Al-Driven ETF Grouping Using Clustering

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Problem & Goal

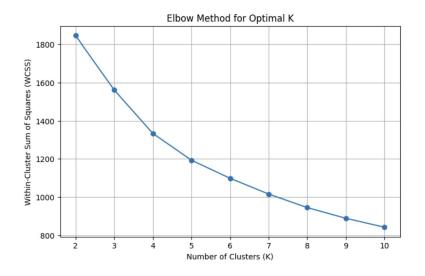
Problem:

• ETF construction is slow, subjective, and can be inconsistent.

Goal:

 Use AI clustering to group stocks based on performance and risk metrics for faster, repeatable ETF idea generation.

Data & Method



- Dataset: S&P 500 (5 years daily OHLCV from Kaggle).
- Features: Avg daily return, volatility, 30-day momentum, avg volume, max drawdown.
- Algorithms Tested:
 - K-Means (chosen)
 - Hierarchical Clustering (compared)
- Cluster Selection: Elbow method -> k = 4

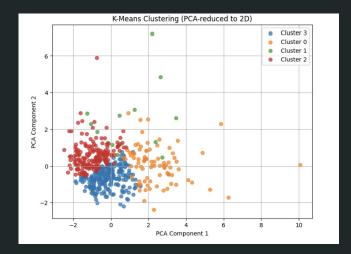
Results

Metrics:

K-Means had higher
Silhouette score and lower
Davies-Bouldin Index than
Hierarchical.

Why K-Means:

- Tighter, more distinct clusters.
- Scalable for larger datasets.





Limitations & Next Steps

Limitations:

- Only uses historical data; no guarantee of future performance.
- Does not include fundamentals like P/E, dividend yield, earnings growth.
- Low silhouette scores common in financial data.

Ethics: Must label output as "Not Financial Advice."

Next Steps:

- Add more features and live market data.
- Explore correlation-based grouping.