

Comparison of Architecture Patterns by implementing a simple application

Git Repo: <https://github.com/daniel-riffi/ma-saap-ex03.git>

Architecture Patterns

We compare two architecture patterns by implementing the same simple application using both approaches. We therefore implement a layered (N-Tier) architecture and a strict MVC architecture.

Layered (N-Tier) Architecture

We strictly devide the application into distinct layers:

- Controller Layer
- Service Layer
- Business Layer
- Repository Layer

Controllers handle HTTP requests and responses, services validate and preprocess data, business layer contains core business logic, and repositories interact with the database.

Advantages:

- Clear separation of concerns.
- Easier to maintain and test individual layers.
- Scalability as layers can be modified independently.

Disadvantages:

- Increased complexity due to multiple layers.
- Potential performance overhead due to layer interactions.
- Requires careful design to avoid tight coupling between layers.

Strict MVC

In this architecture, we separate the application into three main components:

- Model: Represents the data and business logic.
- View: Responsible for rendering the user interface.
- Controller: Manages user input and interacts with the model to update the view.

All logic including business logic and data access is handled within the model/controller component. This leads to a bloating of the model/controller, since it combines multiple responsibilities and layers from the layered architecture.

Advantages:

- Simplicity in design and implementation.

- Easier to understand for small applications.
- Reduced number of components --> better overview.

Disadvantages:

- Poor separation of concerns.
- Difficult to maintain and scale as the application grows --> bloated models.
- Testing can be more challenging due to tightly coupled components.

Application Description

The application is implemented as a small Spring Boot project that manages user accounts. For our test scenario, we just implement the register endpoint that allows users to create an account. This includes an E-Mail notification upon successful registration.

The core application is implemented twice, once using the layered architecture and once using the strict MVC architecture. Both implementations provide the same functionality.