R Packages for a Reproducibile Workflow

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2023-08-09

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1 here package

• uses file path relative to the current project

```
# install here package
install.packages("here")

# read in a csv file
readr::read_csv(here::here("folder", "subfolder", "subsubfolder", "file.csv"))
# or
readr::read_csv(here::here("folder/subfolder/subsubfolder/file.csv"))
```

2 pacman package

- p_load() function checks if listed packages are already installed
 - if yes, loads them (as with library())
 - if no, installs and then lodas them (as long as they're CRAN packages!)

3 renv package

The renv packages stores your project-local environment. That is, it creates a time capsule of the R and package versions that you use within an R Project.

The benefits:

- your output is not dependent on whichever project version you currently have stored on your machine
 - e.g., if you come back to an analysis after a long time, the output should still be the same even if a certain package version has deprecated a function your analysis uses.
- makes the project *reproducible* for collaborators as well, who will likely have some different package versions (or will have missing packages) on their machine

The hard-to-get-your-head-around (imo):

- with each new R Project with a renv.lock file, you need to install all the necessary packages again (even if they're on your machine)
 - this is because each renv doesn't look beyond your project folder!
- remembering to update the renv.lock file frequently!

A Running renv functions

Remember to always run renv functions in the console! You do not want e.g., renv initialising a new renv.lock file every time you render your documents.

3.1 Activate or init

• to initialise a new project-local environment:

```
renv::init()
```

3.2 Snapshot

• update renv.lock file

```
renv::snapshot()
```

After updating the renv.lock file, remember to commit/push these changes to git (if you're using it)!



Version control

After updating the renv.lock file (i.e., running renv::snapshot()), remember to commit/push these changes to git (if you're using git)! Otherwise, your renv.lock file will be outdated compared to your output.

3.3 Restore

- will restore your project to the most recent renv.lock file versions
 - this step follows snapshot(), which updates the renv.lock file
- very useful after updating R!

```
renv::restore()
```

3.4 Upgrade

• to update the renv package:

Table 1: Summary of useful commands from the usethis package

command	function
git_token_help()	print crediential situation
git_sitrep()	print more verbose credential information
git_vaccinate()	add appropriate files to .gitignore (remember to stage, commit, and push)
browse_github()	view project GitHub
browse_project() / _package()	visit project-related pages
browse_github_actions()	view overview of GitHub actions
git_credentials()	print credentials
create_github_token()	create a Personal Access Token (PAT)
gitcreds_set()	add your PAT

```
# upgrade renv version
renv::upgrade()
```

3.5 Update and Hydrate

```
# updates all packages (stored in renv.lock) in the renv cache
renv::hydrate(update = "all")

# update should have no effect now, but doesn't hurt to check
renv::update()

# now take a snapshot with the updated packages
renv::snapshot()
```

• Version control (repeated)

After updating the renv.lock file (i.e., running renv::snapshot()), remember to commit/push these changes to git (if you're using git)! Otherwise, your renv.lock file will be outdated compared to your output.

4 usethis package

The usethis package automates project set-up and development, and is also useful when creating a package (see the package Documentation for more info).

Table 2: ?(caption)

5 gitcreds package

Has some similar functionality to usethis with regards to using git/GitHub in an R project. See the package GitHub page for more information.