# aula04 estruturas controle

February 28, 2021

### 1 Listas

```
[69]: # Estruturas de Dados - Lista
      \#a = [2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7] \rightarrow Valores
      # [ 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] -> Posicoes
      # Lista de Numeros
      a = [2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
      # Lista de String
      b = ['seja', 'um', 'cientista', 'de', 'dados']
      # Lista de String + numeros
      c = ['seja', 1, 'cientista', 10, [ 10, 'dua', 32, 'dfa', 'sfa'] ]
      # Como adicionar um novo elemento na lista
      c.append(50) # Sempre coloca o elemento no final da lista
      c.insert(4, 40) # Sempre colocar o elemento na posicao desejada (posicao, u
      →elemento )
      # Como medir o tamanho da lista
      print( c )
      len( c )
      # Criar uma lista vazia
      d = []
```

['seja', 1, 'cientista', 10, 40, [10, 'dua', 32, 'dfa', 'sfa'], 50]

```
[70]: d
```

[70]: []

### 2 Estrutura de controle - Condicional

```
[]: # Condicionais que nos temos:
# Igual
# Maior
# Maior ou igual
# Menor
# Menor ou igual
```

#### [1]: import pandas as pd

/Users/meigarom.lopes/.pyenv/versions/3.8.0/envs/pythonzeroaods/lib/python3.8/si te-packages/pandas/compat/\_\_init\_\_.py:97: UserWarning: Could not import the lzma module. Your installed Python is incomplete. Attempting to use lzma compression will result in a RuntimeError.

warnings.warn(msg)

```
[2]: data = pd.read_csv( 'kc_house_data.csv' )

[14]: # Logicas E ( AND )
```

```
# Logica de Multiplicacao

# Bedrooms | Floors

# TRUE | TRUE -> Resultado

# TRUE | FALSE -> ERRO

# FALSE | TRUE -> ERRO

# FALSE | FALSE -> ERRO

# TRUE & TRUE

# #df = data[(data['bedrooms'] == 4) & ( data['floors'] == 2)]

# TRUE & FALSE

# #df = data[(data['bedrooms'] == 4) & ( data['floors'] == 20)]

# FALSE & TRUE

# #df = data[(data['bedrooms'] == 50) & ( data['floors'] == 2)]

# FALSE & FALSE

df = data[(data['bedrooms'] == 50) & ( data['floors'] == 2)]

df.head()
```

## [14]: Empty DataFrame

Columns: [id, date, price, bedrooms, bathrooms, sqft\_living, sqft\_lot, floors, waterfront, view, condition, grade, sqft\_above, sqft\_basement, yr\_built, yr\_renovated, zipcode, lat, long, sqft\_living15, sqft\_lot15]
Index: []

[0 rows x 21 columns]

```
[]:
[20]: # Logicas OU ( OR )
      # Logica de Soma
      # Bedrooms | Floors
          TRUE | TRUE -> Resultado
          TRUE | FALSE -> Resultado
          FALSE | TRUE -> Resultado
          FALSE | FALSE -> ERRO
     # TRUE & TRUE
     #df = data[(data['bedrooms'] == 4) / ( data['floors'] == 2 )]
      # TRUE & FALSE
     \#df = data[(data['bedrooms'] == 4) \mid (data['floors'] == 20)]
      # FALSE & TRUE
     \#df = data[(data['bedrooms'] == 50) \mid (data['floors'] == 2)]
      # FALSE & FALSE
      \#df = data[(data['bedrooms'] == 50) \mid (data['floors'] == 20)]
      #df.head()
 []: #1. Qual a quantidade de imóveis por nível?
              - Nivel O: Preço entre R$ 0.00 e R$ 321.950
              - Nivel 1: Preço entre R$ 321.950 e R$ 450.000
              - Nivel 2: Preço entre R$ 450.000 e R$ 645.000
              - Nivel 3: Preço acima de R$ 645.000
     data = pd.read_csv( 'kc_house_data.csv' )
     data['nivel'] = NA
     data.loc[data['price'] >= 0) & (data['price'] < 321950)], 'nivel'] =
      data.loc[data['price'] >= 321950) & (data['price'] < 450000)], 'nivel'] = __
     data.loc[data['price'] >= 450000) & (data['price'] < 645000)], 'nivel'] =__
      →'nivel 2'
     data.loc[data[(data['price'] >= 645000)], 'nivel'] = 'nivel_3'
```

#### 3 Laco FOR.

```
[60]: data = pd.read_csv( 'kc_house_data.csv' )
```

```
[59]: # LOOP FOR
      for i in range( 0, len( data ) ):
          if (data.loc[i, 'price'] > 0) & ( data.loc[i, 'price'] < 321950):</pre>
              data.loc[i, 'nivel'] = 'nivel_0'
          elif (data.loc[i, 'price'] >= 321950) & ( data.loc[i, 'price'] < 450000):</pre>
              data.loc[i, 'nivel'] = 'nivel 1'
          elif (data.loc[i, 'price'] >= 450000) & ( data.loc[i, 'price'] < 645000):</pre>
              data.loc[i, 'nivel'] = 'nivel_2'
          else:
              data.loc[i, 'nivel'] = 'nivel_3'
[62]: data.head()
[62]:
                 id
                                 date
                                          price bedrooms bathrooms
                                                                       sqft_living \
      0 7129300520
                     20141013T000000
                                      221900.0
                                                         3
                                                                 1.00
                                                                               1180
                                                                 2.25
      1 6414100192
                     20141209T000000 538000.0
                                                                               2570
                                                                 1.00
      2 5631500400 20150225T000000 180000.0
                                                         2
                                                                                770
      3 2487200875 20141209T000000
                                       604000.0
                                                         4
                                                                 3.00
                                                                               1960
      4 1954400510 20150218T000000 510000.0
                                                                 2.00
                                                         3
                                                                               1680
         sqft_lot floors
                           waterfront
                                                 sqft_above sqft_basement
                                       view
      0
             5650
                      1.0
                                     0
                                                                          0
                                           0
                                              •••
                                                        1180
                      2.0
      1
             7242
                                     0
                                                        2170
                                                                         400
                      1.0
      2
            10000
                                     0
                                                        770
                                                                          0
      3
             5000
                      1.0
                                     0
                                           0
                                                        1050
                                                                        910
             8080
                      1.0
                                     0
                                                        1680
                                                                          0
                                                              sqft living15 \
         yr built yr renovated zipcode
                                               lat
                                                        long
      0
             1955
                                    98178 47.5112 -122.257
                                                                       1340
                               0
      1
             1951
                            1991
                                    98125 47.7210 -122.319
                                                                       1690
      2
             1933
                               0
                                    98028 47.7379 -122.233
                                                                       2720
      3
             1965
                               0
                                    98136 47.5208 -122.393
                                                                       1360
             1987
                               0
                                    98074 47.6168 -122.045
                                                                       1800
         sqft_lot15
                       nivel
                     nivel_0
      0
               5650
               7639
      1
                         NaN
      2
               8062
                         NaN
      3
               5000
                         NaN
               7503
                         NaN
      [5 rows x 22 columns]
```

[]:

[]:

# 4 Laco WHILE

```
import requests as r

i = 1
dataset = pd.DataFrame()
while True:
    print( 'page:{}'.format( i ) )
    url = 'https://jobs.github.com/positions.json?page={}'.format( i )
    response = r.request( 'GET', url )

if response.json() != []:
    data = response.json()[0]
    df = pd.DataFrame( data, index=[0] )

    dataset = pd.concat( [ dataset, df], axis=0 )
    i = i + 1

else:
    break

page:1
page:2
```

page:2
page:3
page:4
page:5

[]:

# 5 Respondendo as perguntas do CEO

```
[]: #
               2. Adicione as seguintes informações ao imóvel:
                                         - O nome da Rua
     #
                                         - O número do imóvel
     #
                                         - O nome do Bairro
     #
                                         - O nome da Cidade
     #
                                         - O nome da Estado
     #
                       - Onde tem essas informações? API chamada GEOPY
     #
                                         - Tem no banco de dados da empresa? NO
                                         - Tem essas informações são fornecidas por umu
      \hookrightarrow API. SIM
```

```
- Dentro de arquivo na pasta do meu colega de
       → trabalho chamado Legilson NAO
                        - Qual dados eu tenho na minha base que eu consiga fazer o
       \hookrightarrow link.
                        - Como coletar esse dado e como anexá-lo no conjunto de dados⊔
       \rightarrow original.
[84]: data = pd.read_csv( 'kc_house_data.csv' )
[89]: from geopy.geocoders import Nominatim
[92]: # Initialize Nominatim API
      geolocator = Nominatim( user_agent='geoapiExercises' )
      response = geolocator.reverse( '47.5112,-122.257')
      print( response.raw['address']['road'])
      print( response.raw['address']['house_number'])
      print( response.raw['address']['neighbourhood'])
      print( response.raw['address']['city'])
      print( response.raw['address']['county'])
      print( response.raw['address']['state'] )
 []:
 []:
```

# 6 Filtro iterativos no map

```
houses.loc[i, 'level'] = 2

else:
    houses.loc[i, 'level'] = 3

houses['level'] = houses['level'].astype( int )

fig = px.scatter_mapbox( houses,
    lat='lat',
    lon='long',
    color='level',
    size='price',
    color_continuous_scale=px.colors.cyclical.IceFire,
    size_max=15,
    zoom=10 )

fig.update_layout( mapbox_style='open-street-map' )
fig.update_layout( height=600, margin={'r':0, 't':0, 'l':0, 'b':0} )
fig.show()
```

## 7 Adicionando Filtros iterativos

```
[141]: import ipywidgets as widgets
       from ipywidgets import fixed
[143]: df = pd.read_csv( 'kc_house_data.csv' )
       df['is_waterfront'] = df['waterfront'].apply( lambda x: 'yes' if x == 1 else_

    'no'
)
       df['level'] = df['price'].apply( lambda x: 0 if x< 321950 else</pre>
                                                   1 if (x > 321950) & (x < 450000)
       ⊶else
                                                   2 \text{ if } (x > 450000) \& (x < 645000)
       ⇒else 3 )
       df['level'] = df['level'].astype( int )
       style = {'description_width': 'initial'}
       # Iterative buttons
       price_limit = widgets.IntSlider(
           value = 540000,
           min = 75000,
           \max = 77000000,
           step = 1,
           description='Maximum Price',
```

```
disable=False,
   style = style
)
waterfront_bar = widgets.Dropdown(
   options= df['is_waterfront'].unique().tolist(),
   value='yes',
   description='Water View',
   disable=False)
def update_map( df, waterfront, limit ):
   houses = df[(df['price'] <= limit) &
              fig = px.scatter_mapbox( houses,
                         lat='lat',
                         lon='long',
                         color='level',
                         size='price',
                         color_continuous_scale=px.colors.cyclical.IceFire,
                         size_max=15,
                         zoom=10 )
   fig.update_layout( mapbox_style='open-street-map' )
   fig.update_layout( height=600, margin={'r':0, 't':0, 'l':0, 'b':0} )
   fig.show()
```

```
[144]: widgets.interactive(update_map, df=fixed(df), waterfront=waterfront_bar, ⊔

→limit=price_limit)
```

#### 8 Iteravidade com o dashboard

```
[145]: import ipywidgets as widgets
    from matplotlib import gridspec
    from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

[156]: # prepare dataset
    data = pd.read_csv( 'kc_house_data.csv' )
```

data['year'] = pd.to\_datetime( data['date'] ).dt.strftime( '%Y' )

# change date format

```
data['date'] = pd.to_datetime( data['date'] ).dt.strftime( '%Y-%m-%d' )
       data['year_week'] = pd.to_datetime( data['date'] ).dt.strftime( '%Y-%U' )
       # Widgets to control data
       date_limit = widgets.SelectionSlider(
          options=df['date'].sort_values().unique().tolist(),
          value = '2014-12-01',
          description = 'Disponivel',
           continuous update=False,
           orientation='horizontal',
          readout=True )
       def update_map( data, limit ):
           # Filter data
          df = data[data['date'] >= limit ].copy()
          fig = plt.figure( figsize=(21,12) )
           specs = gridspec.GridSpec( ncols=2, nrows=2, figure=fig )
          ax1 = fig.add_subplot( specs[0, :] ) # First rows
          ax2 = fig.add_subplot( specs[1, 0] ) # Second Row First Column
          ax3 = fig.add_subplot( specs[1, 1] ) # Second Row Second Column rows
          by_year = df[['id', 'year']].groupby( 'year').sum().reset_index()
          ax1.bar( by_year['year'], by_year['id'] )
          by_day = df[['id', 'date']].groupby( 'date').mean().reset_index()
          ax2.plot( by_day['date'], by_day['id'] )
          ax2.set_title( 'title: Avg Price by Day' )
          by_week_of_year = df[['id', 'year_week']].groupby( 'year_week').mean().
        →reset index()
          ax3.bar( by_week_of_year['year_week'], by_week_of_year['id'] )
          ax3.set_title( 'title: Avg Price by Week Of Year' )
          plt.xticks( rotation=60 );
[157]: widgets.interactive(update_map, data=fixed(data), limit=date_limit)
      interactive(children=(SelectionSlider(continuous update=False,,,
       →description='Disponivel', index=212, options=('...
 []:
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```

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