1. Import Data

```
In [103]:
          import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
In [104]: wcc ld = pd.read excel('wcc LD.xlsx')
          wcc_md = pd.read_excel('wcc_MD.xlsx')
          wcc_hd = pd.read_excel('wcc_HD.xlsx')
          wcc FEAhd = pd.read excel('./FEA Data/convert/wcc HD.xlsx')
 In [68]: | df = pd.concat([wcc_ld, wcc_md, wcc_FEAhd], axis=0)
          df['severity_point'] = df['severity'].astype(str) + '_' + df['point'].astype(s
          tr)
          # Create a dictionary that maps each unique value in 'severity_point' to a uni
          que integer
          labels = df['severity_point'].unique()
          label_dict = {k: v for v, k in enumerate(labels)}
          # Use the dictionary to replace the values in 'severity_point' with their corr
          esponding labels
          df['severity_point'] = df['severity_point'].map(label_dict)
```

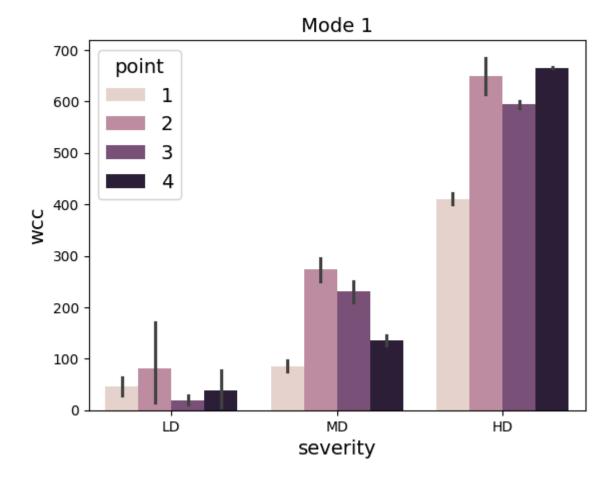
2. Exploratory Data Analysis

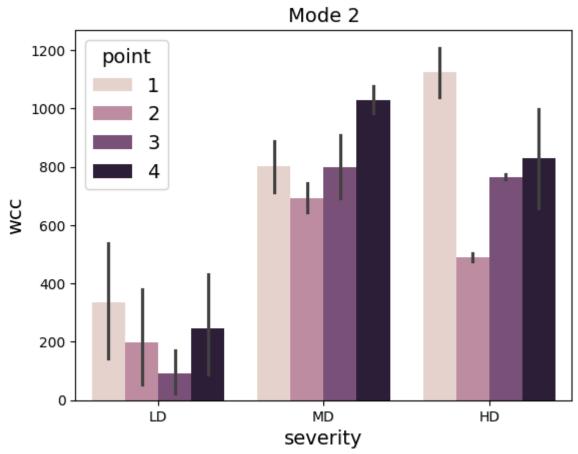
```
In [70]: import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

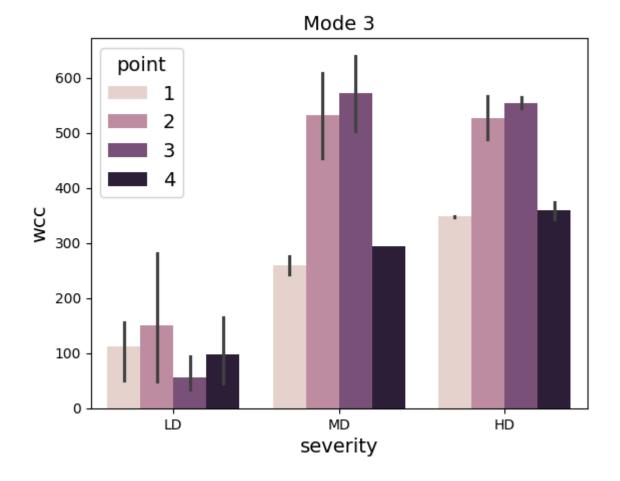
fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()
   sns.barplot(x='severity', y='wcc', hue= 'point', data=df[df['mode_shape'] ==
        1], ax=ax1)
   ax1.set_title('Mode 1')

fig2, ax2 = plt.subplots()
   sns.barplot(x='severity', y='wcc', hue= 'point', data=df[df['mode_shape'] ==
   2], ax=ax2)
   ax2.set_title('Mode 2')

fig3, ax3 = plt.subplots()
   sns.barplot(x='severity', y='wcc', hue= 'point', data=df[df['mode_shape'] ==
   3], ax=ax3)
   ax3.set_title('Mode 3')
```







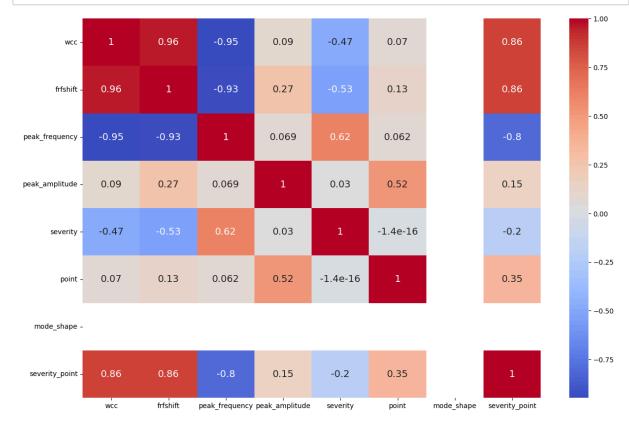
• Only Mode shape 1 that will be used since it is more sensitive in classify damage severity and its location

```
In [105]: df = pd.concat([wcc_ld, wcc_md, wcc_FEAhd[(wcc_FEAhd['mode_shape'] == 1)].iloc
    [4:]], axis=0)
    df = df[(df['mode_shape'] == 1)]
    df['severity_point'] = df['severity'].astype(str) + '_' + df['point'].astype(str)
    # Create a dictionary that maps each unique value in 'severity_point' to a unique integer
    labels = df['severity_point'].unique()
    label_dict = {k: v for v, k in enumerate(labels)}
    # Use the dictionary to replace the values in 'severity_point' with their corresponding labels
    df['severity_point'] = df['severity_point'].map(label_dict)
```

```
In [72]: import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

le = LabelEncoder()
   df['severity'] = le.fit_transform(df['severity'])
   corr_matrix = df.corr(numeric_only=True)
   corr_matrix["severity"].sort_values(ascending=False)

plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
   sns.heatmap(corr_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
   plt.show()
```



```
In [73]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          plt.rc('font', size=14)
          plt.rc('axes', labelsize=14, titlesize=14)
          plt.rc('legend', fontsize=14)
          plt.rc('xtick', labelsize=10)
          plt.rc('ytick', labelsize=10)
          df.hist(bins=50, figsize=(12, 8))
          plt.show()
                       wcc
                                                    frfshift
                                                                             peak frequency
                                                                      10
                                         2
            1
                   200
                          400
                  peak amplitude
                                                   severity
                                                                                  point
                                       10.0
                                        5.0
                                        2.5
                                        0.0
                     1.0
                                                     1.0
                   mode shape
                                                severity_point
           25
           20
           15
           10
            5
                       1.0
In [74]: df.isnull().sum()
Out[74]: wcc
                              0
          frfshift
                              0
          peak_frequency
                              0
          peak_amplitude
                              0
          severity
                              0
          point
                              0
          mode_shape
                              0
          severity_point
```

3. Split Test Train Set and Data Augmentation

dtype: int64

```
def bootstrap_sample_with_noise(data, exclude_cols=[], n_bootstrap_samples=150
In [106]:
          00, noise scale=0.5):
              n bootstrap samples = 15000
              sample = data.sample(n=n_bootstrap_samples, replace=True).copy() # Create
          a copy to avoid modifying original data
              # Identify numeric columns
              numeric cols = sample.select dtypes(include=[np.number]).columns
              # Exclude specified columns
              numeric cols = [col for col in numeric cols if col not in exclude cols]
              # Add noise only to numeric columns
              noise = np.random.normal(∅, noise scale, size=(n bootstrap samples, len(nu
          meric cols)))
              sample[numeric_cols] += noise
              # Apply absolute value to ensure data is non-negative
              sample[numeric cols] = sample[numeric cols].abs()
              return sample
          # Specify columns to exclude from noise addition
          exclude_cols = ['point', 'mode_shape','peak_frequency', 'severity_point','peak
           amplitude']
          # Generate synthetic data with noise
          wcc noisy = bootstrap sample with noise(df, exclude cols=exclude cols)
          df = pd.concat([df, wcc_noisy], axis=0)
          # Separate features and labels
          X = df[['wcc', 'frfshift', 'peak_frequency', 'peak_amplitude']].values
          y = df['severity point'].values
          # Split the data
          X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2, rando
          m_state=42)
In [107]: from imblearn.over sampling import SMOTE
          from collections import Counter
          #Define SMOTE
          sm = SMOTE()
          # Fit SMOTE on the training data
          X train, y train = sm.fit resample(X train, y train)
          # Summarize the new class distribution
          print("After oversampling: ", Counter(y train))
          After oversampling: Counter({0: 1533, 11: 1533, 7: 1533, 9: 1533, 10: 1533,
```

3: 1533, 2: 1533, 6: 1533, 1: 1533, 5: 1533, 8: 1533, 4: 1533})

```
X_train = pd.DataFrame(X_train, columns=['wcc', 'frfshift', 'peak_frequency',
In [108]:
            'peak amplitude'])
           X_train
Out[108]:
                                frfshift peak_frequency peak_amplitude
                        wcc
                   28.668929
                              1.382842
                                                 20.5
                                                            1.140537
                   63.771423
                              0.697078
                                                 20.0
                1
                                                            1.112678
                2 666.120178 14.617527
                                                 17.0
                                                            2.129556
                  664.954725 15.509253
                                                 17.0
                                                            2.129556
                   45.466539
                              0.416397
                                                 20.0
                                                            1.132941
                                                  ...
            18391 666.488696 15.535741
                                                 17.0
                                                            2.129556
            18392 665.590113 14.566971
                                                 17.0
                                                            2.129556
            18393 666.140940 15.096488
                                                 17.0
                                                            2.129556
            18394 666.251148 15.974562
                                                 17.0
                                                            2.129556
            18395 665.875652 15.738878
                                                 17.0
                                                            2.129556
           18396 rows × 4 columns
In [109]:
Out[109]: array([0, 1, 2, ..., 3, 3, 5], dtype=int64)
In [110]: | from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
           # One-hot encode the targets
           y_train = to_categorical(y_train, num_classes=12)
           y_test = to_categorical(y_test, num_classes=12) # Do the same for the test ta
           rgets if you have them
```

4. Model Design and Training

```
In [111]: import tensorflow as tf
          from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
          from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
          from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
          # Define the model
          model = Sequential([
              Dense(128, activation='relu', input_shape=(X_train.shape[1],)),
              Dense(128, activation='relu'),
              Dense(12, activation='softmax') # 12 classes for multiclass classificatio
          n
          ])
          # Compile the model
          model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['acc
          uracy'])
          # Train the model
          early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=10, restore_best_w
          eights=True)
          history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_split=0.2, callba
          cks=[early_stopping])
```

c:\Users\dania\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\Lib\site-packages\kera
s\src\layers\core\dense.py:87: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`inp
ut_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `I
nput(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead.

super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)

```
2s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.4108 - loss: 3.7998 -
val_accuracy: 0.4261 - val_loss: 4.2928
Epoch 2/100
                     ---- 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.6768 - loss: 0.9648 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.4277 - val_loss: 2.1653
Epoch 3/100
460/460 -
                    1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.7483 - loss: 0.7146 -
val accuracy: 0.7139 - val loss: 2.9080
Epoch 4/100
460/460 ————— 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.7962 - loss: 0.5683 -
val accuracy: 0.4351 - val loss: 2.9883
Epoch 5/100
                     ----- 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8132 - loss: 0.4791 -
460/460 ----
val_accuracy: 0.7174 - val_loss: 0.4569
Epoch 6/100
                      460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.7174 - val_loss: 0.4841
Epoch 7/100
                    ----- 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8496 - loss: 0.3248 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.7071 - val loss: 0.7030
Epoch 8/100
               1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8513 - loss: 0.3162 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.7174 - val loss: 1.1434
Epoch 9/100

1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8567 - loss: 0.3160 -
val accuracy: 0.7103 - val loss: 0.9167
Epoch 10/100
460/460 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8621 - loss: 0.2809 -
val accuracy: 0.9696 - val loss: 0.3821
Epoch 11/100
                    1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8667 - loss: 0.2778 -
val accuracy: 0.7103 - val loss: 0.4392
Epoch 12/100
                  1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8695 - loss: 0.2476 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.8041 - val_loss: 0.3735
Epoch 13/100
                     ----- 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8723 - loss: 0.2363 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.9886 - val_loss: 0.3368
Epoch 14/100
                1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8781 - loss: 0.2234 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.7103 - val_loss: 0.3926
Epoch 15/100
460/460 ————— 2s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.8695 - loss: 0.2420 -
val accuracy: 0.7451 - val loss: 0.3430
Epoch 16/100
             1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8834 - loss: 0.2177 -
val_accuracy: 0.7728 - val_loss: 0.3375
Epoch 17/100
                  1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8752 - loss: 0.2277 -
val_accuracy: 0.7103 - val_loss: 0.4034
Epoch 18/100
                    1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8725 - loss: 0.2295 -
460/460 ----
val_accuracy: 0.7174 - val_loss: 0.3634
Epoch 19/100
                    1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8763 - loss: 0.2227 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.7103 - val_loss: 0.4348
Epoch 20/100
```

```
1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8726 - loss: 0.2328 -
val_accuracy: 0.8313 - val loss: 0.3222
Epoch 21/100
                 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8728 - loss: 0.2248 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.7367 - val loss: 0.3449
Epoch 22/100
460/460 — 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8764 - loss: 0.2238 -
val accuracy: 0.8872 - val loss: 0.3352
Epoch 23/100
                    ----- 2s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8790 - loss: 0.2212 -
460/460 ---
val accuracy: 0.7666 - val loss: 0.3445
Epoch 24/100
                     1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8814 - loss: 0.2150 -
val_accuracy: 0.7658 - val_loss: 0.3513
Epoch 25/100
                     1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8829 - loss: 0.2106 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.7103 - val_loss: 0.4026
Epoch 26/100
                    1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8802 - loss: 0.2181 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.8995 - val loss: 0.3123
Epoch 27/100
460/460 — 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8788 - loss: 0.2161 -
val accuracy: 0.8375 - val loss: 0.3270
Epoch 28/100
                    2s 5ms/step - accuracy: 0.8827 - loss: 0.2104 -
460/460 -----
val_accuracy: 0.9038 - val_loss: 0.3008
Epoch 29/100
460/460 ----
                    1s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.8882 - loss: 0.2020 -
val accuracy: 0.8391 - val loss: 0.3128
Epoch 30/100
                   1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8810 - loss: 0.2092 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.7174 - val loss: 0.4232
Epoch 31/100
               1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8864 - loss: 0.2052 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.8495 - val loss: 0.3147
Epoch 32/100

1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8924 - loss: 0.2022 -
val_accuracy: 0.9788 - val_loss: 0.2899
Epoch 33/100

460/460 ————— 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8835 - loss: 0.2064 -
val_accuracy: 0.7204 - val_loss: 0.3529
Epoch 34/100
              1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8889 - loss: 0.1989 -
val accuracy: 0.8421 - val loss: 0.3110
Epoch 35/100
                 val_accuracy: 0.9207 - val_loss: 0.2933
Epoch 36/100
                    ----- 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8916 - loss: 0.1943 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.8323 - val_loss: 0.2975
Epoch 37/100
460/460 -----
                1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8867 - loss: 0.2063 -
val_accuracy: 0.7530 - val_loss: 0.3219
Epoch 38/100
1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8922 - loss: 0.1957 -
val_accuracy: 0.7655 - val_loss: 0.3117
Epoch 39/100
```

```
1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8922 - loss: 0.2015 -
val_accuracy: 0.9098 - val loss: 0.2733
Epoch 40/100
                 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8915 - loss: 0.1975 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.7649 - val loss: 0.3190
Epoch 41/100
460/460 — 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8909 - loss: 0.1966 -
val accuracy: 0.8250 - val loss: 0.2930
Epoch 42/100
                    1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8947 - loss: 0.1886 -
460/460 ---
val accuracy: 0.9043 - val loss: 0.2701
Epoch 43/100
                     1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8968 - loss: 0.1829 -
val_accuracy: 0.8236 - val_loss: 0.2987
Epoch 44/100
                      ----- 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8980 - loss: 0.1838 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.9568 - val_loss: 0.2366
Epoch 45/100
                    1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.8958 - loss: 0.1966 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.9677 - val loss: 0.2204
Epoch 46/100
460/460 ———— 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9030 - loss: 0.1809 -
val accuracy: 0.8758 - val loss: 0.2607
Epoch 47/100
                     1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9031 - loss: 0.1865 -
460/460 -----
val accuracy: 0.9766 - val loss: 0.2212
Epoch 48/100
460/460 ----
                     1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9098 - loss: 0.1706 -
val accuracy: 0.9698 - val loss: 0.1921
Epoch 49/100
                    1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9134 - loss: 0.1654 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.7122 - val loss: 0.3801
Epoch 50/100
               ______ 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9061 - loss: 0.1719 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.7595 - val loss: 0.3206
Epoch 51/100

1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9111 - loss: 0.1681 -
val accuracy: 0.9168 - val loss: 0.2399
Epoch 52/100

460/460 ————— 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9147 - loss: 0.1638 -
val_accuracy: 0.7424 - val_loss: 0.3587
Epoch 53/100
               1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8983 - loss: 0.1830 -
val accuracy: 0.7620 - val loss: 0.3458
Epoch 54/100
                  ------- 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9115 - loss: 0.1695 -
val_accuracy: 0.9323 - val_loss: 0.1992
Epoch 55/100
                     1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9142 - loss: 0.1619 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.8546 - val_loss: 0.2401
Epoch 56/100
460/460 -
                    1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9171 - loss: 0.1522 -
val_accuracy: 0.9261 - val_loss: 0.1871
Epoch 57/100
460/460 — 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9146 - loss: 0.1598 -
val_accuracy: 0.9791 - val_loss: 0.1458
Epoch 58/100
```

```
1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9144 - loss: 0.1594 -
val_accuracy: 0.9606 - val loss: 0.1659
Epoch 59/100
                 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9220 - loss: 0.1533 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.9133 - val loss: 0.2044
Epoch 60/100
460/460 — 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9196 - loss: 0.1457 -
val_accuracy: 0.8114 - val_loss: 0.2826
Epoch 61/100
                    ----- 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9100 - loss: 0.1849 -
460/460 ----
val accuracy: 0.9062 - val loss: 0.1867
Epoch 62/100
                     1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9093 - loss: 0.1778 -
val_accuracy: 0.9878 - val_loss: 0.1243
Epoch 63/100
                     1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9231 - loss: 0.1436 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.8793 - val_loss: 0.2001
Epoch 64/100
                    1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9230 - loss: 0.1458 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.9750 - val loss: 0.1238
Epoch 65/100

460/460 — 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9238 - loss: 0.1451 -
val accuracy: 0.9918 - val loss: 0.0972
Epoch 66/100
                    ----- 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9047 - loss: 0.1939 -
460/460 -----
val_accuracy: 0.9967 - val_loss: 0.1405
Epoch 67/100
460/460 ----
                    ----- 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9248 - loss: 0.1485 -
val accuracy: 0.9967 - val loss: 0.1335
Epoch 68/100
                    ----- 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9326 - loss: 0.1404 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.9709 - val loss: 0.1424
Epoch 69/100
               1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9203 - loss: 0.1552 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.9886 - val loss: 0.1326
Epoch 70/100

1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9300 - loss: 0.1362 -
val_accuracy: 0.8889 - val_loss: 0.2129
Epoch 71/100

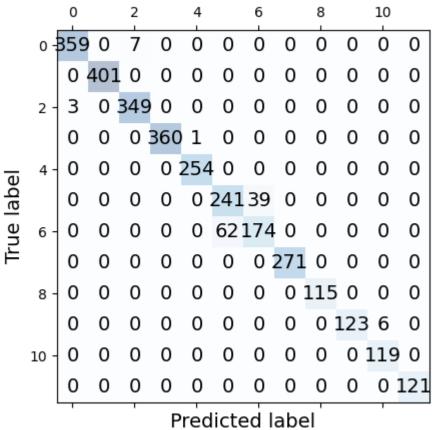
460/460 ————— 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9154 - loss: 0.1649 -
val_accuracy: 0.9894 - val_loss: 0.1170
Epoch 72/100
               1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9326 - loss: 0.1339 -
val accuracy: 0.9160 - val loss: 0.1826
Epoch 73/100
                  val_accuracy: 0.9739 - val_loss: 0.1317
Epoch 74/100
                    1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9247 - loss: 0.1412 -
460/460 ---
val_accuracy: 0.9937 - val_loss: 0.0945
Epoch 75/100
460/460 -
                1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9318 - loss: 0.1363 -
val_accuracy: 0.7772 - val_loss: 0.3486
Epoch 76/100
460/460 — 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9359 - loss: 0.1255 -
val_accuracy: 0.8022 - val_loss: 0.2985
Epoch 77/100
```

```
1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9207 - loss: 0.1480 -
val_accuracy: 0.9932 - val loss: 0.0826
Epoch 78/100
                     1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9296 - loss: 0.1402 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.9948 - val loss: 0.0804
Epoch 79/100
460/460 -----
              ______ 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9444 - loss: 0.1149 -
val accuracy: 0.9704 - val loss: 0.1039
Epoch 80/100
                      1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9339 - loss: 0.1313 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.9614 - val loss: 0.1247
Epoch 81/100
                        —— 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9400 - loss: 0.1196 -
val_accuracy: 0.9872 - val_loss: 0.0866
Epoch 82/100
                       1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9351 - loss: 0.1268 -
460/460 -
val_accuracy: 0.9668 - val_loss: 0.1199
Epoch 83/100
460/460 -
                      ---- 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9371 - loss: 0.1333 -
val accuracy: 0.7842 - val loss: 0.2836
Epoch 84/100
            ______ 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9385 - loss: 0.1174 -
460/460 -----
val accuracy: 0.7179 - val loss: 0.6861
Epoch 85/100
                     1s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9461 - loss: 0.1142 -
460/460 -----
val_accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.1905
Epoch 86/100
460/460 -
                      ----- 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9463 - loss: 0.1180 -
val accuracy: 0.8503 - val loss: 0.2175
Epoch 87/100
                     1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.9393 - loss: 0.1184 -
460/460 -
val accuracy: 0.9937 - val loss: 0.1553
Epoch 88/100
460/460 -
                     ----- 1s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9356 - loss: 0.1396 -
val accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 0.1221
```

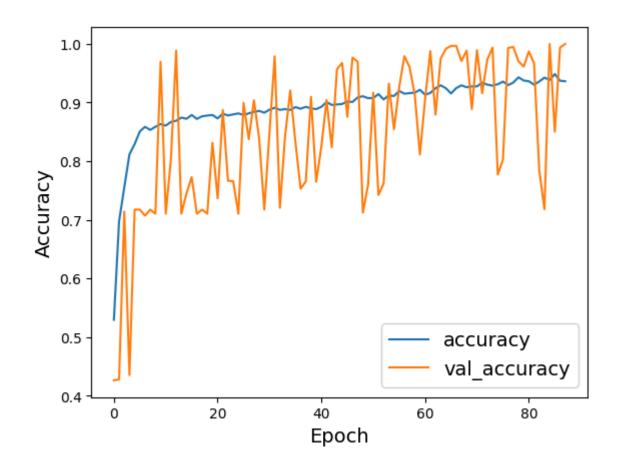
```
In [112]:
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, classification report
          import numpy as np
          # Convert predicted probabilities to class labels
          y_pred = np.argmax(model.predict(X_test), axis=-1)
          # Now y pred contains class labels, which can be used with classification repo
          rt and confusion matrix
          cm = confusion_matrix(np.argmax(y_test, axis=-1), y_pred)
          print(cm)
          # Plot the confusion matrix
          plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
          plt.matshow(cm, cmap=plt.cm.Blues, alpha=0.3)
          for i in range(cm.shape[0]):
              for j in range(cm.shape[1]):
                  plt.text(x=j, y=i, s=cm[i, j], va='center', ha='center')
          plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
          plt.ylabel('True label')
          plt.show()
          print(classification_report(np.argmax(y_test, axis=-1), y_pred))
          # Plot training history
          plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='accuracy')
          plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='val_accuracy')
          plt.xlabel('Epoch')
          plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
          plt.legend()
          plt.show()
```

94/94							- 0s	1ms,	/step)		
[[3	59	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0]
[0	401	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0]
[3	0	349	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0]
[0	0	0	360	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0]
[0	0	0	0	254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0]
[0	0	0	0	0	241	39	0	0	0	0	0]
[0	0	0	0	0	62	174	0	0	0	0	0]
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	271	0	0	0	0]
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	115	0	0	0]
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	123	6	0]
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	119	0]
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	121]]

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precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.99	0.98	0.99	366
1.00	1.00	1.00	401
0.98	0.99	0.99	352
1.00	1.00	1.00	361
1.00	1.00	1.00	254
0.80	0.86	0.83	280
0.82	0.74	0.78	236
1.00	1.00	1.00	271
1.00	1.00	1.00	115
1.00	0.95	0.98	129
0.95	1.00	0.98	119
1.00	1.00	1.00	121
		0.96	3005
0.96	0.96	0.96	3005
0.96	0.96	0.96	3005
	0.99 1.00 0.98 1.00 1.00 0.80 0.82 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00	0.99 0.98 1.00 1.00 0.98 0.99 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.80 0.86 0.82 0.74 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	0.99 0.98 0.99 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.98 0.99 0.99 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.80 0.86 0.83 0.82 0.74 0.78 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 0.98 0.95 1.00 0.98 1.00 1.00 1.00



5. Save the entire model to a HDF5 file

model.save('my_model.h5')

```
In [139]: # Save the entire model to a HDF5 file
model.save('my_model.keras')
```

```
In [37]: from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model

# Load the model
model = load_model('my_model.keras')
```

c:\Users\dania\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\Lib\site-packages\kera s\src\saving\saving_lib.py:415: UserWarning: Skipping variable loading for op timizer 'rmsprop', because it has 8 variables whereas the saved optimizer has 14 variables.

saveable.load_own_variables(weights_store.get(inner_path))

6. Test with Experimental Modal Analysis Dataset of High Damage Severity

```
In [136]: wcc_hd = pd.read_excel('./test/wcc_HD.xlsx')
wcc_hd = wcc_hd[(wcc_hd['mode_shape'] == 1)]
wcc_hd['severity_point'] = wcc_hd['severity'].astype(str) + '_' + wcc_hd['poin
t'].astype(str)
wcc_hd = wcc_hd.drop(["severity","mode_shape","point",], axis=1)
wcc_hd
wcc_hd['severity_point'] = wcc_hd['severity_point'].map(label_dict)
wcc_hd.head()
```

Out[136]:

	wcc	frfshift	peak_frequency	peak_amplitude	severity_point
0	308.712078	7.680376	16.5	0.441857	8
3	512.404811	10.349958	15.5	0.885045	9
6	481.689882	9.828734	16.0	0.764737	10
9	532.226787	14.963518	16.5	2.162405	11
2	310.973295	7.727579	16.5	0.444164	8

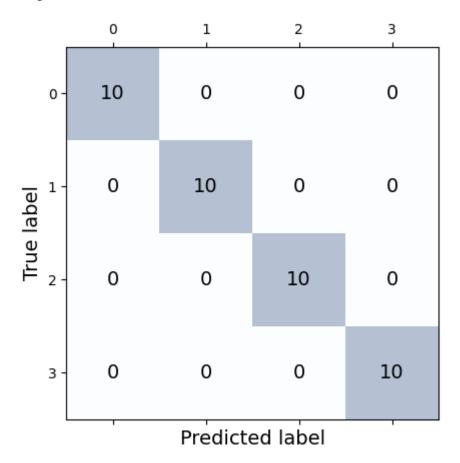
```
In [ ]: wcc_FEAhd[(wcc_FEAhd['mode_shape'] == 1)].iloc[4:]
```

	wcc	frfshift	peak_frequency	peak_amplitude	severity	point	mode_shape
12	400.277900	7.071750	17.0	0.369735	HD	1	1
15	614.496863	9.896280	17.0	1.015607	HD	2	1
18	587.279162	9.207289	17.0	0.861799	HD	3	1
21	666.004619	15.089849	17.0	2.129556	HD	4	1

```
In [137]: x_wcc_hd = wcc_hd[['wcc', 'frfshift', 'peak_frequency', 'peak_amplitude']].val
    ues
    y_wcc_hd = wcc_hd['severity_point'].values
    y_wcc_hd = to_categorical(y_wcc_hd, num_classes=12)
```

```
In [138]:
          import numpy as np
          from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, classification report
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          # Define the mapping from class indices to labels
          class_labels = {8: 'HD_1', 9: 'HD_2', 10: 'HD_3', 11: 'HD_4'}
          # Convert predicted probabilities to class labels
          y_pred_wcc_hd = np.argmax(model.predict(x_wcc_hd), axis=-1)
          y_pred_wcc_hd_labels = [class_labels[i] for i in y_pred_wcc_hd]
          # Convert one-hot encoded true labels to their original form
          y_true_wcc_hd = np.argmax(y_wcc_hd, axis=-1)
          y true wcc hd labels = [class labels[i] for i in y true wcc hd]
          # Now y_pred and y_true contain class labels, which can be used with classific
          ation report and confusion matrix
          cm = confusion_matrix(y_true_wcc_hd_labels, y_pred_wcc_hd_labels)
          print(cm)
          # Plot the confusion matrix
          plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
          plt.matshow(cm, cmap=plt.cm.Blues, alpha=0.3)
          for i in range(cm.shape[0]):
              for j in range(cm.shape[1]):
                  plt.text(x=j, y=i, s=cm[i, j], va='center', ha='center')
          plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
          plt.ylabel('True label')
          plt.show()
          print(classification_report(y_true_wcc_hd_labels, y_pred_wcc_hd_labels))
```

<Figure size 1000x1000 with 0 Axes>



	precision	recall	f1-score	support
HD 1	1.00	1.00	1.00	10
HD_2	1.00	1.00	1.00	10
HD_3	1.00	1.00	1.00	10
HD_4	1.00	1.00	1.00	10
accuracy			1.00	40
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	40
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	40

```
In [100]: wcc_FEAhd[(wcc_FEAhd['mode_shape'] == 1)].iloc[4:]
```

Out[100]:

	wcc	frfshift	peak_frequency	peak_amplitude	severity	point	mode_shape
12	400.277900	7.071750	17.0	0.369735	HD	1	1
15	614.496863	9.896280	17.0	1.015607	HD	2	1
18	587.279162	9.207289	17.0	0.861799	HD	3	1
21	666.004619	15.089849	17.0	2.129556	HD	4	1