

Q46 - Private and Public Resources

Consider the following `testJar.jar` structure:

```
/index0.html
/resources/index1.html
/META-INF/index2.html
/META-INF/resources/index3.html
```

Assume that this `testJar.jar` is placed under the "myApp" web application WEB-INF/lib directory.

Which statements are true:

- a. The resource index0.html is accessible by /myApp/index0.html request invocation
- b. The resource index0.html is accessible by /myApp/testJar/index0.html request invocation
- c. The resource index1.html is accessible by /myApp/testJar/resources/index1.html request invocation
- d. The resource index1.html is accessible by /myApp/resources/index1.html request invocation
- e. The resource index2.html is accessible by /myApp/testJar/index2.html request invocation
- f. The resource index2.html is accessible by /myApp/index2.html request invocation
- g. The resource index3.html is accessible by /myApp/testJar/resources/index3.html request invocation
- h. The resource index3.html is accessible by /myApp/index3.html request invocation

Hide answer

h

Reference: page 99, 10.5 "Directory Structure"

Explanation: The WEB-INF directory in a web application is **basically a private directory**. An exception is made, however, to **static resources** which are located in the **/META-INF/resources** directory of a JAR file located in WEB-INF/lib directory of the web application. Such resources are served **directly to the client**.