

Ch. 10

10. (a) $\frac{1}{2} \alpha \omega \cdot t^2 = \omega$. $\therefore \alpha \omega = \frac{2\omega}{t^2} = \frac{40}{75} = 1.6 \text{ rad/s}^2$

(b) $\bar{\omega} = \alpha \omega \cdot \frac{1}{2} t = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{40}{75} = 4 \text{ rad/s}$

(c) $\bar{\omega} = 8 \text{ rad/s}$

(d) $\frac{1}{2} \alpha \omega \cdot t^2 - 0 = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{40}{75} \times 100 = 20 = 60 \text{ rad}$

28. $\omega_0 = 100 \text{ rev/min} = \frac{5}{3} \text{ rev/s} = \frac{10}{3} \pi \text{ rad/s}$

def $\omega_A = \frac{10}{3} \pi \times \frac{25}{10} = \frac{25}{3} \pi \text{ rad/s}$

$\therefore t = \frac{25}{6} \text{ s} \approx 13.1 \text{ s}$

36. $I_B - I_A = M(h_1^2 - h_2^2) = 0.1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2 \therefore M = \frac{0.1}{0.04} = 2.5 \text{ kg}$

51. (a) $a_{m2} = \frac{2h}{t^2} = \frac{2 \times 0.75}{75} = \frac{1.5}{75} = \frac{3}{50} = 0.06 \text{ m/s}^2$

(b), (c) $m_2 g - T_2 = m_2 a_{m2}$

$\therefore T_2 = 0.5 \times 0.06 = 0.03 \text{ N}$

$\therefore T_2 = 0.487 \text{ N}$

$T_1 - m_1 g = m_1 a_{m1}$

$T_1 = 4.6 = 0.46 \times 0.06 = 0.0276 \text{ N}$

$T_1 = 4.6 \text{ N}$

(d) $\alpha \omega = \frac{a}{r} = \frac{0.06}{5 \times 10^{-2}} = 1.2 \text{ rad/s}^2$

0.5 pN

(e) $v = I \cdot \alpha \omega$

$I \alpha \omega = \frac{-(T_2 - T_1) \cdot R}{\alpha \omega} = \frac{1.28 \times 10^{-2}}{1.2} = 1.07 \times 10^{-2} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$

52. 取逆时针为正方向

$T_1 = 6 \times 12 - 2 \times 5 - 4 \times 12 = 14 \text{ N} \cdot \text{cm} = 0.14 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$

2 $\alpha \omega = \frac{T_1}{I} = \frac{0.14}{2.16 \times 10^{-2}} = 6.48 \text{ rad/s}^2$ 对于圆板 $I = \frac{1}{2} M R^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 0.12^2$

$\therefore \alpha \omega = \frac{T_1}{I} = \frac{0.14}{2.16 \times 10^{-2}} = 6.48 \text{ rad/s}^2$

$= 0.06 \times 0.12^2$

$= 2.16 \times 10^{-2} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$

逆时针 counterclockwise

56. $I = \int r^2 dm = 0.64 \text{ m} + 0.04 \text{ m} = 0.68 \text{ m}$

$T = I \cdot \alpha = 0.68 \times \alpha$ $T = m g (L_1 - L_2)$

$\therefore \alpha = 1.73 \text{ rad/s}^2$

$\therefore \alpha = 6.92 \text{ rad/s}^2$

62. $I = 0.01 \times ((2 \times 10^{-2})^2 + (4 \times 10^{-2})^2 + (6 \times 10^{-2})^2)$

$= 0.01 \times 10^{-4} \times 56 = 5.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$

(b) $\omega_2 = 3.36 \times 10^{-2} \text{ J}$

(c) $\omega_3 = 5.60 \times 10^{-2} \text{ J}$

(d) $\omega_4 = 2.8 \times 10^{-2} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$

(a) $\omega_1 = \frac{1}{2} \times 5.6 \times 10^{-5} \times 400 = 1.12 \times 10^{-2} \text{ J}$



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