Using Rdf4j libraries and workbench application to perform SPARQL federated queries

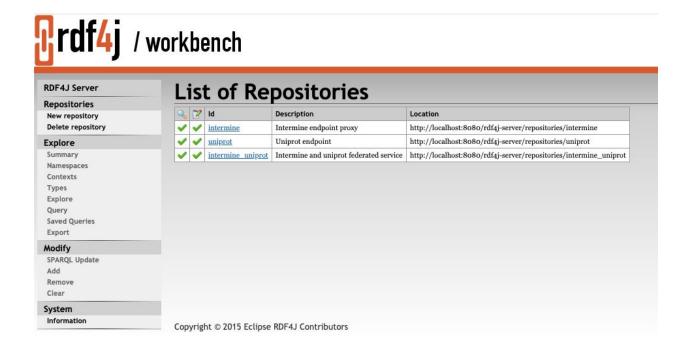
Introduction

This quick guide explains how to use the Rdf4j library and workbench to perform federated queries. This functionality is available by the federation with FedX , as explained here .

Workbench installation

The Rdf4j workbench is a simple webapp that provides a graphical interface to define single external SPARQL endpoints and also federate them into a unique federated endpoint, and run sparql queries. It can be easily deployed in a Tomcat environment as described here .

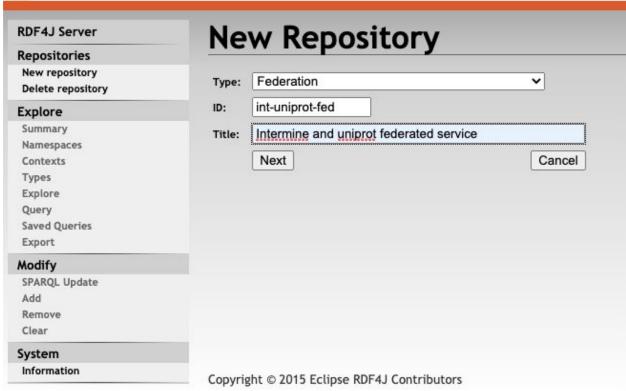
Once deployed, the environment is accessible through http://localhost:8080/rdf4j-workbench/.



By clicking in "New repository", we can define a new single sparql endpoint, of type "SPARQL endpoint proxy". The definition is simple, the only information needed is the URI of the external sparql endpoint we want to define.

Once we have defined the single endpoints, we can federate them by defining a new repository of type "Federation" in the workbench. The application allows us to select all the single repositories that will be part of the federation:







RDF4J Server	New Repository	
Repositories	11011 110	posicoi y
New repository Delete repository	Type:	Federation Store ➤
Explore	ID:	int-uniprot-fed
Summary Namespaces	Title:	Intermine and uniprot federated service
Contexts Types Explore	Federation members:	uniprot

Once defined, we can select the federated repository to use by the workbench for the SPARQL queries. The application allows us to make the selection of the reference repository in the home page, and it can be changed at every time also by clicking on the "change" link in the up right corner of the page.

Intermine-Uniprot federated query

In this use case we have defined the intermine and uniprot repositories, where:

- Intermine SPARQL endpoint has been deployed in the context of this hackathon, in project 22, by using Jena, RDF4J, R2RML and Ontop to transform the Intermine relational database into a SPARQL one. The intermine test SPARQL endpoint is available on a localhost port;
- Uniprot is the related project public endpoint.

We have performed a simple federated query, where Protein is a resource that is present in both environments. Then, we have asked for two properties, one coming from Intermine, the other one coming from Uniprot. Rdf4j federates the query, returning in one row, for the matching Protein. Basically, allowing an user to query all of the InterMine instance and UniProt as if they were a single data warehouse.





Obviously, this is a very simple query, in order to demonstrate federation. More complex queries have to be performed in order to test the system.

Defining a Federated SPARQL environment by Java code

Through the usage of the Rdf4j libraries it is possible to define a federated repository and perform queries via java code. Some examples can be found here (section 2.1).

A simple main class defining a federated environment between Intermine and Uniprot, performing the SPARQL query defined above, has been released in the Biohackathon code for project 22.