Analyza Startup_funding dataset and answer all the following questions:

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- 1 How Does the Funding Ecosystem changes with respect to Time?
- 2 What is the General Amount that Startups get in India?
- 3 Which Kind of Industries are more preferred for Startups?
- 4 Does Location also play a role, In determining the Growth of a Startup?
- **5 Who plays the main role in Indian Startups Ecosystem?**
- **6 What are the different Types of Funding for Startups?**

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from collections import Counter
    from pprint import pprint
In [2]: df = pd_read_csy('startup funding_csy')
```

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv('startup_funding.csv')
    df.head()
```

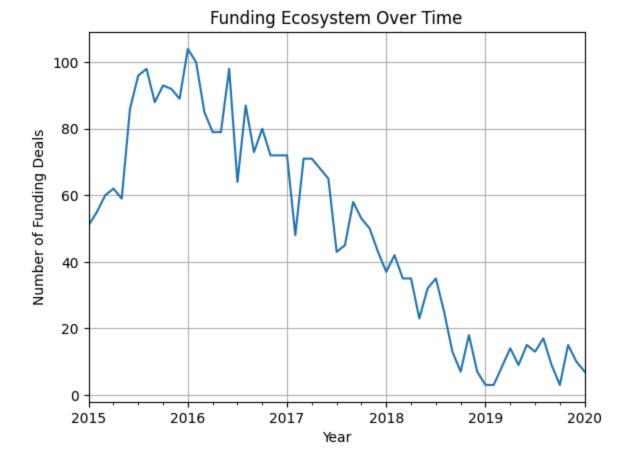
Out[2]:		Sr No	Date dd/mm/yyyy	Startup Name	Industry Vertical	SubVertical	City Location	Investors Name	InvestmentnType	Amount in USD	Re
	0	1	09/01/2020	BYJU'S	E-Tech	E-learning	Bengaluru	Tiger Global Management	Private Equity Round	20,00,00,000	
	1	2	13/01/2020	Shuttl	Transportation	App based shuttle service	Gurgaon	Susquehanna Growth Equity	Series C	80,48,394	
	2	3	09/01/2020	Mamaearth	E-commerce	Retailer of baby and toddler products	Bengaluru	Sequoia Capital India	Series B	1,83,58,860	
	3	4	02/01/2020	https://www.wealthbucket.in/	FinTech	Online Investment	New Delhi	Vinod Khatumal	Pre-series A	30,00,000	
	4	5	02/01/2020	Fashor	Fashion and Apparel	Embroiled Clothes For Women	Mumbai	Sprout Venture Partners	Seed Round	18,00,000	

Q1: How Does the Funding Ecosystem changes with respect to Time?

```
In [3]:
    df.rename(columns={'Date dd/mm/yyyy': 'Date'}, inplace=True)
    df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], errors='coerce', dayfirst=True)
    df['YearMonth'] = df['Date'].dt.to_period('M')

    funding_over_time = df.groupby('YearMonth').size()

    funding_over_time.plot(kind='line')
    plt.title('Funding Ecosystem Over Time')
    plt.xlabel('Year')
    plt.ylabel('Number of Funding Deals')
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()
```



Q2: What is the General Amount that Startups get in India?

```
In [4]: df['Amount in USD'] = df['Amount in USD'].replace('[^0-9.]', '', regex=True)
    df['Amount in USD'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Amount in USD'], errors='coerce')

amounts = df['Amount in USD'].dropna()

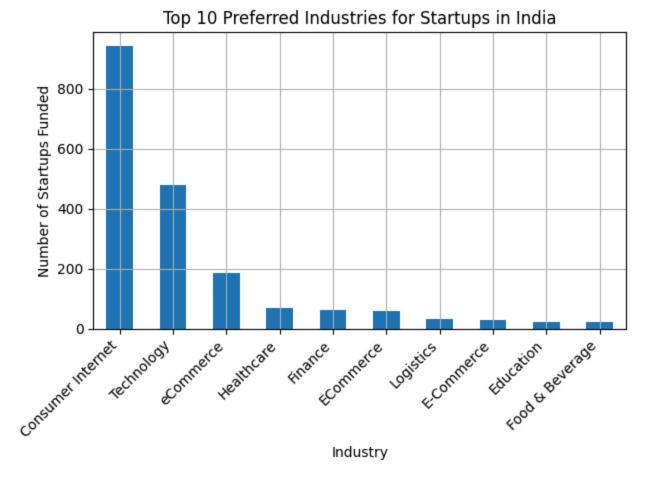
mean_amt = amounts.mean()
    median_amt = amounts.median()
    mode_amt = amounts.mode().iloc[0]

print(f"Mean Funding Amount: ${mean_amt:,.0f}")
    print(f"Median Funding Amount: ${median_amt:,.0f}")
    print(f"Most Common (Mode) Funding Amount: ${mode_amt:,.0f}")
```

```
Mean Funding Amount: $22,332,169
Median Funding Amount: $1,750,000
Most Common (Mode) Funding Amount: $1,000,000
```

Q3: Which Kind of Industries are more preferred for Startups?

```
In [5]: df['Industry Vertical'] = df['Industry Vertical'].str.strip()
        industry_counts = df['Industry Vertical'].value_counts().head(10)
        print(industry_counts)
       Industry Vertical
       Consumer Internet
                            941
       Technology
                            478
       eCommerce
                            186
       Healthcare
                             70
       Finance
                             62
       ECommerce
                             61
       Logistics
                             32
       E-Commerce
                             29
       Education
                             24
       Food & Beverage
                             23
       Name: count, dtype: int64
In [6]: industry counts.plot(kind='bar')
        plt.title('Top 10 Preferred Industries for Startups in India')
        plt.xlabel('Industry')
        plt.ylabel('Number of Startups Funded')
        plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
        plt.tight_layout()
        plt.grid(True)
        plt.show()
```

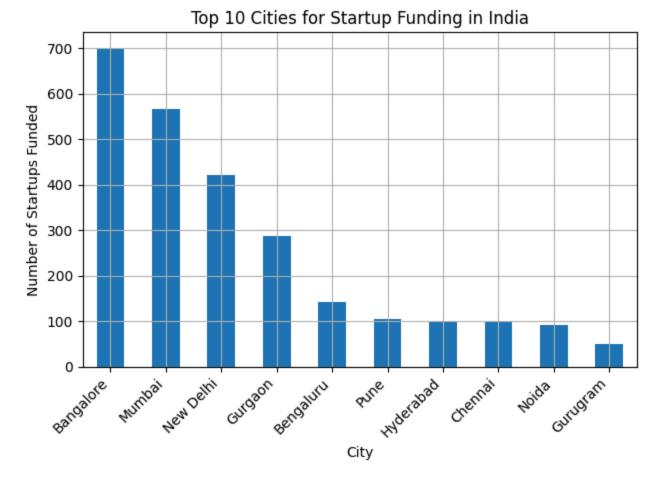


Therefore the indistries most preferred for startups are Consumer Internet, Technology, then eCommerce

Q4: Does Location also play a role, In determining the Growth of a Startup?

```
In [7]: df.rename(columns={'City Location': 'City Location'}, inplace=True)
    df['City Location'] = df['City Location'].str.strip()
        city_counts = df['City Location'].value_counts().head(10)
        print(city_counts)
```

```
City Location
       Bangalore
                    700
       Mumbai
                    567
       New Delhi
                    421
       Gurgaon
                    287
       Bengaluru
                    141
       Pune
                    105
       Hyderabad
                     99
       Chennai
                     97
       Noida
                     92
       Gurugram
                     50
       Name: count, dtype: int64
In [8]: city_counts.plot(kind='bar')
        plt.title('Top 10 Cities for Startup Funding in India')
        plt.xlabel('City')
        plt.ylabel('Number of Startups Funded')
        plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
        plt.tight_layout()
        plt.grid(True)
        plt.show()
```



Therefore Location does play a role as Bangalore, Mumbai and New Delhi get majority of start up funding

Q5 Who plays the main role in Indian Startups Ecosystem?

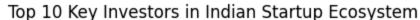
```
In [9]: investor_list = df['Investors Name'].dropna().str.split(',')
    flat_list = [investor.strip() for sublist in investor_list for investor in sublist]

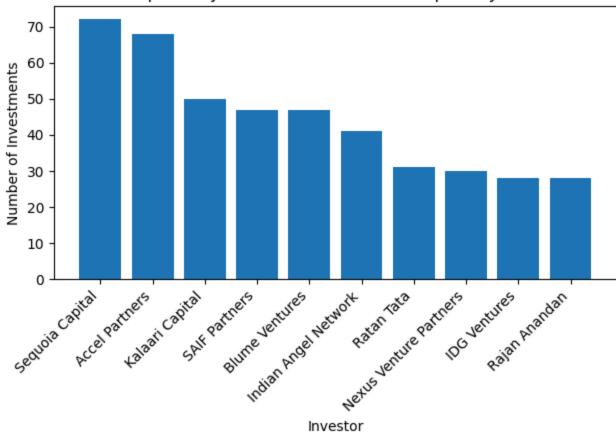
filtered_list = [i for i in flat_list if i not in ['', 'Undisclosed Investors', 'Undisclosed investors']]

investor_counts = Counter(filtered_list)
top_investors = dict(investor_counts.most_common(10))

print("Top 10 Investors (most deals):")
pprint(top_investors, sort_dicts=False)
```

```
Top 10 Investors (most deals):
        {'Sequoia Capital': 72,
         'Accel Partners': 68,
         'Kalaari Capital': 50,
         'SAIF Partners': 47,
         'Blume Ventures': 47,
         'Indian Angel Network': 41,
         'Ratan Tata': 31,
         'Nexus Venture Partners': 30,
         'IDG Ventures': 28,
         'Rajan Anandan': 28}
In [10]: plt.bar(top_investors.keys(), top_investors.values())
         plt.title('Top 10 Key Investors in Indian Startup Ecosystem')
         plt.xlabel('Investor')
         plt.ylabel('Number of Investments')
         plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
         plt.tight_layout()
         plt.show()
```





Q6: What are the different Types of Funding for Startups?

```
In [11]: df.rename(columns={'InvestmentnType': 'Investment Type'}, inplace=True)

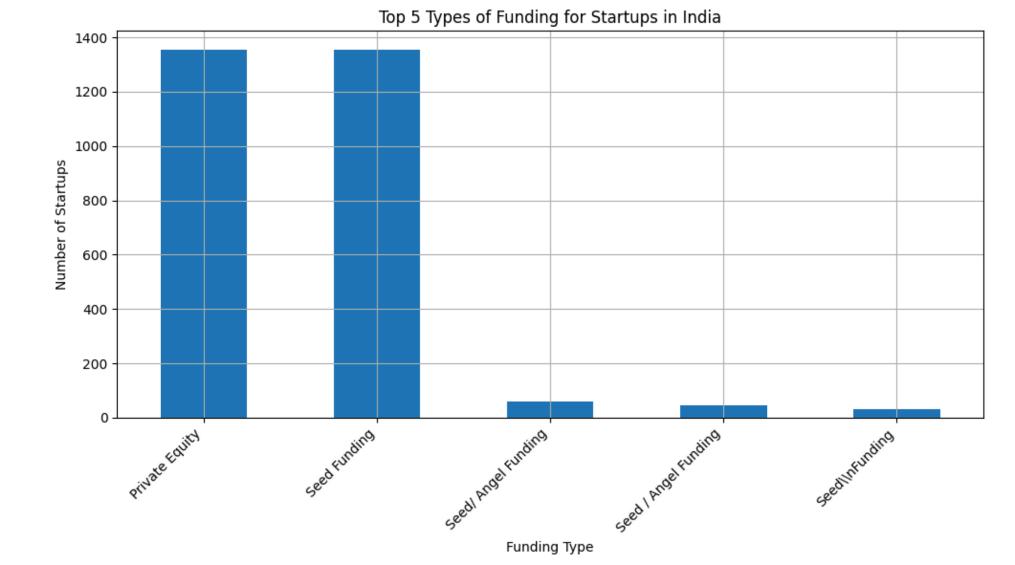
df['Investment Type'] = df['Investment Type'].str.strip()

funding_types = df['Investment Type'].value_counts()

print(funding_types)
```

Investment Type	
Private Equity	1356
Seed Funding	1355
Seed/ Angel Funding	60
Seed / Angel Funding	47
Seed\\nFunding	30
Debt Funding	25
Series A	24
Seed/Angel Funding	23
Series B	20
Series C	14
Series D	12
Angel / Seed Funding	8
Seed Round	7
Pre-Series A	4
Private Equity Round	4
Seed	4
Seed / Angle Funding	3
pre-Series A	2
Venture Round	2
Equity	2 2
Corporate Round	2
Series E	2
Series F	2
Private	1
Debt-Funding	1
Term Loan	1
Seed funding	1
PrivateEquity	1
Angel Funding	1
Private\\nEquity	1
Private Funding	1
Equity Based Funding	1
Crowd funding	1
Series B (Extension)	1
Mezzanine	1
Structured Debt	1
Venture – Series Unknown	1
Pre Series A	1
Debt	1
Pre-series A	1
Series G	1
Series H	1
Venture	1
Funding Round	1
Maiden Round	1
pre-series A	1
Seed Funding Round	1

```
Single Venture
                                          1
        Angel
                                          1
        Series J
                                          1
        Angel Round
                                          1
        Bridge Round
                                          1
        Debt and Preference capital
                                          1
        Inhouse Funding
                                          1
        Crowd Funding
                                          1
        Name: count, dtype: int64
In [12]: top_funding_types = df['Investment Type'].value_counts().head()
         plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
         top_funding_types.plot(kind='bar')
         plt.title('Top 5 Types of Funding for Startups in India')
         plt.xlabel('Funding Type')
         plt.ylabel('Number of Startups')
         plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
         plt.tight_layout()
         plt.grid(True)
         plt.show()
```



In []: