

## Taller 8 - Daniel Amado.

1. a)  $476 \rightarrow 1DC$

$$\frac{476}{16} = 29, \text{ residuo } 12 \rightarrow C$$

$$\frac{29}{16} = 1, \text{ residuo } 13 \rightarrow D$$

b)  $47 \rightarrow 2F$

$$\frac{47}{16} = 2, \text{ residuo } 15 \rightarrow F$$

c)  $10\,000 \rightarrow 2710$

$$\frac{10\,000}{16} = 625, \text{ res } 0$$

$$\frac{625}{16} = 39, \text{ res } 1$$

$$\frac{39}{16} = 2, \text{ res } 7$$

d)  $4099 \rightarrow 1003$

$$\frac{4099}{16} = 256, \text{ res } 3$$

$$\frac{256}{16} = 16, \text{ res } 0$$

$$\frac{16}{16} = 1, \text{ res } 0$$

2. a)  $1000_{(8)} \rightarrow 512_{(10)}$

$$0 \cdot 8^0 = 0$$

$$0 \cdot 8^1 = 0$$

$$0 \cdot 8^2 = 0$$

$$1 \cdot 8^3 = 512$$

b)  $686_{(8)} \rightarrow 449_{(10)}$

$$6 \cdot 8^0 = 6$$

$$8 \cdot 8^1 = 64$$

$$6 \cdot 8^2 = 384$$

c)  $4321_{(8)} \rightarrow 2257_{(10)}$

$$1 \cdot 8^0 = 1$$

$$2 \cdot 8^1 = 16$$

$$3 \cdot 8^2 = 192$$

$$4 \cdot 8^3 = 2048$$

d)  $406_{(8)} \rightarrow 262_{(10)}$

$$6 \cdot 8^0 = 6$$

$$0 \cdot 8^1 = 0$$

$$4 \cdot 8^2 = 256$$

3. a)  $65\,022,22 + 0,009998 \rightarrow 0,6500 \times 10^5 + 0,9998 \times 10^{-2}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0,6500000000 \times 10^5 \\ + 0,0000009998 \times 10^5 \\ \hline 0,6500009998 \times 10^5 \end{array}$$

$0,6500009 \times 10^5$



$$b) 310,044 - 19\,450,006 \rightarrow 0,3100 \times 10^3 - 0,1945 \times 10^5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0,003100 \times 10^5 \\ - 0,194500 \times 10^5 \\ \hline - 0,191400 \times 10^5 \end{array} \quad 0,1914 \times 10^5$$

$$c) 0,44945 \cdot 0,0009667 \rightarrow 0,4495 \times 10^0 \cdot 0,9667 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$0,4495 \cdot 0,9667 \times 10^{-3} = 0,4480166 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$d) 32,5500022 \div 0,000895999 \rightarrow 0,3255 \times 10^2 \div 0,896 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$= 0,3632812 \times 10^5$$