

Iniziato Monday, 9 January 2023, 09:55

Stato Completato

Terminato Monday, 9 January 2023, 11:19

Tempo impiegato 1 ora 23 min.

Valutazione Non ancora valutato

Domanda **1**

Completo

Punteggio max.: 20,00

The task is described in this [document](#).

The data file is [here](#). The file with the feature names is [here](#)

Upload only your notebook, not the data. Please name your notebook according to the directions given in the document linked above.

 [chiara_angileri.ipynb](#)

Domanda **2**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

Which of the following is not a property of a *metric* distance function

Scegli un'alternativa:

- ☒ a. Boundedness
- ☐ b. Positive definiteness
- ☐ c. Symmetry
- ☐ d. Triangle inequality



Risposta corretta.

La risposta corretta è: Boundedness

Domanda **3**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

Given the two binary vectors below, which is their similarity according to the Simple Matching Coefficient?

abcdefghi j

1000101101

1011101010

Scegli un'alternativa:

- ☒ a. 0.5
- ☐ b. 0.3
- ☐ c. 0.2
- ☐ d. 0.1



Risposta corretta.

La risposta corretta è: 0.5

Domanda **4**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

What is the *single linkage*?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- ☒ a. A method to compute the distance between two sets of items, it can be used in hierarchical clustering
- ☐ b. A method to compute the distance between two objects, it can be used in hierarchical clustering
- ☐ c. A method to compute the distance between two classes, it can be used in decision trees
- ☐ d. A method to compute the separation of the objects inside a cluster



Your answer is correct.

La risposta corretta è: A method to compute the distance between two sets of items, it can be used in hierarchical clustering

Domanda **5**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

Given the definitions below:

- TP = True Positives
- TN = True Negatives
- FP = False Positives
- FN = False Negatives

which of the formulas below computes the *recall* of a binary classifier?

Scegli un'alternativa:

☐ a. $(TP + TN) / (TP + FP + TN + FN)$

☒ b. $TP / (TP + FN)$

☐ c. $TN / (TN + FP)$

☐ d. $TP / (TP + FP)$

✓ This is also called *sensitivity*, or *hit rate*, which is the number of detected true positives divided by the total number of positives

Risposta corretta.

La risposta corretta è: $TP / (TP + FN)$

Domanda **6**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

Why do we *prune* a decision tree?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- ☒ a. To eliminate parts of the tree where the decisions could be influenced by random effects
- ☐ b. To eliminate parts of the tree where the decision could generate *underfitting*
- ☐ c. To eliminate attributes which could be influenced by random effects
- ☐ d. To eliminate rows of the dataset which could be influenced by random effects



Your answer is correct.

La risposta corretta è: To eliminate parts of the tree where the decisions could be influenced by random effects

Domanda **7**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

A Decision Tree is...

Scegli un'alternativa:

- ☒ a. A tree-structured plan of tests on single attributes to forecast the target
- ☐ b. A tree-structured plan of tests on multiple attributes to forecast the target
- ☐ c. A tree-structured plan of tests on single attributes to forecast the cluster
- ☐ d. A tree-structured plan of tests on single attributes to obtain the maximum purity of a node



Risposta corretta.

La risposta corretta è: A tree-structured plan of tests on single attributes to forecast the target

Domanda **8**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

When training a neural network, what is the *learning rate*?

- ☒ a. A multiplying factor of the correction to be applied to the connection weights
- ☐ b. The speed of convergence to a stable solution during the learning process
- ☐ c. The slope of the activation function in a specific node
- ☐ d. The ratio between the size of the hidden layer and the input layer of the network



Your answer is correct.

La risposta corretta è: A multiplying factor of the correction to be applied to the connection weights

Domanda **9**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

Which of the following is a strength of the clustering algorithm DBSCAN?

Scegli una o più alternative:

- ☒ a. Ability to find cluster with concavities
- ☒ b. Ability to separate outliers from regular data
- ☐ c. Very fast computation
- ☐ d. Requires to set the number of clusters as a parameter



Your answer is correct.

Le risposte corrette sono: Ability to find cluster with concavities, Ability to separate outliers from regular data

Domanda **10**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

Which of the following characteristic of data can reduce the effectiveness of K-Means?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- ☒ a. Presence of outliers
- ☐ b. All the variables are the same range of values
- ☐ c. All the variables have the same distribution of values
- ☐ d. Presence of values with high frequency



Your answer is correct.

La risposta corretta è: Presence of outliers

Domanda **11**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

After fitting DBSCAN with the default parameter values the results are: 0 clusters, 100% of noise points. Which will be your next trial?

Scegli una o più alternative:

- ☒ a. Reduce the minimum number of objects in the neighborhood
- ☒ b. Increase the radius of the neighborhood
- ☐ c. Decrease the radius of the neighborhood
- ☐ d. Reduce the minimum number of objects in the neighborhood and the radius of the neighborhood



Risposta corretta.

Le risposte corrette sono: Reduce the minimum number of objects in the neighborhood, Increase the radius of the neighborhood

Domanda **12**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

Which of the following statements regarding the discovery of association rules is true? (One or more)

Scegli una o più alternative:

- ☒ a. The confidence of a rule can be computed starting from the supports of itemsets ✓
- ☒ b. The support of an itemset is anti-monotonic with respect to the composition of the itemset ✓
- ☐ c. The confidence of an itemset is anti-monotonic with respect to the composition of the itemset
- ☐ d. The support of a rule can be computed given the confidence of the rule

Your answer is correct.

Le risposte corrette sono: The confidence of a rule can be computed starting from the supports of itemsets, The support of an itemset is anti-monotonic with respect to the composition of the itemset

Domanda **13**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

Consider the transactional dataset below

ID Items

1 A,B,C

2 A,B,D

3 B,D,E

4 C,D

5 A,C,D,E

Which is the *confidence* of the rule $A,C \Rightarrow B$?

Scegli un'alternativa:

☒ a. 50%

☐ b. 100%

☐ c. 40%

☐ d. 20%

✓ 1 /
2

Risposta corretta.

La risposta corretta è: 50%

Domanda **14**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

When is polynomial regression appropriate?

- ☒ a. When the relationship between the predicting variable and the target cannot be approximated as linear
- ☐ b. When the target values are not linearly separable
- ☐ c. When there is more than one predicting attribute
- ☐ d. When it is necessary to project the data into a higher dimensional space



Your answer is correct.

La risposta corretta è: When the relationship between the predicting variable and the target cannot be approximated as linear

Domanda **15**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

Which is the purpose of discretisation?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- ☒ a. Reduce the number of distinct values in an attribute, in order to put in evidence possible patterns and regularities
- ☐ b. Reduce the number of distinct values in an attribute, in order to increase the efficiency of the computations
- ☐ c. Increase the number of distinct values in an attribute, in order to put in evidence possible patterns and regularities
- ☐ d. Reduce the range of values of a numeric attribute, to make all the attributes more comparable



Risposta corretta.

La risposta corretta è: Reduce the number of distinct values in an attribute, in order to put in evidence possible patterns and regularities

Domanda **16**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,67 su 0,67

In which part of the CRISP methodology we perform the **test design** activity?

- ☒ a. Modeling
- ☐ b. Evaluation
- ☐ c. Business Understanding
- ☐ d. Data Understanding



Your answer is correct.

La risposta corretta è:

Modeling