

Error Handling & Pickling

Introduction

In this assignment I will explain step-by-step how I created a script that saves to a binary file and how I defined a few examples of error handling. Assignment 07 is meant to prove understanding of the Python pickling concept and error handling situations. Key sources I used to learn more about pickling and error handling:

- [Pickle – Python object serialization](#) (Python docs)
- [Errors and Exceptions](#) (Python docs)
- [edX class Introduction to Programming Using Python](#)

Creating the Program

The steps I followed to develop and run the program:

1. **Created a new script file with the .py extension**
2. **Updated the script header including inline comments in the script file**
 - a. Updated the change log (who, when, what).
3. **Added some error handling examples:**
 - a. **IO Error: file does not exist using the syntax try-except-else:**
 - i. I added code for the program to open and read a file that does not exist.
 - ii. I added the exception for the input/output error and included that the program should print that it could not find the file if it doesn't find it.
 - iii. I added an 'else' statement that the program should read the file if it finds it.
 - b. **Zero division error and value error showcasing how to use multiple except statements:**
 - i. Added a while loop so that the program continues running until the user adds the right input
 - ii. Added an input statement asking the user to enter a number other than zero.
 - iii. Converted the user input into a float
 - iv. Added a new variable p that is calculated based on the user's input.
 - v. Introduced the **Zero division error** and told the program to print an error message if the user inputs 0.
 - vi. Introduced the Value Error if the user provides something else than a number like a text response.
 - vii. Added an 'else' statement to print the value of the number calculated based on user input.
 - viii. Added a 'break' to break the while loop at this point.
 - ix. Added a 'finally' statement to print 'Done' when the program ends.
 - c. **Figure 1** shows my code with the error handling examples.
4. **Demonstrated the pickling concept by saving to a binary file.**
 - a. Imported the pickle
 - b. Defined my variables

- c. Processed the data by defining my functions to save data to the file and then to read data from the file.
- d. Added code for the presentation section:
 - i. Added two input statements to collect data from the user
 - ii. Stored the input into a list
 - iii. Stored the list into a binary file by opening the file in writing 'wb' mode and using the 'pickle.dump' expression. Closed the file.
 - iv. Read the file into a new list and displayed the content. Opened the file and used the 'pickle.load' expression to read the file. Closed the file.
 - v. Added a print statement to print the data in the file.
- e. **Figure 2** shows my code with the pickling script.

```
# IO Error - file does not exist
try:
    File=open('MyDatabase.txt', 'r')
except IOError:
    print ("Could not find the file")
else:
    data=File.read()
    print(data)
    File.close()

# ZeroDivisionError, ValueError
while True:
    user_response=input('Please enter a number other than zero:')
    try:
        y=float(user_response)
        p=10/y
    except (ZeroDivisionError):
        print ('Cannot be divided by 0!')
    except (ValueError):
        print ('Input needs to be a number!')
    else:
        print ('The value of p is', p)
        break
    finally:
        print ('Done')
```

Figure 1: Error handling

```

# -----#
import pickle
# Data -----#
file_name= 'MyTasks.dat'
to_do_list = []

# Processing -----#
def save_data_to_file(file_name, list_of_data):
    file_name=open('MyTasks.dat', 'w')
    for row in to_do_list:
        file_name.write(str(row('Priority'))+str(row('Task')))
    file_name.close()

def read_data_from_file(file_name):
    file_name=open('MyTasks.dat', 'r')
    for row in to_do_list:
        file_name.read(str(row('Priority'))+str(row('Task')))
    file_name.close()

# Presentation -----#
# Getting user input, then store it in a list object
Priority=int(input('Priority:'))
Task=str(input ('Task:'))
to_do_list=[Priority, Task]
# Storing the list object into a binary file
file_name=open('MyTasks.dat', 'wb')
pickle.dump(to_do_list, file_name)
file_name.close()

# Reading the data from the file into a new list object and display the contents
file_name=open('MyTasks.dat', 'rb')
file_name_data=pickle.load(file_name)
file_name.close()

print(file_name_data)

```

Figure 2: Functions in the class Input/Output

5. **Ran the program through CMD**
 - a. Opened CMD and added the path file for “Assignment05”

