

SECURE ACT **PROVISIONS**

| EFFECTIVE DATE | PROVISION | DESCRIPTION | OPTIONAL? | PLAN AMENDMENT? | PLAN TYPES IMPACTED | EMPOWER ROLLOUT TIMING |
|---|--|--|---|--------------------|---|---|
| 2019 | | | | | | |
| 12/20/19 | Safe harbor for annuity selection | Allows plan fiduciaries to rely on representation from insurers and state law oversight to satisfy due diligence regarding the insurance company's ability to make future payments | Yes | No | All ERISA-covered plans | Q1 2020 |
| 2020 | | | | | | |
| Distributions made on or after 1/1/20 | Distributions for birth or adoption of a child | Each parent is eligible to withdraw up to \$5,000 within one year of birth or adoption, with no penalties or 20% withholding. The withdrawal amount can be repaid at any time. | Appears yes — looking for Treasury to confirm | Yes | IRAs; 401(a), 401(k), 403(a), 403(b), governmental 457(b) | TBD — Depending on timing of guidance from IRS & DOL |
| Plan years beginning on or after 1/1/20 | Portability of lifetime income investments | Participants can roll assets to an IRA or plan without regard to otherwise applicable withdrawal restrictions if the lifetime income option is no longer authorized to be held in the plan (subject to insurer product availability). | Yes | Yes | IRAs; 401(a), 401(k), 403(b), governmental 457(b) | Q4 2020 |
| Anyone who turns 70½ on or after 1/1/20 with respect to any distribution made after that date | Increase RMD to age 72 | Any individual who reaches age 70½ after 12/31/19 would not be required to take an RMD until attainment of age 72. Individuals that were RMD eligible under the prior rule (i.e., reached 70½ in 2019 or earlier) must receive an RMD for 2019 and subsequent years. | No | Yes | IRAs and all plans subject to RMD rules | Q1 2020 — Updates to apply correct age in RMD process Q4 2020 — Remaining updates to all RMD touchpoints and documents |
| Deaths on or after 1/1/20 for non-governmental plans; deaths on or after 1/1/22 for governmental plans and collectively bargained plans | Limit use of stretch RMDs | Death distributions from an IRA or DC plan to anyone other than an "eligible designated beneficiary" (spouse, minor child, disabled, ≤10 years younger than participant) must be paid out within 10 years of the participant's death. | No | Yes | IRAs and defined contribution plans | Q4 2020 — Updates to handle beneficiary payments under new rules for deaths after 1/1/20 |

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| Contributions made for taxable years beginning on or after 1/1/20 | Allow post-70½ non- rollover contributions to IRAs | Provisions also contain new restrictions on qualified charitable contributions from IRAs | Yes | No | IRAs | Q2 2020 |
| Plan years beginning on or after 1/1/20 | Increase QACA contribution cap | Increase from 10% to 15% | Appears yes — looking for Treasury to confirm | Yes (unless plan document references code section to ID cap) | Generally 401(k) | Q2 2020 |
| Plan years beginning on or after 1/1/20 | Relief for 401(k) safe harbor plans using nonelective contributions | Eliminates notice requirement and allows amendment to become safe harbor up to 30 days before plan year-end (or 30 days after if contribution ≥4%) | Yes | Yes | Generally 401(k) | Q4 2020 |
| Tax years beginning on or after 1/1/20 | Tax credits | Increases credit for plan startup and adds credit for adopting auto-enrollment for employers with <100 employees. | Yes | No | General credit available to all non-tax exempt sponsoring entities | N/A |
| Plan provision adopted on or after 1/1/20 | Age 59½ in-service distributions for money purchase and governmental 457(b) plans | Prior law for governmental 457(b) disallowed in-service distributions before age 70½. Prior law for 401(a) money purchase plans disallowed in-service distributions before age 62. | Appears yes — looking for Treasury to confirm | Yes | Money purchase and governmental 457(b) | Q2 2020 |
| Returns, statements or notifications to be filed or provided on or after 1/1/20 | Increased 5500 & other filing penalties | Increased 5500 penalty for late filing from \$25 per day/\$15,000 max to \$105 per day/\$50,000 max and other penalty increases | No | No | All plans required to file Form 5500 | N/A |
| Effective once Treasury issues guidance, which is not later than six months after date of SECURE enactment | 403(b)(7) plan termination | Plan sponsors can elect to have a 403(b)(7) custodian hold mutual funds in individual custodial accounts upon plan termination. The SECURE Act requires the IRS to issue guidance on this provision within 6 months. | Yes | A plan custodial account contract and/ or plan document may require amendment | All 403(b) plans that offer mutual funds through 403(b) (7) custodial accounts | TBD — Not effective until guidance has been issued by the IRS. |

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| 2021 | | | | | | |
| Plans established on or after 1/1/21 | Pooled employer plans | Allows service providers to offer pooled plans treated as single ERISA plans without requiring "commonality" among participating employers. Must act as a named fiduciary and meet other requirements. | Yes | Yes | IRAs, 401(k) | Q1 2021 |
| Plan years beginning on or after 1/1/21 | Coverage of long-term part-time employees | 401(k) plans required to include employees with ≥3 years of consecutive service with ≥500 hours. Can exclude from ADP/ACP testing and top-heavy testing and from receiving match or nonelective contributions. | No | Yes | 401(k) except collectively bargained | Q1 2021 — Start capturing years of service data Q4 2024 — Calculate three years of consecutive service |
| 2022 | | | | | | |
| Applies to returns for plan years beginning on or after 1/1/22 | Consolidated 5500 reporting | Plans with same plan year, same trustee and named fiduciaries and administrator, and same investments can file a consolidated 5500. | Yes | No | Individual accounts or DC plans subject to ERISA (law unclear with respect to 403(b) plans) (law unclear with respect to 403(b) | Q1 2022 |
| 12 months after the DOL issues guidance; SECURE requires guidance be provided no later than 12/20/20. | Lifetime income disclosures [effective date one year after the later of when the DOL publishes permissible assumptions, a model disclosure or interim final rules, all of which it is required to publish within one year of enactment] | DC plans are required to display account balance as monthly lifetime income at retirement in form of life annuity and QJSA. As written, the rule does not permit including projections of future contributions and earnings. | No | No | DC plans subject to ERISA | Q1 2022 |

Please check with your Empower representative before amending your plan(s) to add any optional provision.

This table does not include non-DC plan changes in the bill or other minor changes.

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