

E01

The main thread initializes four semaphores and creates two threads. After this operation, it enters a while loop in which it waits on a semaphore called `sem_read` that the data has been produced by a client thread. Once the value has been multiplied by 3, it notifies the client thread through a `sem_post` on the semaphore `sem_ready`.

The client threads open the respective files and use a semaphore called `sem_write` to synchronize between themselves when overwriting the global variable.

Another semaphore called `sem_count` is used to increment the value of a global variable `c` which counts the number of threads that have finished their work.