

# UAS Inteligensi Buatan - Klasifikasi Iris Dataset

## Kelompok: Anggota:

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```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import os

# Library Machine Learning & Neural Network
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input

# Konfigurasi
DATA_PATH = 'data/IRIS.csv'
OUTPUT_PATH = 'output/'
os.makedirs(OUTPUT_PATH, exist_ok=True)
sns.set(style="whitegrid")

print(f"TensorFlow Version: {tf.__version__}")
```

```
2025-12-01 00:08:09.173520: I external/local_xla/xla/tsl/cuda/cudart_stub.c
c:31] Could not find cuda drivers on your machine, GPU will not be used.
2025-12-01 00:08:25.665150: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.c
c:210] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions
in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild
TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
2025-12-01 00:08:53.281490: I external/local_xla/xla/tsl/cuda/cudart_stub.c
c:31] Could not find cuda drivers on your machine, GPU will not be used.
TensorFlow Version: 2.20.0
```

## Bab 1: Pemahaman & Preprocessing Dataset

```
In [2]: # Load Data
try:
    df = pd.read_csv(DATA_PATH)
```

```
    print("Dataset loaded successfully.")
except FileNotFoundError:
    print(f"Error: {DATA_PATH} not found.")

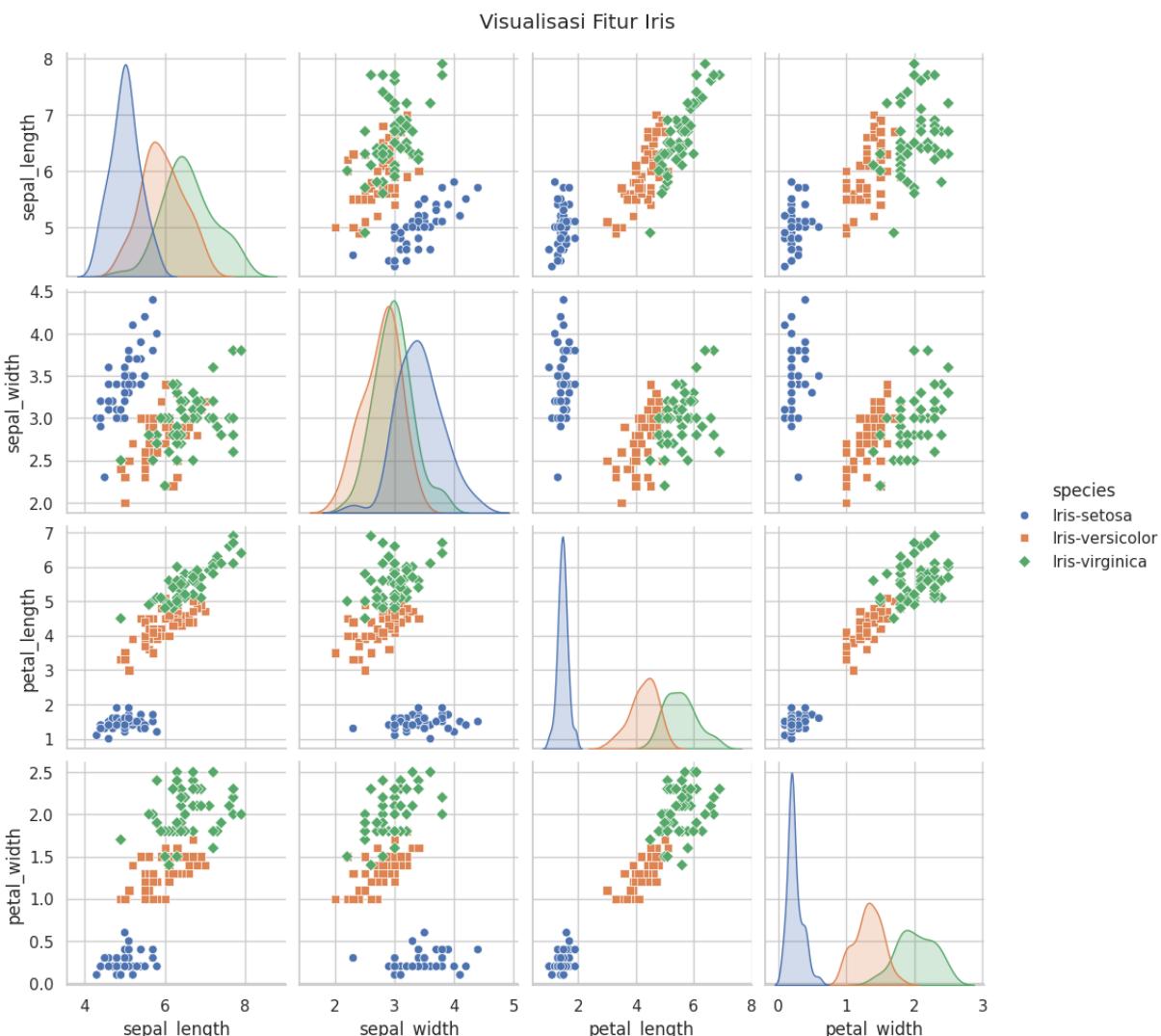
# Drop Id column if exists
if 'Id' in df.columns:
    df = df.drop(columns=['Id'])

print(df.head())
```

Dataset loaded successfully.

```
   sepal_length  sepal_width  petal_length  petal_width      species
0          5.1         3.5         1.4         0.2  Iris-setosa
1          4.9         3.0         1.4         0.2  Iris-setosa
2          4.7         3.2         1.3         0.2  Iris-setosa
3          4.6         3.1         1.5         0.2  Iris-setosa
4          5.0         3.6         1.4         0.2  Iris-setosa
```

In [3]: # Visualisasi Data (Scatter Plot)  
sns.pairplot(df, hue="species", markers=["o", "s", "D"])  
plt.suptitle("Visualisasi Fitur Iris", y=1.02)  
plt.savefig(f"{OUTPUT\_PATH}data\_visualization.png")  
plt.show()



## Subbab 1.2: Preprocessing

```
In [4]: # Encoding Species -> One Hot
target_col = 'species' if 'species' in df.columns else 'Species'
encoder = LabelEncoder()
y = encoder.fit_transform(df[target_col])
y_cat = to_categorical(y)

# Scaling Features
X = df.drop(target_col, axis=1).values
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)

# Split Data (80:20)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled, y_cat, test_size=0.2)
print(f"Training shape: {X_train.shape}, Testing shape: {X_test.shape}")

Training shape: (120, 4), Testing shape: (30, 4)
```

## Bab 2: Arsitektur ANN

Menggunakan 2 Hidden Layers dengan ReLU dan Output Layer dengan Softmax.

```
In [5]: model = Sequential([
    Input(shape=(4,)),
    Dense(16, activation='relu', name='Hidden_1'),
    Dense(16, activation='relu', name='Hidden_2'),
    Dense(3, activation='softmax', name='Output')
])

model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.summary()
```

2025-12-01 00:09:13.851426: E external/local\_xla/xla/stream\_executor/cuda/cuda\_platform.cc:51] failed call to cuInit: INTERNAL: CUDA error: Failed call to cuInit: UNKNOWN ERROR (303)

**Model: "sequential"**

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Par
Hidden_1 (Dense)	(None, 16)	
Hidden_2 (Dense)	(None, 16)	
Output (Dense)	(None, 3)	

**Total params: 403 (1.57 KB)**

**Trainable params: 403 (1.57 KB)**

**Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)**

## Bab 3: Hasil Eksperimen

```
In [6]: # Training
history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, batch_size=16, validation_
print("Training selesai.")
```

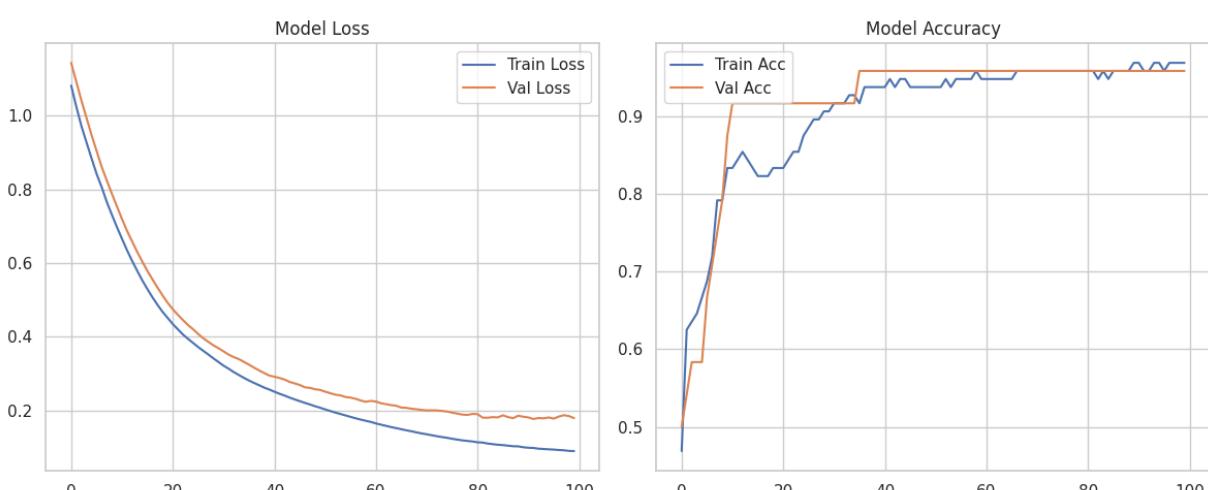
Training selesai.

```
In [7]: # Plot Loss & Accuracy
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))

plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Val Loss')
plt.title('Model Loss')
plt.legend()

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Acc')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Val Acc')
plt.title('Model Accuracy')
plt.legend()

plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig(f"{OUTPUT_PATH}training_history.png")
plt.show()
```



```
In [8]: # Evaluasi & Confusion Matrix
loss, acc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print(f"\nFinal Test Accuracy: {acc*100:.2f}%")

y_pred = np.argmax(model.predict(X_test), axis=1)
y_true = np.argmax(y_test, axis=1)

cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=encoder.class_
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.savefig(f"{OUTPUT_PATH}confusion_matrix.png")
```

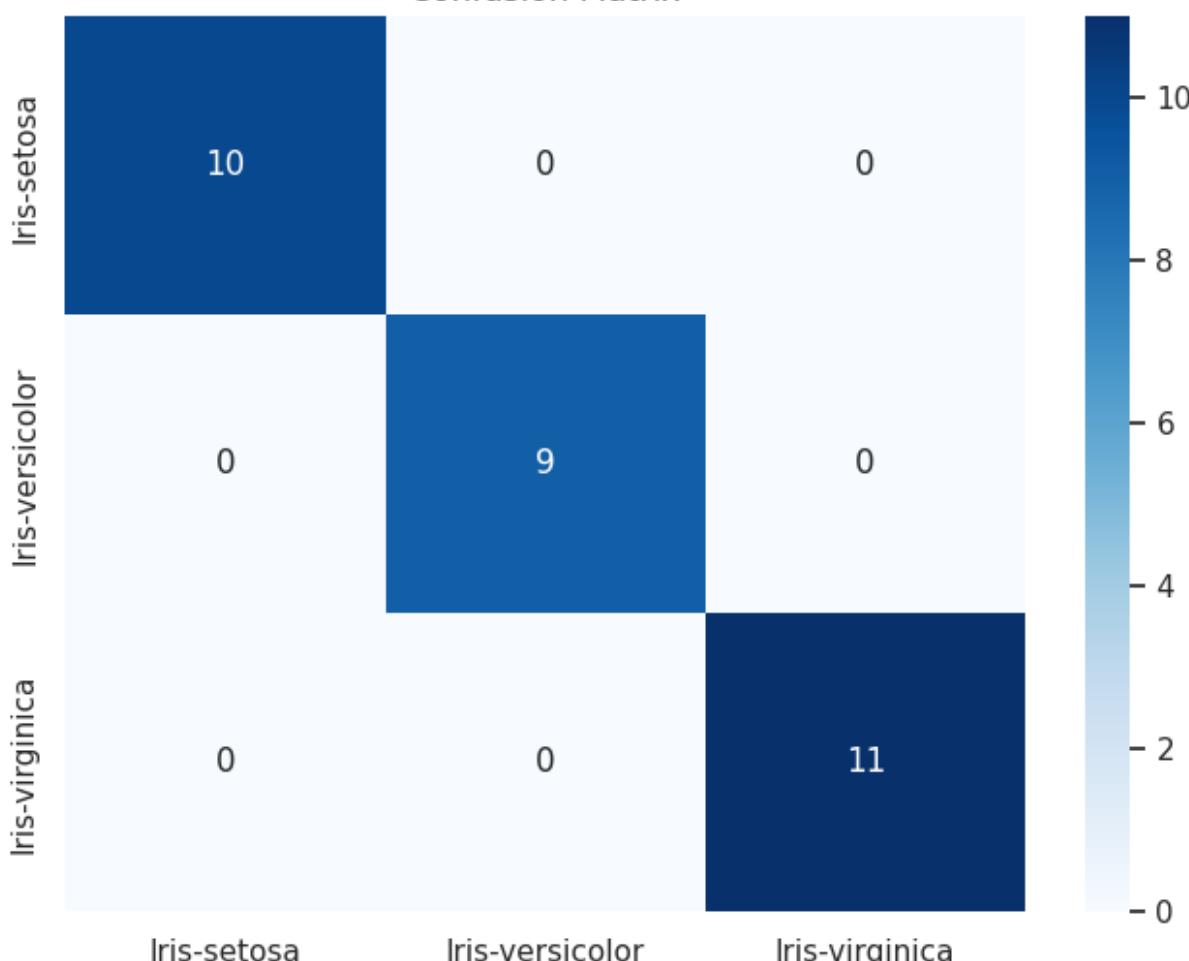
```
plt.show()
```

Final Test Accuracy: 100.00%

1/1 ————— 0s 66ms/step

1/1 ————— 0s 89ms/step

Confusion Matrix



## Kesimpulan

Model berhasil mencapai akurasi tinggi pada dataset Iris.