

Chapter 23

$$q. \quad \sigma q = \rho \Delta V. \quad dq = \rho dV \quad dV = 4\pi r^2 \cdot dr \quad dq = \rho 4\pi r^2 dr$$

$$\int dq = 4\pi A \cdot a^2 \quad \therefore A = \frac{q}{2\pi a^2} = 5.3 \times 10^{-11} \text{ C/m}^2$$

$$2. \quad (a) \quad \vec{E} = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0} \quad \vec{E}_{\text{net}} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \quad \therefore E_{\text{net}} = 2.61 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N/C} \quad \uparrow \vec{E}$$

$$(b) \quad \vec{E}_{\text{net}} = 0$$

$$(c) \quad \vec{E}_{\text{net}} = 2.61 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N/C} \quad \downarrow \vec{E}$$



23. \hat{j} direction

$$\phi_E = 4y^2 \int \phi dA$$

$$\phi = -2y^2 \cdot a^2 + 2y'^2 a^2 = 2a^2(y'^2 - y^2)$$

$$\text{Ans. } a = 2\text{m}^2$$

$$-2 \times 4^2 \times 2^2 + 2 \times 2^2 \times 2^2 = -96 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}$$

$$\therefore q = \epsilon_0 \phi = -8.5 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}$$

33.

$$F = q \cdot E = q \cdot \frac{Q}{\epsilon_0} = -e \frac{Q}{\epsilon_0} = ma$$

$$a = \frac{-eQ}{\epsilon_0 m} \quad \therefore d = \frac{\epsilon_0 m v_0^2}{-2eQ} = \frac{\epsilon_0 k_i}{-eQ}$$

$$\text{Ans. } d = 1.45 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

47.

$$\rho = 1.89 \times 10^{-15} \text{ C/m}^3$$

$$d = 9.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$\phi = E a^2 \quad \phi = \frac{q_{\text{enclose}}}{\epsilon_0} = \frac{\rho a^2 \cdot x}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\therefore E = \frac{\phi}{a^2} = \frac{\rho x}{\epsilon_0} \quad (a) x = 0 \text{ m} \quad E = 0$$

$$(b) x = 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m} \quad \therefore E = 1.27 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$$

$$(c) x = 4.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m} \quad E = 1 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$$

$$(d) E = 1 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$$



54. $\phi = \frac{q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$ $q_{par} = 4 \times 10^5 \times 8.85 \times 10^{-12} = 3.54 \times 10^{-6} C$

$q_{enc} = q_{par} + q_A$

1b). $q_B = -8 \times 10^5 \times 8.85 \times 10^{-12} = -7.08 \times 10^{-6} C$ ~~以 A 取高斯面~~

$\therefore q_{shell A} = -7.08 \times 10^{-6} C - 3.54 \times 10^{-6} C = -1.06 \times 10^{-5} C$

c) $q_C = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \times 12 \times 10^5 = 1.06 \times 10^{-5} C$ ~~以 B 取高斯面~~

$\therefore q_{shell B} = 1.06 \times 10^{-5} C - 3.54 \times 10^{-6} C + 1.06 \times 10^{-5} C$
 $= 1.77 \times 10^{-5} C$

55. $r = 2 \times 1.3 \times 10^{-2} m = 2.6 \times 10^{-2} m$

a. $q_{enc} = Q_1 + Q_2 = -5.22 \times 10^{-13} C - 2 \times (-5.22 \times 10^{-13} C)$
 $= 5.22 \times 10^{-13} C$

~~$\phi = \frac{q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$~~ $= E \oint dA = E \cdot 2\pi r L$ $\therefore E = 5.28 \times 10^{-2} N/C$

b. \vec{E}

c. $\vec{E} = -1.31 \times 10^{-1} N/C$ ~~\vec{E}~~

d.

e. $q_{in} = 5.22 \times 10^{-13} C$

f. $Q_2 = q_{in} + q_{out}$ $\therefore q_{out} = 5.22 \times 10^{-13} C$

