

Applied Demo: Discovering Market Patterns Using Spatial Analysis Workflows

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Agenda

Introduction and Problem

Jupyter Notebooks and Python

Data and EDA

Build Models

Visualize Results

Application of Clustering Methodologies

Other Methodologies that Could Be Applied

Summary Stats and Visualizations

Overview



Disclaimer

This session is meant to be a “What you can do Session” given open-source technology with the ability to analyze a data extract from CAMA.

Data Science and technology is advancing quickly and Assessors offices have more tools than just excel these days.

There is a bit of a learning curve, but with AI and YouTube, you can pretty much do anything. ☺

This analysis is just one pipeline that the analyst can use. There are endless possibilities of how one could assemble an analysis.

I will make the cluster code available on Github so you can apply to your dataset!

Problem Scope

Last year you may have seen my session on Clustering markets to derive segments for building groupings for the market approach or Cost Approach. This is kind of a spinoff of that with more detail. Overall goal for this analysis is to:

“Identify and define meaningful market segments using spatial analysis techniques that improves model accuracy, interpretability, and equity.”

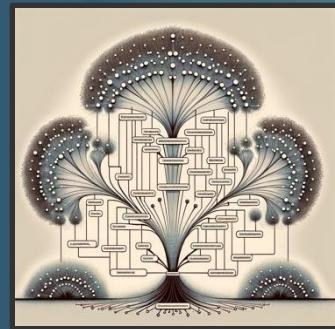
We are going to use real data to analyze this problem and derive a solution. This is a common problem that I see a lot of my clients have and my goal is to provide potential solutions.

Market Segmentation Methods



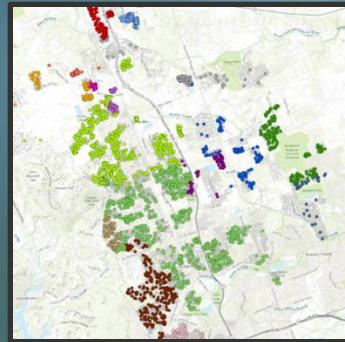
“Eyeballing”

- Easiest and requires less tools or expertise
- Least accurate due to lack of quantitative evidence



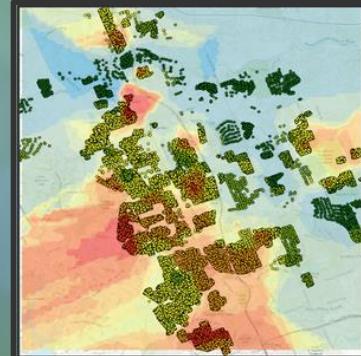
Clustering

- Quickly find clusters or groupings
- Most commonly used to find “hot or cold spots”
- Can’t really apply to entire study area



Spatial Modeling

- Great for ~~grouping~~ understanding spatial heterogeneity
- Predictive power
- Steeper learning curve



Location Factor

- ~~Stabilizing~~ Grouping effects of location
- Provides for better visualization
- Can extend analysis with LocF



Interpolation

- More complexity for tuning and understanding
- Provides an estimate for all points in the study area
- Cluster or group all subjects in study area

Technology Used for Demo

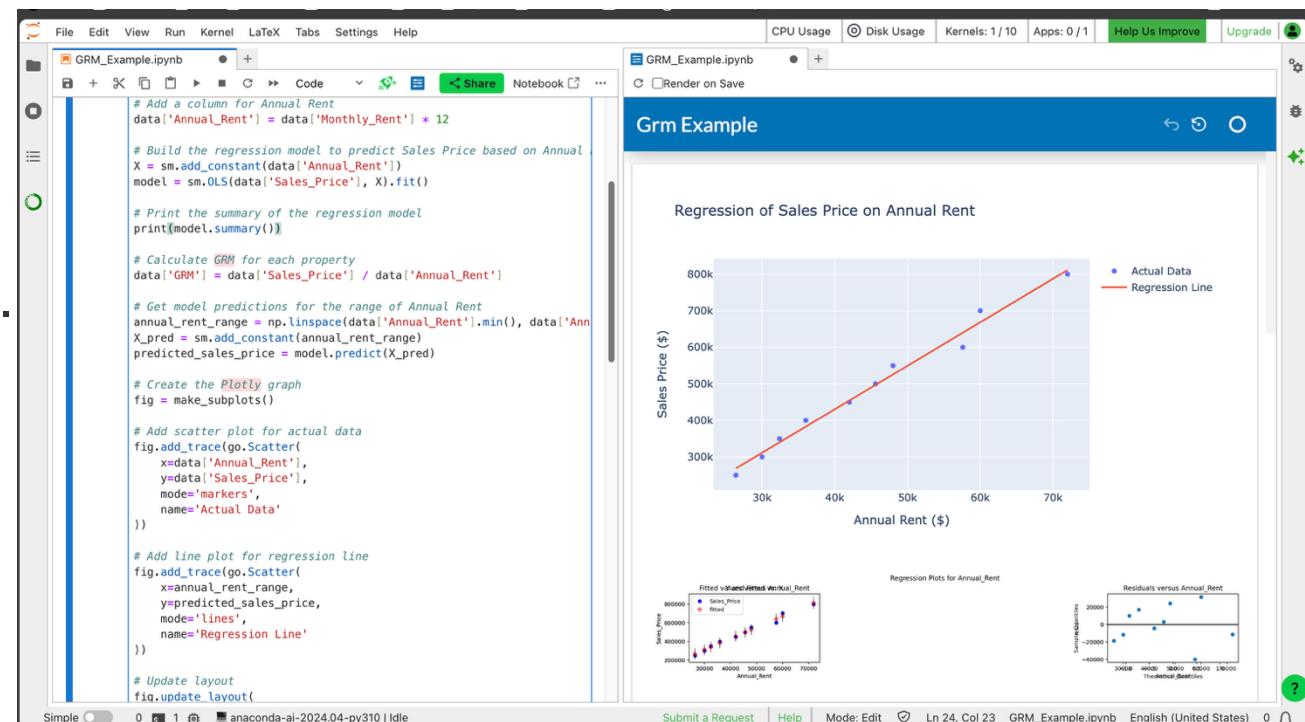
Jupyter Notebook in Positron

Using Jupyter Notebook with Python and Positron IDE (beta),

- One could also use Quarto, Google Collab or other markdown environments.

Not going to show how to set up the environment, but I generally create virtual environments to containerize my analysis.

Also, Anaconda has the cloud-based version of python that works well!

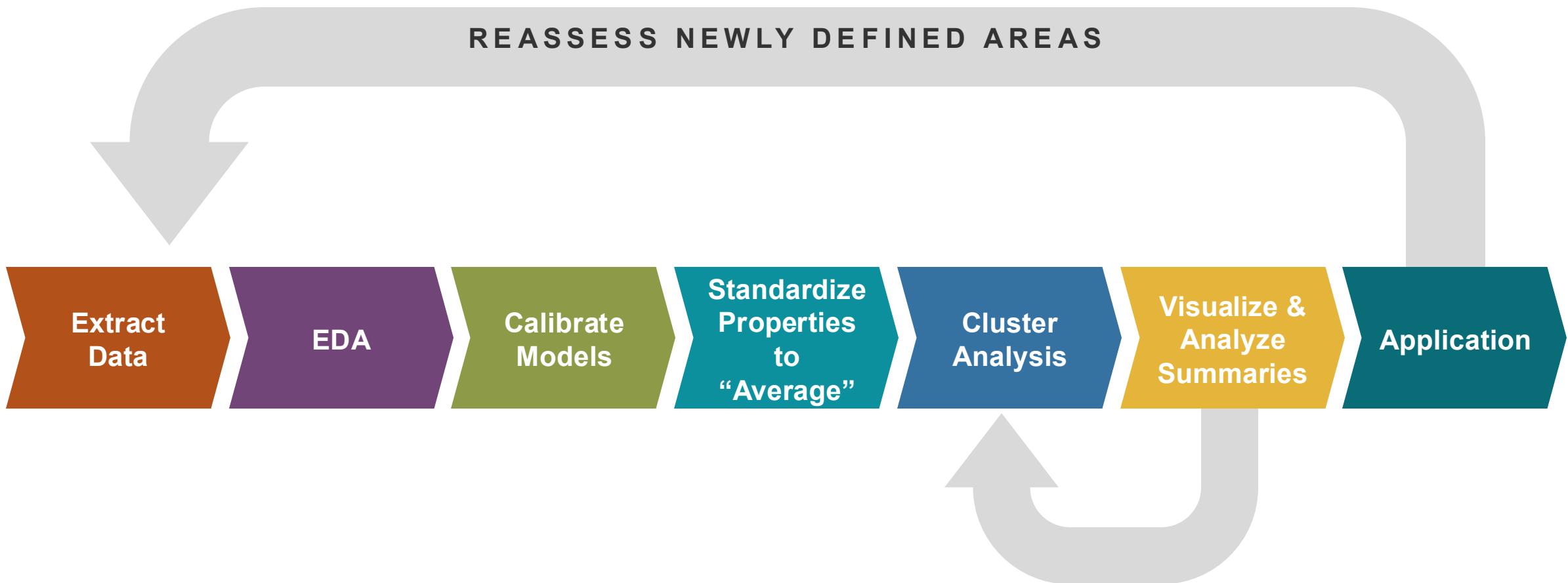


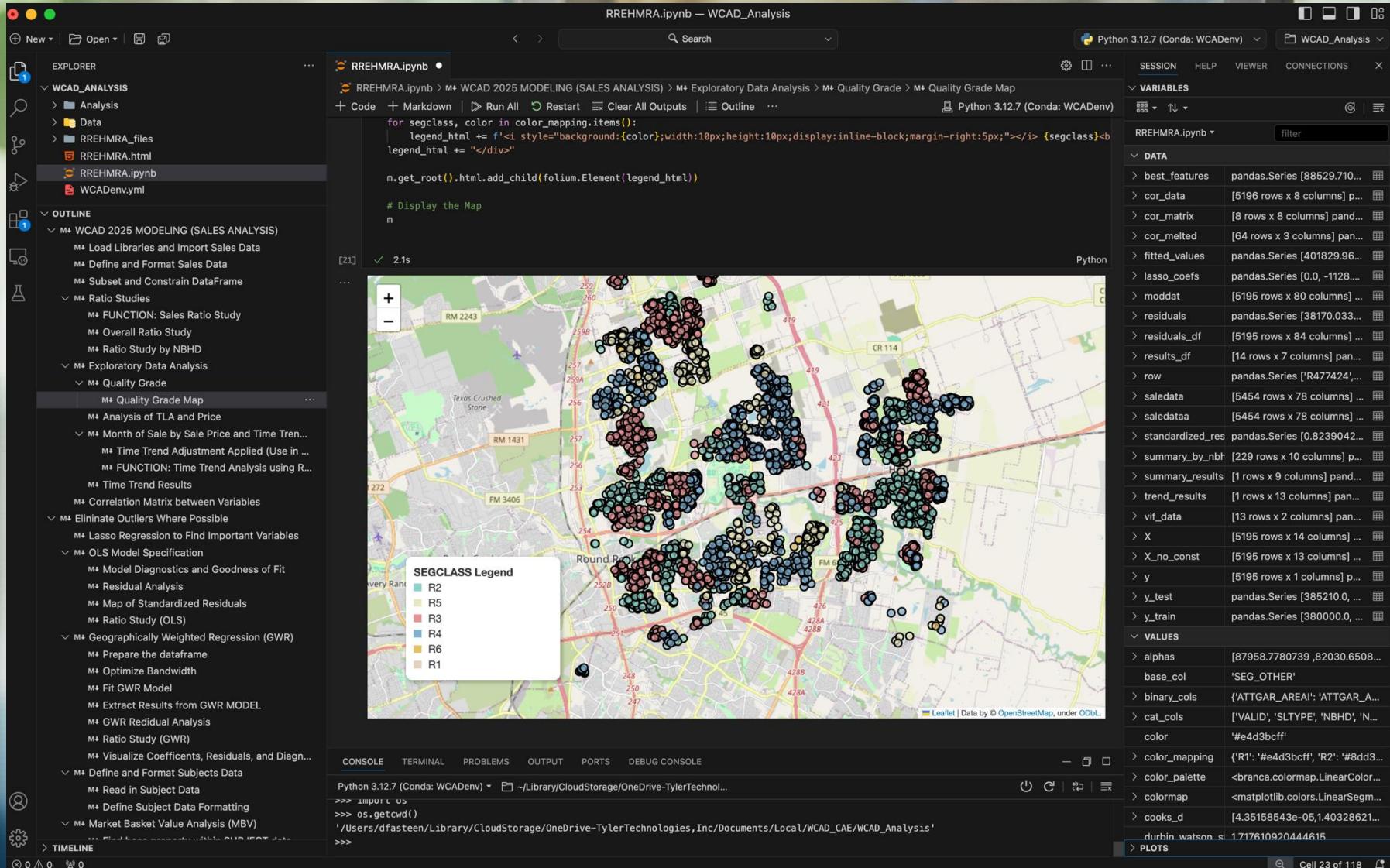
Python Libraries Used

- pandas – Data frames
- numpy – math library
- matplotlib – plots
- statsmodels – statistical modeling
- scipi – advanced modeling
- plotly - interactive visualizations
- leaflet - mapping

- geopandas – spatial data frames
- mgwr – geographically weighted regression
- sklearn – machine learning (clustering)

Analysis Pipeline





<https://positron.posit.co/start.html>

Extract Data and Exploratory Data Analysis

Data Extract

- Pull data from the validated sales history pool.
- Need a flattened version of the data (both sales and subjects) such that we can perform analysis.
 - Aggregate Additions and OBY's
 - Add all area by **each** addition code or OBY code.
- Derive a standardized extract either through SQL, Inquire, CRS, etc...
 - Reused and revised as necessary.

Need a Flat File Extract

ATENT

```
26 --- ADDITIONS AGGREGATE
27 ADN AS
28 (
29 SELECT SALEKEY,
30
31 --- PORCHES, PATIOS, AND DECKS
32 SUM(CASE WHEN FIRST IN ('11','21') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) OPNPORCH,
33 SUM(CASE WHEN FIRST = '41' THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) SCRPORCH,
34 SUM(CASE WHEN FIRST IN ('12','22') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) ENCPORCH,
35 SUM(CASE WHEN FIRST IN ('33','34') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) PATIO,
36 SUM(CASE WHEN FIRST IN ('31','40') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) DECKS,
37
38 --- ATTACHED GARAGES AND CARPORTS
39 SUM(CASE WHEN FIRST IN ('13','23','93') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) ATTGAR,
40 SUM(CASE WHEN FIRST = '30' THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) ATTCARPT,
41
42 --- NONCOMPLIANT AND BASMENT AREA
43 SUM(CASE WHEN FIRST IN ('17','27','97') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) NONCOMPLNT --- 2nd or 3rd story SF NONCOMPLIANT LIVING AREA (I.E., HALFWALLS)
44
45 FROM ADN_SALE
46 GROUP BY SALEKEY
47 ),
48
49 ---OBYS AGGREGATE
50 OBY AS
51 (
52 SELECT SALEKEY,
53 SUM(CASE WHEN CODE IN ('RG1','RG2') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) DETGAR,
54 SUM(CASE WHEN CODE IN ('RC1') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) DETCARPT,
55 SUM(CASE WHEN CODE IN ('RS1','RS2','RS3','WS1') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) SHEDAREA,
56 SUM(CASE WHEN CODE IN ('BT2') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) BATHHOUSE,
57 SUM(CASE WHEN CODE IN ('RP1','RP2','RP3','RP4','RPS','RP6') THEN AREA ELSE 0 END) AS POOL,
58 SUM(CASE WHEN CODE NOT IN('RP1','RP2','RP3','RP4','RP5','RP6','RG1','RG2') THEN ADJRCNL ELSE 0 END) AS OTHOBYVAL ---OBY COST Value without Pools and Detached Garages
59
60 FROM OBY_SALE
61 WHERE TAXYR = '2024' AND CUR = 'Y'
62 GROUP BY SALEKEY
63 )
64
65
66
```

ATPRO

```
11 --- ADDITIONS AGGREGATED
12 WITH SEG AS
13 (
14 SELECT propertyid
15 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'G' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) ATTGAR_AREA
16 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'DG' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) DETGARAGE_AREA
17 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'OP' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) OPNPITCH_AREA
18 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'CSP' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) POOL_AREA
19 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'P' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) PATIO_AREA
20 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'EG' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) ENCL_GARAGE
21 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'CP' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) CARPT
22 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'U' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) UTIL
23 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'SI' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) SITEIMP
24 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'OK' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) DECK_AREA
25 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'OK1' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) OUTDRKIT_AREA
26 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'MA' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) FIRST_AREA
27 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'MA2' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) SECOND_AREA
28 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'MA3' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) THIRD_AREA
29 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'MA4' THEN farea ELSE 0 END) FOURTH_AREA
30 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType = 'FP' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) FIREPLACE
31 , SUM(CASE WHEN fsegType IN ('EG','WS','GU','GR','GA') THEN VTSGRSEG_RCN ELSE 0 END) SEG_OTHER
32 FROM dbo.cama_TSGRSeg
33 WHERE AdhocTaxYear = '2020'
34 GROUP BY propertyid
35 ),
36
37
38 ---IMPROVEMENTS 1:1
39 SIMP AS
40 (
41 SELECT PropertyID
42 , AdhocTaxYear
43 , ISNULL(factYear,0) ACTYRBLT
44 , ISNULL(featYear,0) EFFYRBLT
45 , fSegClass SEGCLASS
46 , fConstStyle STYLE
47 , fIntFinish INTFINISH
48 , fExtFinish EXTFINISH
49 , fFoundation FOUNDATION
50 , fRoof ROOFTY
51 , fHeatAC HVAC
52 , VTSGRSeg_AdjFactor ADJFACT
53 , fAreaFactor SEGFACTOR
54 , fUnitPrice CLASUNITFACT
55 , VTSGRSeg_UnitPrice UNITPRICE
56
57 FROM dbo.cama_TSGRSeg
58 WHERE fSegType = 'MA' AND AdhocTaxYear = '2020' AND FirstPage = '1'
59 )
60
61 --- EXTRACT SALE DATA ---
62
63 SELECT PG.quickrefid QUICKREFID
64 , PG.PropertyID PARID
65 , S.SaleDate SLDATE
66
67 , S.price PRICE
68 , S.TransferValidityCode VALID
69 , PG.PropertyTypeCode PROPTY
70 , ISNULL(I.fImpType, 'NA') IMPTYPE
```

Data Extract

PARID	SLDATE	PRICE	VALID	PROPTY	SLTYPE	IMPTYPE	TOTALVAL	LANDVAL	IMPVAL	RCN	MRAVAL	MKVAL	SCHTAXUN	NBHD	NGROUP	CLUST	DEFMOD	ACRES	ACTYRBLT	EFFYRBLT	SEGCLASS	SEGFACTO	CLASSUNIT	UNITPRICE	STYLE	ADJFACT	NBHDFAC	TLA
202958	6/17/22	440000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	405935.00	77000.00	352427.00	196316.00	407290.00	405935.00	SRR	R435499H	ERRGRP8	RREHMRA	0	2000	2000	R2	0.00	45.90	94.31	NA	1.80	204.00	1859.00	
117946	7/7/22	517000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	388876.00	68000.00	316011.00	190782.00	391176.00	388876.00	SRR	R462475H	ERRGRP8	RREHMRA	0	1976	1990	R2	0.00	48.00	101.06	NA	1.66	202.00	1557.00	
216632	4/15/22	715000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	707556.00	151000.00	559507.00	392097.00	729641.00	707556.00	SRR	R566600B	ERRGRP9	RREHMRA	0	2002	2002	R5	0.00	62.20	117.73	NA	1.43	155.00	2955.00	
202978	8/10/22	374500.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	387991.00	77000.00	311186.00	175337.00	386486.00	387991.00	SRR	R435499H	ERRGRP8	RREHMRA	0	1999	1999	R2	0.00	48.00	101.96	NA	1.77	204.00	1510.00	
433260	2/17/22	309464.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	242450.00	57000.00	185450.00	217818.00	386325.00	346541.00	SJA	J208321D	JSFM	EJAR-C	RREHMRA	0	2021	2021	R3	0.00	0.00	99.46	NA	1.29	129.00	1983.00
229751	3/9/22	799500.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	831873.00	151000.00	693885.00	476243.00	850628.00	831873.00	SRR	R566600B	ERRGRP9	RREHMRA	0	2005	2005	R5	0.00	0.00	110.70	NA	1.46	155.00	3898.00	
433300	2/25/22	393000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	162061.00	57000.00	105061.00	262720.00	451020.00	396444.00	SJA	J208321D	JSFM	EJAR-C	RREHMRA	0	2021	2021	R3	0.00	0.00	92.15	NA	1.29	129.00	2583.00
433392	7/29/22	352500.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	271278.00	57000.00	214278.00	215723.00	383423.00	347332.00	SJA	J208321D	JSFM	EJAR-C	RREHMRA	0	2021	2021	R3	0.00	0.00	100.15	NA	1.29	129.00	1939.00
118024	1/26/22	325000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	367847.00	68000.00	285635.00	191086.00	369425.00	367847.00	SRR	R462475H	ERRGRP8	RREHMRA	0	1977	1977	R2	0.00	48.00	101.06	NA	1.49	202.00	1575.00	
433309	3/17/22	384999.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	160716.00	57000.00	103716.00	259356.00	446824.00	392260.00	SJA	J208321D	JSFM	EJAR-C	RREHMRA	0	2021	2021	R3	0.00	0.00	92.86	NA	1.29	129.00	2540.00
433036	3/4/22	369999.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	154367.00	57000.00	9736	ATTGAR_AREA	DETGARAGE_AREA	OPNPRCH_AREA	POOL_AREA	PATIO_AREA	OUTDRKIT_AREA	FIRST_AREA	SECOND_AREA	THIRD_AREA	FOURTH_AREA	CARPR AREA	UTIL_AREA	SITEIMP AREA	DECK_ARE	SEG_OTHER	COOP			
43283	2/24/22	290590.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	209852.00	57000.00	15285	399.00	0.00	49.00	0.00	100.00	0.00	1859.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5		
434557	5/5/22	343390.00	VALID	RES	ALSS	R	145342.00	74000.00	7134	441.00	0.00	368.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1557.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5		
117944	7/13/22	530000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	439155.00	68000.00	35063	480.00	0.00	440.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1838.00	1117.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5	
117901	10/27/22	330000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	461518.00	68000.00	37073	368.00	0.00	30.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1510.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5		
202953	2/10/22	405000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	429754.00	77000.00	40355	394.00	0.00	40.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	794.00	1189.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8	
117881	5/19/22	520000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	501556.00	68000.00	41268	692.00	0.00	123.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2140.00	1758.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.4	
433318	1/21/22	386510.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	230230.00	57000.00	17323	453.00	0.00	163.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1058.00	1525.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8	
43275	2/17/22	307590.00	VALID	RES	ALQ	R	259309.00	57000.00	20230	399.00	0.00	60.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1131.00	808.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8	
118010	4/6/22	440350.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	382966.00	68000.00	31080	437.00	0.00	316.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1575.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8		
216616	12/16/22	670000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	714192.00	151000.00	56767	432.00	0.00	168.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1052.00	1488.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5	
216719	3/4/22	775501.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	808448.00	151000.00	64406	399.00	0.00	135.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	928.00	1402.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8	
434547	6/30/22	394219.00	VALID	RES	ALQ	R	94000.00	74000.00	2000	380.00	0.00	40.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1635.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8		
216697	12/29/22	610000.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	721018.00	151000.00	58413	408.00	0.00	184.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1644.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.6		
433328	1/6/22	369999.00	VALID	RES	ALML	R	270370.00	57000.00	21337	420.00	0.00	342.00	383.00	0.00	0.00	1707.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5		
										578.00	0.00	404.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2112.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5	
										399.00	0.00	40.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1111.00	1510.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5
										306.00	0.00	642.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2042.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5
										432.00	0.00	122.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1052.00	1488.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8
										394.00	0.00	40.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	794.00	1189.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8
										552.00	0.00	212.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1470.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5
										433.00	0.00	208.00	0.00	82.00	0.00	2048.00	1088.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5
										542.00	0.00	132.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2061.00	1594.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5
										0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.6
										702.00	0.00	93.00	0.00	378.00	0.00	1842.00	1283.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8
										475.00	0.00	95.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	852.00	1327.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8
										445.00	0.00	26.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2020.00	1394.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.5
										399.00	0.00	135.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	928.00	1402.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.8

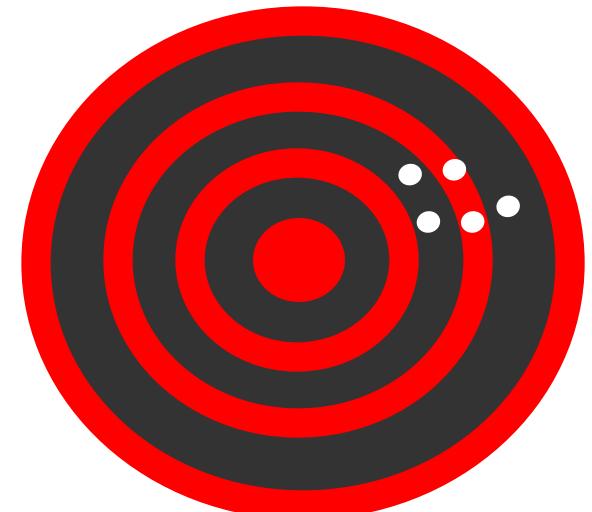
Model Building is Both an Art and a Science

Modeling is an iterative process – combination of the right variables, variable combinations, and the type of sample that the modeler is trying to generalize over the population.

- Good data is essential to extracting good adjustments from the market.
- Garbage in = Garbage Out

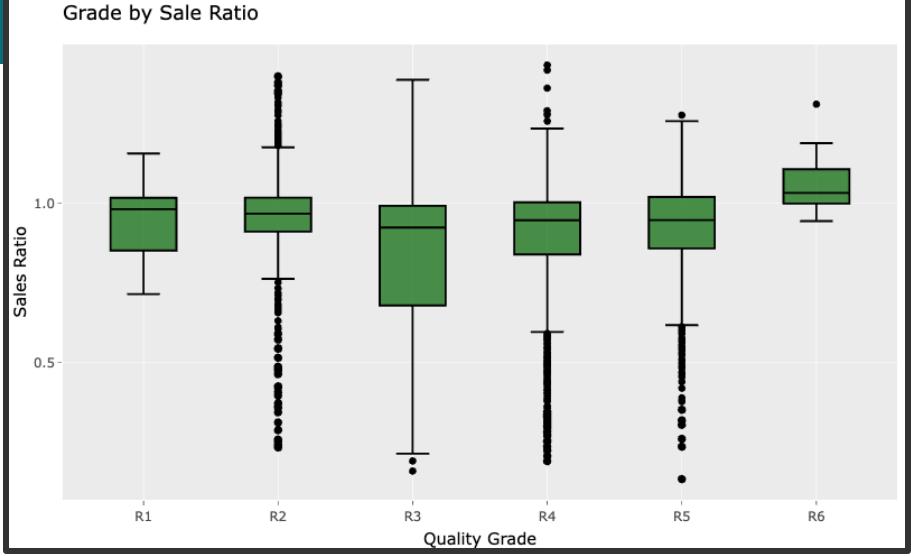
Data Quality

 Data collection is the most important element of a valuation	 Valuations are only as good as the data used in analysis Garbage in = garbage out	 For accurate valuations, data complete and current.	 Otherwise when we use these models to value unsold properties, we can run into expensive problems!	 GIS helps ensure fairness and equity → data are current and complete for all	 Shows where to allocate resources (Boots on the ground) Save time & money. (no fishing expeditions!)
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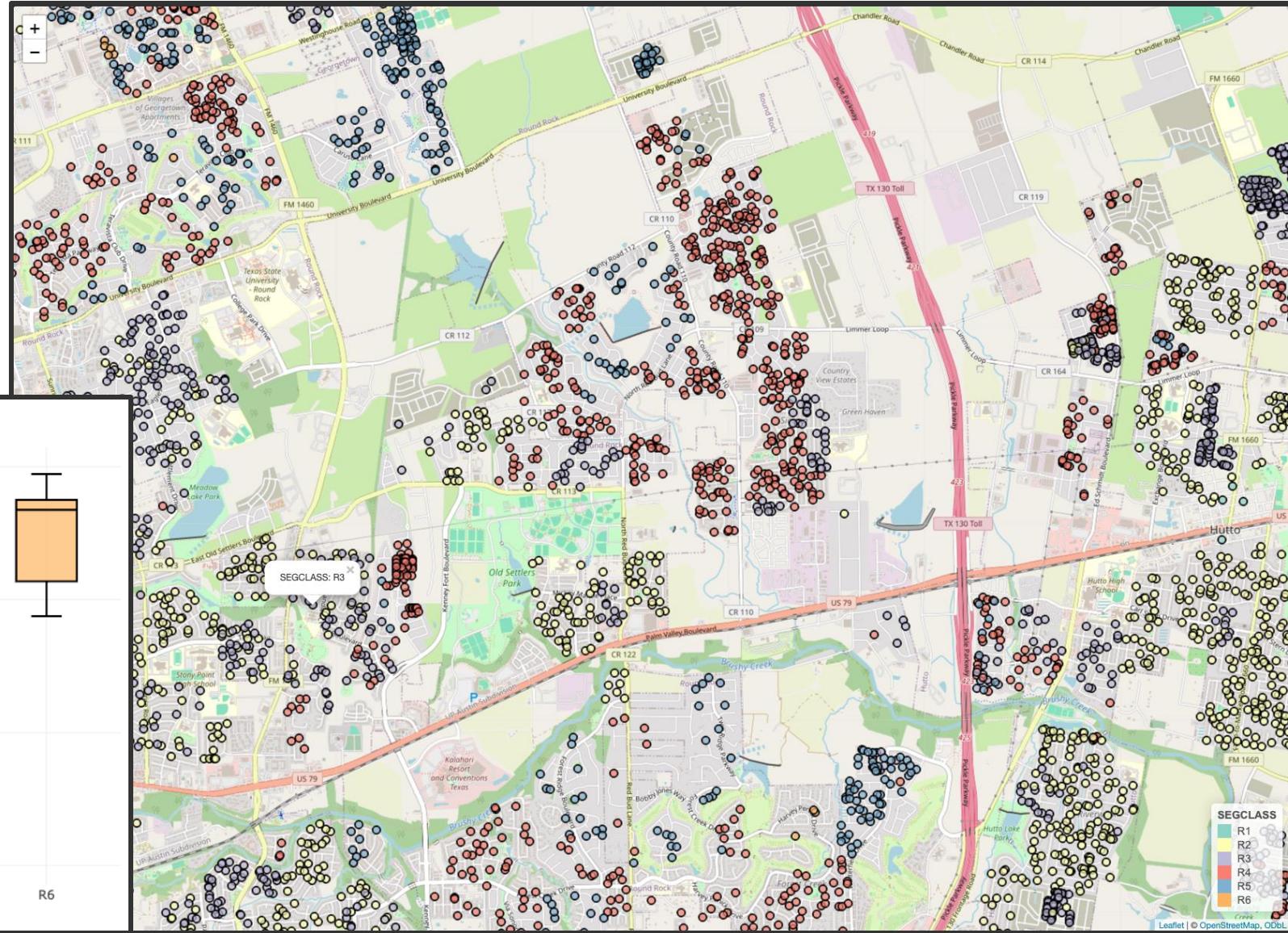
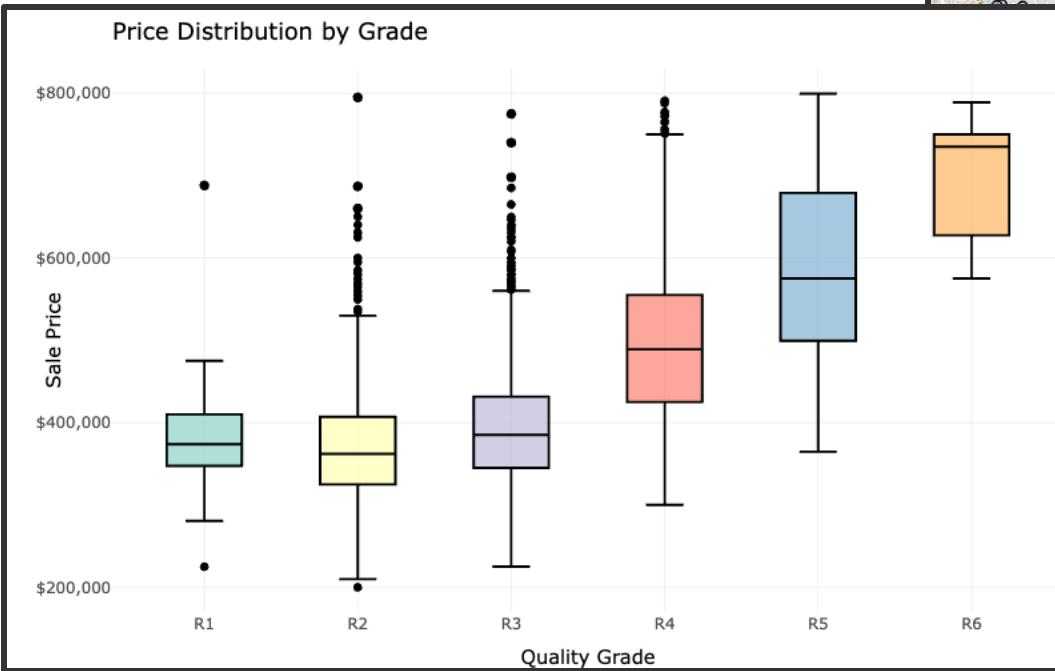


Quality Grade Analysis

Grade by Sale Ratio

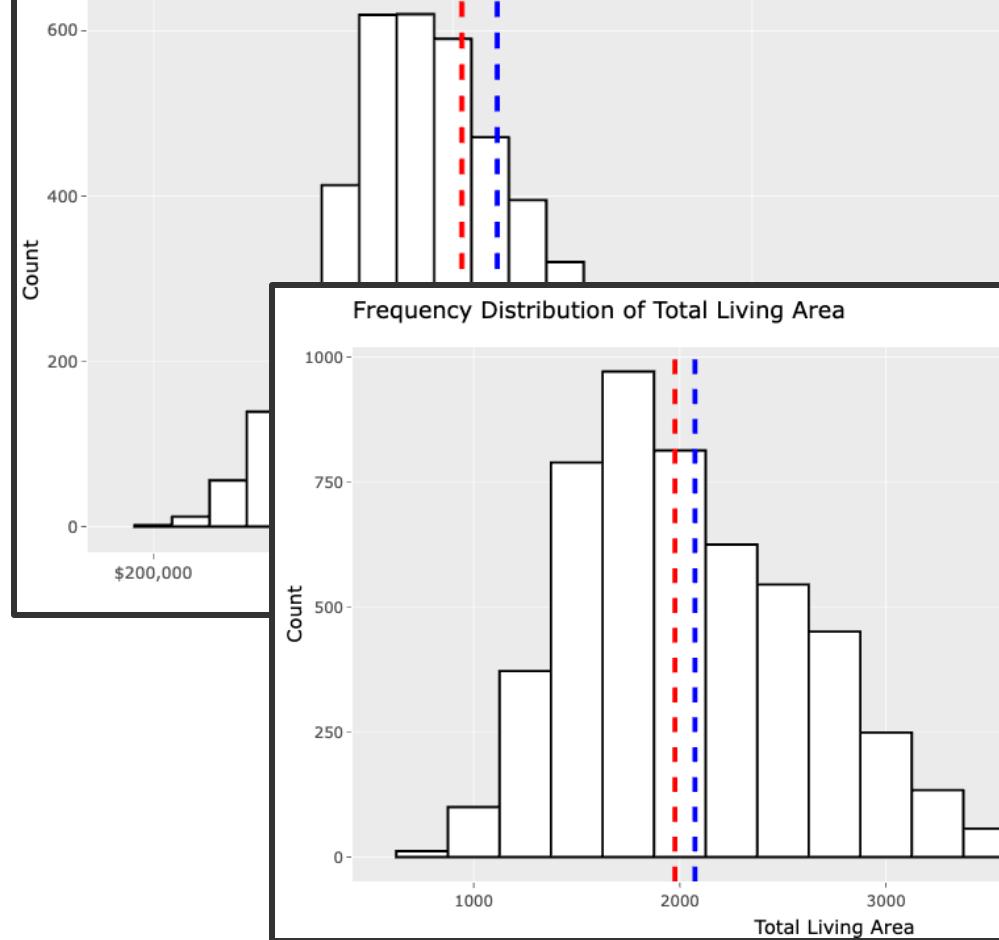


Price Distribution by Grade

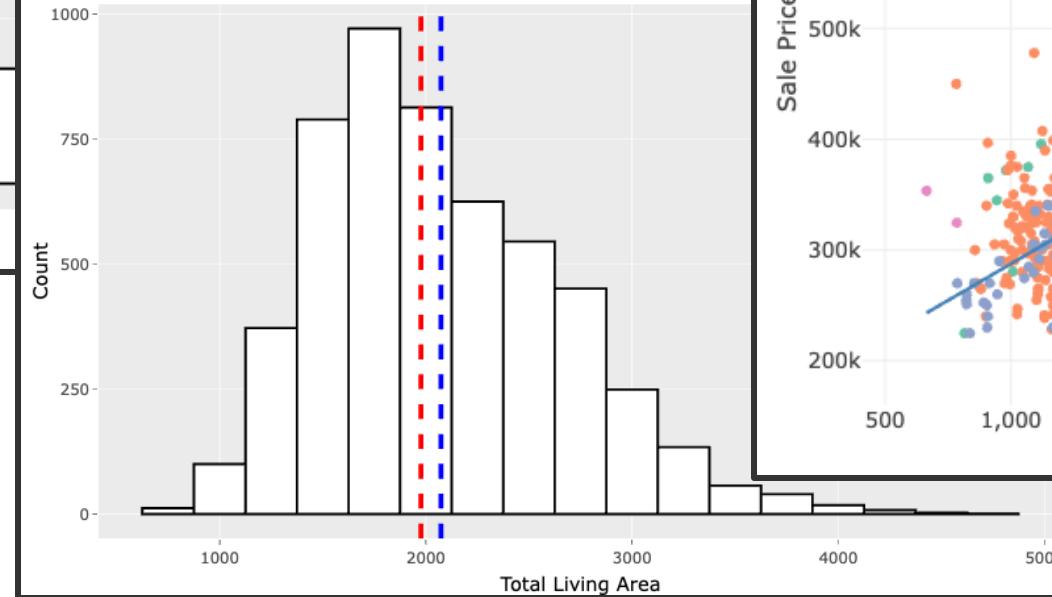


Analysis of Living Area and Price

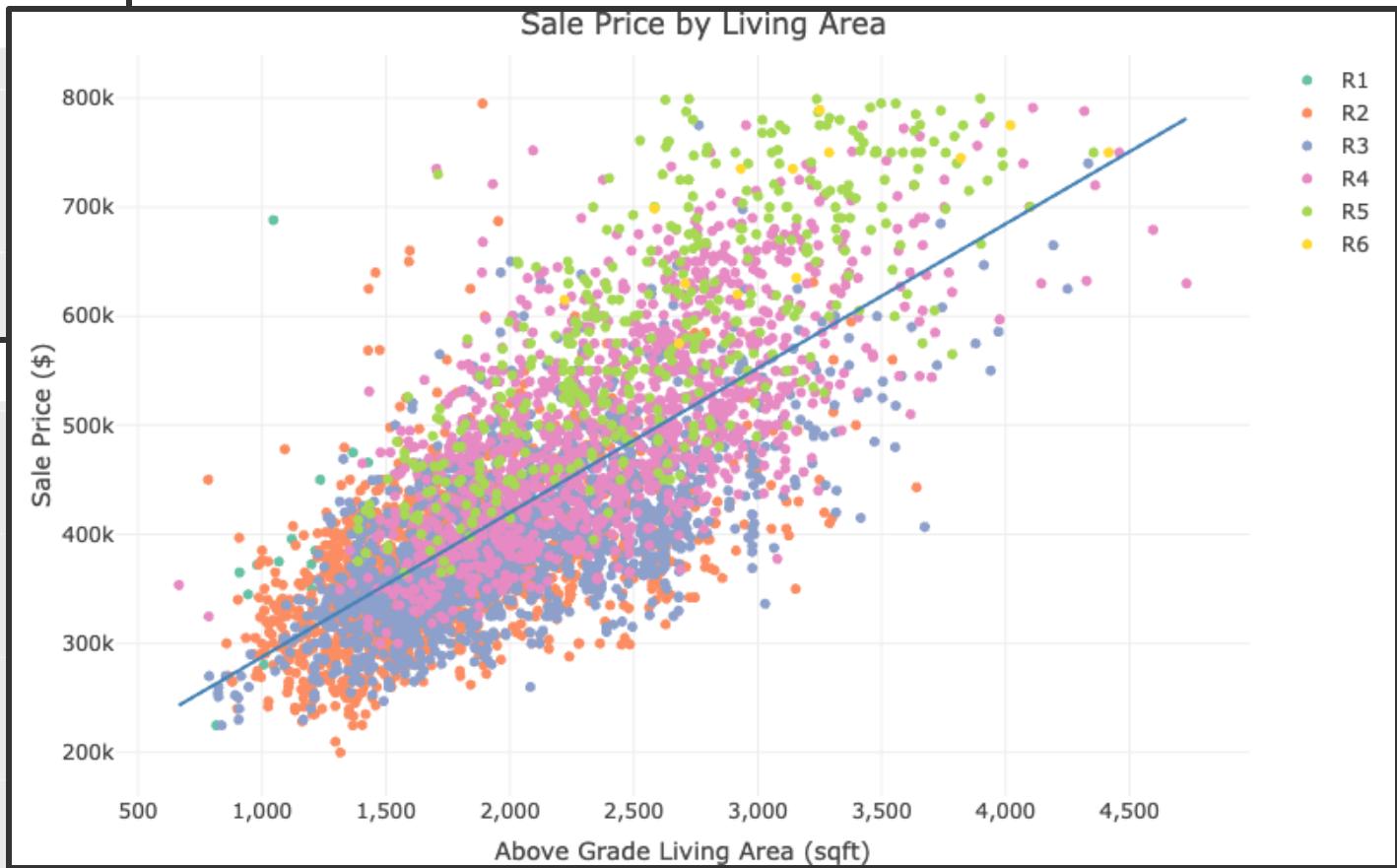
Frequency Distribution of Sale Price



Frequency Distribution of Total Living Area



Sale Price by Living Area

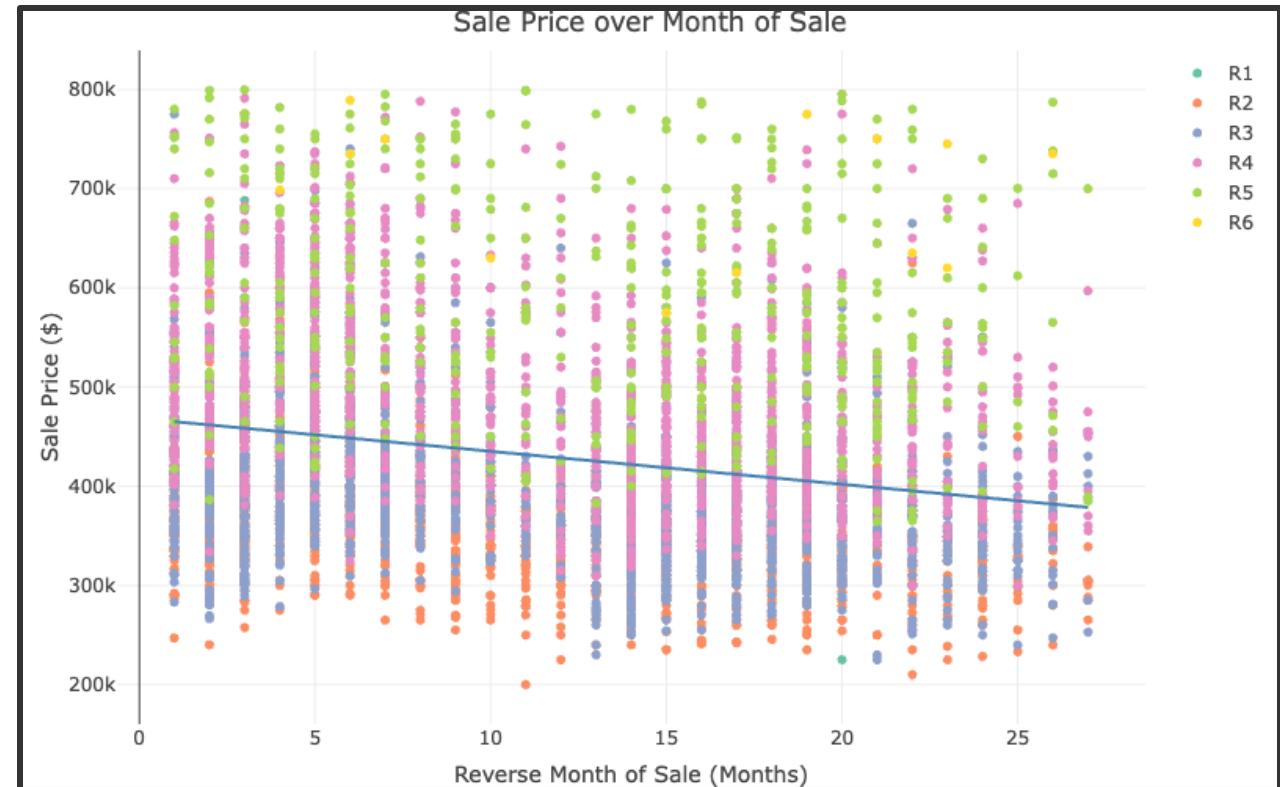


Time Trend Analysis

Before we do any kind of analysis, make sure to apply a time trend to price to ensure that prices are of the same date (e.g. Jan 1st of a given year)

- Use reverse month of sale (RMOS) to determine if a trend exists
- Use the ratio trend methodology or other adjustment to quantify the trend and apply to sale price

$$\text{TASP} = \text{PRICE} \times (1 + \text{Monthly Trend})^{\text{rmos}}$$



Sale Count	Upper Bound	Lower Bound	Trimmed Sale Count	Median Inverse Ratio	Slope	P-Value	Significance	Monthly Trend	Standard Error	T-Value	Annual Trend Info	Annual Trend
4457	1.225401	0.636071	4457	1.055485	-0.001344	0.0	1.0	-0.001344	0.000232	-5.804373	-0.016007	-0.016007

EDA and Ratio Study Demo

Model Building

Use Spatial Models to parse out Dependence and Heterogeneity



Advantages:

- Improved understanding of spatial relationships.
- Enhanced decision making.
- Predictive power
- Integration of spatial data.

Disadvantages:

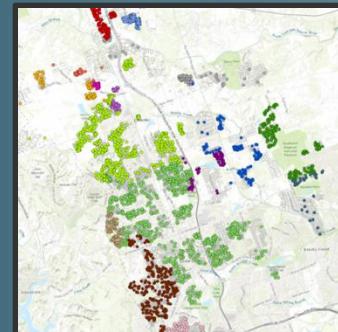
- Complexity and expertise required.
- Data quality and availability
- Computational requirements

Common Spatial Models



Regression with Spatial Variables

Location indicator variables
Distance/proximity variables



Locally Weighted Regression

Geographically Weighted Regression



Spatial Interpolation Models

Kriging, Co-Kriging, EBK
Response Surface Analysis



Spatial Regression Models

Spatial Lag Model (SLM)
Spatial Error Model (SEM)

Geographically Weighted Regression (GWR)

- Utilize the specification of an OLS model but incorporate XY coordinates to analyze locational effects
- Create a Kernel and bandwidth specification to utilize
- Run GWR
- Run Ratio Stats
- Analyze residual graphs

n <int>	MEANRAT <dbl>	MEDRAT <dbl>	COD <dbl>	PRD <dbl>
5188	1.004269	1.000314	6.426022	0.9930016

```
*****
*          Results of Geographically Weighted Regression          *
*****  
  
*****Model calibration information*****  
Kernel function: exponential  
Adaptive bandwidth: 110 (number of nearest neighbours)  
Regression points: the same locations as observations are used.  
Distance metric: Great Circle distance metric is used.  
  
*****Summary of GWR coefficient estimates:*****  
Min.   1st Qu.   Median   3rd Qu.   Max.  
Intercept -261098.06699 -127111.29133 -89259.67979 -39601.09498 273811.5932  
GRDFACT   -49753.71983 111934.77336 161364.95249 196185.22600 275541.2147  
LANDVAL    -0.86823     0.68046     0.86344     1.20220     2.6353  
TLA        59.87628    81.85310    95.25893   105.92194   129.7210  
RMOS       1329.10823   3739.63232   4370.59682   4869.89179   6169.3632  
EFFAGE    -3449.95582  -1278.16493  -317.30015  -32.30707  1696.5209  
POOL_AREA   -61.41306   103.05238   154.96474   189.85494  325.9196  
ATTGAR_AREA  -8.92250    75.52996   103.86284   126.77925  269.4772  
DETGARAGE_AREA -24.51916   77.61641   106.43430   134.73900  454.0555  
TOTPORCH   -32.55936   20.95587   38.59254   50.24101  137.0074  
STHT2      -35612.64751 -20114.63130 -15807.41437 -10611.58246 6252.4686  
AGEMAX60   -2539.52288   105.13430   645.63239   1382.36703 3638.6577  
SEG_OTHER   -1.81875    1.29164    1.99579    2.82623  13.8492  
CARPT_AREA  -121.82492   51.34540   124.44693   302.46107 657.1691  
  
*****Diagnostic information*****  
Number of data points: 5188  
Effective number of parameters (2trace(S) - trace(S'S)): 481.0902  
Effective degrees of freedom (n-2trace(S) + trace(S'S)): 4706.91  
AICc (GWR book, Fotheringham, et al. 2002, p. 61, eq 2.33): 124537.6  
AIC (GWR book, Fotheringham, et al. 2002, GWR p. 96, eq. 4.22): 124176.4  
BIC (GWR book, Fotheringham, et al. 2002, GWR p. 61, eq. 2.34): 121386.4  
Residual sum of squares: 7094553153047  
R-square value: 0.8808935  
Adjusted R-square value: 0.8687171
```

Modeling Demo

Build a Market Basket Standard

What is a Market Basket?

A market basket is an econometric concept that provides a baseline for comparison.

Compares the same property across all properties in the study area.

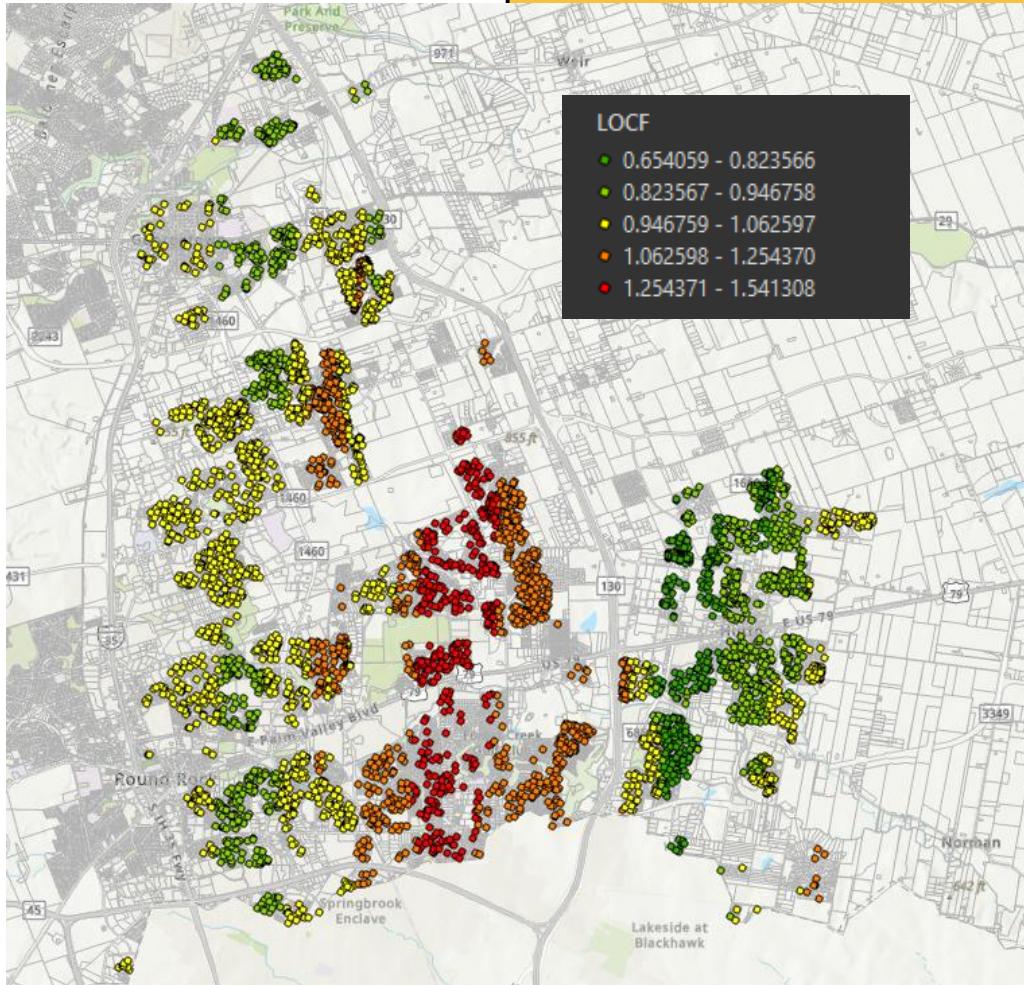
- Finds properties that are inferior or superior to the "average" property and quantifies it.
- Evaluate GWR coefficients at the mean or median value across the study area.
- MBV Represents the “net effects of the spatially varying parameters”

Advantages of building a market basket

- Reduces reliance on single sale comparisons
- Enhances Modeling Location Adjustments
- Increases Equity and Consistency
- Adapts to market changes
- Bridges the gap between traditional valuation methods and modern data science

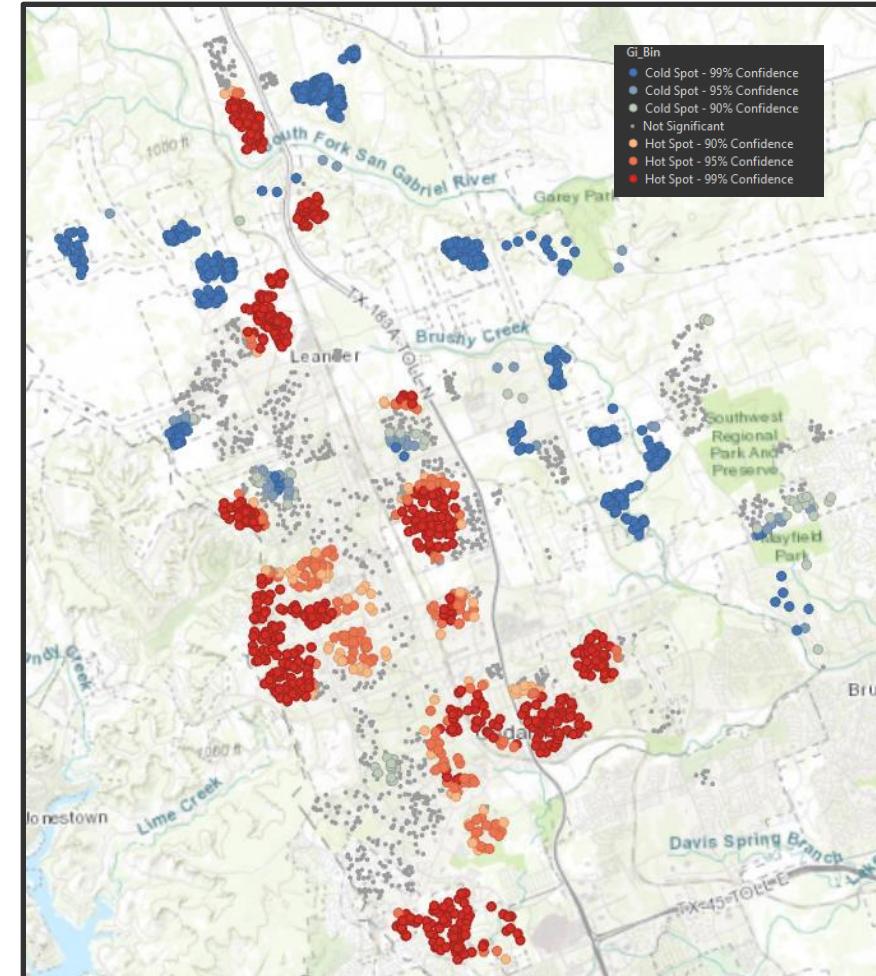
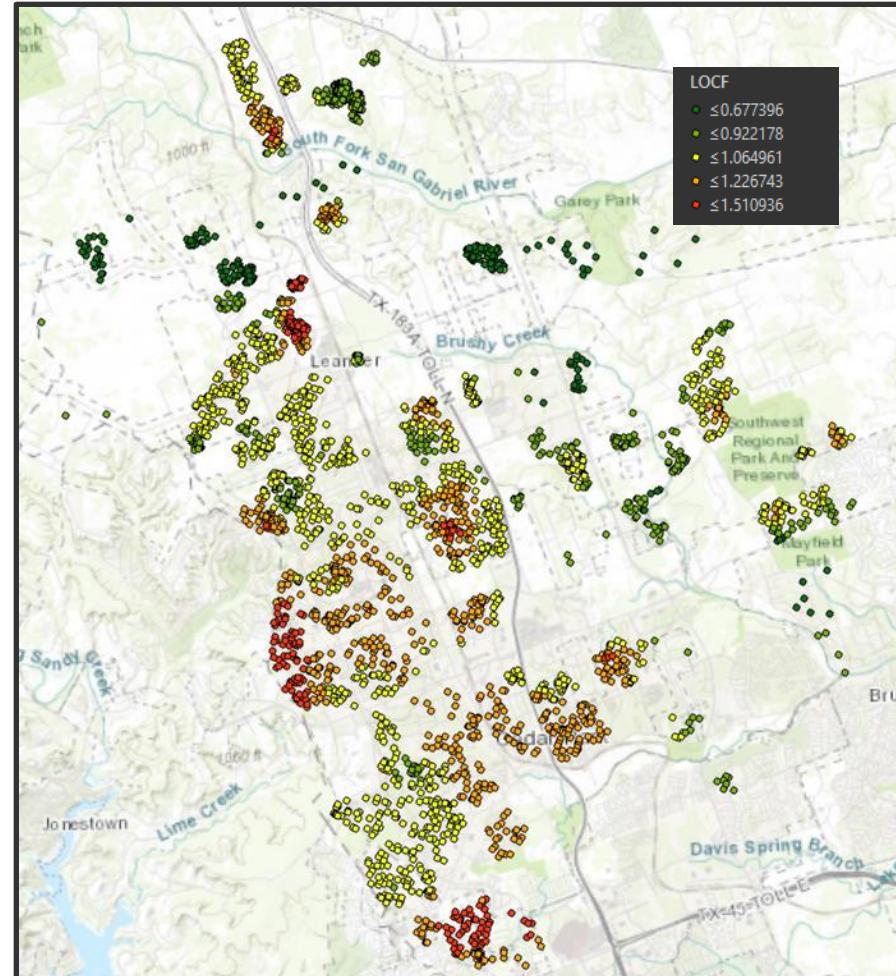


Build a Market Basket and LOCF using GWR Coefficients



AVERAGE PROPERTY IN STUDY AREA				
	Median Sale	Mean Population	Median Population	
1 142	1 142	9.835	9.835	
PROPERTY	SALEKEY	EXAMPLE SALE		
MEAN VALUE	COL	VARIABLE	COEFFICIENT	MEANVAL * COEFF
1	C	INTERCEPT	409256.4536	409,256.45
100000	D	LANDVAL	0.32969552	32,969.55
1.56	E	GRDFACT	28.71730713	44.80
19.447	F	RMOS	-1.054164116	(20.50)
70	G	ACTAGE	1.212372792	84.87
0.0859	H	WALLFACT	0.76625717	0.07
1.77	I	CDUFACT	14.80868096	26.21
0	J	POOLSF	68.59099835	-
0	K	TOTPORCHSF	57.37219988	-
0	L	OTHOBYVAL	8.707475466	-
2.3	M	BATHS	13590.25664	31,257.59
0	N	MSCTOTAL	5.792193832	-
403	O	FINBSMTAREA	78.45224606	31,616.26
0	P	HEATNOAC	-40.53201289	-
1.385	Q	STRYHT	-15241.10312	(21,108.93)
3.48	R	BATHFIXADDN	13641.54134	47,472.56
0	S	DETGARSF	27.27935513	-
16.94	T	DS6	0.962643199	16.31
18.79	U	DS12	0.298317709	5.61
0	V	SRA	-52578.85352	-
MBVSUM			\$531,621	
MBVAVG			\$408,672	
LOCF			1.301	

Analyze LocF Across the Study Area



Analysis of Location Factors (LocF)

Use LocF as an indicator itself for grouping (should show adequate spatial patterns)

Can use cluster algorithms per method #2

Use classification algorithms

- Spatially constrained multivariate clustering - SKATER
- Forest-based model for classification
- Gradient-boosted model for classification

Advantages

- Standardizes the effects of location based on an average property
- Easy for comparison and to visually see patterns or run confirmatory analysis

Disadvantages

- Need to specify a proper OLS and GWR model
- Requires basic math skills to calculate MBV and derive LOCF
- Extending analysis requires a more advanced skillset

Cluster Analysis



The Truth Behind Valuation Neighborhood Boundaries

Overview

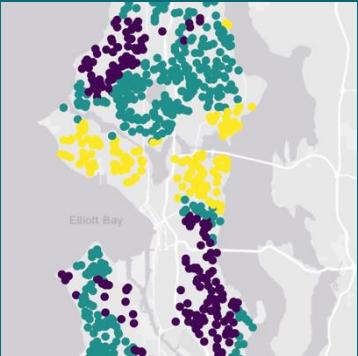
- Overview
- Why segment markets
- Spatial heterogeneity and location
- Concepts and terminology
- Considerations in the development of market segments
- Methodologies
- Application to Enterprise Assessment
- Resources



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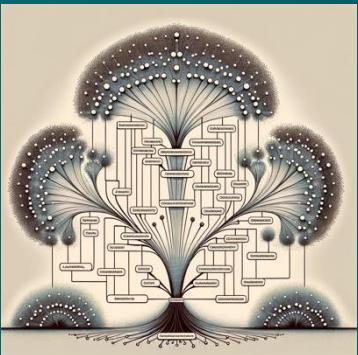


Types of Clustering

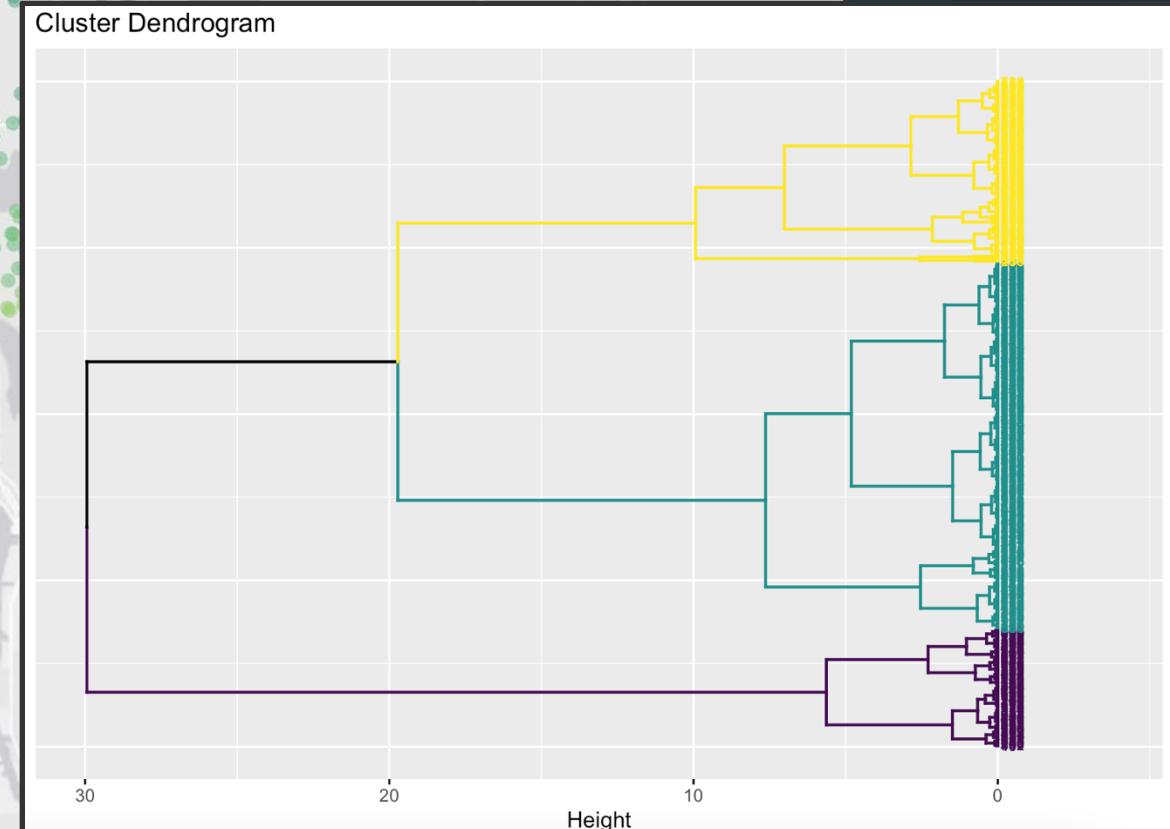
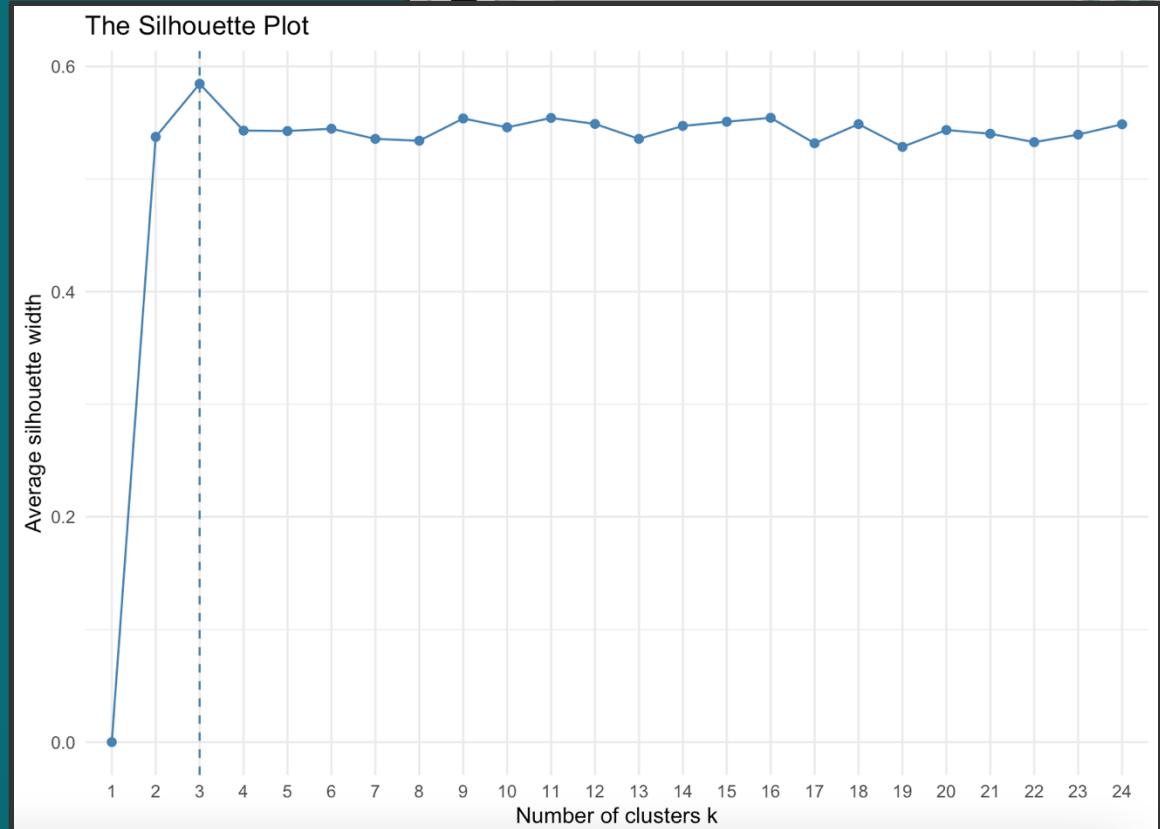


K-Means Clustering – Partitions the data into K distinct clusters based on distance to the centroid of a cluster. Assigns phenomena to clusters based on the nearest mean distance from a cluster's centroid.

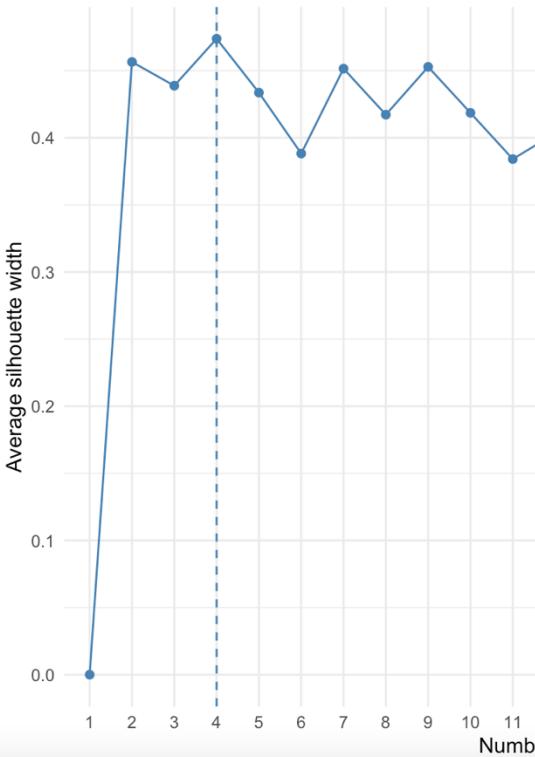
Hierarchical Clustering – Builds a hierarchy of clusters through:



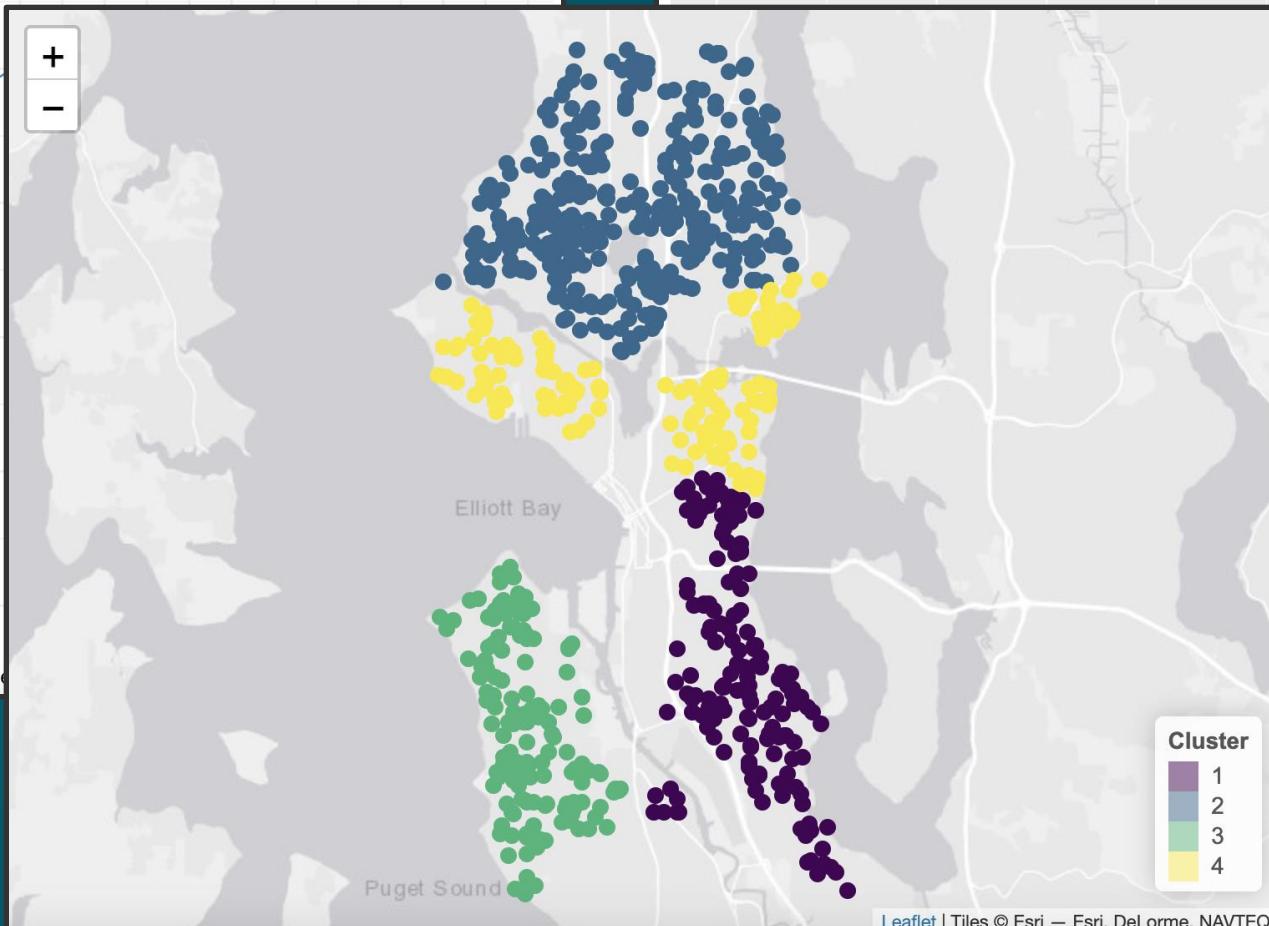
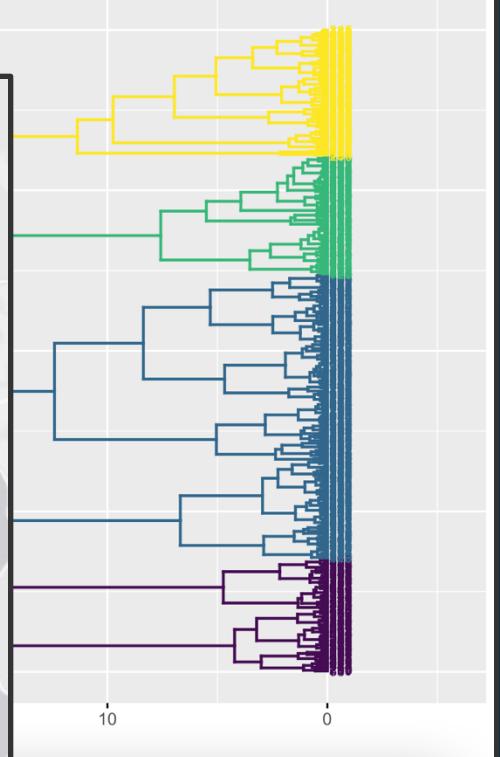
- **Agglomerative** – bottom-up approach where each observation starts in its own cluster, and pairs of clusters are merged as one moves up the hierarchy
- **Divisive** – top-down approach where all observations start in one cluster, and splits are performed recursively as one moves down the hierarchy



The Silhouette Plot



Cluster Dendrogram



Clustering Demo

Build Summaries

Maximize Between Groups and Minimize Within Groups

Counts			Land Value					SEGCLASS				Class Unit Price				ASMT Value				ASMT Per SqFt			MASMT				MASMT Per SqFt			
CLUSTER	n		Min	Max	Mean	Median	SD	Min	Max	Mean	Median	Min	Max	Mean	Median	Min	Max	Mean	Median	SD	Min	Max	Mean	Median	SD	Min	Max	Mean	Median	SD
1	205	\$52,800	\$85,850	\$71,494	\$70,850	\$3,494	\$3	5	4	4	\$70	\$99	\$87	\$88	\$220,354	\$436,142	\$278,711	\$271,959	\$133	\$132	\$15	\$216,101	\$452,011	\$276,862	\$261,603	\$133	\$131	\$17		
2	34	\$30,000	\$70,850	\$67,111	\$70,850	\$8,424	\$2	5	5	5	\$75	\$109	\$95	\$96	\$231,482	\$612,741	\$321,119	\$317,757	\$140	\$138	\$19	\$234,379	\$529,767	\$329,563	\$327,712	\$144	\$143	\$19		
3	746	\$39,285	\$243,620	\$62,707	\$56,100	\$18,532	\$1	6	3	3	\$51	\$109	\$80	\$80	\$179,391	\$722,939	\$300,220	\$265,329	\$138	\$136	\$24	\$179,076	\$747,079	\$297,524	\$261,938	\$137	\$134	\$25		
4	56	\$25,508	\$101,996	\$72,079	\$59,950	\$24,897	\$3	6	4	4	\$74	\$102	\$89	\$91	\$199,995	\$704,820	\$391,927	\$306,786	\$145	\$149	\$25	\$201,380	\$659,059	\$382,071	\$307,598	\$142	\$143	\$21		
5	105	\$49,050	\$59,950	\$55,217	\$57,343	\$4,097	\$3	4	3	3	\$64	\$98	\$82	\$82	\$204,555	\$409,634	\$264,167	\$256,452	\$144	\$142	\$23	\$210,736	\$365,601	\$259,483	\$254,438	\$142	\$141	\$25		
6	72	\$57,334	\$73,800	\$59,191	\$57,900	\$5,133	\$2	5	4	4	\$58	\$103	\$83	\$84	\$195,777	\$507,161	\$308,293	\$292,417	\$133	\$132	\$19	\$211,048	\$501,070	\$303,193	\$296,776	\$132	\$129	\$22		
7	89	\$52,600	\$92,050	\$63,147	\$60,931	\$6,223	\$2	4	3	3	\$56	\$90	\$77	\$77	\$206,681	\$573,088	\$345,228	\$326,441	\$154	\$149	\$30	\$214,103	\$531,370	\$337,803	\$317,930	\$150	\$148	\$27		
8	81	\$35,000	\$180,069	\$86,644	\$75,800	\$28,957	\$2	7	5	5	\$68	\$122	\$90	\$90	\$227,524	\$859,511	\$444,446	\$424,944	\$153	\$141	\$36	\$222,836	\$807,497	\$430,798	\$419,207	\$148	\$144	\$27		
9	119	\$46,946	\$225,949	\$81,407	\$84,039	\$18,180	\$2	6	5	5	\$75	\$105	\$90	\$91	\$261,597	\$699,942	\$429,382	\$424,234	\$140	\$136	\$24	\$259,879	\$682,067	\$425,794	\$421,028	\$139	\$134	\$21		
10	155	\$52,800	\$53,000	\$52,839	\$52,800	\$79	\$3	3	3	3	\$65	\$92	\$80	\$79	\$203,157	\$330,521	\$240,536	\$236,860	\$126	\$127	\$17	\$203,839	\$302,002	\$235,013	\$230,803	\$124	\$125	\$19		
11	172	\$56,211	\$85,892	\$73,848	\$73,030	\$9,113	\$3	5	4	4	\$66	\$98	\$81	\$81	\$246,856	\$510,622	\$355,647	\$346,473	\$129	\$126	\$12	\$257,424	\$543,892	\$353,341	\$347,093	\$128	\$125	\$15		
12	66	\$51,300	\$75,313	\$63,058	\$65,400	\$6,812	\$2	4	4	4	\$63	\$92	\$81	\$81	\$211,901	\$522,753	\$308,342	\$312,301	\$135	\$134	\$19	\$209,847	\$481,039	\$301,990	\$305,766	\$133	\$132	\$17		
13	624	\$17,136	\$154,791	\$58,318	\$54,391	\$12,483	\$1	6	3	3	\$57	\$102	\$81	\$82	\$163,224	\$646,538	\$284,159	\$260,814	\$133	\$133	\$21	\$149,223	\$633,993	\$280,619	\$262,667	\$132	\$132	\$22		
14	264	\$51,400	\$107,400	\$64,398	\$60,931	\$10,316	\$2	6	3	3	\$53	\$101	\$78	\$78	\$213,181	\$698,361	\$329,949	\$312,888	\$140	\$138	\$20	\$204,000	\$676,146	\$325,161	\$308,947	\$138	\$136	\$20		
15	33	\$56,159	\$118,961	\$71,241	\$62,457	\$16,274	\$3	5	4	3	\$61	\$96	\$77	\$77	\$258,784	\$770,887	\$376,213	\$324,115	\$143	\$126	\$46	\$265,538	\$736,694	\$355,385	\$332,474	\$134	\$125	\$31		
16	36	\$59,950	\$59,950	\$59,950	\$59,950	\$0	\$4	4	4	4	\$78	\$91	\$87	\$88	\$236,843	\$330,661	\$267,868	\$259,443	\$129	\$133	\$12	\$222,028	\$385,708	\$266,883	\$253,773	\$128	\$132	\$11		

Counts			Sale Price				Sale Price per SqFt			Age of Property				Total Living Area (TLA)				Asmt Ratio Statistics					MASMT Ratio Statistics					Residual Values					
CLUSTER	n		Min	Max	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	SD	Min	Max	Mean	Median	Min	Max	Mean	Median	SD	MEANRAT	MEDRAT_CI_LB	MEDRAT	MEDRAT_CI_UB	COD	PRD	MEANRAT	MEDRAT_CI_LB	MEDRAT	MEDRAT_CI_UB	COD	PRD	MEAN_RESID	MED_RESID	MEANPCTCHG
1	205	\$205,231	\$467,350	\$277,879	\$265,52	\$133	\$132	\$1	1	4	1	1	1	1,316	4,522	2,145	2,082	1.01	1.00	1.01	1.02	4.88	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	3.54	1.00	\$1,016	-\$615	0.1%		
2	34	\$227,000	\$600,000	\$328,973	\$321,450	\$143	\$140	\$23	1	42	4	2	2	1,352	3,942	2,348	2,309	0.98	0.99	1.01	1.03	4.69	1.01	1.01	1.00	1.03	1.05	5.41	1.01	-\$590	-\$6,695	-1.1%	
3	746	\$182,500	\$775,000	\$296,735	\$261,75	\$137	\$134	\$2	1	69	18	17	17	1,052	5,086	2,243	2,104	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	4.04	1.00	1.01	1.00	1.01	4.65	1.00	-\$789	-\$937	-0.5%		
4	56	\$203,000	\$691,270	\$383,610	\$309,995	\$143	\$142	\$23	1	15	5	3	3	1,319	4,156	2,649	2,662	1.02	1.00	1.01	1.03	4.48	1.00	1.00	0.99	1.00	4.15	1.01	\$1,539	-\$1,502	-0.4%		
5	105	\$209,938	\$359,117	\$259,950	\$252,99	\$142	\$141	\$2	1	5	2	2	2	1,024	3,748	1,921	1,747	1.02	1.00	1.01	1.02	3.66	1.00	1.00	0.99	1.00	2.42	1.00	\$456,950	\$1,179	0.1%		
6	72	\$198,500	\$560,000	\$304,345	\$289,200	\$132	\$133	\$23	3	33	14	12	12	1,158	3,912	2,381	2,502	1.01	1.00	1.01	1.02	4.72	1.00	1.00	0.99	1.00	4.12	1.00	\$1,152	\$893	0.0%		
7	89	\$195,000	\$560,000	\$337,992	\$320,000	\$151	\$148	\$3	1	58	23	22	22	1,131	4,235	2,339	2,096	1.02	1.00	1.01	1.03	4.43	1.00	1.01	0.98	1.00	5.80	1.01	\$189	-\$54	-0.5%		
8	81	\$228,000	\$777,106	\$438,753	\$414,902	\$152	\$143	\$39	1	44	4	2	2	1,087	4,934	2,920	2,893	1.01	1.00	1.01	1.02	4.45	1.00	0.99	1.00	1.01	5.21	1.00	\$7,955	\$375	1.3%		
9	119	\$260,000	\$745,000	\$428,680	\$415,000	\$140	\$135	\$23	1	36	5	3	3	1,613	5,180	3,129	3,170	1.01	1.00	1.01	1.02	3.99	1.00	1.00	0.99	1.00	4.83	1.01	\$2,947	\$143	0.2%		
10	155	\$200,000	\$302,000	\$235,603	\$232,000	\$124	\$125	\$20	1	14	6	6	6	1,275	3,698	1,955	1,864	1.02	1.00	1.01	1.02	3.89	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	2.70	1.00	\$590	-\$54	0.1%		
11	172	\$253,800	\$570,223	\$353,047	\$347,000	\$128	\$125	\$16	1	30	9	6	6	1,684	4,672	2,804	2,724	1.01	1.00	1.02	4.71	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	4.04	1.00	-\$293	-\$1,976	-0.4%			
12	66	\$208,840	\$515,000	\$302,315	\$301,963	\$133	\$132	\$18	2	35	8	5	5	1,335	3,999	2,325	2,195	1.02	1.01	1.03	3.52	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	3.07	1.00	\$325	-\$1,477	-0.2%			
13	624	\$145,000	\$640,000	\$280,923	\$257,250	\$132	\$132	\$23	1	69	11	7	7	1,822	4,972	2,196	2,126	1.01	1.01	1.01	4.15	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	4.03	1.00	\$304	\$284	-0.3%			
14	264	\$210,000	\$752,545	\$326,476	\$312,150	\$138	\$137	\$21	1	44	21	22	22	1,221	4,744	2,423	2,363	1.01	1.00	1.02	4.52	1.00	1.00	0.99	1.01	5.02	1.00	\$1,315	-\$699	0.0%			
15	33	\$265,000	\$790,000	\$372,969	\$329,642	\$142	\$128	\$49	1	45	25	21	21	1,794	4,458	2,733	2,556	1.02	0.99	1.01	1.02	4.71	1.01	0.98	0.95	1.02	7.37	1.02	\$17,583	\$5,591	2.5%		
16	36	\$225,000	\$412,248	\$264,919	\$249,990	\$127	\$130	\$18	1	6	2	2	2	1,670	3,173	2,107	1,951	1.02	1.02	1.03	4.27	1.01	1.01	0.99	1.01	3.28	1.00	-\$1,964	-\$1,418	-0.9%			

Ratio Study Iterations on New Clusters

Look at ratio study statistics overall and over each grouping.

Visualize and group by NBHD, Grade, AGE, STHT, Wall Codes, etc...

n	ASMT_MEANRAT	ASMT_MEDRAT	ASMT_COD	ASMT_PRD	PRB	PRB_CI_Lower	PRB_CI_Upper	Gini_Coefficient
5195	88.96%	94.7%	14.348062	1.002240	-0.048202	-0.071670	-0.024733	0.137678

Initial Iteration

n	ASMT_MEANRAT	ASMT_MEDRAT	ASMT_COD	ASMT_PRD	PRB	PRB_CI_Lower	PRB_CI_Upper	Gini_Coefficient	
0	5195	101.0%	100.3%	8.292442	1.009989	-0.167745	-0.179031	-0.156459	0.147157

Final Iteration

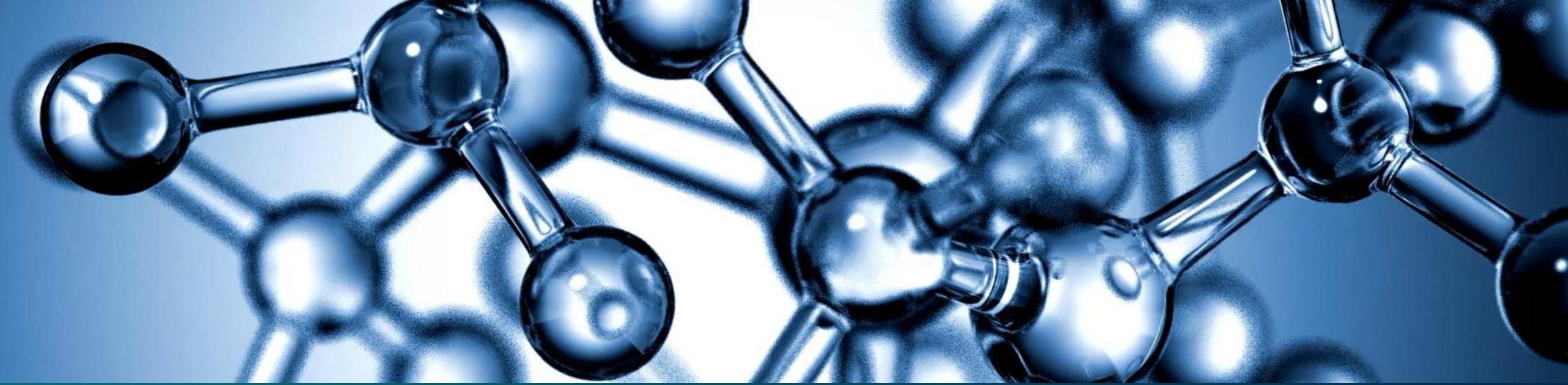
Measure	IAAO Standards	Description
Coefficient of Dispersion (COD)	Between 5 and 15	Measures spread around the median
Price Related Differential (PRD)	0.98 – 1.03	Compares High-value vs. low-value property treatments
Price Related Bias (PRB)	-0.05 and 0.05	Regression based test of bias across values. + = regressivity, - = progressivity
Gini Coefficient	None, but lower is better!	Measures overall inequality in ratio distribution.

Final Thoughts

Develop a Pipeline That Works for You!

It may be beneficial to try a combination of methods to provide a clear picture of the market forces driving value in the area. Example:

1. Build out an OLS Model
2. Build a GWR model to explore spatial variations of coefficients, errors, and point estimates
3. Use local Morans I, K-means, etc. to cluster any of the spatially varying coefficients, residuals, or diagnostics
4. Develop LOCF
5. Interpolate LOCF over study area
6. Use either K-means or SCMVC to derive optimal segments
7. Create a web application with results of analysis and present to the local market experts
8. Manually draw based on results of analysis and knowledge of market



- Market segmenting is not only a science but also a subjective art
- Analyze various variables that may contribute to value (PEGS)
- Try various methods, if not all methods, for initial segment development
- Continuously analyze segment summaries for both sales and subjects including ratio statistics to ensure proper homogeneity within groups and heterogeneity between groups
- Refine every year to keep up with changing market forces
- Provide analysis to appraisers or analysts in the form of web apps or other web-based interactive tools and have them derive the segments and rerun segment stats



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Thank you!

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Collaborate with industry peers
Imagine the possibilities



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