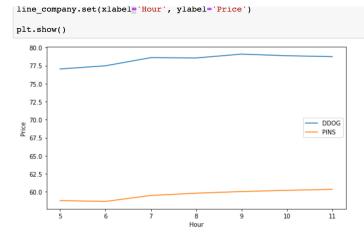
```
In [11]: ddog_df = df[(df['company'] == "DDOG")]
    pins_df = df[(df['company'] == "PINS")]

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(9,5))

line_company = sns.lineplot(x="hour", y="highest_hourly_price", data=ddog_df, label='DDOG')
line_company = sns.lineplot(x="hour", y="highest_hourly_price", data=pins_df, label='PINS')
```



Scatter Plot Matrix

Plot pairwise relationships in a dataset.

By default, this function will create a grid of Axes such that each numeric variable in data will by shared across the y-axes across a single row and the x-axes across a single column. The diagonal plots are treated differently: a univariate distribution plot is drawn to show the marginal distribution of the data in each column.

```
In [12]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
          sns.set(style="ticks")
          hue_company = sns.pairplot(df, hue="company")
          <Figure size 1080x360 with 0 Axes>
          company
                                                           BYND
DDOG
                                          .....
                                          888888
                                                            FΒ
                                                            NFLX
                                                            OKTA
                                                            PINS
                                                            SHOP
                                                            SNAP
                                                           SQ
TTD
                                            10
hour
                       500
                              1000
                   highest hourly price
 In [ ]:
```