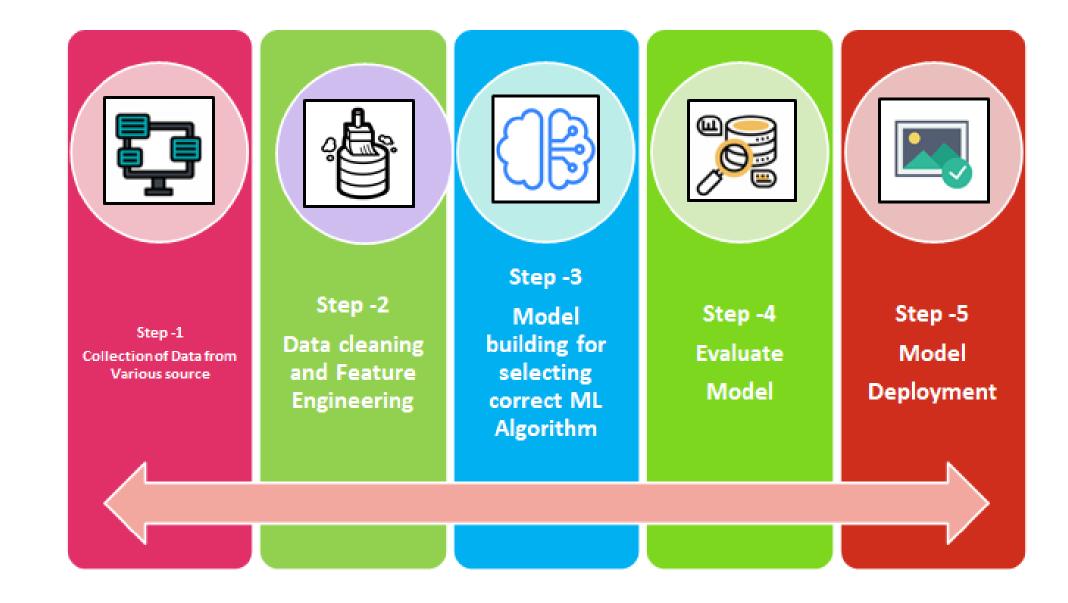


Step -4 Evaluate Model



Step -5 Model Deployment









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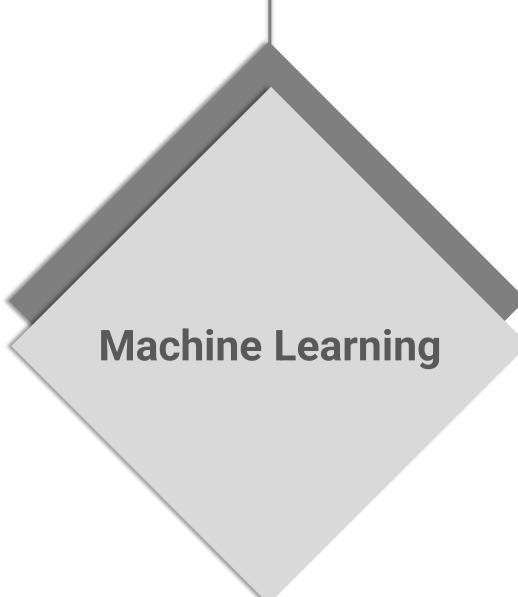


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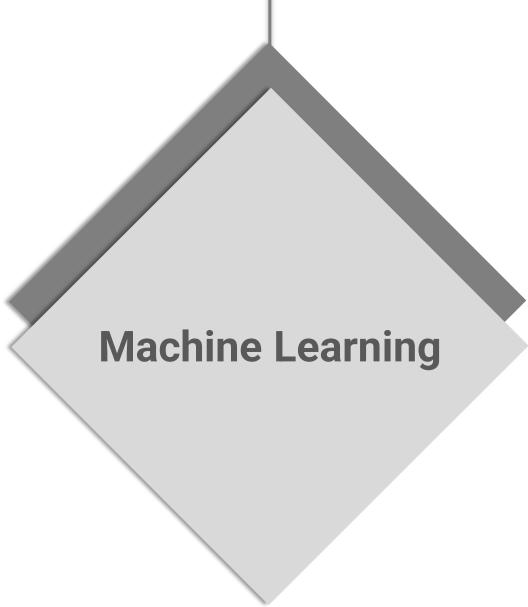


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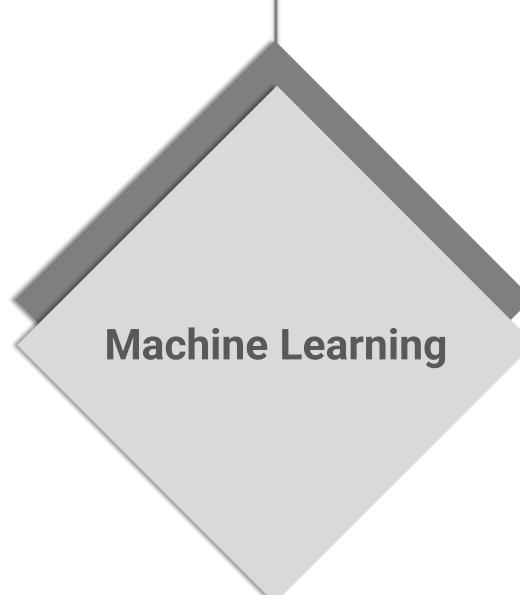


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Stroke prediction project

We have a dataset about medical records of people and whether they got a stroke or not.

We want to train an AI model to predict if a person get a stroke in future.



5. Project

Stroke prediction project

- 1. id: unique identifier
- **2. gender**: "Male", "Female" or "Other"
- **3.** age: age of the patient
- **4. hypertension**: 0 if the patient doesn't have hypertension, 1 if the patient has hypertension
- **5.** heart_disease: 0 if the patient doesn't have any heart diseases, 1 if the patient has a heart disease
- **6. ever_married**: "No" or "Yes"
- 7. work_type: "children", "Govt jov", "Never worked", "Private" or "Self-employed"
- 8. Residence type: "Rural" or "Urban"
- 9. avg glucose level: average glucose level in blood
- **10. bmi**: body mass index
- 11. smoking_status: "formerly smoked", "never smoked", "smokes" or "Unknown"*
- **12. stroke**: 1 if the patient had a stroke or 0 if not



Summary

- When should we use rule-based AI?
- Sometimes, it is hard to specify the rules (we don't know the rules, or it is difficult to tell)
- We use machine learning to let the computer learn the rules from the data by looking at so many examples.
- We have two main types of machine learning, supervised and unsupervised learning
 - Supervised: we have the labels, and we want to classify
 - Unsupervised: we DON'T have the label; we want to make clusters or groups of similar data
- The main process of training an AI using the machine learning method:
 - Collecting a proper dataset
 - Preparing the data
 - Choose an appropriate algorithm for our machine learning method
 - Train an AI model using the data and the algorithm
 - Testing the model
 - Using the model to perform a task

Questions?



Homework

- 1. Explain an example of supervised learning:
 - What are the data?
 - What are the attributes and features of the data?
 - What are the labels?
- 2. Considering Stroke prediction projects
 - How can we use the result of this project in the real life?
 - How can this AI help doctor and patient?