$$279 - 256 = 23 (2^8)$$

$$23 - 16 = 7 (2^4)$$

$$7 - 4 = 3 (2^2)$$

$$3 - 2 = 1 (2^1)$$

$$1 - 1 = 0 (2^0)$$

000000100010111

Divide by 16 to hex

$$17/16 = 1R1$$

$$1/16 = 0R1$$



0000 0001 0001 0111

Divide by 2 to binary

$$69/2 = 34R1$$

$$34/2 = 17R0$$

$$17/2 = 8R1$$

$$8/2 = 4R0$$

$$4/2 = 2R0$$

$$2/2 = 1R0$$

$$1/2 = 0R1$$

000000100010111

- 150 (The number is negative, so there are two ways to convert it to binary)

1. Convert the positive value to binary, then take the 2's complement.

Power of 2 subtract	<u>Divide by</u>	<u>2 to binary</u>
$150 - 128 = 22 (2^7)$	150 / 2 =	75 R O
$22 - 16 = 6 (2^4)$	75 / 2 =	37 R 1
$6 - 4 = 2(2^2)$	37 / 2 =	18 R 1
$2 - 2 = 0 (2^1)$	18 / 2 =	9 R O
• •	9 / 2 =	4 R 1
000000010010110	4/2=	2 R O
Add leading 2 ⁷ 2 ⁴ 2 ² 2 ¹ zeros for	2/2=	1 R O
positive number	1/2=	0 R 1

Calculate 2's complement

Complement:	1111111101101001
Add 1:	+ 1
-150 =	1111111101101010
	0xff6a

2. Start with negative power of 2 more negative than -150 and add positive powers of 2 until you reach the desired value.

$$-2^{8} = -256$$

$$+2^{6} = +64 = -192$$

$$+2^{5} = +32 = -160$$

$$+2^{3} = +8 = -152$$

$$+2^{1} = +2 = -150$$

$$101101010$$

 $2^8 2^6 2^5 2^3 2^1$

REF		
$-2^0 = -1$		
$-2^1 = -2$		
$-2^2 = -4$		
$-2^3 = -8$		
$-2^4 = -16$		
$-2^5 = -32$		
$-2^6 = -64$		
$-2^7 = -128$		
-2 ⁸ = -256		

PEMDAS

Only 9 bits – extend sign bit to 16 bits