

# *Is Mozart Really That Popular?*

An Analysis of the New York Philharmonic  
Performance History and Concert Programming

Daniel Liu

# Motivation and Goal



<b><u>Myth or Fact?</u></b>	"Classical music is dying." How can we quantify trends in concert programming across nearly 200 years?
<b><u>Critique</u></b>	Classical music lacks diversity in performance, visibility, and programming.
<b><u>Clichéness</u></b>	Is classical music programming truly as repetitive or cliché as commonly perceived?
<b><u>Connection</u></b>	What is the connection between programming and institutional priorities such as concert attendance, programming, profit, and inclusion?

GOAL: an analytical tool for researchers and music directors that can help answer these questions





# *Key Terms*



*Program*

*Concert*

*Composer*



*Piece*

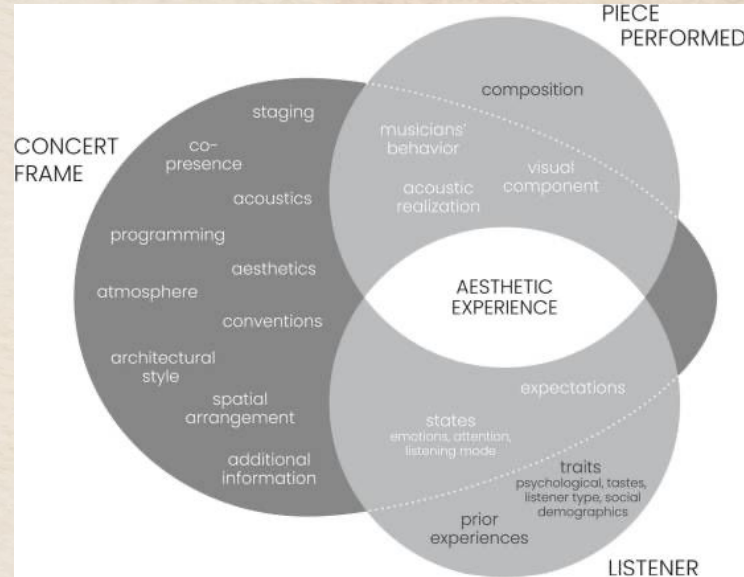
*Symphonic/  
Orchestral*

# Related Works



## The Field of Concert Studies

- Coined by Martin Tröndle in 2021
- Sociological approach to dissecting the classical concert as a human object of study
- Non-statistical arguments made about augmenting the accessibility, innovation, and diversity of concerts



Wald-Fuhrmann et. al.  
Music Listening in Classical Concerts:  
Theory, Literature Review, and Research  
Program





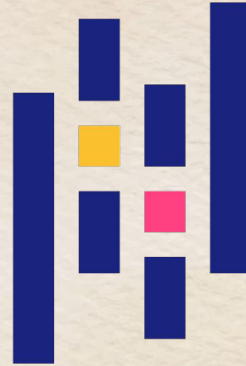
# Approach



Data Source



Data Manipulation  
and Cleaning



Data Analysis



Visualization



*Demo!*



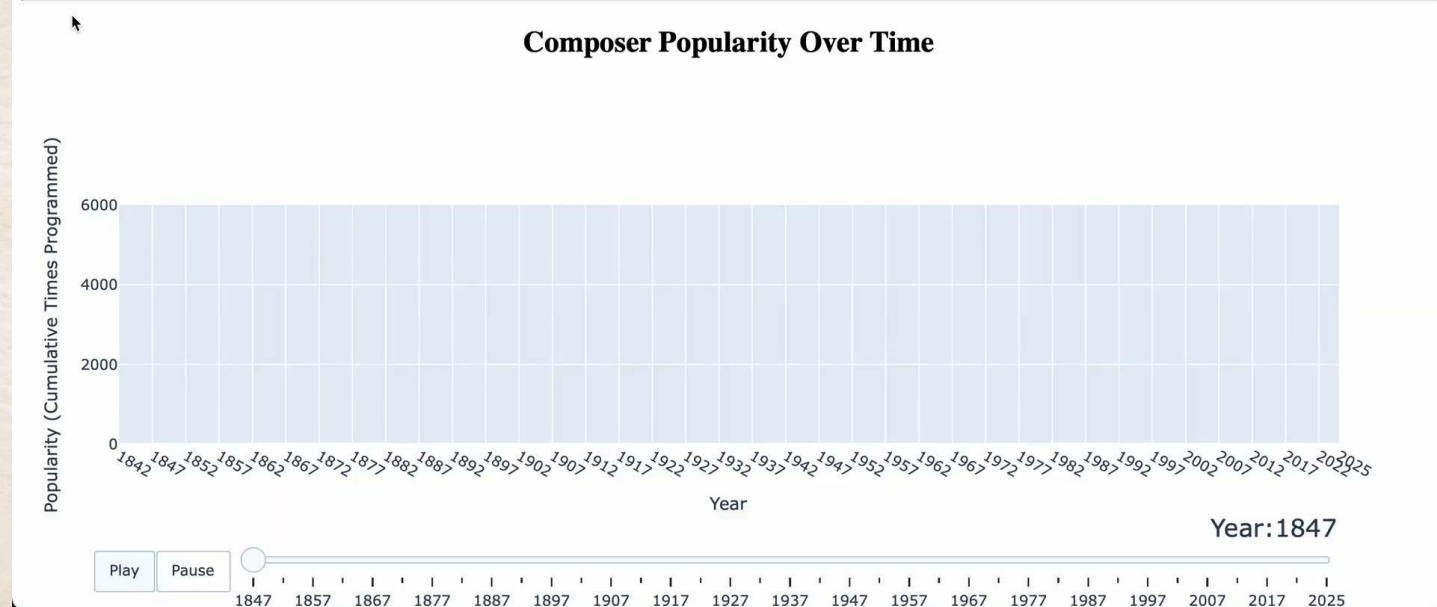
# Features



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Daniel Liu • Last Updated: 4/3/2025 • Appendix Analysis Tool





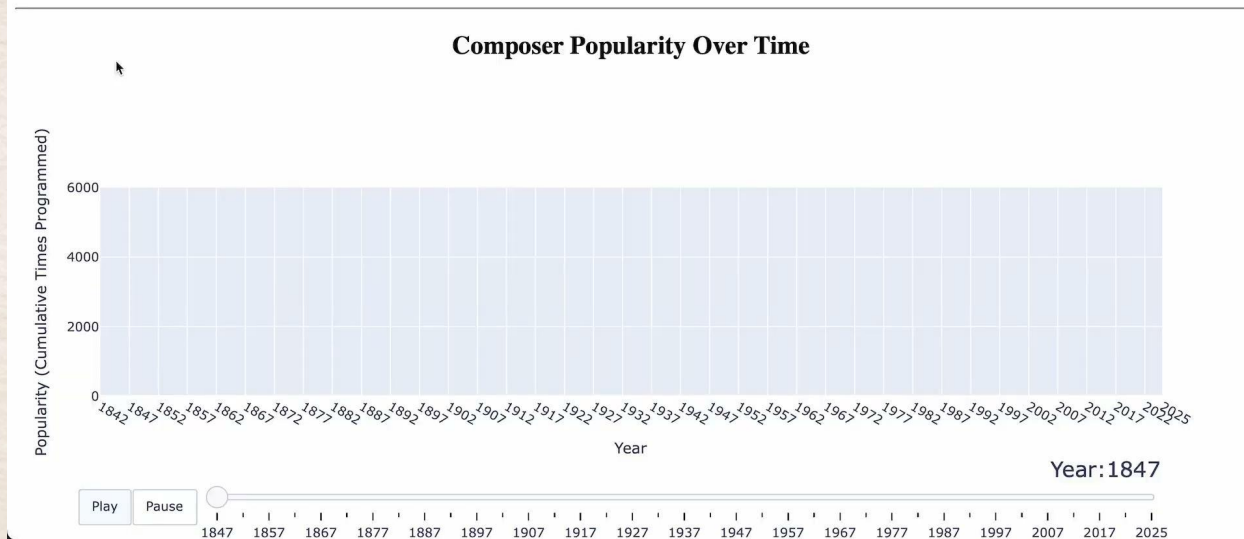
# Case Study: Female Composers



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# Conclusion



## *Empirical Evidence*

of patterns in quantifying programming diversity, representation, and clichéness.

## *Tool Effectiveness*

in capturing trends and providing interactive features to support researcher case studies.

## *Implications*

a data-driven approach to programming innovation, challenging 'standardized' repertoire.





# Future Work

## *Technical*

Enhanced GUI and visualizations.

## *Expansion*

Include data from more orchestras.



## *Data*

Resolve issue of overcounting and ask more questions.

## *Correlation*

Between empirical evidence and sociocultural movements.







# *Acknowledgements*

Thank you! Questions?

