ELECTRICITY BILL GENERATION

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class EbBill
     int custNo;
     String custName;
     int prevMonthReading;
     int currMonthReading;
     String connType;
     int units;
     double billAmount;
     public void getData()
      Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.print("Enter the Customer Number
                                                           :");
      custNo = sc.nextInt();
      System.out.print("Enter the Customer Name
                                                          :");
      custName = sc.next();
      System.out.print("Enter the Previous Month Reading :");
      prevMonthReading = sc.nextInt();
      System.out.print("Enter the Current Month Reading
                                                             :");
      currMonthReading = sc.nextInt();
      System.out.print("Enter the EB Connection Type
                                                           :");
      connType = sc.next();
   public void computeBill()
   if ((connType.equals("d")) | (connType.equals("D")))
      units = currMonthReading - prevMonthReading;
       if(units < 100)
```

```
billAmount = units * 1.00;
      else if(units <= 200)
      billAmount = 100*1.00+(units-100)*2.50;
      else if(units <= 500)
      billAmount = 100*1.00+100*2.50+(units-200)*4.00;
      else if(units > 500)
        billAmount = 100*1.00+100*2.50+300*4+(units-500)*6.00;
    }
   else if ((connType.equals("c")) | | (connType.equals("C")) )
     {
      units = currMonthReading - prevMonthReading;
      if(units < 100)
      billAmount = units * 2.00;
      else if(units <= 200)
      billAmount = 100*2.00+(units-100)*4.50;
      else if(units <= 500)
      billAmount = 100 *2.00+100*4.50+(units-200)*6.00;
      else if(units > 500)
      billAmount = 100*2.00+100*4.50+300*6+(units-500)*7.00;
   }
 public void displayBill()
   {
   System.out.println("Electricity Bill");
   System.out.println("Customer Number : " + custNo);
   System.out.println("Customer Name : " + custName);
   System.out.println("Previous Month Reading
                                                 : " +
prevMonthReading);
   System.out.println("Current Month Reading
                                                :"+
currMonthReading);
   System.out.println("EB Connection Type : " + connType);
   System.out.println("Number of Units Consumed : " + units);
                                               : " + billAmount);
   System.out.println("Amount to be Paid
    } }
```

```
class EbBillGeneration
{
  public static void main(String []args)
{
    EbBill eb = new EbBill();
    eb.getData();
    eb.computeBill();
    eb.displayBill();
}
```

CURRENCY CONVERTER

// Currency.java

```
package Currconvert;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
public class Currency
      double inRupee,inDollar,inEuro,inYen;
      double conversion;
      double oneDollarRs = 68.59;
      double oneEuroRs = 79.78;
      double oneYenRs = 0.62;
      double oneRsEuro = 0.013;
      double oneRsDollar = 0.015;
      double oneRsYen = 1.61;
     public void dollerConversion()
      Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.print("Enter the amount in Indian Rupees(₹):");
      inRupee = sc.nextDouble();
      System.out.println("Amount in United States Dollar($):" +
       String.format("%.2f",inRupee*oneRsDollar));
      System.out.print("Enter the amount in United States Dollar($):");
      inDollar = sc.nextDouble();
      System.out.println("Amount in Indian Rupees(₹):" +
       String.format("%.2f",inDollar*oneDollarRs));
      public void euroConversion()
      Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.print("Enter the amount in Indian Rupees(₹):");
      inRupee = sc.nextDouble();
```

```
System.out.println("Amount in Euro(€):" +
      String.format("%.2f",inRupee*oneRsEuro));
       System.out.print("Enter the amount in Euro(€):");
      inEuro = sc.nextDouble();
       System.out.println("Amount in Indian Rupees(₹)" +
      String.format("%.2f",inEuro*oneEuroRs));
      public void yenConversion()
       Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("Enter the amount in Indian Rupees(₹):");
       inRupee = sc.nextDouble();
      System.out.println("Amount in Yen(\(\frac{\pma}{2}\)):" +
       String.format("%.2f",inRupee*oneRsYen));
      System.out.print("Enter the amount in Yen(Y):");
       inYen = sc.nextDouble();
      System.out.println("Amount in Indian Rupees(₹):" +
       String.format("%.2f",inYen*oneYenRs));
     }
// Converter.java
import Currency;
class Converter
 public static void main(String []args)
   {
      Currency c = new Currency();
      c.dollerConversion();
      c.euroConversion();
      c.yenConversion();
     }}
```

DISTANCE CONVERTER

```
// DistanceConverter.java
package distanceconverter;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class DistanceConverter
  static double convertIntoKms(double miles)
  double km=1.609*miles;
  return km;
   static double convertIntoMiles(double km)
   double miles=km/1.609;
    return miles;
  }
 }
//Converter.java
import distanceconverter.DistanceConverter
public class Converter
public static void main(String[] args)
DistanceConverter d = new DistanceConverter();
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter Distance in Miles : ");
double miles = sc.nextDouble();
System.out.println(miles+" Miles equal to: "+d.convertIntoKms(miles)+"
KMs");
System.out.print("Enter Distance in Km : ");
 double kms = sc.nextDouble();
```

```
System.out.println(kms+" KMs equal to: "+d.convertIntoMiles(kms)+"
Miles")
   } }
                 TIME CONVERTER
// TimeConverter.java
package timeconverter;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class TimeConverter
 double convertIntoMin(double hr)
   return 60*hr;
  double convertIntoSec(double hr)
   return 3600*hr;
 double convertMinIntoHr(double min)
   {
   return min/60;
  double convertSecIntoHr(double hr)
    return hr/3600;
     }
 }
// Converter.java
import timeconverter. TimeConverter;
```

class Converter

```
public static void main(String []args)
{
      TimeConverter t= new TimeConverter();
      Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.print("Enter Time in Hours : ");
      double hrs = sc.nextInt();
      System.out.println(hrs+" Hours equal to: "+convertIntoMin(hrs)+"
Minutes");
      System.out.println(hrs+" Hours equal to: "+convertIntoSec(hrs)+"
Seconds");
      System.out.print("Enter Time in Minutes : ");
      double min = sc.nextInt();
      System.out.println(min+" Minutes equal to:
"+convertMinIntoHr(min)+" Hours");
      System.out.print("Enter Time in Seconds : ");
      double sec = sc.nextInt();
      System.out.println(sec+" Seconds equal to: "+convertSecIntoHr(sec)+"
Hours");
}
```

PAY SLIP GENERATION USING INHERITANCE

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class Employee
  {
      int empId;
      String empName;
      String address;
      String emailId;
      long mobileNo;
      float da;
      float hra;
      float pf;
      float staffFund;
      float grossSalary;
      float netSalary;
      public void readDetails()
     {
       Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("Enter the Employee ID
                                                    :");
       empId = sc.nextInt();
       System.out.print("Enter the Employee Name :");
       empName = sc.next();
       System.out.print("Enter the Address
                                                  :");
       address = sc.next();
       System.out.print("Enter the E-Mail id :");
       emailId = sc.next();
       System.out.print("Enter the Mobile Number
       mobileNo = sc.nextInt();
     }
     public void computeSalary(float bp)
```

```
hra = (bp * 10) / 100;
           pf = (bp * 12) / 100;
           staffFund = (bp * 1/10) / 100;
           grossSalary = bp + da + hra;
           netSalary = grossSalary - (pf+staffFund);
     public void displayPaySlip(float bp, String designation)
    {
       System.out.println("Pay Slip");
       System.out.println("Employee ID
                                             : " + empId);
       System.out.println("Employee Name
                                            : " + empName);
       System.out.println("Address
                                             : " + address);
                                     : " + emailId);
       System.out.println("E-Mail ID
       System.out.println("Mobile Number : " + mobileNo);
                                             : " + designation);
        System.out.println("Designation
       System.out.println("Basic Pay
                                               : " + bp);
       System.out.println("Dearness Allowance(DA) : " + da);
       System.out.println("Housse Rent Allowance(HRA) : " + hra);
       System.out.println("Provident Fund(PF)
                                               : " + pf);
       System.out.println("Staff Club Fund
                                                : " + staffFund);
        System.out.println("Gross Pay : " + grossSalary);
                                               : " + netSalary);
        System.out.println("Net Pay
    }
}
class Programmer extends Employee
     {
           float basicPay = 5000;
           String designation = "Programmer";
class AsstProf extends Employee
           float basicPay = 10000;
```

da = (bp * 97) / 100;

```
String designation = "Assistant Professor";
      }
class AssoProf extends Employee
            float basicPay = 15000;
            String designation = "Associate Professor";
class Prof extends Employee
      {
            float basicPay = 20000;
            String designation = "Professor";
  class PaySlipGeneration
   public static void main(String []args)
      int choice;
      Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
      do
      System.out.print("1. Programmer 2. Assistant Professor 3. Associate
Professor
                4. Professor\n Enter your Choice :");
      choice = sc.nextInt();
      switch(choice)
            case 1:
                  Programmer prog = new Programmer();
                  prog.readDetails();
                  prog.computeSalary(prog.basicPay);
                  prog.displayPaySlip(prog.basicPay, prog.designation);
                  break;
```

```
}
         case 2:
               AsstProf ap = new AsstProf();
               ap.readDetails();
               ap.computeSalary(ap.basicPay);
               ap.displayPaySlip(ap.basicPay, ap.designation);
               break;
         case 3:
               AssoProf asp = new AssoProf();
               asp.readDetails();
               asp.computeSalary(asp.basicPay);
               asp.displayPaySlip(asp.basicPay,asp.designation);
               break;
         case 4:
               Prof p = new Prof();
               p.readDetails();
               p.computeSalary(p.basicPay);
               p.displayPaySlip(p.basicPay, p.designation);
               break;
         default:
                     System.out.println("Invalid Choice");
               }
}while(choice<=4);</pre>
```

STACK ADT USING INTERFACE AND EXCEPTION

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
interface Stack1
void push(int item);//pushes the element
int pop();//pops the element
}
class StackInt implements Stack1
private int stck[];
private int tos;
StackInt(int size)
stck=new int[size];
tos=-1;
public void push(int item)
if(tos==stck.length-1)
System.out.println("Stack is full");
else
stck[++tos]=item;
}
public int pop()
if(tos<0)
System.out.println("Stack underflow");
return 0;
else
```

```
return stck[tos--];
}}
class Tst
{
public static void main(String args[])
StackInt mystack=new StackInt(10);
try
for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
mystack.push(i);
System.out.println("The elemenets in Stack are:");
for(int i=0;i<15;i++)
System.out.println(mystack.pop());}
catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e)
System.out.println("Stack out of bounds error"+e);
}}
}
```

ARRAY LIST

```
class Operations
{
void append(ArrayList a,String s)
{
a.add(s);
void append(ArrayList a, int pos, String s)
a.add(pos,s);
void removeElement(ArrayList a,int pos)
a.remove(pos);
void search(ArrayList a,String s)
System.out.println(a.contains(s));
void listElement(ArrayList a,String s)
for(int i=0;i<a.size();i++)
String s1=a.get(i).toString();
if (s1.startsWith(s))
System.out.println(a.get(i));
}}
class ArrayListDemo
public static void main (String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception
```

```
ArrayList<String> al=new ArrayList<String>();
Operations op=new Operations();
op.append(al,"Asha");
System.out.println(al);
op.append(al,"Naveen");
System.out.println(al);
op.append(al,1,"Lakshmi");
System.out.println(al);
op.append(al, "Seetha");
System.out.println(al);
op.removeElement(al,2);
System.out.println(al);
op.search(al, "Seetha");
op.append(al,"Jaya");
System.out.println(al);
op.listElement(al,"J");
}
```

AREA CALCULATION USING ABSTRACT CLASS

```
import java.io.*;
abstract class Shape
private double height; // To hold height.
private double width; //To hold width or base
private double radius; //To hold radius
public void setValues(double height, double width)
 this.height = height;
 this.width = width;
public void setValues(double radius)
  this.radius = radius;
public double getHeight()
   return height;
 public double getWidth()
 return width;
public double getRadius()
  return radius;
 // The getArea method is abstract. It must be overridden in a subclass.
public abstract double area();
class Rectangle extends Shape
```

```
{
  //Calculate and return area of rectangle
  public double area()
   return getHeight() * getWidth();
  }}
// This class Triangle calculates the area of triangle
class Triangle extends Shape
  //Calculate and return area of triangle
  public double area()
   return (getHeight() * getWidth()) / 2;
  } }
// This class Circle calculates the area of circle
class Circle extends Shape
  //Calculate and return area of rectangle
  public double area()
      double r = getRadius();
      return ((22.0/7.0) * r * r);
  }}
// This classs demonstrates polymorphic behavior.
public class AbstractDemo
{
  public static void main(String[] args)
     Shape shape;
     // assign subclass reference to subclass variable
     Rectangle rect = new Rectangle();
      // shape points to the object rect.
     shape = rect;
```

```
// Set data in Rectangle's object
     shape.setValues(78, 5);
     //Display the area of rectangle
     System.out.println("Area of Rectangle : " + shape.area());
      // assign subclass reference to subclass variable
     Triangle tri = new Triangle();
    // shape points to the object rect.
     shape = tri;
  // Set data in Triangle's object
     shape.setValues(34,3);
//Display the area of triangle
      System.out.println("Area of Triangle : " + shape.area());
      Circle cir = new Circle();
// shape points to the object cir.
     shape = cir;
// Set data in circle's object
     shape.setValues(5);
//Display the area of circle
     System.out.println("Area of Circle : " + shape.area());
}}
```

CUSTOM EXCEPTION HANDLING

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class StackException extends Exception
{
public String toString(){
return "Stack Underflow/Overflow";
interface Stack1
void push(int item) throws StackException;//pushes the element
int pop() throws StackException;//pops the element
class StackInt implements Stack1
private int stck[];
private int tos;
StackInt(int size)
stck=new int[size];
tos=-1;
public void push(int item) throws StackException
if(tos==stck.length-1)
throw new StackException();
stck[++tos]=item;
}
public int pop() throws StackException
if(tos<0)
```

```
throw new StackException();
}
return stck[tos--];
class stackEx
public static void main(String args[])
try{
StackInt mystack=new StackInt(10);
for(int i=0;i<5;i++)</pre>
mystack.push(i);
System.out.println("The elemenets in Stack are:");
for(int i=0;i<15;i++)
System.out.println(mystack.pop());
catch(StackException e)
System.out.println("Error detected: " +e.toString() );
```

FILE

```
import java.io.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.File;
public class FileDemo
  public static void main(String[] args)
{
    File f = null;
    boolean bool = false;
    try
  Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.print("Enter a File Name
                                            : ");
  String fileName = sc.next();
// create new files
   f = new File("//home/exam1/exam1001/" + fileName);
// tests if file exists
  bool = f.exists();
// prints
   System.out.println("File exists: " + bool);
 // create new file in the system
   f.createNewFile();
// tests if file exists
    bool = f.exists();
    if(bool == true)
```

```
// printing the permissions associated with the file
 System.out.println(fileName + " is Readable: " + f.canRead());
System.out.println(fileName + " is Writable: "+ f.canWrite());
}
  else
{
  System.out.println("File not found.");
}
  // prints
System.out.println("File exists: "+bool);
long len = f.length();
String path = f.getPath();
System.out.println("File Path is " + path + " File length: " +len
catch(Exception e)
// if any error occurs
   e.printStackTrace();
   } }}
```

MULTITHREADING

```
import java.io.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.util.*;
class even implements Runnable
public int x;
public even(int x)
this.x = x;
public void run()
System.out.println("New Thread "+ x +" is EVEN and Square of " + x + " is: "
+ x * x);
}}
class odd implements Runnable
public int x;
public odd(int x)
this.x = x;
public void run()
System.out.println("New Thread "+ x +" is ODD and Cube of " + x + " is: " + x \,
* x * x);
} }
class MultiThread extends Thread
public void run()
int num = 0;
```

```
Random r = new Random();
try {
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
num = r.nextInt(100);
System.out.println("Main Thread and Generated Number is " + num);
if (num \% 2 == 0)
{
Thread t1 = new Thread(new even(num));
t1.start();
}
else
Thread t2 = new Thread(new odd(num));
t2.start();
Thread.sleep(1000);
System.out.println("-----");
}}
catch (Exception ex)
{
System.out.println(ex.getMessage());
} } }
public class MultiThreadDemo
{
public static void main(String[] args)
MultiThread mt = new MultiThread();
mt.start();
}}
```

GENERIC CLASS AND METHODS

```
import java.io.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.util.*;
public class GenericMax
// determines the largest of three Comparable objects
 public static <T extends Comparable<T>>
T \max (T x, T y, T z)
T \max = x;
// assume x is initially the largest
  if (y.compareTo(max) > 0)
  max = y;
// y is the largest so far
if (z.compareTo(max) > 0)
   max = z;
// z is the largest
return max;
// returns the largest object
 }
// end method maximum
public static void main(String args[])
System.out.printf("Maximum of %d, %d and %d is %d\n\n", 3, 4, 5,
maximum(3, 4, 5));
System.out.printf("Maximum of %.1f, %.1f and %.1f is %.1f\n\n", 6.6, 8.8,
7.7,
      maximum(6.6, 8.8, 7.7));
System.out.printf("Maximum of %s, %s and %s is %s\n", "pear", "apple",
"orange", maximum("pear", "apple", "orange"));
 }
}
```

EVENT DRIVEN PROGRAMMING

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;
class calculatorpanel extends JPanel
JButton display;
JPanel panel;
double result;
String lastcommand,a;
boolean start;
public calculatorpanel()
setLayout(new BorderLayout());
result=0; lastcommand="=";
start=true;
display=new JButton("0");
display.setEnabled(false);
add(display,BorderLayout.NORTH);
ActionListener insert=new insertAction();
ActionListener command=new commandAction();
panel=new JPanel();
panel.setLayout(new GridLayout(4,5)); addbutton("sin",command);
addbutton("7",insert);
addbutton("8",insert);
addbutton("9",insert);
addbutton("/",command);
addbutton("cos",command);
addbutton("4",insert);
addbutton("5",insert);
addbutton("6",insert);
addbutton("*",command);
addbutton("tan",command);
```

```
addbutton("1",insert);
addbutton("2",insert);
addbutton("3",insert);
addbutton("+",command);
addbutton("sqrt",command);
addbutton("0",insert);
addbutton(".",insert);
addbutton("=",command);
addbutton("-",command);
add(panel,BorderLayout.CENTER);
}
void addbutton(String label, ActionListener listener)
JButton button=new JButton(label);
button.addActionListener(listener);
panel.add(button);
public void calculate(double x)
if(lastcommand.equals("+"))
result+=x;
else
if(lastcommand.equals("-"))
result-=x;
else
if(lastcommand.equals("*"))
result*=x;
else
if(lastcommand.equals("/"))
result/=x;
else
if(lastcommand.equals("="))
result=x;
```

```
else
if(lastcommand.equals("sin"))
result=Math.sin(Math.toRadians(x));
else
if(lastcommand.equals("cos"))
result=Math.cos(Math.toRadians(x));
else
if(lastcommand.equals("tan"))
result=Math.tan(Math.toRadians());
else
if(lastcommand.equals("sqrt")) result=Math.sqrt(x);
display.setText(" "+result);
class insertAction implements ActionListener
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e)
String input=e.getActionCommand();
if(start)
display.setText(" "); start=false;
}
display.setText(display.getText()+input);
}}
class commandAction implements ActionListener
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e)
String command=e.getActionCommand();
if(start)
if(command.equals("-"))
```

```
display.setText(command);
start=false;
}
else
lastcommand=command;
}
else
calculate(Double.parseDouble(display.getText())); lastcommand=command;
start=true;
} } }
class calculatorframe extends JFrame
public calculatorframe()
setSize(350,250);
setTitle("Calculator");
setLocationByPlatform(true);
Toolkit kit=Toolkit.getDefaultToolkit();
Image im=kit.getImage("U:\\calicon.jpg");
setIconImage(im);
calculatorpanel panel=new calculatorpanel();
add(panel);
}}
class calci
public static void main(String args[])
{
calculatorframe cf=new calculatorframe();
cf.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
cf.setVisible(true);
}}
```