



Features

NetApp Solutions

NetApp
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Table of Contents

- Features 1
 - Features: Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp 1
 - Features: Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp 3
 - Features: Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp 5
 - Features: Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp 7
 - Features: Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp 9

Features

Features: Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp

Cluster Lifecycle Management

To manage different OpenShift clusters, you can either create or import them into Advanced Cluster Management.

1. First navigate to Automate Infrastructures > Clusters.
2. To create a new OpenShift cluster, complete the following steps:
 - a. Create a provider connection: Navigate to Provider Connections and click Add a Connection, provide all the details corresponding to the selected provider type and click Add.

Select a provider and enter basic information

Provider * ⓘ

aws Amazon Web Services ▼

Connection name * ⓘ

nik-hcl-aws

Namespace * ⓘ

default ▼

Configure your provider connection

Base DNS domain ⓘ

cie.netapp.com

AWS access key ID * ⓘ

AKIATCFBZDOIASDSA

AWS secret access key * ⓘ

.....

Red Hat OpenShift pull secret * ⓘ

```
FuS3pNbktVaHplNFc2MkZsbmtBVGN6TktmUIZXcHcxOW9teEZwQ0lYIzId3cjJobGxJeDBQNOxIzE0yeGM5Q0ZwZk5RR2JUanlxNnNUM2IRb0FJbUfjNCIBYlpEwVZEOHitNkxTMDZPUVpoWFRhcGwtRElDQ2RSYlJRaTlxblDLT2oyQ3pVeUJfNllwcENSa2YyOUsyLWZGSFVfNA==", "email": "Nikhil.kulkarni@netapp.com"}}, "registry.redhat.io":
```

SSH private key * ⓘ

```
-----BEGIN OPENSSH PRIVATE KEY-----
b3BlbnNzaC1rZXktbjEAAAAABG5vbmUAAAAEbasdadssadm9uZQAAAAAAAAABAAAAAMwAAAAatzc2gtZW
QyNTUxOQAAACCLcwLgAvSIHAeP+DevIRNzaG2zkNreMIZ/UHyfOUWwAAAAAJhy/wa6xf8Gu
```

SSH public key * ⓘ

```
ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAAIltzAuAC746agdh2lcB4/4N6/VE3NobbOQ2t4zVn9QfJ/RRa8A root@nik-rhel8
```

- b. To create a new cluster, navigate to Clusters and click Add a Cluster > Create a Cluster. Provide the details for the cluster and the corresponding provider and click Create.

The screenshot shows the 'Configuration' section of the Red Hat OpenShift cluster creation interface. It includes a 'Cluster name' field with the value 'rh-aws'. The 'Distribution' section shows 'Red Hat OpenShift' selected. The 'Infrastructure provider' section shows 'Amazon Web Services' selected, with other options like 'Google Cloud', 'Microsoft Azure', 'VMware vSphere', and 'Bare Metal' available. The 'Release image' field contains the URL 'quay.io/openshift-release-dev/ocp-release:4.7.12-x86_64'. The 'Provider connection' field contains the value 'nik-hcl-aws'. An 'Add a connection' link is visible at the bottom right of the configuration section.

Configuration

Cluster name * ⓘ

rh-aws

Distribution

Select the type of Kubernetes distribution to use for your cluster.

 Red Hat OpenShift ✓

Select an infrastructure provider to host your Red Hat OpenShift cluster.

 Amazon Web Services ✓

 Google Cloud

 Microsoft Azure

 VMware vSphere

 Bare Metal

Release image * ⓘ

quay.io/openshift-release-dev/ocp-release:4.7.12-x86_64 ✕ ▼

Provider connection * ⓘ

nik-hcl-aws ✕ ▼

[Add a connection](#)

- c. After the cluster is created, it appears in the cluster list with the status Ready.
3. To import an existing cluster, complete the following steps:
- Navigate to Clusters and click Add a Cluster > Import an Existing Cluster.
 - Enter the name of the cluster and click Save Import and Generate Code. A command to add the existing cluster is displayed.
 - Click Copy Command and run the command on the cluster to be added to the hub cluster. This initiates the installation of the necessary agents on the cluster, and, after this process is complete, the cluster appears in the cluster list with status Ready.

Name *

ocp-vmw1

Additional labels

Once you click on "Save import and generate code", the information you entered will be used to generate the code and cannot be modified anymore. If you wish to change any information, you will have to delete and re-import this cluster.

Code generated successfully Import saved

Run a command

1. Copy this command

Click the button to have the command automatically copied to your clipboard.

Copy command

2. Run this command with kubectl configured for your targeted cluster to start the import

Log in to the existing cluster in your terminal and run the command.

View cluster Import another

4. After you create and import multiple clusters, you can monitor and manage them from a single console.

[Next: Features - Application Lifecycle Management.](#)

Features: Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp

Application lifecycle management

To create an application and manage it across a set of clusters,

1. Navigate to Manage Applications from the sidebar and click Create Application. Provide the details of the application you would like to create and click Save.

Create an application YAML: Off

Cancel

Save

Name* ⓘ
demo-app

Namespace* ⓘ
default

^ **Repository location for resources**

^ **Repository types**

Select the type of repository where resources that you want to deploy are located

 Git ☒

URL* ⓘ
https://github.com/open-cluster-management/acm-hive-openshift-releases.git

Branch ⓘ
main

Path ⓘ
clusterImageSets/fast/4.7

- After the application components are installed, the application appears in the list.

Applications

Refresh every 15s

Last update: 7:36:23 PM

Overview

Advanced configuration

Create application

Search						
Name	Namespace	Clusters	Resource	Time window	Created	
demo-app	default	Local	Git		8 days ago	
1 - 1 of 1						

- The application can now be monitored and managed from the console.

Features: Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp

Governance and risk

This feature allows you to define the compliance policies for different clusters and make sure that the clusters adhere to it. You can configure the policies to either inform or remediate any deviations or violations of the rules.

1. Navigate to Governance and Risk from the sidebar.
2. To create compliance policies, click Create Policy, enter the details of the policy standards, and select the clusters that should adhere to this policy. If you want to automatically remediate the violations of this policy, select the checkbox Enforce if Supported and click Create.

Create policy YAML: Off

Name *

policy-complianceoperator

Namespace * 

default

Specifications *  ComplianceOperator**Cluster selector**  local-cluster: "true"**Standards**  NIST-CSF**Categories**  PR.IP Information Protection Processes and Procedures**Controls**  PR.IP-1 Baseline Configuration☐ **Enforce if supported** ☐ **Disable policy** 

- After all the required policies are configured, any policy or cluster violations can be monitored and remediated from Advanced Cluster Management.

Summary 1

Standards ▼

NIST-CSF



No violations found

Based on the industry standards, there are no cluster or policy violations.

Policies

Cluster violations

Find policies

Policy name ↑	Namespace ↑	Remediation ↑	Cluster violations	Standards ↑	Categories ↑	Controls ↑	Created ↓
policy-complianceoperator	default	inform	✓ 0/1	NIST-CSF	PR.IP Information Protection Processes and Procedures	PR.IP-1 Baseline Configuration	32 minutes ago ⋮

1 - 1 of 1 ▼ << < 1 of 1 > >>

[Next: Features - Observability.](#)

Features: Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp

Observability

Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes provides a way to monitor the nodes, pods, and applications, and workloads across all the clusters.

1. Navigate to Observe Environments > Overview.



2. All pods and workloads across all clusters are monitored and sorted based on a variety of filters. Click Pods to view the corresponding data.



3. All nodes across the clusters are monitored and analyzed based on a variety of data points. Click Nodes to get more insight into the corresponding details.

Search

Saved searches [Open new search tab](#)

3 Related cluster

1k Related pod

12 Related service

Show all (3)

Node (20)

Name	Cluster	Role	Architecture	OS image	CPU	Created	Labels
ocp-master-1.ocp-bare-metal.cie.netapp.com	ocp-bare-metal	master; worker	amd64	Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS 47.83.202103292105-0 (Ootpa)	48	a month ago	beta.kubernetes.io/arch=amd64 beta.kubernetes.io/os=linux kubernetes.io/arch=amd64 5 more
ocp-master-2.ocp-bare-metal.cie.netapp.com	ocp-bare-metal	master; worker	amd64	Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS 47.83.202103292105-0 (Ootpa)	48	a month ago	beta.kubernetes.io/arch=amd64 beta.kubernetes.io/os=linux kubernetes.io/arch=amd64 5 more
ocp-master-3.ocp-bare-metal.cie.netapp.com	ocp-bare-metal	master; worker	amd64	Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS 47.83.202103292105-0 (Ootpa)	48	a month ago	beta.kubernetes.io/arch=amd64 beta.kubernetes.io/os=linux kubernetes.io/arch=amd64 5 more

4. All clusters are monitored and organized based on different cluster resources and parameters. Click Clusters to view cluster details.

Search

Saved searches [Open new search tab](#)

3k Related secret

787 Related pod

15 Related persistentvolumeclaim

17 Related node

1 Related application

15 Related persistentvolume

1 Related searchcollector

8 Related clusterclaim

3 Related resourcequota

5 Related identity

Show all (159)

Cluster (2)

Name	Available	Hub accepted	Joined	Nodes	Kubernetes version	CPU	Memory	Console URL	Labels
local-cluster	True	True	True	8	v1.20.0+c8905da	84	418501Mi	Launch	cloud=VSphere clusterID=148632d9-69d5-4ae4-98ee-8df886463c3 installer.name=multiclusterhub 4 more
ocp-vmw	True	True	True	9	v1.20.0+df9c838	28	111981Mi	Launch	cloud=VSphere clusterID=9d76ac4e-4aae-4d45-a2e8-11b6b54282fe name=ocp-vmw 1 more

Next: Features - Create Resources.

Features: Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp

Create resources on multiple clusters

Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes allows users to create resources on one or more managed clusters simultaneously from the console. As an example, if you have OpenShift clusters at different sites backed with different NetApp ONTAP clusters and want to provision PVC's at both sites, you can click the (+) sign on the top bar. Then select the clusters on which you want to create the PVC, paste the resource YAML, and click Create.

Create resource

[Cancel](#)[Create](#)

Clusters | Select the clusters where the resource(s) will be deployed.

2 x local-cluster,
ocp-vmw

Resource configuration | Enter the configuration manifest for the resource(s).

YAML

```
1 kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
2 apiVersion: v1
3 metadata:
4   name: demo-pvc
5 spec:
6   accessModes:
7     - ReadWriteOnce
8   resources:
9     requests:
10      storage: 1Gi
11   storageClassName: ocp-trident
```

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