



# **NetApp Astra Control Center Overview**

NetApp Solutions

NetApp  
April 08, 2022

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# NetApp Astra Control Center overview

NetApp Astra Control Center offers a rich set of storage and application-aware data management services for stateful Kubernetes workloads deployed in an on-premises environment and powered by NetApp data protection technology.



NetApp Astra Control Center can be installed on a Red Hat OpenShift cluster that has the Astra Trident storage orchestrator deployed and configured with storage classes and storage backends to NetApp ONTAP storage systems.

For the installation and configuration of Astra Trident to support Astra Control Center, see [this document here](#).

In a cloud-connected environment, Astra Control Center uses Cloud Insights to provide advanced monitoring and telemetry. In the absence of a Cloud Insights connection, limited monitoring and telemetry (7-days worth of metrics) is available and exported to Kubernetes native monitoring tools (Prometheus and Grafana) through open metrics endpoints.

Astra Control Center is fully integrated into the NetApp AutoSupport and Active IQ ecosystem to provide support for users, provide assistance with troubleshooting, and display usage statistics.

In addition to the paid version of Astra Control Center, a 90-day evaluation license is available. The evaluation version is supported through the email and community (Slack channel). Customers have access to these and other knowledge-base articles and the documentation available from the in-product support dashboard.

To get started with NetApp Astra Control Center, visit the [Astra website](#).

# Astra Control Center installation prerequisites

1. One or more Red Hat OpenShift clusters. Versions 4.6 EUS and 4.7 are currently supported.
2. Astra Trident must already be installed and configured on each Red Hat OpenShift cluster.
3. One or more NetApp ONTAP storage systems running ONTAP 9.5 or greater.



It's best practice for each OpenShift install at a site to have a dedicated SVM for persistent storage. Multi-site deployments require additional storage systems.

4. A Trident storage backend must be configured on each OpenShift cluster with an SVM backed by an ONTAP cluster.
5. A default StorageClass configured on each OpenShift cluster with Astra Trident as the storage provisioner.
6. A load balancer must be installed and configured on each OpenShift cluster for load balancing and exposing OpenShift Services.



See the link [here](#) for information about load balancers that have been validated for this purpose.

7. A private image registry must be configured to host the NetApp Astra Control Center images.



See the link [here](#) to install and configure an OpenShift private registry for this purpose.

8. You must have Cluster Admin access to the Red Hat OpenShift cluster.
9. You must have Admin access to NetApp ONTAP clusters.
10. An admin workstation with docker or podman, tridentctl, and oc or kubectl tools installed and added to your \$PATH.



Docker installations must have docker version greater than 20.10 and Podman installations must have podman version greater than 3.0.

## Install Astra Control Center

### Using OperatorHub

Unresolved directive in containers/rh-os-n\_overview\_astra.adoc - include::containers/rh-os-n\_overview\_astra\_cc\_install\_manual.adoc[]

### Automated [Ansible]

Unresolved directive in containers/rh-os-n\_overview\_astra.adoc - include::containers/rh-os-n\_overview\_astra\_cc\_install\_ansible.adoc[]

## Post Install Steps

1. It might take several minutes for the installation to complete. Verify that all the pods and services in the `netapp-astra-cc` namespace are up and running.

```
[netapp-user@rhel7 ~]$ oc get all -n netapp-astra-cc
```

2. Check the `acc-operator-controller-manager` logs to ensure that the installation is completed.

```
[netapp-user@rhel7 ~]$ oc logs deploy/acc-operator-controller-manager -n  
netapp-acc-operator -c manager -f
```



The following message indicates the successful installation of Astra Control Center.

```
{"level":"info","ts":1624054318.029971,"logger":"controllers.AstraControlCenter","msg":"Successfully Reconciled AstraControlCenter in [seconds]s","AstraControlCenter":"netapp-astra-cc/astra","ae.Version":"[21.12.60]"}

```

3. The username for logging into Astra Control Center is the email address of the administrator provided in the CRD file and the password is a string `ACC-` appended to the Astra Control Center UUID. Run the following command:

```
[netapp-user@rhel7 ~]$ oc get astracontrolcenters -n netapp-astra-cc  
NAME      UUID  
astra     345c55a5-bf2e-21f0-84b8-b6f2bce5e95f
```



In this example, the password is `ACC-345c55a5-bf2e-21f0-84b8-b6f2bce5e95f`.

4. Get the `traefik` service load balancer IP.

```
[netapp-user@rhel7 ~]$ oc get svc -n netapp-astra-cc | egrep  
'EXTERNAL|traefik'
```

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP
EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	
AGE		
traefik	LoadBalancer	172.30.99.142
10.61.186.181	80:30343/TCP,443:30060/TCP	
16m		

5. Add an entry in the DNS server pointing the FQDN provided in the Astra Control Center CRD file to the `EXTERNAL-IP` of the `traefik` service.

New Host

Name (uses parent domain name if blank):

astra-control-center

Fully qualified domain name (FQDN):

astra-control-center.cie.netapp.com.

IP address:

10.61.186.181

☒ Create associated pointer (PTR) record

☐ Allow any authenticated user to update DNS records with the same owner name

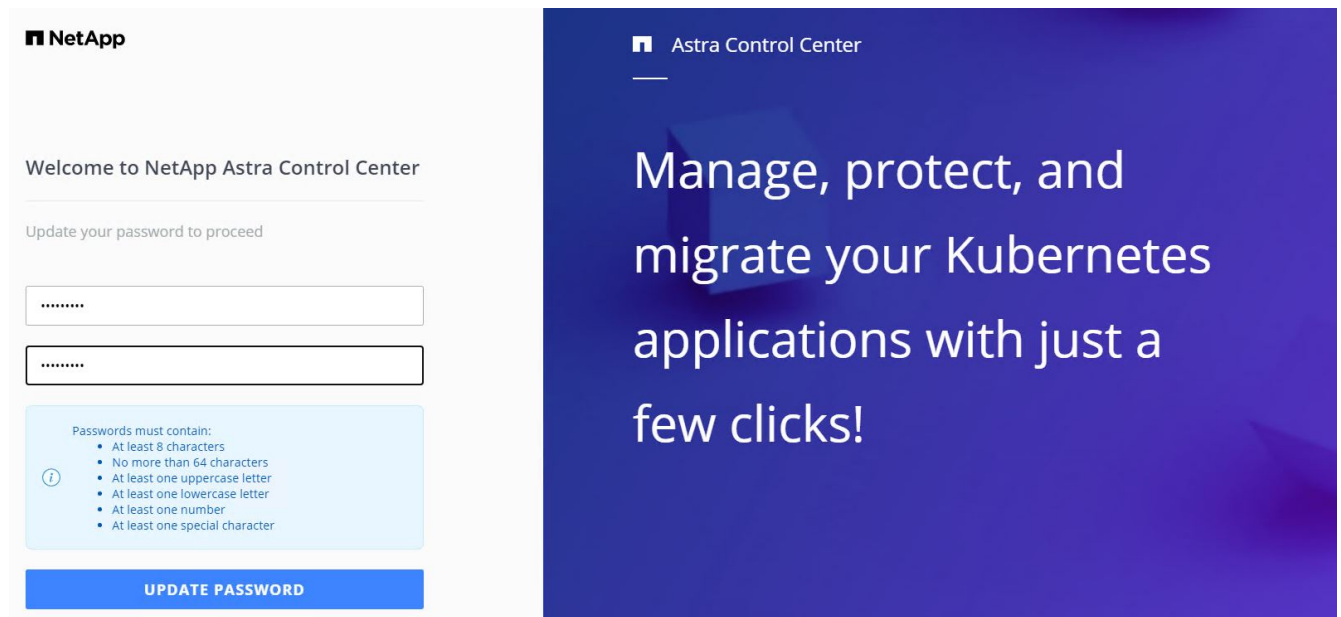
Add Host

Cancel

6. Log into the Astra Control Center GUI by browsing its FQDN.



7. When you log into Astra Control Center GUI for the first time using the admin email address provided in CRD, you need to change the password.



8. If you wish to add a user to Astra Control Center, navigate to Account > Users, click Add, enter the details of the user, and click Add.

**Add user**

**USER DETAILS**

First name: Nikhil

Last name: Kulkarni

Email address: tme\_nik@netapp.com

**PASSWORD**

Temporary password: \*\*\*\*\*

Confirm temporary password: \*\*\*\*\*

Passwords must contain:

- At least 8 characters
- No more than 64 characters
- At least one lowercase letter
- At least one uppercase letter
- At least one number
- At least one special character

**USER ROLE**

Role: Owner

Cancel Add

**ADD NEW USER**

Add new user

Add a new user to your Astra Control Center account. New users will be prompted to update their password the first time they log in to Astra Control Center. They will also inherit access to account-wide credentials according to their role. Read more in [users](#).

9. Astra Control Center requires a license for all of its functionalities to work. To add a license, navigate to Account > License, click Add License, and upload the license file.

**Account**

Users Credentials Notifications **License** Connections

**ASTRA CONTROL CENTER LICENSE**

To get started with Astra Control Center, select Add license to manually upload the file.

**ADD LICENSE**

Select and add a license file.

License file: EvalNLF-AstraControlCenter-480Cores(vCPU)-100000002-ACC60f19...

Cancel Add

Add license



If you encounter issues with the install or configuration of NetApp Astra Control Center, the knowledge base of known issues is available [here](#).

Next: [Register your Red Hat OpenShift Clusters: Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp](#).

## Register your Red Hat OpenShift Clusters with the Astra Control Center

To enable the Astra Control Center to manage your workloads, you must first register your Red Hat OpenShift cluster.



## Register Red Hat OpenShift clusters

1. The first step is to add the OpenShift clusters to the Astra Control Center and manage them. Go to Clusters and click Add a Cluster, upload the kubeconfig file for the OpenShift cluster, and click Select Storage.

 **Add cluster**

STEP 1/3: CREDENTIALS



**CREDENTIALS**

Provide Astra Control access to your Kubernetes and OpenShift clusters by entering a kubeconfig credential.

Follow [instructions](#) on how to create a dedicated admin-role kubeconfig.

[Upload file](#) [Paste from clipboard](#)

Kubeconfig YAML file  
ocp-vmw kubeconfig.txt

Credential name  
ocp-vmw

 **ADDING A CLUSTER**

Adding a cluster is needed for Astra Control to discover your Kubernetes applications.

Select a cloud provider and input credentials to get started.

Read more in [Clusters](#) .

Cancel

Configure storage →



The kubeconfig file can be generated to authenticate with a username and password or a token. Tokens expire after a limited amount of time and might leave the registered cluster unreachable. NetApp recommends using a kubeconfig file with a username and password to register your OpenShift clusters to Astra Control Center.

2. Astra Control Center detects the eligible storage classes. Now select the way that storageclass provisions volumes using Trident backed by an SVM on NetApp ONTAP and click Review. In the next pane, verify the details and click Add Cluster.

Add cluster

STEP 2/3: STORAGE

×

STORAGE

Existing storage classes are discovered and verified as eligible for use with Astra Control. You can use your existing default, or choose to set a new default at this time.

Applications with persistent volumes on eligible storage classes are validated for use with Astra Control.

Set default	Storage class	Storage provisioner	Reclaim policy	Binding mode	Eligible
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	ocp-trident <span>Default</span>	csi.trident.netapp.io	Delete	Immediate	
<input type="radio"/>	ocp-trident-iscsi	csi.trident.netapp.io	Delete	Immediate	
<input type="radio"/>	project-1-sc	csi.trident.netapp.io	Delete	Immediate	
<input type="radio"/>	thin	kubernetes.io/vsphere-volume	Delete	Immediate	

← Select credentials

Review →

- Register both OpenShift clusters as described in step 1. When added, the clusters move to the Discovering status while Astra Control Center inspects them and installs the necessary agents. Cluster status changes to Running after they are successfully registered.

admin

10

Dashboard

MANAGE YOUR APPS

Apps

Clusters

MANAGE YOUR STORAGE

Backends

Buckets

MANAGE YOUR ACCOUNT

Account

Activity

Support

Clusters

Actions

+ Add

Search

1-2 of 2 entries

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↓	Ready	Type	Version	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">ocp-vmw</a>		Red Hat OpenShift	v1.20.0+df9c838	Running
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">ocp-vmware2</a>		Red Hat OpenShift	v1.20.0+c8905da	Running



All Red Hat OpenShift clusters to be managed by Astra Control Center should have access to the image registry that was used for its installation as the agents installed on the managed clusters pull the images from that registry.

- Import ONTAP clusters as storage resources to be managed as backends by Astra Control Center. When OpenShift clusters are added to Astra and a storageclass is configured, it automatically discovers and inspects the ONTAP cluster backing the storageclass but does not import it into the Astra Control Center to be managed.



- 
- Manage ONTAP storage backend**

## STEP 1/2: CREDENTIALS

## CREDENTIALS

Enter cluster administrator credentials for the ONTAP storage backend you want to manage.

Cluster management IP address  
172.21.224.201

User name  
admin

Password  
●●●●●●●●

 **MANAGE STORAGE  
BACKEND**

Storage backends provide storage to your Kubernetes applications.

Managing storage clusters in Astra Control as a storage backend will allow you to get linkages between PVs and the storage backend. You will also see capacity and health details of the storage backend, including performance metrics if Astra Control is connected to Cloud Insights.

Read more in [Storage backend](#) .



- Cancel

Review information →



- For backup and restore across OpenShift clusters using Astra Control Center, you must provision an object storage bucket that supports the S3 protocol. Currently supported options are ONTAP S3, StorageGRID, and AWS S3. For the purpose of this installation, we are going to configure an AWS S3 bucket. Go to Buckets, click Add bucket, and select Generic S3. Enter the details about the S3 bucket and credentials to access it, click the checkbox "Make this bucket the default bucket for the cloud," and then click Add.

**Add bucket**
✕

**STORAGE BUCKET**

Enter the access details of your existing object store bucket to allow Astra Control to store your application backups.

Type

Generic S3

Existing bucket name

ocp-vmware2-astra-cc

Description (optional)

S3 server name or IP address

s3.us-east-1.amazonaws.com

☒ Make this bucket the default bucket for this cloud

**SELECT CREDENTIALS**

Astra Control requires S3 access credentials with the roles necessary to facilitate Kubernetes application data management.

Add

Use existing

Access ID

AMW5TFCFKDSU6HWSZXABD

Secret key

.....

Credential name

AWS-S3

Cancel

Add ✓

**ADDING STORAGE BUCKETS**

Astra Control stores backups in your existing object store buckets. The first bucket added for a selected cloud will be designated as the default bucket for backup and clone operations.

Read more in [storage buckets](#)

Next: [Choose the Applications To Protect.](#)

## Choose the applications to protect

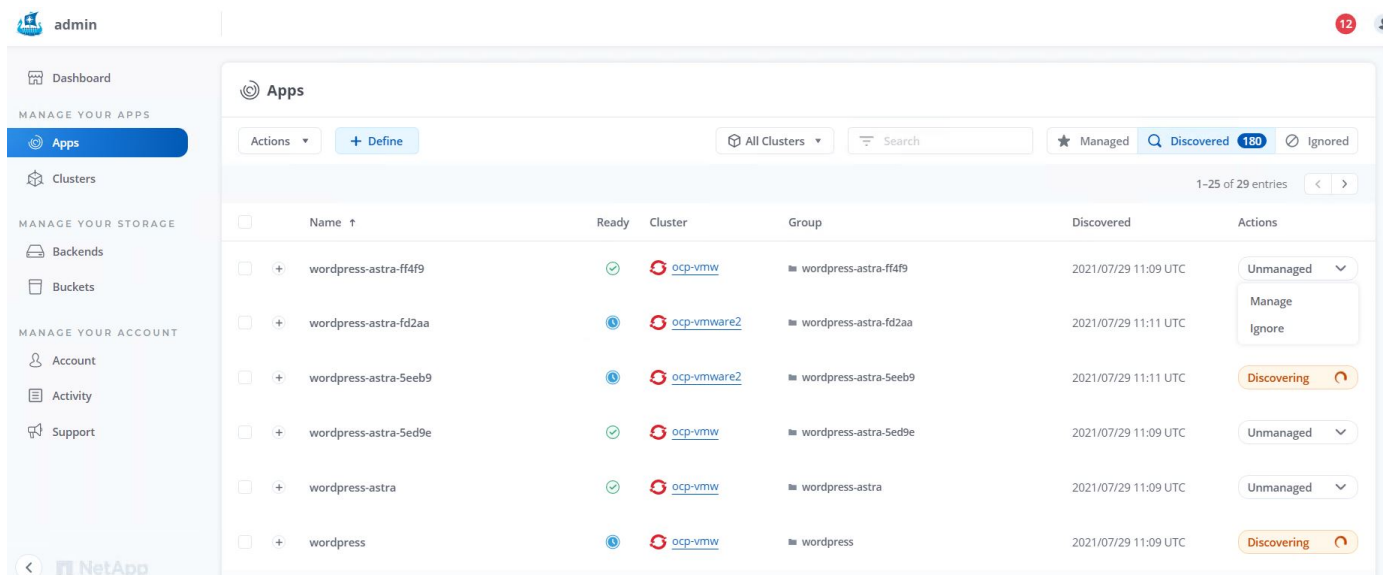
After you have registered your Red Hat OpenShift clusters, you can discover the applications that are deployed and manage them via the Astra Control Center.

## Manage applications

1. After the OpenShift clusters and ONTAP backends are registered with the Astra Control Center, the control center automatically starts discovering the applications in all the namespaces that are using the storageclass configured with the specified ONTAP backend.



2. Navigate to Apps > Discovered and click the dropdown menu next to the application you would like to manage using Astra. Then click Manage.



1. The application enters the Available state and can be viewed under the Managed tab in the Apps section.

<div> <div>Apps</div> <div> <div>Actions</div> <div>+ Define</div> <div>All Clusters</div> <div>Search</div> <div>Managed</div> <div>Discovered 175</div> <div>Ignored</div> </div> </div>							
1-1 of 1 entries							
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↓	Ready	Protected	Cluster	Group	Discovered	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">wordpress-astra-ff4f9</a>				■ wordpress-astra-ff4f9	2021/07/29 11:09 UTC	Available

Next: [Protect Your applications.](#)

## Protect your applications

After application workloads are managed by Astra Control Center, you can configure the protection settings for those workloads.

### Creating an application snapshot

A snapshot of an application creates an ONTAP Snapshot copy that can be used to restore or clone the application to a specific point in time based on that Snapshot copy.

1. To take a snapshot of the application, navigate to the Apps > Managed tab and click the application you would like to make a Snapshot copy of. Click the dropdown menu next to the application name and click Snapshot.

wp

Running

APPLICATION STATUS

Healthy

APPLICATION PROTECTION STATUS

Unprotected

Images

docker.io/bitnami/mariadb:10.5.13-debian-10-r58

docker.io/bitnami/wordpress:5.9.0-debian-10-r1

Protection schedule

Disabled

Group

■ wp

Cluster

Snapshot

Backup

Clone

Restore

Unmanage

2. Enter the snapshot details, click Next, and then click Snapshot. It takes about a minute to create the snapshot, and the status becomes Available after the snapshot is successfully created.

**Snapshot application**

STEP 1/2: DETAILS

X

SNAPSHOT DETAILS

Name

wp-snapshot-20220228185949

CREATING APPLICATION SNAPSHOTS

Astra Control can take a quick snapshot of your application configuration and persistent storage. Enter a snapshot name to get started.

Read more in [Protect apps](#).

Application

wp

Namespace

wp

Cluster

ocp-vmw

Cancel

Next →

## Creating an application backup

A backup of an application captures the active state of the application and the configuration of it's resources, converts them into files, and stores them in a remote object storage bucket.

For the backup and restore of managed applications in the Astra Control Center, you must configure superuser settings for the backing ONTAP systems as a prerequisite. To do so, enter the following commands.

```
ONTAP::> export-policy rule modify -vserver ocp-trident -policyname
default -ruleindex 1 -superuser sys
ONTAP::> export-policy rule modify -policyname default -ruleindex 1 -anon
65534 -vserver ocp-trident
```

1. To create a backup of the managed application in the Astra Control Center, navigate to the Apps > Managed tab and click the application that you want to take a backup of. Click the dropdown menu next to the application name and click Backup.

**wp**

Running ▼

**APPLICATION STATUS**

**Healthy**

**APPLICATION PROTECTION STATUS**

**Unprotected**

Images

docker.io/bitnami/mariadb:10.5.13-debian-10-r58  
 docker.io/bitnami/wordpress:5.9.0-debian-10-r1

Protection schedule

Disabled

Group

wp

Cluster

ocp-vmw

Snapshot

Backup

Clone

Restore

Unmanage

2. Enter the backup details, select the object storage bucket to hold the backup files, click Next, and, after reviewing the details, click Backup. Depending on the size of the application and data, the backup can take several minutes, and the status of the backup becomes Available after the backup is completed successfully.

Backup application

STEP 1/2: DETAILS

X

BACKUP DETAILS

Name

wp-backup

☐ Backup from an existing snapshot

BACKUP DESTINATION

Bucket

na-ocp-astra/na-ocp-acc Available

CREATING APPLICATION BACKUPS

Astra Control can take a backup of your application configuration and persistent storage. Persistent storage backups are transferred to your object store. Enter a backup name to get started.

Read more in [Application backups](#).

Application

wp

Namespace

wp

Cluster

ocp-vmw

Cancel

Next →

## Restoring an application

At the push of a button, you can restore an application to the originating namespace in the same cluster or to a remote cluster for application protection and disaster recovery purposes.

- To restore an application, navigate to Apps > Managed tab and click the app in question. Click the dropdown menu next to the application name and click **Restore**.

wp

Running

APPLICATION STATUS

Healthy

APPLICATION PROTECTION STATUS

Partially protected

Images

docker.io/bitnami/mariadb:10.5.13-debian-10-r58

docker.io/bitnami/wordpress:5.9.0-debian-10-r1

Protection schedule

Disabled

Group

wp

Cluster

ocp-vmw

Snapshot

Backup

Clone

Restore

Unmanage

- Enter the name of the restore namespace, select the cluster you want to restore it to, and choose if you want to restore it from an existing snapshot or from a backup of the application. Click **Next**.



Restore application

STEP 1/2: DETAILS

RESTORE DETAILS

Destination cluster

ocp-vmw

Destination namespace

wp

RESTORE SOURCE

Filter

Snapshots

Backups

Application backup	Ready	On-Schedule/On-Demand	Created ↑
wp-backup	✓	On-Demand	2022/02/28 18:54 UTC

RESTORING APPLICATIONS

Astra Control can restore your application configuration and persistent storage. Select a source snapshot or backup for the restored application.

- Application wp
- Namespace wp
- Cluster ocp-vmw

Cancel

Next →

- On the review pane, enter `restore` and click **Restore** after you have reviewed the details.

Restore application

STEP 2/2: SUMMARY

REVIEW RESTORE INFORMATION

⚠️

All existing resources associated with this application will be deleted and replaced with the source backup "wp-backup" taken on 2022/02/28 18:54 UTC. Persistent volumes will be deleted and recreated. External resources with dependencies on this application may be impacted.

We recommend taking a snapshot or a backup of your application before proceeding.

BACKUP

wp-backup

ORIGINAL GROUP

wp

ORIGINAL CLUSTER

ocp-vmw

RESOURCE LABELS

ClusterRole

kubernetes.io/bootstrapping: rbac-defaults +1

ClusterRoleBinding

RESTORE

wp

DESTINATION GROUP

wp

DESTINATION CLUSTER

ocp-vmw

RESOURCE LABELS

ClusterRole

kubernetes.io/bootstrapping: rbac-defaults +1

ClusterRoleBinding

Are you sure you want to restore the application "wp"?

Type **restore** below to confirm.

Confirm to restore

restore

← Back

Restore ✓

- The new application goes to the Restoring state while Astra Control Center restores the application on the selected cluster. After all the resources of the application are installed and detected by Astra, the application goes to the Available state.

Actions ▾

+ Define

▾

Search

★

🔍

110

🗑

🔄

1-1 of 1 entries

<


>


<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↓	Ready	Protected	Cluster	Group	Discovered	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">wp</a>	✔	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div><div>ocp-vmw</div></div>	<div><div></div><div>wp</div></div>	2022/02/28 18:34 UTC	<div>Available</div> <div>▾</div>

## Cloning an application

You can clone an application to the originating cluster or to a remote cluster for dev/test or application protection and disaster recovery purposes. Cloning an application within the same cluster on the same storage backend uses NetApp FlexClone technology, which clones the PVCs instantly and saves storage space.

1. To clone an application, navigate to the Apps > Managed tab and click the app in question. Click the dropdown menu next to the application name and click Clone.

 **wp**

Running 



Snapshot



Backup

Clone

Restore


Unmanage


 **APPLICATION STATUS**  
 Healthy

 **APPLICATION PROTECTION STATUS**  
 Partially protected


**Images**  
 docker.io/bitnami/mariadb:10.5.13-debian-10-r58  
 docker.io/bitnami/wordpress:5.9.0-debian-10-r1

**Protection schedule**  
 Disabled

**Group**  
 wp

**Cluster**  
 ocp-vmw

2. Enter the details of the new namespace, select the cluster you want to clone it to, and choose if you want to clone it from an existing snapshot or a backup or the current state of the application. Then click Next and click Clone on review pane once you have reviewed the details.

 **Clone application**


STEP 1/2: DETAILS


✕

CLONE DETAILS

Clone name  
 wp-clone


Clone namespace  
 wp-clone


Destination cluster  
 ocp-vmw ▾


☐ Clone from an existing snapshot or backup 


CLONING APPLICATIONS

Astra Control can create a clone of your application configuration and persistent storage. Persistent storage backups are transferred from your object store, so choosing a clone from an existing backup will complete the fastest. Enter a clone name to get started.

Read more in [Clone applications](#) .

 Application wp

 Namespace wp

 Cluster ocp-vmw

Cancel





Next →

3. The new application goes to the Discovering state while Astra Control Center creates the application on the

16

selected cluster. After all the resources of the application are installed and detected by Astra, the application goes to the Available state.

## Applications

<div>Actions <span>▼</span> <span>+ Define</span> <span>📦 ▼</span> <span>🔍 Search</span> <span>★</span> <span>🔍</span> <span>110</span> <span>🗑️</span></div>							
<div><span>🔄</span> 1-2 of 2 entries <span>&lt;</span> <span>&gt;</span></div>							
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↓	Ready	Protected	Cluster	Group	Discovered	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">wp</a>	<span>✓</span>	<span>i</span>	 <a href="#">ocp-vmw</a>	 wp	2022/02/28 18:34 UTC	Available <span>▼</span>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">wp-clone</a>	<span>✓</span>	<span>⚠️</span>	 <a href="#">ocp-vmw</a>	 wp-clone	2022/02/28 19:21 UTC	Available <span>▼</span>

Next: [Solution Validation/Use Cases](#).

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