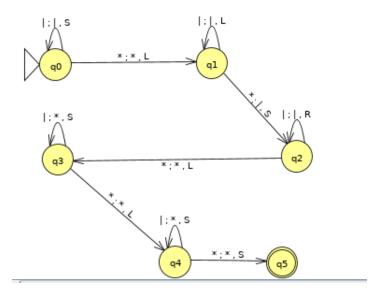
Practica 3

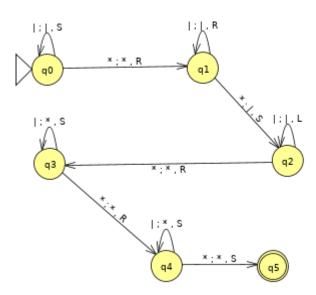
Daniel Carrera Leiva

1 maquina de Turing que suma dos valores

como esta en la relacion:



como funciona en el programa:



2 Funcion recursiva suma de tres valores

```
" < addition3 << \pi_1^1 | \sigma(\pi_3^3) > | \sigma(\pi_4^4) >"
      >> evalrecfunction("addition3",3,3,3)
      addition3(3,3,3)
      <<\pi^1_1|\sigma(\pi^3_3)>|\sigma(\pi^4_4)>(3,3,3)
      <<\pi^1_1|\sigma(\pi^3_3)>|\sigma(\pi^4_4)>(3,3,2)
      <<\pi^1_1|\sigma(\pi^3_3)>|\sigma(\pi^4_4)>(3,3,1)
      <<\pi^1_1|\sigma(\pi^3_3)>|\sigma(\pi^4_4)>(3,3,0)
      <\pi^1_1|\sigma(\pi^3_3)>(3,3)
      <\pi^{1}_{1}|\sigma(\pi^{3}_{3})>(3,2)
      <\pi^{1}_{1}|\sigma(\pi^{3}_{3})>(3,1)
      <\pi^{1}_{1}|\sigma(\pi^{3}_{3})>(3,0)
      \pi^{1}_{1}(3) = 3
      \sigma(\pi^3_3)(3,0,3)
      \pi^3(3,0,3) = 3
     \sigma(3) = 4
      \sigma(\pi^3_3)(3,1,4)
      \pi^3(3,1,4) = 4
     \sigma(4) = 5
      \sigma(\pi^3_3)(3,2,5)
      \pi^3(3,2,5) = 5
     \sigma(5) = 6
      σ(π44)(3,3,0,6)
      \pi^{4}(3,3,0,6) = 6
     \sigma(6) = 7
      \sigma(\pi^4_4)(3,3,1,7)
```

```
<\pi^{1}_{1}|\sigma(\pi^{3}_{3})>(3,2)
<\pi^1_1|\sigma(\pi^3_3)>(3,1)
<\pi^{1}_{1}|\sigma(\pi^{3}_{3})>(3,0)
\pi^{1}_{1}(3) = 3
\sigma(\pi^3_3)(3,0,3)
\pi^3(3,0,3) = 3
\sigma(3) = 4
\sigma(\pi^3_3)(3,1,4)
\pi^3_3(3,1,4) = 4
\sigma(4) = 5
\sigma(\pi^3_3)(3,2,5)
\pi^3(3,2,5) = 5
\sigma(5) = 6
\sigma(\pi^4_4)(3,3,0,6)
\pi^{4}(3,3,0,6) = 6
\sigma(6) = 7
σ(π44)(3,3,1,7)
\pi^{4}(3,3,1,7) = 7
\sigma(7) = 8
\sigma(\pi^4_4)(3,3,2,8)
\pi^{4}(3,3,2,8) = 8
\sigma(8) = 9
ans = 9
>>
```

3 Funcion suma de tres valores