Name: Daniela Marie D. Rabang	Date Performed: 10/09/2023
Course/Section: CPE232/CPE31S4	Date Submitted: 10/10/2023
Instructor: Dr. Jonathan V. Taylar	Semester and SY: 1st Sem 2023-2024

Activity 7: Managing Files and Creating Roles in Ansible

1. Objectives:

- 1.1 Manage files in remote servers
- 1.2 Implement roles in ansible

2. Discussion:

In this activity, we look at the concept of copying a file to a server. We are going to create a file into our git repository and use Ansible to grab that file and put it into a particular place so that we could do things like customize a default website, or maybe install a default configuration file. We will also implement roles to consolidate plays.

Task 1: Create a file and copy it to remote servers

```
daniela@workstation:~$ git clone https://github.com/danielarabang/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7.git
Cloning into 'CPE232_RABANG_HOA7'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 3, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (3/3), done.
daniela@workstation:~$ cd CPE232_RABANG_HOA7
daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7$
```

1. Using the previous directory we created, create a directory, and named it "files." Create a file inside that directory and name it "default_site.html." Edit the file and put basic HTML syntax. Any content will do, as long as it will display text later. Save the file and exit.

```
daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7$ mkdir files
daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7$ cd files
daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files$ sudo nano default_site.html
GNU nano 2.9.3

default site.html
```

```
!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<hl>My First Heading</hl>
My first paragraph.
</body>
</html>
```

- 2. Edit the *site.yml* file and just below the *web_servers* play, create a new file to copy the default html file for site:
 - name: copy default html file for site

tags: apache, apache2, httpd

```
src: default_site.html
 dest: /var/www/html/index.html
 owner: root
 group: root
 mode: 0644
hosts: web_servers
become: true
tasks:
- name: install apache and php for Ubuntu servers
 apt:
     - apache2
   - libapache2-mod-php
state: latest
 when: ansible distribution == "Ubuntu"
- name: install apache and php for CentOS servers
   name:
     - httpd
     - php
   state: latest
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"
 name: copy default html file for site
  tags: apache, apache2, httpd
 copy:
   src: default_site.html
   dest: /var/www/html/index.html
   owner: root
```

copy:

3. Run the playbook site.yml. Describe the changes.

group: root mode: 0664

```
daniela@workstation:-/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files$ ansible-playbook --ask-become-pass site.yml
SUDO password:

PLAY [all]

TASK [sathering Facts]

ok: [192.108.56.110]

ok: [192.108.56.112]

TASK [install updates (CentOS)]

skipping: [192.168.56.112]

TASK [install updates (Ubuntu)]

skipping: [192.168.56.112]

TASK [install updates (Ubuntu)]

skipping: [192.168.56.111]

ok: [192.168.56.111]

ok: [192.168.56.110]

PLAY [web_servers]

TASK [Gathering Facts]

ok: [192.168.56.110]

TASK [install apache and php for Ubuntu servers]

skipping: [192.168.56.112]

TASK [install apache and php for CentOS servers]

skipping: [192.168.56.110]

TASK [copy default html file for site]

ok: [192.168.56.112]
```

4. Go to the remote servers (web_servers) listed in your inventory. Use cat command to check if the index.html is the same as the local repository file

(*default_site.html*). Do both for Ubuntu and CentOS servers. On the CentOS server, go to the browser and type its IP address. Describe the output.

```
daniela@server1:~$ cat /var/www/html/index.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h1>My First Heading</h1>
My first paragraph.
</body>
</html>
[daniela@localhost ~]$ cat /var/www/html/index.html
```

```
[daniela@localhost ~]$ cat /var/www/html/index.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h1>My First Heading</h1>
My first paragraph.
</body>
</body>
</html>
```

5. Sync your local repository with GitHub and describe the changes.

Task 2: Download a file and extract it to a remote server

1. Edit the site.yml. Just before the web_servers play, create a new play:

 hosts: workstations become: true tasks:

> name: install unzip package: name: unzip

 name: install terraform unarchive:

src:

https://releases.hashicorp.com/terraform/0.12.28/terraform 0.12.28 linux amd64.zip

dest: /usr/local/bin remote_src: yes mode: 0755 owner: root group: root

```
- hosts: workstations
become: true
tasks:
- name: install unzip
package:
    name: unzip

- name: install terraform
unarchive:
    src: https://releases.hashicorp.com/terraform/0.12.28/terraform_0.12.28_linux_amd64.zip
    dest: /usr/local/bin
    remote_src: yes
    mode: 0755
    owner: root
    group: root
```

- 2. Edit the inventory file and add workstations group. Add any Ubuntu remote server. Make sure to remember the IP address.
- Run the playbook. Describe the output.

4. On the Ubuntu remote workstation, type terraform to verify installation of terraform. Describe the output.

Task 3: Create roles

1. Edit the site.yml. Configure roles as follows: (make sure to create a copy of the old site.yml file because you will be copying the specific plays for all groups)

```
hosts: all
become: true
pre_tasks:

    name: update repository index (CentOS)

  tags: always
  dnf:
    update_cache: yes
  changed when: false
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"

    name: install updates (Ubuntu)

  tags: always
  apt:
    update_cache: yes
  changed_when: false
  when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
hosts: all
become: true
roles:
  - base
hosts: workstations
become: true
roles:
  - workstations
hosts: web_servers
become: true
roles:
  web_servers
hosts: db_servers
become: true
roles:

    db_servers

hosts: file_servers
become: true
roles:
  - file_servers
```

Save the file and exit.

2. Under the same directory, create a new directory and name it roles. Enter the roles directory and create new directories: base, web_servers, file_servers,

db servers and workstations. For each directory, create a directory and name it tasks. daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files\$ mkdir roles daniela@workstation:~/CPE232 RABANG HOA7/files\$ cd roles daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles\$ mkdir base daniela@workstation:~/CPE232 RABANG HOA7/files/roles\$ mkdir db servers daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles\$ mkdir file servers daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles\$ mkdir web_servers daniela@workstation:~/CPE232 RABANG HOA7/files/roles\$ mkdir workstations daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles\$ cd base daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles/base\$ mkdir tasks daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles/base\$ cd tasks daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles/base/tasks\$ sudo nano main.yml daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles\$ cd file_servers daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles/file_servers\$ mkdir tasks daniela@workstation:~/CPE232 RABANG servers/tasks\$ sudo nano main.vml .les/roles\$ cd web servers daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles/web_servers\$ mkdir tasks daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles/web_servers\$ cd tasks daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles/web_servers/tasks\$ sudo nano main.yml daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles/workstations\$_mkdir_tasks daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles/workstations\$ cd tasks daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles/workstations/tasks\$ sudo nano main.yml daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles\$ tree tasks — main.yml └─ main.yml main.yml └─ main.yml main.yml └─ main.yml

3. Go to tasks for all directory and create a file. Name it main.yml. In each of the tasks for all directories, copy and paste the code from the old site.yml file. Show all contents of main.yml files for all tasks.

daniela@workstation:~/CPE232_RABANG_HOA7/files/roles\$

10 directories, 6 files

```
GNU nano 6.2
                                                  main.vml *

    name: install mariadb package (CentOS)

    name: mariadb-server
   when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"
   service:
name: mariadb
    state: restarted enabled: true

    name: install mariadb package (Ubuntu)

    name: mariadb package (Ubuntu)
     name: mariadb-server
    state: latest
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
                                                  main.yml *
   name: install samba package
  package:
name: samba
state: latest
   GNU nano 6.2
                                                                                           main.yml
   - name: install apache and php for Ubuntu servers
      apt:
        name:
           - apache2

    libapache2-mod-php

         state: latest
      when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
   - name: install apache and php for CentOS servers
      vum:
        name:

    httpd

           - php
         state: latest
      when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"
  GNU nano 6.2
                                                                     main.yml
  name: install unzip
       name: unzip
   name: install terraform
   unarchive:
       src: https://releases.hashicorp.com/terraform/0.12.28/terraform_0.12.28_linux_amd64.zip
      dest: /usr/local/bin
      remote_src: yes
      mode: 0755
      owner: root
      group: root
   4. Run the site.yml playbook and describe the output.
Reflections:
```

Answer the following:

1. What is the importance of creating roles?

- It is important to create roles for specific tasks, this is because it helps the system to know where the tasks need to be done and executed. By this the process will be more light and easier not just for the user.

2. What is the importance of managing files?

- Managing files is important so that the user can have a hold on the files that are in the systems. This is also important for the user, so that they can have access from all the files, information, and documents.

Conclusion:

In this hands-on activity which tackles managing files and also creating roles in ansible, From the start of the activity, I had created a new repository for this specific hands-on activity. Then I used the command git clone so that I can access the repository through my workstation. In task 1, I had to create a directory inside my hoa repository directory. After that I had created a default_site.html file that I will use on the next task. Then next I had edited my site.yml using all the commands on my playbook that I had used last hands-on activity. I also created a site.yml and ran it. after running all the tasks that are in the playbook. Then I tested if the html file was there, after that I had pushed and committed all the changes that I had done for task number one through my repository. For task 2, which is the file to a remote server, I had modified the site.yml where I can run a task that has a specific host to install unzip, and the terraform. Then after that I had encountered a lot of errors saying that it had failed downloading. Then on the tasks 3, I had created roles on where I had created directory roles then in that I created a directory tasks and inside that is the main.yml file where I had put all the commands that I had used in the previous activities that is for that role.