

## Biblical Foundations Hebrew Bible/Old Testament

<b>Professor</b>	Daniel R. Driver, PhD	<b>Course</b>	Version 3.5-i
<b>Phone</b>	902-222-0930	<b>Updates</b>	Fridays
<b>Email</b>	<a href="mailto:ddriver@astheology.ns.ca">ddriver@astheology.ns.ca</a>	<b>When</b>	From 9:00 AM
<b>Office</b>	Main Building, Room 106	<b>Where</b>	Brightspace
<b>Hours</b>	Thursdays, 12:30–2:00 PM	<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://danieldriver.com">danieldriver.com</a>

### 1 Course Description

The First Testament of Christian Scripture, also called the Hebrew Bible or Old Testament, is a fundamental part of Christian tradition and durable rule of faith and practice. Students in this course will therefore be introduced to historical and literary data important for understanding the origins of the Hebrew Bible and its subsequent function as Scripture in a variety of cultural and religious contexts.

The broad sweep of biblical tradition will be presented through a survey of representative books from the Law, the Prophets, and the Writings. To help foster an ecumenical outlook, primary readings from the Bible will be supplemented by case studies of classic Jewish and Christian readings of biblical texts. Students will develop their exegetical skills by studying these examples, and so learn to appreciate the diverse literary, canonical, cultural, historical, hermeneutical, and theological elements involved in biblical interpretation. In addition, the course will consider some ways that the Hebrew Bible/Old Testament can feature in the practice of ministry and in the spiritual practice of faith communities.

*Prerequisites: none. The course is required for HB courses at or above the 3000-level. It is open to Continuing Education participants.*

## 2 Learning Objectives

By the end of the course students should be able to: name major Old Testament people and events; locate a few important biblical sites on a map; give key dates for Israel's history and summarize the succession of superpowers in the ancient Near Eastern political theatre from Egypt to Greece; recognize and cite examples of most genres of biblical literature; understand the general shape of the Masoretic Text tradition and differentiate it from other canonical orders; report on parallel and divergent material across the Law and the Prophets, such as the uses of the Divine Name or the rationales for sabbath observance; classify and begin to evaluate a variety of ancient and modern approaches to the Bible.

Students should also be able to identify settings in which the Scriptures of Israel are read (notably the synagogue, church, and academy), employ terminology appropriate to these communities, recognize where their own biographies place them in relation to the Hebrew Bible/Old Testament and its uses, and monitor and test their individual attitudes and assumptions. They should be able to extend their awareness of the Bible's contemporary readers to the Bible's long history of reception. Finally, students should begin to infer what Jesus meant in speaking of "the law of Moses, the prophets, and the psalms" (Luke 24:44), and so learn to hear claims about New Testament fulfilment of scripture in light of the unique voice that the Old Testament retains along side of the New in Christian Scripture.

## 3 Required Texts & Materials

The following texts are required. Students are strongly encouraged to purchase their own copies. Library copies that are not reference works have been placed on a 2-hour reserve.

- [NRSV] M. D. Coogan, ed. *New Oxford Annotated Bible with Apocrypha: NRSV*. 5th ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2018. ISBN 978-0190276072.
- [HBFB] J. Kaminsky and J. Lohr. *The Hebrew Bible for Beginners: A Jewish and Christian Introduction*. Nashville: Abingdon Press, 2015. ISBN 978-1426775635.
- [Heschel] Abraham Heschel. *The Sabbath: Its Meaning for Modern Man*. New York: Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 1951 (repr. 2005). ISBN 978-0374529758.
- [Irenaeus] St Irenaeus of Lyons. *On the Apostolic Preaching*. Trans. John Behr. Crestwood, NY: St Vladimir's Seminary Press, 1997. ISBN 978-0881411744.

An good alternative study Bible is the NJPS: Adele Berlin and Marc Zvi Brettler, eds., *The Jewish Study Bible: Second Edition* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2014). [See my website for links to required and recommended books, and a discussion of options for a Bible.](#)

## 4 Supplementary Texts

Supplementary readings will be recommended throughout the semester and either placed on reserve or made available through the course website. See [section 8](#). Give this material good effort and attention. It represents some of the best contemporary readers of the Bible, and you will not want to miss their hermeneutical and theological insights.

If you are looking to build your biblical studies library, I recommend Konrad Schmid's *A Historical Theology of the Hebrew Bible* [\[26\]](#) for a recent introduction to critical scholarship that goes beyond [\[HBFB\]](#). Brevard Childs [\[6, 7\]](#) remain useful, too. Also, the following reference works are worth owning and consulting. [\[Making Sense\]](#) in particular contains

sound advice on core skills like reading religious texts, writing essays and reviews, revising essays, making oral presentations, and learning languages.

[Making Sense] Northey, Margot, Bradford A. Anderson, and Joel N. Lohr. *Making Sense in Religious Studies: A Student's Guide to Research and Writing*. 3rd ed. Toronto: Oxford University Press, 2019. ISBN 978-0199026838.

[SBL2] Collins, Billie Jean, et al. *The SBL Handbook of Style*. 2nd ed. Atlanta: SBL Press, 2014. ISBN 978-1589839649. Designed to augment *Chicago Style* (the standard at AST), there is also a free *Student Supplement for SBL2*.

## 5 Course Outline

We will adhere to the schedule in [Table 1](#) as closely as possible, though the professor reserves the right to adjust it to suit the needs of the class.

§. Primary (chapters)	Secondary (pgs)	Supplement (author)	Due
I. LAW / TORAH / PENTATEUCH			
1. Genesis 1–11	[HBFB, 1–26]	Seitz [27]	10 Jan.
2. Genesis 12–50	[HBFB, 27–64]	Levenson [18]	17 Jan.
3. Exodus 1–34	[HBFB, 65–75]	Mathews McGinnis [20]	24 Jan.
4. Leviticus 1–16	[HBFB, 77–83]	Anderson [3]	31 Jan.
5. Deuteronomy	[HBFB, 85–99]	[Heschel] or Moberly [22]	7 Feb.
☞ A first short paper is <i>due</i> by the end of the sixth week of class			14 Feb.
II. PROPHETS: FORMER & LATTER			
6. Joshua, Judges	[HBFB, 103–121]	Trible [30]	14 Feb.
~. No Class: AST Reading Week			21 Feb.
7. 1 & 2 Samuel	[HBFB, 123–134]	Chapman [5]	28 Feb.
8. 1 & 2 Kings	[HBFB, 135–143]	Alter [1]	6 Mar.
9. Isaiah 1–12, 36–40	[HBFB, 145–168]	[Irenaeus] or Davis [10]	13 Mar.
10. Hosea–Jonah	[HBFB, 169–184]	Nogalski [23, 24]	20 Mar.
☞ A second short paper is <i>due</i> by the end of the eleventh week of class			27 Mar.
III. WRITINGS: WISDOM & PRAISE			
11. Psalms 1–8, 41, 51, 89–90	[HBFB, 187–202]	deClaissé-Walford [11]	27 Mar.
12. Ecclesiastes	[HBFB, 203–246]	Fox [13] or Dell [12]	3 Apr.
☞ End of Term: Final marks are <i>due</i> for all courses			14 Apr.

Table 1: Schedule of Readings

See the AST website for a list of other *important dates*.

## 6 Evaluation

The grade structure for BF 1001(Int) has the following elements.

1. **Reading prompts** will be given throughout the semester. They are low-risk writing exercises designed to encourage careful reading of the assigned material, and to help explore its significance. Individual posts are not marked, though points may be deducted from your final grade if the exercise is not taken seriously. In general, prompt

responses submitted online should not exceed 300 words. Try to post the in the morning of class days, after you do the reading but before you listen to the lecture. You are invited (but not strictly required) to respond to and interact with classmates on the forums through the rest of the day.

2. Two **short papers** will facilitate student engagement with the art of biblical interpretation. One is keyed to the exposition of a model, the other to a short biblical text. Each should be about 2,500 words in length. Either paper (your choice) is due at the end of the sixth week of class; the other one is due at the end of the eleventh week.
  - (a) A **review essay** invites student reflection on a model work of biblical interpretation. The short books by [Heschel] and [Irenaeus] are the primary options, though with permission you may also select one of the supplementary articles. Note that a review is not the same thing as a report. Devote the first half of the paper to a summary the interpretation or argument under review, and be mindful that traditional interpretation requires special attention to context. (Irenaeus' reading of Isaiah or the Jewish tradition around sabbath observance are not the same thing as an academic article on the Book of the Twelve.) Devote the second half of the paper to critical analysis and evaluation of your chosen example. Be fair, but do not fail to take a position. The paper needs to develop a **thesis**. See me and [Making Sense, Chs 3, 5–7, 11] for guidance.
  - (b) An **exegetical essay** provides an opportunity for direct work with the biblical text. The first task is to identify an appropriate text. Select a suitably short passage from the HB/OT. Then, conduct an analysis and explication of it. Interact with [HBFB] and at least two other commentators. Advance a **thesis** that relates to the text itself. See me and [Making Sense, Chs 3, 5, 8, 11] for guidance.
3. Each student will **make an online presentation** on one of the twelve supplementary articles. Be creative! It may take the form of a podcast or online video, and should be sharable by URL (try SoundCloud, YouTube, or Vimeo). The presentation should last 15–20 minutes. It must begin with a brief (5 min) summary of the article. The balance of the time should be spent helping other readers elaborate, reflect on, test, challenge, or extend the main ideas presented there.

The breakdown for the semester's total work is shown in Table 2.

Reading Prompts	25%
Review Essay	25%
Exegetical Essay	25%
Online Presentation	25%

Table 2: Distribution of Grades

AST's **Academic Calendar** provides guidelines and detailed criteria for academic assessment. Marks are assigned by letter grade using these benchmarks (summarized in Table 3). Note that, at AST, a grade of "C" is deemed "Unsatisfactory."

## 7 Other Course Policy

Late work will not be accepted, except in genuinely extenuating circumstances. Students must submit something before the deadline if they wish to receive credit. Unless I state oth-

A+	94–100	Exceptional
A	87–93	Outstanding
A–	80–86	Excellent
B+	77–79	Good
B	73–76	Acceptable
B–	70–72	Marginally Acceptable
C	60–69	Unsatisfactory
F	0–59	Failure
FP	0	Failure due to Plagiarism

Table 3: Outline of Grades at AST

erwise, written assignments are to be uploaded by 11:59 PM on the date indicated, in whatever time zone you happen to be in.

Essay submissions must be typewritten, double-spaced, and formatted as PDFs. They should be free from error. In this course they should follow SBL Style (see [SBL2] in [section 4](#), above). As a reminder, AST also upholds an Inclusive Language Policy.

Plagiarism, if detected, will result in failure of the course.

Students should request permission to record a class or lecture. If permission is granted, or if recordings are provided (as in the case of an online course), I stipulate that all recordings be for personal use only. They may not be shared or distributed.

If you have abilities or disabilities that require modifications to the assessment process or other aspects of this course, please advise the course instructor as soon as possible.

Finally, I encourage the conscientious use of laptops, tablets, and other technology in my classes. In classroom settings, realize that, as [cognitive psychologists have demonstrated](#), “laptop multitasking hinders classroom learning for both users and nearby peers.” Do your part to foster an environment for dialogue by honouring the presence of your classmates. In online and hybrid settings, consider both the physical environment in which you choose to work and the virtual environment that you help create through your participation in various forums. Let your engagement in this course be marked by rigour and charity alike.

## 8 Bibliography

Literature on the Bible is vast. The works listed here have been selected for clarity, insight, and theological alertness. Some will be distributed as supplementary texts, as per [section 4](#). All of them model compelling, highly competent ways of reading the HB/OT.

- [1] Alter, Robert. “The Techniques of Repetition.” Pages 88–113 in *The Art of Biblical Narrative*. New York: Basic Books, 1981.
- [2] Anderson, Gary A. “Biblical Origins and the Fall.” Pages 197–210 in *The Genesis of Perfection: Adam and Eve in Jewish and Christian Imagination*. Louisville: Westminster John Knox, 2001.
- [3] Anderson, Gary A. “Apophatic Theology: The Transcendence of God and the Story of Nadab and Abihu.” Pages 3–22 in *Christian Doctrine and the Old Testament: Theology in the Service of Biblical Exegesis*. Grand Rapids: Baker Academic, 2017.
- [4] Ben Zvi, Ehud and James D. Nogalski. *Two Sides of a Coin: Juxtaposing Views on Interpreting the Book of the Twelve / the Twelve Prophetic Books*. Analecta Gorgiana 201. Piscataway, NJ: Gorgias, 2009.

- [5] Chapman, Stephen B. "1 Samuel 1–12." Pages 71–119 in *1 Samuel as Christian Scripture: A Theological Commentary*. Grand Rapids: Eerdmans, 2016.
- [6] Childs, Brevard S. *Introduction to the Old Testament as Scripture*. Philadelphia: Fortress, 1979.
- [7] Childs, Brevard S. *Biblical Theology of the Old and New Testaments: Theological Reflection on the Christian Bible*. Minneapolis: Fortress, 1992.
- [8] Childs, Brevard S. *The Struggle to Understand Isaiah as Christian Scripture*. Grand Rapids: Eerdmans, 2004.
- [9] Davis, Ellen F. "Teaching the Bible Confessionally in the Church." Pages 9–26 in *The Art of Reading Scripture*. Edited by Ellen F. Davis and Richard B. Hays. Grand Rapids: Eerdmans, 2003.
- [10] Davis, Ellen F. *Biblical Prophecy: Perspectives for Christian Theology, Discipleship, and Ministry*. Louisville: Westminster John Knox, 2014.
- [11] deClaissé-Walford, Nancy L. "The Meta-Narrative of the Psalter." Pages 363–76 in *The Oxford Handbook of the Psalms*. Edited by William P. Brown. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2014.
- [12] Dell, Katherine J. "Ecclesiastes as Wisdom: Consulting Early Interpreters." Pages 9–36 in *Interpreting Ecclesiastes: Readers Old and New*. Winona Lake, IN: Eisenbrauns, 2013.
- [13] Fox, Michael V. *Ecclesiastes: The Traditional Hebrew Text with the New JPS Translation*. The JPS Bible Commentary. Philadelphia: Jewish Publication Society, 2004.
- [14] Heschel, Abraham Joshua. *The Sabbath: Its Meaning for Modern Man*. New York: Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 1951.
- [15] Irenaeus of Lyons. *On the Apostolic Preaching*. Translated by John Behr. Popular Patristics Series 17. St Vladimir's Seminary Press, 1997.
- [16] Janowski, Bernd. *Arguing with God: A Theological Anthropology of the Psalms*. Louisville: Westminster John Knox, 2013.
- [17] Levenson, Jon D. *Sinai and Zion: An Entry into the Jewish Bible*. Minneapolis: Winston, 1985.
- [18] Levenson, Jon D. "The Test." Pages 66–112 in *Inheriting Abraham: The Legacy of the Patriarch in Judaism, Christianity, and Islam*. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 2012.
- [19] MacDonald, Nathan. "Israel and the Old Testament Story in Irenaeus's Presentation of the Rule of Faith." *Journal of Theological Interpretation* 3.2 (2009): 281–98.
- [20] Mathews McGinnis, Claire. "The Hardening of Pharaoh's Heart in Christian and Jewish Interpretation." *Journal of Theological Interpretation* 6.1 (2012): 43–64.
- [21] Moberly, R. W. L. *The Old Testament of the Old Testament: Patriarchal Narratives and Mosaic Yahwism*. Minneapolis: Fortress, 1992.
- [22] Moberly, R. W. L. "A Love Supreme." Pages 7–40 in *Old Testament Theology: Reading the Hebrew Bible as Christian Scripture*. Grand Rapids: Baker Academic, 2013.

- [23] Nogalski, James D. "Reading the Book of the Twelve Theologically." *Interpretation* 61.2 (2007): 115–22.
- [24] Nogalski, James D. "Recurring Themes in the Book of the Twelve: Creating Points of Contact for a Theological Reading." *Interpretation* 61.2 (2007): 125–36.
- [25] Patrick, Dale. "Studying Biblical Law as a Humanities." *Semeia* 45 (1989): 27–47.
- [26] Schmid, Konrad. *A Historical Theology of the Hebrew Bible*. Translated by Peter Altmann. Grand Rapids: Eerdmans, 2019. ISBN 978-0802876935.
- [27] Seitz, Christopher R. "Old Testament or Hebrew Bible? Some Theological Considerations." *Pro Ecclesia* 5.3 (1996): 292–303.
- [28] Seitz, Christopher R. "'Can We Read This Book?' Reader Response-ability." Pages 51–68 in *The Elder Testament: Canon, Theology, Trinity*. Waco, TX: Baylor University Press, 2018.
- [29] Sheppard, Gerald T. "Theology and the Book of Psalms." *Interpretation* 46.2 (1992): 143–55.
- [30] Tribble, Phyllis. "An Unnamed Woman: The Extravagance of Violence." Pages 65–91 in *Texts of Terror: Literary-Feminist Readings of Biblical Narratives*. Overtures to Biblical Theology. Philadelphia: Fortress, 1984.