# **■** NetApp

# **Oracle Database**

NetApp Solutions

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# **Oracle Database**

## **Deploying Oracle Database**

#### **Solution Overview**

#### **Automated Deployment of Oracle19c for ONTAP on NFS**

Organizations are automating their environments to gain efficiencies, accelerate deployments, and reduce manual effort. Configuration management tools like Ansible are being used to streamline enterprise database operations. In this solution, we demonstrate how you can use Ansible to automate the provisioning and configuration of Oracle 19c with NetApp ONTAP. By enabling storage administrators, systems administrators, and DBAs to consistently and rapidly deploy new storage, configure database servers, and install Oracle 19c software, you achieve the following benefits:

- Eliminate design complexities and human errors, and implement a repeatable consistent deployment and best practices
- Decrease time for provisioning of storage, configuration of DB hosts, and Oracle installation
- · Increase database administrators, systems and storage administrators productivity
- · Enable scaling of storage and databases with ease

NetApp provides customers with validated Ansible modules and roles to accelerate deployment, configuration, and lifecycle management of your Oracle database environment. This solution provides instruction and Ansible playbook code, to help you:

- · Create and configure ONTAP NFS storage for Oracle Database
- Install Oracle 19c on RedHat Enterprise Linux 7/8 or Oracle Linux 7/8
- · Configure Oracle 19c on ONTAP NFS storage

For more details or to begin, please see the overview videos below.

#### **AWX/Tower Deployments**

- Part 1: Getting Started, Requirements, Automation Details and Initial AWX/Tower Configuration
- ► https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/netapp-solutions/media/oracle\_deployment\_auto\_v1.mp4 (video)
  - Part 2: Variables and Running the Playbook
- ▶ https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/netapp-solutions/media/oracle\_deployment\_auto\_v2.mp4 (video)

#### **CLI Deployment**

- Part 1: Getting Started, Requirements, Automation Details and Ansible Control Host Setup
- ► https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/netapp-solutions/media/oracle\_deployment\_auto\_v4.mp4 (video)
  - Part 2: Variables and Running the Playbook
- ► https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/netapp-solutions/media/oracle3.mp4 (video)

#### **Getting started**

This solution has been designed to be run in an AWX/Tower environment or by CLI on an Ansible control host.

#### AWX/Tower

For AWX/Tower environments, you are guided through creating an inventory of your ONTAP cluster management and Oracle server (IPs and hostnames), creating credentials, configuring a project that pulls the Ansible code from NetApp Automation Github, and the Job Template that launches the automation.

- 1. Fill out the variables specific to your environment, and copy and paste them into the Extra Vars fields in your job template.
- 2. After the extra vars have been added to your job template, you can launch the automation.
- 3. The job template is run in three phases by specifying tags for ontap\_config, linux\_config, and oracle\_config.

#### **CLI** via the Ansible control host

- To configure the Linux host so that is can be used as an Ansible control host click here for RHEL 7/8 or CentOS 7/8, or here for Ubuntu/Debian
- 2. After the Ansible control host is configured, you can git clone the Ansible Automation repository.
- 3. Edit the hosts file with the IPs and/or hostnames of your ONTAP cluster management and Oracle server's management IPs.
- 4. Fill out the variables specific to your environment, and copy and paste them into the vars.yml file.
- 5. Each Oracle host has a variable file identified by its hostname that contains host-specific variables.
- 6. After all variable files have been completed, you can run the playbook in three phases by specifying tags for ontap config, linux config, and oracle config.

#### Requirements

Environment	Requirements
Ansible environment	AWX/Tower or Linux host to be the Ansible control host
	Ansible v.2.10 and higher
	Python 3
	Python libraries - netapp-lib - xmltodict - jmespath
ONTAP	ONTAP version 9.3 - 9.7
	Two data aggregates
	NFS vlan and ifgrp created

Environment	Requirements
Oracle server(s)	RHEL 7/8
	Oracle Linux 7/8
	Network interfaces for NFS, public, and optional mgmt
	Oracle installation files on Oracle servers

#### **Automation Details**

This automated deployment is designed with a single Ansible playbook that consists of three separate roles. The roles are for ONTAP, Linux, and Oracle configurations.

The following table describes which tasks are being automated.

Role	Tasks
ontap_config	Pre-check of the ONTAP environment
	Creation of NFS based SVM for Oracle
	Creation of export policy
	Creation of volumes for Oracle
	Creation of NFS LIFs
linux_config	Create mount points and mount NFS volumes
Verify NFS mounts	Verify NFS mounts
	OS specific configuration
	Create Oracle directories
	Configure hugepages
	Disable SELinux and firewall daemon
	Enable and start chronyd service
	increase file descriptor hard limit
	Create pam.d session file
oracle_config	Oracle software installation
	Create Oracle listener
	Create Oracle databases
	Oracle environment configuration
	Save PDB state
	Enable instance archive mode
	Enable DNFS client
	Enable database auto startup and shutdown between OS reboots

#### **Default parameters**

To simplify automation, we have preset many required Oracle deployment parameters with default values. It is generally not necessary to change the default parameters for most deployments. A more advanced user can make changes to the default parameters with caution. The default parameters are located in each role folder under defaults directory.

#### **Deployment instructions**

Before starting, download the following Oracle installation and patch files and place them in the /tmp/archive directory with read, write, and execute access for all users on each DB server to be deployed. The automation tasks look for the named installation files in that particular directory for Oracle installation and configuration.

```
LINUX.X64_193000_db_home.zip -- 19.3 base installer p31281355_190000_Linux-x86-64.zip -- 19.8 RU patch p6880880_190000_Linux-x86-64.zip -- opatch version 12.2.0.1.23
```

#### License

You should read license information as stated in the Github repository. By accessing, downloading, installing, or using the content in this repository, you agree the terms of the license laid out here.

Note that there are certain restrictions around producing and/or sharing any derivative works with the content in this repository. Please make sure you read the terms of the License before using the content. If you do not agree to all of the terms, do not access, download, or use the content in this repository.

After you are ready, click here for detailed AWX/Tower deployment procedures or here for CLI deployment.

#### Step-by-step deployment procedure

#### **AWX/Tower deployment Oracle 19c Database**

#### 1. Create the inventory, group, hosts, and credentials for your environment

This section describes the setup of inventory, groups, hosts, and access credentials in AWX/Ansible Tower that prepare the environment for consuming NetApp automated solutions.

- 1. Configure the inventory.
  - a. Navigate to Resources → Inventories → Add, and click Add Inventory.
  - b. Provide the name and organization details, and click Save.
  - c. On the Inventories page, click the inventory created.
  - d. If there are any inventory variables, paste them in the variables field.
  - e. Navigate to the Groups sub-menu and click Add.
  - f. Provide the name of the group for ONTAP, paste the group variables (if any) and click Save.
  - g. Repeat the process for another group for Oracle.
  - h. Select the ONTAP group created, go to the Hosts sub-menu and click Add New Host.
  - i. Provide the IP address of the ONTAP cluster management IP, paste the host variables (if any), and click Save.

- j. This process must be repeated for the Oracle group and Oracle host(s) management IP/hostname.
- 2. Create credential types. For solutions involving ONTAP, you must configure the credential type to match username and password entries.
  - a. Navigate to Administration  $\rightarrow$  Credential Types, and click Add.
  - b. Provide the name and description.
  - c. Paste the following content in Input Configuration:

```
fields:
    - id: username
    type: string
    label: Username
    - id: password
    type: string
    label: Password
    secret: true
    - id: vsadmin_password
    type: string
    label: vsadmin_password
    secret: true
```

d. Paste the following content into Injector Configuration:

```
extra_vars:
  password: '{{ password }}'
  username: '{{ username }}'
  vsadmin_password: '{{ vsadmin_password }}'
```

- 3. Configure the credentials.
  - a. Navigate to Resources  $\rightarrow$  Credentials, and click Add.
  - b. Enter the name and organization details for ONTAP.
  - c. Select the custom Credential Type you created for ONTAP.
  - d. Under Type Details, enter the username, password, and vsadmin password.
  - e. Click Back to Credential and click Add.
  - f. Enter the name and organization details for Oracle.
  - g. Select the Machine credential type.
  - h. Under Type Details, enter the Username and Password for the Oracle hosts.
  - i. Select the correct Privilege Escalation Method, and enter the username and password.

#### 2. Create a project

- 1. Go to Resources → Projects, and click Add.
  - a. Enter the name and organization details.

- b. Select Git in the Source Control Credential Type field.
- c. enter https://github.com/NetApp-Automation/na oracle19c deploy.git as the source control URL.
- d. Click Save.
- e. The project might need to sync occasionally when the source code changes.

#### 3. Configure Oracle host\_vars

The variables defined in this section are applied to each individual Oracle server and database.

1. Input your environment-specific parameters in the following embedded Oracle hosts variables or host\_vars form.



The items in blue must be changed to match your environment.

#### **Host VARS Config**

```
<style>
div {
position: relative;
div button {
position: absolute;
top: 0;
right: 0;
}
button {
 transition-duration: 0.4s;
 background-color: white;
 color: #1563a3;
 border: 2px solid #1563a3;
button:hover {
 background-color: #1563a3;
 color: white;
#more datastores nfs {
 display: block;
#more datastores nfs button {
 display: none;
}
</style>
<div class="listingblock"><div class="content"><div><button id="copy-</pre>
button1" onclick="CopyClassText1()">Copy</button></div><code><div
class="CopyMeClass1" id="CopyMeID1">
```

```
############ Host Variables Configuration
# Add your Oracle Host
ansible host: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>10.61.180.15</i></span>
# Oracle db log archive mode: true - ARCHIVELOG or false - NOARCHIVELOG
log archive mode: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>true</i></span>
# Number of pluggable databases per container instance identified by sid.
Pdb name specifies the prefix for container database naming in this case
cdb2 pdb1, cdb2 pdb2, cdb2 pdb3
oracle sid: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>cdb2</i></span>
pdb num: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>3</i></span>
pdb name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>"{{ oracle sid }} pdb"</i></span>
# CDB listener port, use different listener port for additional CDB on
same host
listener port: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>1523</i></span>
# CDB is created with SGA at 75% of memory limit, MB. Consider how many
databases to be hosted on the node and how much ram to be allocated to
each DB. The grand total SGA should not exceed 75% available RAM on node.
memory limit: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>5464</i></span>
# Set "em configuration: DBEXPRESS" to install enterprise manager express
and choose a unique port from 5500 to 5599 for each sid on the host.
# Leave them black if em express is not installed.
em configuration: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>DBEXPRESS</i></span>
em express port: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
```

```
decoration:underline;"/><i>5501</i></span>
# "{{groups.oracle[0]}}" represents first Oracle DB server as defined in
Oracle hosts group [oracle]. For concurrent multiple Oracle DB servers
deployment, [0] will be incremented for each additional DB server. For
example, "{{groups.oracle[1]}}" represents DB server 2,
"{{groups.oracle[2]}}" represents DB server 3 ... As a good practice and
the default, minimum three volumes is allocated to a DB server with
corresponding /u01, /u02, /u03 mount points, which store oracle binary,
oracle data, and oracle recovery files respectively. Additional volumes
can be added by click on "More NFS volumes" but the number of volumes
allocated to a DB server must match with what is defined in global vars
file by volumes nfs parameter, which dictates how many volumes are to be
created for each DB server.
host datastores nfs:
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u01</i></span>&quot,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div</pre>
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i>//span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u02</i>/span>&quot;,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div</pre>
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i></span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u03</i></span>&quot,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i></span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
<a id="more datastores nfs" href="javascript:datastoredropdown();">More
NFS volumes</a><div id="select more datastores nfs"></div><a
id="more datastores nfs button"
```

font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-

```
href="javascript:adddatastorevolumes();">Enter NFS volumes'
details</a><div id="extra datastores nfs"></div>
</div></code></div></div>
<script>
function CopyClassText1(){
    var textToCopy = document.getElementById("CopyMeID1");
   var currentRange;
    if (document.getSelection().rangeCount > 0)
        currentRange = document.getSelection().getRangeAt(0);
        window.getSelection().removeRange(currentRange);
    else
       currentRange = false;
    var CopyRange = document.createRange();
    CopyRange.selectNode(textToCopy);
    window.getSelection().addRange(CopyRange);
    document.getElementById("more datastores nfs").style.display = "none";
    var command = document.execCommand("copy");
     if (command)
          document.getElementById("copy-button1").innerHTML = "Copied!";
          setTimeout(revert copy, 3000);
    window.getSelection().removeRange(CopyRange);
    if(currentRange)
        window.getSelection().addRange(currentRange);
function revert copy() {
     document.getElementById("copy-button1").innerHTML = "Copy";
     document.getElementById("more datastores nfs").style.display =
"block";
}
function datastoredropdown() {
    document.getElementById("more datastores nfs").style.display = "none";
    document.getElementById("more datastores nfs button").style.display =
"block";
   var x=1;
   var myHTML = '';
   var buildup = '';
   var wrapper = document.getElementById("select more datastores nfs");
```

```
while (x < 100) {
      buildup += '<option value="' + x + '">' + x + '</option>';
      x++;
    myHTML += '<a id="more datastores nfs">How many extra NFS volumes do
you wish to add?</a><select name="number of extra datastores nfs"
id="number of extra datastores nfs">' + buildup + '</select>';
    wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
function adddatastorevolumes() {
    var y =
document.getElementById("number of extra datastores nfs").value;
   var j=0;
   var myHTML = '';
   var wrapper = document.getElementById("extra datastores nfs");
   while (j < y) {
        j++;
       myHTML += ' - {vol name: <span <div contenteditable="true"</pre>
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>"{{groups.oracle[0]}} u01"</i></span>,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node02</i></span>, lif: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.201</i>//span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>25</i></span>}<br>';
    }
   wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
    document.getElementById("select more datastores nfs").style.display =
"none";
    document.getElementById("more datastores nfs button").style.display =
"none";
</script>
```

- a. Fill in all variables in the blue fields.
- b. After completing variables input, click the Copy button on the form to copy all variables to be transferred to AWX or Tower.
- c. Navigate back to AWX or Tower and go to Resources → Hosts, and select and open the Oracle server configuration page.
- d. Under the Details tab, click edit and paste the copied variables from step 1 to the Variables field under the YAML tab.

- e. Click Save.
- f. Repeat this process for any additional Oracle servers in the system.

#### 4. Configure global variables

Variables defined in this section apply to all Oracle hosts, databases, and the ONTAP cluster.

1. Input your environment-specific parameters in following embedded global variables or vars form.



The items in blue must be changed to match your environment.

#### **VARS**

```
<style>
div {
position: relative;
div button {
position: absolute;
top: 0;
right: 0;
}
button {
  transition-duration: 0.4s;
 background-color: white;
  color: #1563a3;
  border: 2px solid #1563a3;
button:hover {
  background-color: #1563a3;
  color: white;
#more storage vlans {
  display: block;
#more storage vlans button {
  display: none;
#more_nfs_volumes {
  display: block;
#more nfs volumes button {
  display: none;
}
</style>
<div class="listingblock"><div class="content"><div><button id="copy-</pre>
```

```
button" onclick="CopyClassText()">Copy</button></div><code><div</pre>
class="CopyMeClass" id="CopyMeID">
###### Oracle 19c deployment global user configuration variables ######
###### Consolidate all variables from ontap, linux and oracle
### Ontap env specific config variables ###
#Inventory group name
#Default inventory group name - 'ontap'
#Change only if you are changing the group name either in inventory/hosts
file or in inventory groups in case of AWX/Tower
hosts group: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>ontap</i></span>
#CA signed certificates (ONLY CHANGE to 'true' IF YOU ARE USING CA SIGNED
CERTIFICATES)
ca signed certs: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>false</i></span>
#Names of the Nodes in the ONTAP Cluster
nodes:
- <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>AFF-
01</i></span>
- <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>AFF-
02</i></span>
#Storage VLANs
#Add additional rows for vlans as necessary
storage vlans:
  - {vlan id: " <span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>203</i></span>&quot;, name: &quot;<span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>infra NFS</i></span>&quot;,
protocol: "<span <div</pre>
contenteditable="true"/><i>NFS</i></span>&quot;}
<a id="more_storage_vlans" href="javascript:storagevlandropdown();">More
```

```
Storage VLANs</a><div id="select more storage vlans"></div><a
id="more storage vlans button" href="javascript:addstoragevlans();">Enter
Storage VLANs details</a><div id="extra storage vlans"></div>
#Details of the Data Aggregates that need to be created
#If Aggregate creation takes longer, subsequent tasks of creating volumes
may fail.
#There should be enough disks already zeroed in the cluster, otherwise
aggregate create will zero the disks and will take long time
data aggregates:
  - {aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>}
  - {aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node02</i></span>}
#SVM name
svm name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-</pre>
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>ora svm</i></span>
# SVM Management LIF Details
svm mgmt details:
  - {address: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.91.100</i></span>, netmask: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>255.255.255.0</i></span>,
home port: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>e0M</i></span>}
# NFS storage parameters when data protocol set to NFS. Volume named after
Oracle hosts name identified by mount point as follow for oracle DB server
1. Each mount point dedicates to a particular Oracle files: u01 - Oracle
binary, u02 - Oracle data, u03 - Oracle redo. Add additional volumes by
click on "More NFS volumes" and also add the volumes list to corresponding
host vars as host datastores nfs variable. For multiple DB server
deployment, additional volumes sets needs to be added for additional DB
server. Input variable "{{groups.oracle[1]}} u01",
"{{groups.oracle[1]}} u02", and "{{groups.oracle[1]}} u03" as vol name for
second DB server. Place volumes for multiple DB servers alternatingly
between controllers for balanced IO performance, e.g. DB server 1 on
controller node1, DB server 2 on controller node2 etc. Make sure match lif
address with controller node.
volumes nfs:
```

```
- {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u01</i></span>&quot,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i></span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u02</i></span>&quot,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i></span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}}_u03</i></span>&quot,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i></span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
<a id="more nfs volumes" href="javascript:nfsvolumesdropdown();">More NFS
volumes</a><div id="select more nfs volumes"></div><a</pre>
id="more nfs volumes button" href="javascript:addnfsvolumes();">Enter NFS
volumes' details</a><div id="extra nfs volumes"></div>
#NFS LIFs IP address and netmask
nfs lifs details:
  - address: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i></span> #for node-1
    netmask: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-</pre>
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>255.255.255.0</i></span>
  - address: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.201</i></span> #for node-2
    netmask: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-</pre>
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>255.255.255.0</i></span>
```

```
#NFS client match
client match: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.0/24</i></span>
### Linux env specific config variables ###
#NFS Mount points for Oracle DB volumes
mount points:
 - <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>/u01</i></span>
 - <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>/u02</i></span>
 - <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>/u03</i></span>
# Up to 75% of node memory size divided by 2mb. Consider how many
databases to be hosted on the node and how much ram to be allocated to
each DB.
# Leave it blank if hugepage is not configured on the host.
hugepages nr: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>1234</i></span>
# RedHat subscription username and password
redhat sub username: <span <div contenteditable="true"</pre>
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>xxx</i></span>
redhat sub password: <span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>xxx</i></span>
### DB env specific install and config variables ###
db domain: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>your.domain.com</i></span>
```

```
# Set initial password for all required Oracle passwords. Change them
after installation.
initial pwd all: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>netapp123</i></span>
</div></code></div></div>
<script>
function CopyClassText() {
   var textToCopy = document.getElementById("CopyMeID");
   var currentRange;
    if(document.getSelection().rangeCount > 0)
        currentRange = document.getSelection().getRangeAt(0);
        window.getSelection().removeRange(currentRange);
    else
       currentRange = false;
    var CopyRange = document.createRange();
    CopyRange.selectNode(textToCopy);
    window.getSelection().addRange(CopyRange);
    document.getElementById("more storage vlans").style.display = "none";
    document.getElementById("more nfs volumes").style.display = "none";
    var command = document.execCommand("copy");
     if (command)
     {
          document.getElementById("copy-button").innerHTML = "Copied!";
          setTimeout(revert copy, 3000);
    window.getSelection().removeRange(CopyRange);
    if(currentRange)
        window.getSelection().addRange(currentRange);
function revert copy() {
      document.getElementById("copy-button").innerHTML = "Copy";
     document.getElementById("more storage vlans").style.display =
     document.getElementById("more nfs volumes").style.display = "block";
function storagevlandropdown() {
    document.getElementById("more storage vlans").style.display = "none";
    document.getElementById("more_storage_vlans_button").style.display =
```

```
"block";
   var x=1;
   var myHTML = '';
   var buildup = '';
   var wrapper = document.getElementById("select more storage vlans");
    while (x < 10) {
      buildup += '<option value="' + x + '">' + x + '</option>';
      x++;
    myHTML += '<a id="more storage vlans info">How many extra VLANs do you
wish to add?</a><select name="number of extra storage vlans"
id="number of extra storage vlans">' + buildup + '</select>';
    wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
}
function addstoragevlans() {
   var y =
document.getElementById("number of extra storage vlans").value;
   var j=0;
   var myHTML = '';
   var wrapper = document.getElementById("extra storage vlans");
    while (j < y) {
        j++;
        myHTML += ' - {vlan id: "<span <div contenteditable="true"</pre>
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>203</i></span>&quot;, name: &quot;<span <div</pre>
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>infra NFS</i></span>&quot;,
protocol: "<span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>NFS</i></span>&quot;}<br>';
    wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
    document.getElementById("select more storage vlans").style.display =
    document.getElementById("more storage vlans button").style.display =
"none";
function nfsvolumesdropdown() {
    document.getElementById("more nfs volumes").style.display = "none";
    document.getElementById("more nfs volumes button").style.display =
"block";
   var x=1;
   var myHTML = '';
   var buildup = '';
    var wrapper = document.getElementById("select more nfs volumes");
    while (x < 100) {
```

```
buildup += '<option value="' + x + '">' + x + '</option>';
      x++;
    }
    myHTML += '<a id="more nfs volumes info">How many extra NFS volumes do
you wish to add?</a><select name="number of extra nfs volumes"
id="number of extra nfs volumes">' + buildup + '</select>';
    wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
}
function addnfsvolumes() {
    var y = document.getElementById("number of extra nfs volumes").value;
    var j=0;
   var myHTML = '';
    var wrapper = document.getElementById("extra nfs volumes");
    while (j < y) {
        j++;
        myHTML += ' - {vol name: <span <div contenteditable="true"</pre>
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>rtpora04 u01</i></span>, aggr name: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node02</i></span>,
lif: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.201</i></span>, size: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>25</i></span>}<br>';
    wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
    document.getElementById("select more nfs volumes").style.display =
"none";
    document.getElementById("more nfs volumes button").style.display =
"none";
}
</script>
```

- 1. Fill in all variables in blue fields.
- 2. After completing variables input, click the Copy button on the form to copy all variables to be transferred to AWX or Tower into the following job template.

#### 5. Configure and launch the job template.

- 1. Create the job template.
  - a. Navigate to Resources → Templates → Add and click Add Job Template.
  - b. Enter the name and description
  - c. Select the Job type; Run configures the system based on a playbook, and Check performs a dry run of a playbook without actually configuring the system.

- d. Select the corresponding inventory, project, playbook, and credentials for the playbook.
- e. Select the all\_playbook.yml as the default playbook to be executed.
- f. Paste global variables copied from step 4 into the Template Variables field under the YAML tab.
- g. Check the box Prompt on Launch in the Job Tags field.
- h. Click Save.
- 2. Launch the job template.
  - a. Navigate to Resources → Templates.
  - b. Click the desired template and then click Launch.
  - c. When prompted on launch for Job Tags, type in requirements\_config. You might need to click the Create Job Tag line below requirements\_config to enter the job tag.



requirements\_config ensures that you have the correct libraries to run the other roles.

- d. Click Next and then Launch to start the job.
- e. Click View  $\rightarrow$  Jobs to monitor the job output and progress.
- f. When prompted on launch for Job Tags, type in ontap\_config. You might need to click the Create "Job Tag" line right below ontap\_config to enter the job tag.
- g. Click Next and then Launch to start the job.
- h. Click View → Jobs to monitor the job output and progress
- i. After the ontap config role has completed, run the process again for linux config.
- j. Navigate to Resources → Templates.
- k. Select the desired template and then click Launch.
- I. When prompted on launch for the Job Tags type in linux\_config, you might need to select the Create "job tag" line right below linux\_config to enter the job tag.
- m. Click Next and then Launch to start the job.
- n. Select View  $\rightarrow$  Jobs to monitor the job output and progress.
- After the linux config role has completed, run the process again for oracle config.
- p. Go to Resources  $\rightarrow$  Templates.
- g. Select the desired template and then click Launch.
- r. When prompted on launch for Job Tags, type oracle\_config. You might need to select the Create "Job Tag" line right below oracle\_config to enter the job tag.
- s. Click Next and then Launch to start the job.
- t. Select View  $\rightarrow$  Jobs to monitor the job output and progress.

#### 6. Deploy additional database on same Oracle host

The Oracle portion of the playbook creates a single Oracle container database on an Oracle server per execution. To create additional container databases on the same server, complete the following steps.

- 1. Revise host vars variables.
  - a. Go back to step 2 Configure Oracle host\_vars.
  - b. Change the Oracle SID to a different naming string.

- c. Change the listener port to different number.
- d. Change the EM Express port to a different number if you are installing EM Express.
- e. Copy and paste the revised host variables to the Oracle Host Variables field in the Host Configuration Detail tab.
- 2. Launch the deployment job template with only the oracle\_config tag.

#### Validate Oracle installation

1. Log in to Oracle server as oracle user and execute the following commands:

ps -ef | grep ora



This will list oracle processes if installation completed as expected and oracle DB started

2. Log in to the database to check the db configuration settings and the PDBs created with the following command sets.

sqlplus / as sysdba

[oracle@localhost ~]\$ sqlplus / as sysdba

SQL\*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Thu May 6 12:52:51 2021 Version 19.8.0.0.0

Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Connected to:

Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production Version 19.8.0.0.0

SQL>

select name, log\_mode from v\$database;

SQL> select name, log mode from v\$database;

NAME LOG\_MODE

\_\_\_\_\_

CDB2 ARCHIVELOG

show pdbs;

#### SQL> show pdbs

CON_ID	CON_NAME	OPEN	MODE	RESTRICTED
3 4	PDB\$SEED CDB2_PDB1 CDB2_PDB2 CDB2_PDB3	READ READ	ONLY WRITE WRITE WRITE	NO NO

```
col svrname form a30
col dirname form a30
select svrname, dirname, nfsversion from v$dnfs_servers;
```

SQL> col svrname form a30

SQL> col dirname form a30

SQL> select syrname, dirname, nfsversion from v\$dnfs\_servers;

#### SVRNAME DIRNAME NFSVERSION

\_\_\_\_\_

172.21.126.200 /rhelora03 u02 NFSv3.0

172.21.126.200 /rhelora03 u03 NFSv3.0

172.21.126.200 /rhelora03\_u01 NFSv3.0

This confirms that dNFS is working properly.

3. Connect to database via listener to check hte Oracle listener configuration with the following command. Change to the appropriate listener port and database service name.

```
sqlplus system@//localhost:1523/cdb2_pdb1.cie.netapp.com
```

[oracle@localhost ~]\$ sqlplus system@//localhost:1523/cdb2 pdb1.cie.netapp.com

SQL\*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Thu May 6 13:19:57 2021 Version 19.8.0.0.0

Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Enter password:

Last Successful login time: Wed May 05 2021 17:11:11 -04:00

Connected to:

Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production Version 19.8.0.0.0

SQL> show user USER is "SYSTEM" SQL> show con\_name CON\_NAME CDB2 PDB1

This confirms that Oracle listener is working properly.

#### Where to go for help?

If you need help with the toolkit, please join the NetApp Solution Automation community support slack channel and look for the solution-automation channel to post your questions or inquires.

#### Step-by-step deployment procedure

#### **CLI deployment Oracle 19c Database**

This section covers the steps required to prepare and deploy Oracle19c Database with the CLI. Make sure that you have reviewed the Getting Started and Requirements section and prepared your environment accordingly.

#### **Download Oracle19c repo**

1. From your ansible controller, run the following command:

git clone https://github.com/NetApp-Automation/na oracle19c deploy.git

2. After downloading the repository, change directories to na\_oracle19c\_deploy <cd na\_oracle19c\_deploy>.

#### Edit the hosts file

Complete the following before deployment:

- 1. Edit your hosts file na oracle19c deploy directory.
- 2. Under [ontap], change the IP address to your cluster management IP.
- 3. Under the [oracle] group, add the oracle hosts names. The host name must be resolved to its IP address either through DNS or the hosts file, or it must be specified in the host.
- 4. After you have completed these steps, save any changes.

The following example depicts a host file:

```
#ONTAP Host<div>
[ontap]
<div>
<span <div contenteditable="false" style="color:#7EAF97</pre>
; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:;"/>10.61.184.183<i></i></span>
</div>
#Oracle hosts<div>
<div>
[oracle] < div>
<span <div contenteditable="false" style="color:#7EAF97</pre>
; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:;"/>rtpora01<i></i></span>
<div>
<span <div contenteditable="false" style="color:#7EAF97</pre>
; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:;"/>rtpora02<i></i></span>
</div>
```

This example executes the playbook and deploys oracle 19c on two oracle DB servers concurrently. You can also test with just one DB server. In that case, you only need to configure one host variable file.



The playbook executes the same way regardless of how many Oracle hosts and databases you deploy.

#### Edit the host\_name.yml file under host\_vars

Each Oracle host has its host variable file identified by its host name that contains host-specific variables. You can specify any name for your host. Edit and copy the host\_vars from the Host VARS Config section and paste it into your desired host\_name.yml file.



The items in blue must be changed to match your environment.

#### **Host VARS Config**

```
<style>
div {
position: relative;
}
div button {
position: absolute;
top: 0;
right: 0;
}
button {
```

```
transition-duration: 0.4s;
 background-color: white;
 color: #1563a3;
 border: 2px solid #1563a3;
button:hover {
 background-color: #1563a3;
 color: white;
#more datastores nfs {
 display: block;
#more datastores nfs button {
 display: none;
</style>
<div class="listingblock"><div class="content"><div><button id="copy-</pre>
button1" onclick="CopyClassText1()">Copy</button></div><code><div
class="CopyMeClass1" id="CopyMeID1">
############ Host Variables Configuration ##############
# Add your Oracle Host
ansible host: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>10.61.180.15</i></span>
# Oracle db log archive mode: true - ARCHIVELOG or false - NOARCHIVELOG
log archive mode: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>true</i></span>
# Number of pluggable databases per container instance identified by sid.
Pdb name specifies the prefix for container database naming in this case
cdb2 pdb1, cdb2 pdb2, cdb2 pdb3
oracle sid: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>cdb2</i></span>
pdb num: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>3</i></span>
pdb name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>"{{ oracle sid }} pdb"</i></span>
```

```
# CDB listener port, use different listener port for additional CDB on
same host
listener port: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>1523</i></span>
# CDB is created with SGA at 75% of memory limit, MB. Consider how many
databases to be hosted on the node and how much ram to be allocated to
each DB. The grand total SGA should not exceed 75% available RAM on node.
memory limit: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>5464</i></span>
# Set "em configuration: DBEXPRESS" to install enterprise manager express
and choose a unique port from 5500 to 5599 for each sid on the host.
# Leave them black if em express is not installed.
em configuration: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>DBEXPRESS</i></span>
em express port: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>5501</i></span>
# "{{groups.oracle[0]}}" represents first Oracle DB server as defined in
Oracle hosts group [oracle]. For concurrent multiple Oracle DB servers
deployment, [0] will be incremented for each additional DB server. For
example, "{{groups.oracle[1]}}" represents DB server 2,
"{{groups.oracle[2]}}" represents DB server 3 ... As a good practice and
the default, minimum three volumes is allocated to a DB server with
corresponding /u01, /u02, /u03 mount points, which store oracle binary,
oracle data, and oracle recovery files respectively. Additional volumes
can be added by click on "More NFS volumes" but the number of volumes
allocated to a DB server must match with what is defined in global vars
file by volumes nfs parameter, which dictates how many volumes are to be
created for each DB server.
host datastores nfs:
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u01</i></span>&quot,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div</pre>
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i>//span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
```

```
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u02</i></span>&quot;,
aggr_name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div</pre>
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i>//span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u03</i></span>&quot,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i>//span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
<a id="more datastores nfs" href="javascript:datastoredropdown();">More
NFS volumes</a><div id="select more datastores nfs"></div><a
id="more datastores nfs button"
href="javascript:adddatastorevolumes();">Enter NFS volumes'
details</a><div id="extra datastores nfs"></div>
</div></code></div></div>
<script>
function CopyClassText1(){
    var textToCopy = document.getElementById("CopyMeID1");
    var currentRange;
    if(document.getSelection().rangeCount > 0)
        currentRange = document.getSelection().getRangeAt(0);
        window.getSelection().removeRange(currentRange);
    else
       currentRange = false;
    var CopyRange = document.createRange();
    CopyRange.selectNode(textToCopy);
    window.getSelection().addRange(CopyRange);
    document.getElementById("more datastores nfs").style.display = "none";
    var command = document.execCommand("copy");
      if (command)
          document.getElementById("copy-button1").innerHTML = "Copied!";
          setTimeout(revert copy, 3000);
```

```
window.getSelection().removeRange(CopyRange);
    if(currentRange)
    {
        window.getSelection().addRange(currentRange);
function revert copy() {
      document.getElementById("copy-button1").innerHTML = "Copy";
      document.getElementById("more datastores nfs").style.display =
"block";
}
function datastoredropdown() {
    document.getElementById("more datastores nfs").style.display = "none";
    document.getElementById("more datastores nfs button").style.display =
"block";
   var x=1;
   var myHTML = '';
   var buildup = '';
   var wrapper = document.getElementById("select more datastores nfs");
   while (x < 100) {
     buildup += '<option value="' + x + '">' + x + '</option>';
     x++;
    myHTML += '<a id="more datastores nfs">How many extra NFS volumes do
you wish to add?</a><select name="number_of_extra_datastores_nfs"
id="number of extra datastores nfs">' + buildup + '</select>';
    wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
}
function adddatastorevolumes() {
   var y =
document.getElementById("number of extra datastores nfs").value;
   var j=0;
   var myHTML = '';
   var wrapper = document.getElementById("extra datastores nfs");
    while (j < y) {
        j++;
        myHTML += ' - {vol name: <span <div contenteditable="true"</pre>
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>"{{groups.oracle[0]}} u01"</i></span>,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node02</i></span>, lif: <span <div</pre>
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.201</i></span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-</pre>
```

#### Edit the vars.yml file

The vars.yml file consolidates all environment-specific variables (ONTAP, Linux, or Oracle) for Oracle deployment.

• Edit and copy the variables from the VARS section and paste these variables into your vars.yml file.

#### **VARS**

```
<style>
div {
position: relative;
}
div button {
position: absolute;
top: 0;
right: 0;
}
button {
 transition-duration: 0.4s;
 background-color: white;
  color: #1563a3;
  border: 2px solid #1563a3;
button:hover {
  background-color: #1563a3;
 color: white;
}
#more storage vlans {
  display: block;
#more storage vlans button {
  display: none;
```

```
#more nfs volumes {
 display: block;
}
#more nfs volumes button {
 display: none;
}
</style>
<div class="listingblock"><div class="content"><div><button id="copy-</pre>
button" onclick="CopyClassText()">Copy</button></div><code><div</pre>
class="CopyMeClass" id="CopyMeID">
###### Oracle 19c deployment global user configuration variables ######
###### Consolidate all variables from ontap, linux and oracle
### Ontap env specific config variables ###
#Inventory group name
#Default inventory group name - 'ontap'
#Change only if you are changing the group name either in inventory/hosts
file or in inventory groups in case of AWX/Tower
hosts group: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>ontap</i></span>
#CA signed certificates (ONLY CHANGE to 'true' IF YOU ARE USING CA SIGNED
CERTIFICATES)
ca signed certs: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>false</i></span>
#Names of the Nodes in the ONTAP Cluster
nodes:
- <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>AFF-
01</i></span>
- <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>AFF-
02</i></span>
#Storage VLANs
#Add additional rows for vlans as necessary
storage vlans:
```

```
- {vlan id: " <span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>203</i></span>&quot;, name: &quot;<span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>infra NFS</i></span>&quot;,
protocol: " <span <div</pre>
contenteditable="true"/><i>NFS</i></span>&quot;}
<a id="more_storage_vlans" href="javascript:storagevlandropdown();">More
Storage VLANs</a><div id="select more storage vlans"></div><a
id="more storage vlans button" href="javascript:addstoragevlans();">Enter
Storage VLANs details</a><div id="extra storage vlans"></div>
#Details of the Data Aggregates that need to be created
#If Aggregate creation takes longer, subsequent tasks of creating volumes
may fail.
#There should be enough disks already zeroed in the cluster, otherwise
aggregate create will zero the disks and will take long time
data aggregates:
  - {aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>}
  - {aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node02</i></span>}
#SVM name
svm name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-</pre>
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>ora svm</i></span>
# SVM Management LIF Details
svm mgmt details:
  - {address: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.91.100</i></span>, netmask: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>255.255.255.0</i></span>,
home port: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>e0M</i></span>}
# NFS storage parameters when data protocol set to NFS. Volume named after
Oracle hosts name identified by mount point as follow for oracle DB server
1. Each mount point dedicates to a particular Oracle files: u01 - Oracle
binary, u02 - Oracle data, u03 - Oracle redo. Add additional volumes by
click on "More NFS volumes" and also add the volumes list to corresponding
host vars as host datastores nfs variable. For multiple DB server
```

```
deployment, additional volumes sets needs to be added for additional DB
server. Input variable "{{groups.oracle[1]}} u01",
"\{\{groups.oracle[1]\}\}\ u02", and "\{\{groups.oracle[1]\}\}\ u03" as vol name for
second DB server. Place volumes for multiple DB servers alternatingly
between controllers for balanced IO performance, e.g. DB server 1 on
controller node1, DB server 2 on controller node2 etc. Make sure match lif
address with controller node.
volumes nfs:
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u01</i></span>&quot,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i>//span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u02</i></span>&quot,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i></span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
  - {vol name: &quot<span <div contenteditable="true"
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>{{groups.oracle[0]}} u03</i></span>&quot,
aggr name: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node01</i></span>, lif: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i></span>,
size: <span <div contenteditable="true"/><i>25</i></span>}
<a id="more nfs volumes" href="javascript:nfsvolumesdropdown();">More NFS
volumes</a><div id="select more nfs volumes"></div><a</pre>
id="more nfs volumes button" href="javascript:addnfsvolumes();">Enter NFS
volumes' details</a><div id="extra nfs volumes"></div>
#NFS LIFs IP address and netmask
nfs lifs details:
  - address: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.200</i></span> #for node-1
    netmask: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-</pre>
```

```
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>255.255.255.0</i></span>
  - address: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.201</i></span> #for node-2
   netmask: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>255.255.255.0</i></span>
#NFS client match
client match: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.0/24</i></span>
### Linux env specific config variables ###
#NFS Mount points for Oracle DB volumes
mount points:
 - <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>/u01</i></span>
  - <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>/u02</i></span>
  - <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>/u03</i></span>
# Up to 75% of node memory size divided by 2mb. Consider how many
databases to be hosted on the node and how much ram to be allocated to
each DB.
# Leave it blank if hugepage is not configured on the host.
hugepages nr: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>1234</i></span>
# RedHat subscription username and password
redhat sub username: <span <div contenteditable="true"</pre>
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>xxx</i></span>
redhat sub password: <span <div contenteditable="true"</pre>
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>xxx</i></span>
```

```
### DB env specific install and config variables ###
db domain: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>your.domain.com</i></span>
# Set initial password for all required Oracle passwords. Change them
after installation.
initial pwd all: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>netapp123</i></span>
</div></code></div></div>
<script>
function CopyClassText() {
   var textToCopy = document.getElementById("CopyMeID");
   var currentRange;
   if(document.getSelection().rangeCount > 0)
       currentRange = document.getSelection().getRangeAt(0);
       window.getSelection().removeRange(currentRange);
   else
       currentRange = false;
   var CopyRange = document.createRange();
   CopyRange.selectNode(textToCopy);
   window.getSelection().addRange(CopyRange);
   document.getElementById("more storage vlans").style.display = "none";
   document.getElementById("more nfs volumes").style.display = "none";
   var command = document.execCommand("copy");
     if (command)
         document.getElementById("copy-button").innerHTML = "Copied!";
         setTimeout(revert copy, 3000);
   window.getSelection().removeRange(CopyRange);
   if(currentRange)
       window.getSelection().addRange(currentRange);
function revert_copy() {
```

```
document.getElementById("copy-button").innerHTML = "Copy";
      document.getElementById("more storage vlans").style.display =
"block";
      document.getElementById("more nfs volumes").style.display = "block";
function storagevlandropdown() {
    document.getElementById("more storage vlans").style.display = "none";
    document.getElementById("more storage vlans button").style.display =
"block";
   var x=1;
   var myHTML = '';
   var buildup = '';
   var wrapper = document.getElementById("select more storage vlans");
    while (x < 10) {
     buildup += '<option value="' + x + '">' + x + '</option>';
     x++;
    myHTML += '<a id="more storage vlans info">How many extra VLANs do you
wish to add?</a><select name="number of extra storage vlans"
id="number of extra storage vlans">' + buildup + '</select>';
    wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
function addstoragevlans() {
    var y =
document.getElementById("number of extra storage vlans").value;
   var j=0;
    var myHTML = '';
   var wrapper = document.getElementById("extra storage vlans");
    while (j < y) {
        j++;
        myHTML += ' - {vlan id: "<span <div contenteditable="true"</pre>
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>203</i></span>&quot;, name: &quot;<span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>infra NFS</i></span>&quot;,
protocol: "<span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF;</pre>
font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>NFS</i></span>&quot;}<br>';
    wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
    document.getElementById("select more storage vlans").style.display =
    document.getElementById("more storage vlans button").style.display =
"none";
function nfsvolumesdropdown() {
```

```
document.getElementById("more nfs volumes").style.display = "none";
    document.getElementById("more nfs volumes button").style.display =
"block";
   var x=1;
   var myHTML = '';
   var buildup = '';
    var wrapper = document.getElementById("select more nfs volumes");
    while (x < 100) {
     buildup += '<option value="' + x + '">' + x + '</option>';
    myHTML += '<a id="more nfs volumes info">How many extra NFS volumes do
you wish to add?</a><select name="number of extra nfs volumes"
id="number of extra nfs volumes">' + buildup + '</select>';
    wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
}
function addnfsvolumes() {
    var y = document.getElementById("number of extra nfs volumes").value;
   var j=0;
   var myHTML = '';
   var wrapper = document.getElementById("extra nfs volumes");
    while (j < y) {
        j++;
        myHTML += ' - {vol name: <span <div contenteditable="true"</pre>
style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>rtpora04 u01</i></span>, aggr name: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>aggr01 node02</i></span>,
lif: <span <div contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-
weight:bold; font-style:italic; text-
decoration:underline;"/><i>172.21.94.201</i></span>, size: <span <div
contenteditable="true" style="color:#004EFF; font-weight:bold; font-
style:italic; text-decoration:underline;"/><i>25</i></span>}<br>';
    wrapper.innerHTML = myHTML;
    document.getElementById("select more nfs volumes").style.display =
"none";
    document.getElementById("more nfs volumes button").style.display =
"none";
}
</script>
```

#### Run the playbook

After completing the required environment prerequisites and copying the variables into vars.yml and

your host.yml, you are now ready to deploy the playbooks.



<username> must be changed to match your environment.

1. Run the ONTAP playbook by passing the correct tags and ONTAP cluster username. Fill the password for ONTAP cluster, and vsadmin when prompted.

```
ansible-playbook -i hosts all_playbook.yml -u username -k -K -t
ontap_config -e @vars/vars.yml
```

2. Run the Linux playbook to execute Linux portion of deployment. Input for admin ssh password as well as sudo password.

```
ansible-playbook -i hosts all_playbook.yml -u username -k -K -t linux_config -e @vars/vars.yml
```

3. Run the Oracle playbook to execute Oracle portion of deployment. Input for admin ssh password as well as sudo password.

```
ansible-playbook -i hosts all_playbook.yml -u username -k -K -t
oracle_config -e @vars/vars.yml
```

#### **Deploy Additional Database on Same Oracle Host**

The Oracle portion of the playbook creates a single Oracle container database on an Oracle server per execution. To create additional container database on the same server, complete the following steps:

- 1. Revise the host vars variables.
  - a. Go back to step 3 Edit the host name.yml file under host vars.
  - b. Change the Oracle SID to a different naming string.
  - c. Change the listener port to different number.
  - d. Change the EM Express port to a different number if you have installed EM Express.
  - e. Copy and paste the revised host variables to the Oracle host variable file under host vars.
- 2. Execute the playbook with the oracle config tag as shown above in Run the playbook.

#### Validate Oracle installation

1. Log in to Oracle server as oracle user and execute the following commands:

ps -ef | grep ora



This will list oracle processes if installation completed as expected and oracle DB started

2. Log in to the database to check the db configuration settings and the PDBs created with the following command sets.

sqlplus / as sysdba

[oracle@localhost ~]\$ sqlplus / as sysdba

SQL\*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Thu May 6 12:52:51 2021 Version 19.8.0.0.0

Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Connected to:

Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production Version 19.8.0.0.0

SQL>

select name, log mode from v\$database;

SQL> select name, log\_mode from v\$database;

NAME LOG\_MODE

-----

CDB2 ARCHIVELOG

show pdbs;

SQL> show pdbs

CON_ID CON_NAME	OPEN MODE RESTRICTED
2 PDB\$SEED 3 CDB2_PDB1 4 CDB2_PDB2 5 CDB2_PDB3	READ ONLY NO READ WRITE NO READ WRITE NO READ WRITE NO

```
col svrname form a30
col dirname form a30
select svrname, dirname, nfsversion from v$dnfs_servers;
```

SQL> col svrname form a30

SQL> col dirname form a30

SQL> select svrname, dirname, nfsversion from v\$dnfs\_servers;

#### SVRNAME DIRNAME NFSVERSION

\_\_\_\_\_

172.21.126.200 /rhelora03 u02 NFSv3.0

172.21.126.200 /rhelora03 u03 NFSv3.0

172.21.126.200 /rhelora03 u01 NFSv3.0

This confirms that dNFS is working properly.

3. Connect to database via listener to check hte Oracle listener configuration with the following command. Change to the appropriate listener port and database service name.

```
\verb|sqlplus system@//localhost:1523/cdb2_pdb1.cie.netapp.com|\\
```

[oracle@localhost ~]\$ sqlplus system@//localhost:1523/cdb2 pdb1.cie.netapp.com

SQL\*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Thu May 6 13:19:57 2021 Version 19.8.0.0.0

Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Enter password:

Last Successful login time: Wed May 05 2021 17:11:11 -04:00

Connected to:

Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production Version 19.8.0.0.0

SQL> show user

USER is "SYSTEM"
SQL> show con\_name
CON\_NAME
CDB2 PDB1

This confirms that Oracle listener is working properly.

#### Where to go for help?

If you need help with the toolkit, please join the NetApp Solution Automation community support slack channel and look for the solution-automation channel to post your questions or inquires.

## **Oracle Database Data Protection**

#### **Solution Overview**

#### **Automated Data Protection for Oracle Databases**

Organizations are automating their environments to gain efficiencies, accelerate deployments, and reduce manual effort. Configuration management tools like Ansible are being used to streamline enterprise database operations. In this solution, we demonstrate how you can use Ansible to automate the data protection of Oracle with NetApp ONTAP. By enabling storage administrators, systems administrators, and DBAs to consistently and rapidly setup data replication to an offsite data center or to public cloud, you achieve the following benefits:

- Eliminate design complexities and human errors, and implement a repeatable consistent deployment and best practices
- Decrease time for configuration of Intercluster replication, CVO instantiation, and recovery of Oracle databases
- · Increase database administrators, systems and storage administrators productivity
- Provides database recovery workflow for ease of testing a DR scenario.

NetApp provides customers with validated Ansible modules and roles to accelerate deployment, configuration, and lifecycle management of your Oracle database environment. This solution provides instruction and Ansible playbook code, to help you:

#### On Prem to on prem replication

- · Create intercluster lifs on source and destination
- · Establish cluster and vserver peering
- Create and initialize SnapMirror of Oracle volumes
- Create a replication schedule through AWX/Tower for Oracle binaries, databases, and logs
- Restore Oracle DB on the destination, and bring database online

#### On Prem to CVO in AWS

- · Create AWS connector
- Create CVO instance in AWS

- Add On-Prem cluster to Cloud Manager
- · Create intercluster lifs on source
- · Establish cluster and vserver peering
- Create and initialize SnapMirror of Oracle volumes
- Create a replication schedule through AWX/Tower for Oracle binaries, databases, and logs
- · Restore Oracle DB on the destination, and bring database online

For more details or to begin, please see the overview videos below.

#### **AWX/Tower Deployments**

• Part 1: TBD

#### video

· Part 2: TBD

#### video

After you are ready, click here for getting started with the solution.

#### **Getting started**

This solution has been designed to be run in an AWX/Tower environment.

#### AWX/Tower

For AWX/Tower environments, you are guided through creating an inventory of your ONTAP cluster management and Oracle server (IPs and hostnames), creating credentials, configuring a project that pulls the Ansible code from NetApp Automation Github, and the Job Template that launches the automation.

- 1. The solution has been designed to run in a private cloud scenario (on-premise to on-premise), and hybrid cloud (on-premise to public cloud Cloud Volumes ONTAP [CVO])
- 2. Fill out the variables specific to your environment, and copy and paste them into the Extra Vars fields in your job template.
- 3. After the extra vars have been added to your job template, you can launch the automation.
- 4. The automation is set to be ran three phases (Setup, Replication Schedule for Oracle Binaries, Database, Logs, and Replication Schedule just for Logs), and a forth phase to recovering the database at a DR site.
- For detailed instructions for obtaining the keys and tokens necessary for the CVO Data Protection visit Gather Pre-requisites For CVO and Connector Deployments

#### Requirements

## On-Prem |

Environment	Requirements
Ansible environment	AWX/Tower
	Ansible v.2.10 and higher
	Python 3
	Python libraries - netapp-lib - xmltodict - jmespath
ONTAP	ONTAP version 9.8 +
	Two data aggregates
	NFS vlan and ifgrp created
Oracle server(s)	RHEL 7/8
	Oracle Linux 7/8
	Network interfaces for NFS, public, and optional mgmt
	Existing Oracle environment on source, and the equivalent Linux operating system at the destination (DR Site or Public Cloud)

## CVO

Environment	Requirements
Ansible environment	AWX/Tower
	Ansible v.2.10 and higher
	Python 3
	Python libraries - netapp-lib - xmltodict - jmespath
ONTAP	ONTAP version 9.8 +
	Two data aggregates
	NFS vlan and ifgrp created
Oracle server(s)	RHEL 7/8
	Oracle Linux 7/8
	Network interfaces for NFS, public, and optional mgmt
	Existing Oracle environment on source, and the equivalent Linux operating system at the destination (DR Site or Public Cloud)
	Set appropriate swap space on the Oracle EC2 instance, by default some EC2 instances are deployed with 0 swap

Environment	Requirements
Cloud Manager/AWS	AWS Access/Secret Key
	NetApp Cloud Manager Account
	NetApp Cloud Manager Refresh Token

#### **Automation Details**

## On-Prem |

This automated deployment is designed with a single Ansible playbook that consists of three separate roles. The roles are for ONTAP, Linux, and Oracle configurations.

The following table describes which tasks are being automated.

Playbook	Tasks
ontap_setup	Pre-check of the ONTAP environment
	Creation of Intercluster LIFs on source cluster (OPTIONAL)
Creation of Intercluster LIFs on destination cluster (OPT	Creation of Intercluster LIFs on destination cluster (OPTIONAL)
	Creation of Cluster and SVM Peering
	Creation of destination SnapMirror and Initialization of designated Oracle volumes
ora_replication_cg	Enable backup mode for each database in /etc/oratab
	Snapshot taken of Oracle Binary and Database volumes
	Snapmirror Updated
	Turn off backup mode for each database in /etc/oratab
ora_replication_log	Switch current log for each database in /etc/oratab
	Snapshot taken of Oracle Log volume
	Snapmirror Updated
ora_recovery	Break SnapMirror
	Enable NFS and create junction path for Oracle volumes on the destination
	Configure DR Oracle Host
	Mount and verify Oracle volumes
	Recover and start Oracle database

### CVO

This automated deployment is designed with a single Ansible playbook that consists of three separate roles. The roles are for ONTAP, Linux, and Oracle configurations.

The following table describes which tasks are being automated.

Playbook	Tasks
cvo_setup	Pre-check of the environment
	AWS Configure/AWS Access Key ID/Secret Key/Default Region
	Creation of AWS Role
	Creation of NetApp Cloud Manager Connector instance in AWS
	Creation of Cloud Volumes ONTAP (CVO) instance in AWS
	Add On-Prem Source ONTAP Cluster to NetApp Cloud Manager
	Creation of destination SnapMirror and Initialization of designated Oracle volumes
ora_replication_cg	Enable backup mode for each database in /etc/oratab
	Snapshot taken of Oracle Binary and Database volumes
	Snapmirror Updated
	Turn off backup mode for each database in /etc/oratab
ora_replication_log	Switch current log for each database in /etc/oratab
	Snapshot taken of Oracle Log volume
	Snapmirror Updated
ora_recovery	Break SnapMirror
	Enable NFS and create junction path for Oracle volumes on the destination CVO
	Configure DR Oracle Host
	Mount and verify Oracle volumes
	Recover and start Oracle database

#### **Default parameters**

To simplify automation, we have preset many required Oracle parameters with default values. It is generally not necessary to change the default parameters for most deployments. A more advanced user can make changes to the default parameters with caution. The default parameters are located in each role folder under defaults directory.

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After you are ready, click here for detailed AWX/Tower procedures.

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