

Cerberus: Automated Synthesis of Enforcement Mechanisms for Security-sensitive Business Processes

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A European Industrial Doctorate on Security and Trust

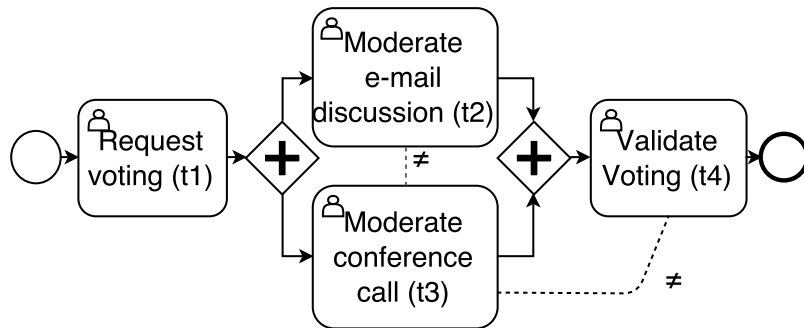
Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Using Cerberus - demo
- 3 Conclusion

Context

- A security-sensitive business process is a structured collection of **tasks** with:
 - **Authorization policy**: which users are entitled to execute which tasks
 - **Authorization constraints**: e.g., some tasks must be performed by the same/different users
- Policy and constraints are crucial to **comply with regulations** and prevent frauds, but business continuity must not be endangered:
 - It must be possible to **complete** the process while satisfying the policy and constraints.

Example



Authorization policy

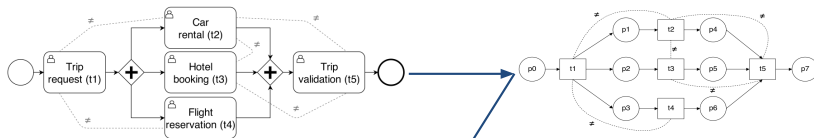
t1	A, B, C
t2	A, B, C
t3	A, B
t4	A

Satisfying runs: t1(C),t2(A),t3(B),t4(A) or
t1(A), t3(B), t2(C), t4(A)

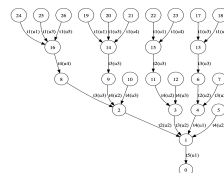
Avoid: t1(A), t2(B), ...

Solution

- Cerberus synthesizes, at **design-time**, monitors capable of answering, at **run-time**, user requests to execute tasks
 - request is granted if user is **authorized** (policy), no **constraint** is violated and the execution can still **terminate** (there are users who can perform the next tasks)
- Synthesized monitors are **parametric** in the authorization **policy**
 - can be combined at run-time with authorization policies dedicated to different instances of the process.



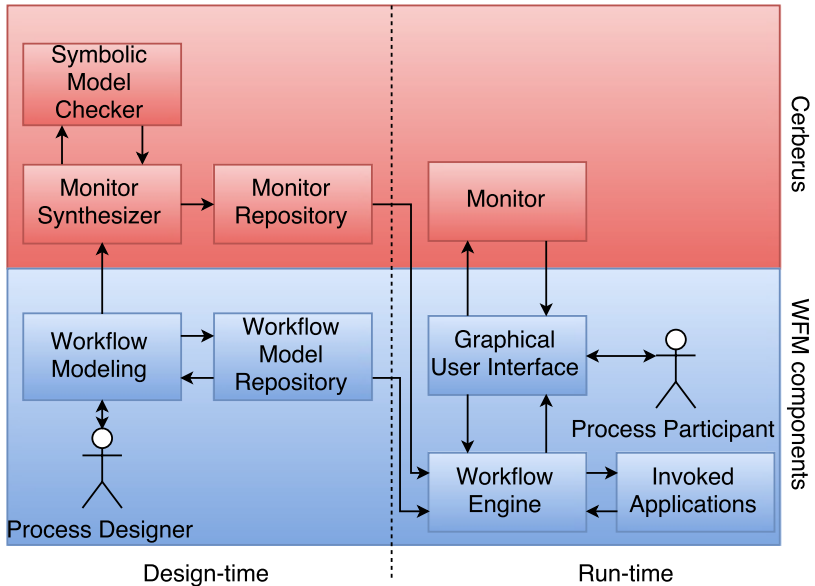
event	enabled		action	
	CF	Auth	CF	Auth
$t1(u)$	$p0 \wedge \neg d_{t1}$	$a_{t1}(u)$	$p0, p1, p2, p3, d_{t1} := F, T, T, T, T$	$h_{t1}(u) := T$
$t2(u)$	$p1 \wedge \neg d_{t2}$	$a_{t2}(u) \wedge \neg h_{t3}(u) \wedge \neg h_{t1}(u)$	$p1, p4, d_{t2} := F, T, T$	$h_{t2}(u) := T$
$t3(u)$	$p2 \wedge \neg d_{t3}$	$a_{t3}(u) \wedge \neg h_{t2}(u)$	$p2, p5, d_{t3} := F, T, T$	$h_{t3}(u) := T$
$t4(u)$	$p3 \wedge \neg d_{t4}$	$a_{t4}(u) \wedge \neg h_{t1}(u)$	$p3, p6, d_{t4} := F, T, T$	$h_{t4}(u) := T$
$t5(u)$	$p4 \wedge p5 \wedge p6 \wedge \neg d_{t5}$	$a_{t5}(u) \wedge \neg h_{t3}(u) \wedge \neg h_{t2}(u)$	$p4, p5, p6, p7, d_{t5} := F, F, F, T, T$	$h_{t5}(u) := T$



#	Token in	Auth					$can_do(u, t)$	Resp.
		h_{t1}	h_{t2}	h_{t3}	h_{t4}	h_{t5}		
0	$p0$	-	-	-	-	-	$(a, t1)$	deny
1	$p0$	-	-	-	-	-	$(b, t1)$	grant
2	$p1, p2, p3$	b	-	-	-	-	$(b, t2)$	deny
3	$p1, p2, p3$	b	-	-	-	-	$(a, t2)$	grant
4	$p4, p2, p3$	b	a	-	-	-	$(c, t3)$	grant
5	$p4, p5, p3$	b	a	c	-	-	$(a, t4)$	grant
6	$p4, p5, p6$	b	a	c	a	-	$(b, t5)$	grant
7	$p7$	b	a	c	a	b	-	-

Integration

- Cerberus can be integrated in many **workflow management systems**
 - It is transparent to process designers, and does not require any knowledge beyond usual BP modeling
 - Monitors can be synthesized in Datalog and SQL
- We integrated it into **SAP HANA Operational Intelligence**
 - BPMN modeling IDE based on eclipse
 - Enactment platform on top of an in-memory database (BPMN models translated to SQL)



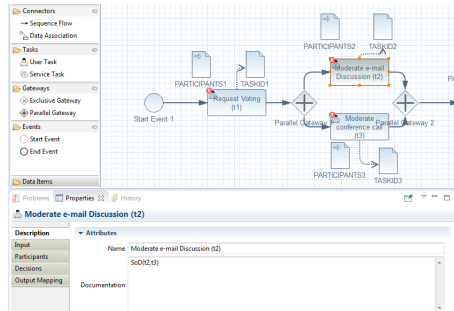
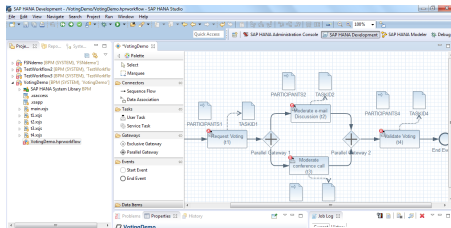
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Three steps:

- Design-time
- Deployment (monitor synthesis)
- Run-time

Design-time: BPMN modeling and constraint specification



Monitor synthesis:

The screenshot shows the SAP HANA Studio interface. On the left, the Project Explorer displays a project named 'VotingDemo'. The 'Generate' menu option is highlighted under the 'SAP HANA Sy' folder. The main editor displays the JavaScript code for 'main.xsjs'. The code defines a workflow API, sets participant IDs, and starts a workflow instance. The Properties panel at the bottom shows the 'VotingDemo.hprworkflow - VotingDemo' workflow with properties 'derived' (false) and 'editable' (true).

```

main.xsjs
var workflowAPI = $.import("VotingDemo.VotingDemo.v1.api", "PublicAPI");
var processStartParams = {
  PARTICIPANTS1: [{PRINCIPAL_ID: "USERA"}, {PRINCIPAL_ID: "USERB"}, {PRINCIPAL_ID: "USERC"}],
  PARTICIPANTS2: [{PRINCIPAL_ID: "USERA"}, {PRINCIPAL_ID: "USERB"}, {PRINCIPAL_ID: "USERC"}],
  PARTICIPANTS3: [{PRINCIPAL_ID: "USERA"}, {PRINCIPAL_ID: "USERB"}],
  PARTICIPANTS4: [{PRINCIPAL_ID: "USERA"}],
};

try {
  var conn = $.db.getConnection();
  var executionContext = new workflowAPI.ExecutionContext({
    connection: conn
  });

  var workflowInstance = workflowAPI.startWorkflow({
    data: processStartParams,
    executionContext: executionContext
  });

  conn.commit();

  var id = workflowInstance.getId().toString();
  var isRunning = workflowInstance.isRunning();
  var result = workflowInstance.getResult();

  var response = "<html>"
  response = "<table border='1'>" + "<thead>" + "<tr>" + "<th>Id:</th>" + "<th>Running:</th>" + "<th>Result:</th>" + "</tr>" + "</thead>" + "<tbody>" + "<tr>" + "<td>" + id + "</td>" + "<td>" + isRunning + "</td>" + "<td>" + result + "</td>" + "</tr>" + "</tbody>" + "</table>";
} catch (e) {
  response = "<html>" + "<div>Error: " + e.getMessage() + "</div>";
}

return response;

```

Property	Value
Info	
derived	false
editable	true

Stored monitor:

VotingDemo_VotingDemo

Details

```

131
132 --monitor auhtorization check for UserTask_2
133 ELSEIF TASK_ID_IN = m_task_id_UserTask_2 THEN
134   var_out =
135   SELECT
136     CASE WHEN T.STATUS='READY' AND (A.ROLE_TYPE='PARTICIPANT' OR A.ROLE_TYPE='OWNER') THEN 1 ELSE 0 END AS "CAN_COMPLETE",
137     T.TASK_ID
138   FROM "TASKMGT"."sap.bc.taskmgt.task::TASK" AS T INNER JOIN "TASKMGT"."sap.bc.taskmgt.task::ASSIGNMENT" AS A ON T.TASK_ID = A.TASK_ID
139   WHERE (T.CATEGORY = 'TASK' OR T.CATEGORY = 'CHECKLIST')
140   AND A.PRINCIPAL_ID IN
141   (
142     --monitor query
143     SELECT DISTINCT Z1."USER_NAME" FROM "SYS"."USERS" AS Z1 WHERE doneUserTask_2 = 0 AND doneUserTask_4 = 0 AND doneUserTask_1 = 1 AND d
144     UNION
145     SELECT DISTINCT Z2."USER_NAME" FROM "SYS"."USERS" AS Z1, "SYS"."USERS" AS Z2 WHERE doneUserTask_2 = 0 AND doneUserTask_4 = 0 AND don
146     UNION
147     SELECT DISTINCT Z1."USER_NAME" FROM "SYS"."USERS" AS Z1, "SYS"."USERS" AS Z2 WHERE doneUserTask_2 = 0 AND doneUserTask_3 = 0 AND don
148     UNION
149     SELECT DISTINCT Z3."USER_NAME" FROM "SYS"."USERS" AS Z1, "SYS"."USERS" AS Z2, "SYS"."USERS" AS Z3 WHERE doneUserTask_2 = 0 AND doneU
150     UNION
151     SELECT DISTINCT Z2."USER_NAME" FROM "SYS"."USERS" AS Z1, "SYS"."USERS" AS Z2 WHERE doneUserTask_2 = 0 AND doneUserTask_4 = 0 AND don
152     UNION
153     SELECT DISTINCT Z1."USER_NAME" FROM "SYS"."USERS" AS Z1 WHERE doneUserTask_2 = 0 AND doneUserTask_4 = 0 AND doneUserTask_1 = 1 AND d
154     --end of monitor query
155   ) AND A.PRINCIPAL_ID = SESSION_USER;
156
157 --monitor auhtorization check for UserTask_3
158 ELSEIF TASK_ID_IN = m_task_id_UserTask_3 THEN
159   var_out =
160   SELECT
161     CASE WHEN T.STATUS='READY' AND (A.ROLE_TYPE='PARTICIPANT' OR A.ROLE_TYPE='OWNER') THEN 1 ELSE 0 END AS "CAN_COMPLETE",
162     T.TASK_ID
163   FROM "TASKMGT"."sap.bc.taskmgt.task::TASK" AS T INNER JOIN "TASKMGT"."sap.bc.taskmgt.task::ASSIGNMENT" AS A ON T.TASK_ID = A.TASK_ID
164   WHERE (T.CATEGORY = 'TASK' OR T.CATEGORY = 'CHECKLIST')
165   AND A.PRINCIPAL_ID IN
166   (
167     --monitor query
168     SELECT DISTINCT Z2."USER_NAME" FROM "SYS"."USERS" AS Z1, "SYS"."USERS" AS Z2 WHERE doneUserTask_3 = 0 AND doneUserTask_4 = 0 AND don

```

Run-time:

The first screenshot shows the 'My Workbox' for user 'USERA'. It displays a table with one task:

Type	Subject	Due Date	Status	Priority
📅	t1 - VotingDemo		Ready	Medium

The second screenshot shows the same interface for user 'USERA' after clicking the task. It displays 'Task 130 completed'.

The third screenshot shows the interface for user 'USERB'. It displays 'Task 140 could not be completed because the user is not authorized'.

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Conclusion

- We have [other papers](#) describing in more details the techniques used in the tool:
 - “Automated Synthesis of Run-time Monitors to Enforce Authorization Policies in Business Processes” in ASIACCS 2015
 - “Modularity for Security-Sensitive Workflows” in arXiv
 - “Assisting the Deployment of Security-Sensitive Workflows by Finding Execution Scenarios” in DBSec 2015
- The tool is [under development](#) and there is a pilot project for internal use in SAP (payment approval workflows)
- Not yet available for public use

Thank you!

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