



Computer Science

CSCI-141 Computer Science 1

Recitation

01

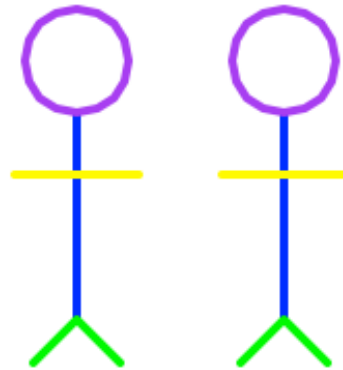
Python Introduction

Functions

Turtle

Stick Figures

- The goal is to draw these stick figures using Python and the turtle module

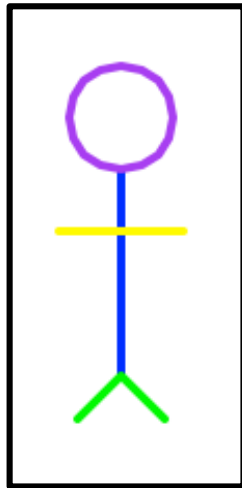


Stick Figure Drawing Algorithm

- Recall from lecture that an *algorithm* is a special set of instructions
- An algorithm for drawing a single stick figure could be composed of the following *tasks*
 - Draw the torso
 - Draw the legs
 - Draw the arms
 - Draw the head

Functions

- We can assign each task to a separate *function* in Python



```
def draw_stick_figure():  
    draw_torso()  
    draw_legs()  
    draw_arms()  
    draw_head()
```

Turtle

- **The turtle package has functions in it for drawing our stick figures**

```
import turtle
```

- **Recall the default settings for the turtle:**
 - The turtle is at the center of the canvas
 - The turtle is down on the canvas
 - The turtle is facing east (0 °)

Turtle Functions

- **Recall the turtle drawing functions**
 - `turtle.up()`
 - `turtle.down()`
 - `turtle.left(angle)`
 - `turtle.right(angle)`
 - `turtle.forward(distance)`
 - `turtle.back(distance)`
 - `turtle.circle(radius)`

Preconditions and Postconditions

- Let's define the initial state of the turtle before (**preconditions**) and after (**postconditions**) a drawing function is invoked
 - The turtle is located at the top of the torso and bottom center of the head
 - The turtle is up
 - The turtle is facing east

Draw Torso

- Here's the complete function `draw_torso`, for drawing the torso while adhering to the pre and post-conditions



```
def draw_torso():  
    turtle.right(90)  
    turtle.down()  
    turtle.forward(100)  
    turtle.up()  
    turtle.back(100)  
    turtle.left(90)
```


Draw Legs

- The complete function `draw_legs`



```
def draw_legs():  
    turtle.right(90)  
    turtle.forward(100)  
    turtle.right(45)  
    turtle.down()  
    turtle.forward(30)  
    turtle.back(30)  
    turtle.left(90)  
    turtle.forward(30)  
    turtle.back(30)  
    turtle.right(45)  
    turtle.up()  
    turtle.back(100)  
    turtle.left(90)
```

Draw Arms

- The complete function `draw_arms`



```
def draw_arms():  
    turtle.right(90)  
    turtle.forward(30)  
    turtle.left(90)  
    turtle.down()  
    turtle.forward(30)  
    turtle.back(30)  
    turtle.left(180)  
    turtle.forward(30)  
    turtle.back(30)  
    turtle.left(90)  
    turtle.up()  
    turtle.back(30)  
    turtle.left(90)
```

Draw Head

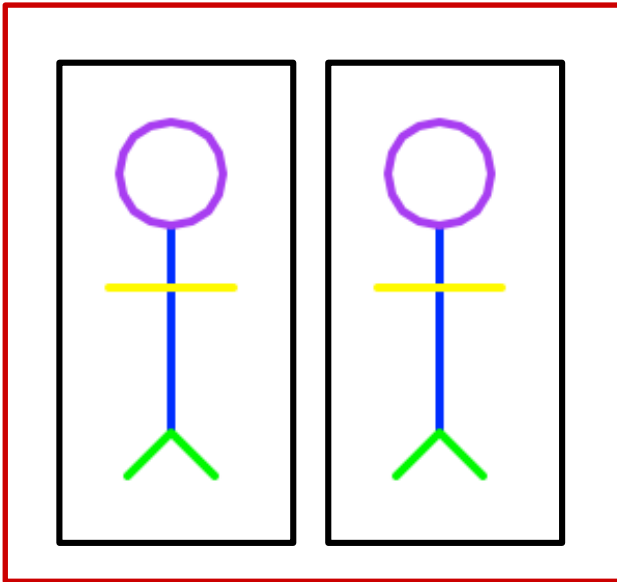
- The complete function `draw_head`



```
def draw_head():  
    turtle.down()  
    turtle.circle(25)  
    turtle.up()
```

Function Reuse

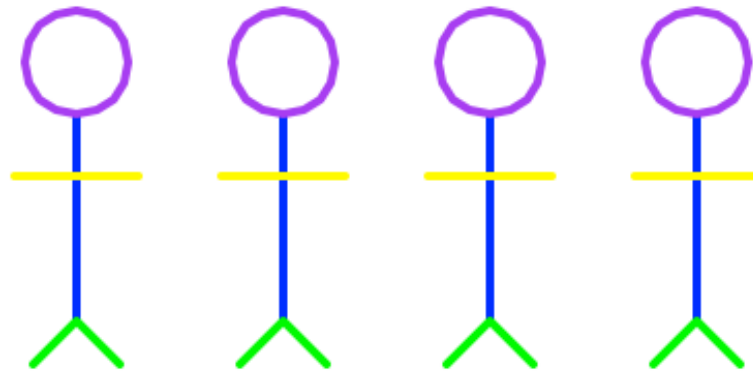
- To draw the entire image, we can have a *main function* that reuses `draw_stick_figure`



```
def main():  
    draw_stick_figure()  
    turtle.forward(100)  
    draw_stick_figure()
```

Function Reuse

- By reusing `draw_stick_figure` we can draw any number of them easily



Recitation Code

- **Stick Figures**

- https://www.cs.rit.edu/~csci141/Recitations/01/Code/stick_figures.py