


Rot 13

picot F {next_time_I'll_try_2_rounds_of_rot13_....}

We replace the letter with the 13th letter after in the alphabet

② Easy peasy

```

picoCTF Webshell
Help 

Enter your picoCTF password (characters will be hidden):
=====

Welcome to the picoCTF webshell!

❑ The webshell is intended only for solving picoCTF challenges. Any
other usage is a violation of our terms and conditions.

■ Sessions are monitored and logged to prevent abuse. Please do not
enter any sensitive information into the webshell.

⚠ Files stored outside of your home directory will not persist between
webshell sessions.

● Network connectivity and resources are limited. Some limits can be
checked by typing usage.

⌚ Idle sessions will automatically log out after 15 minutes.

📖 For more information and a beginner's guide, type less ~/README.txt.
=====

danielfsilva99-picoctf@webshell:~$ mercury.picoctf.net 11188
-bash: mercury.picoctf.net: command not found
danielfsilva99-picoctf@webshell:~$ nc mercury.picoctf.net 11188
*****Welcome to our OTP implementation*****
This is the encrypted flag!
551e6c4c5e55644b565566d1b51001534d004026a4b52066b4a5556383d4b0007

What data would you like to encrypt? ☐

```

```
C:\Users\danie\PycharmProjects\pythonProject1\venv\Scripts\python.  
3739303466663833306631633562626138663736333730373234376261336531
```

```
Process finished with exit code 0
```

Hex to ASCII Text String Converter


Enter hex bytes with any prefix / postfix / delimiter and press the *Convert* button
(e.g. 45 78 61 6d 70 6C 65 21):


From

Hexadecimal

To

Text

 Open File





Paste hex numbers or drop file


3739303466663833306631633562626138663736333730373234376261336531

Character encoding

ASCII

 Convert

 Reset

 Swap

7904ff830f1c5bba8f763707247ba3e1

③ The Numbers

For this problem we have an image with the code :

16 9 3 15 3 20 6 { 20 8 5 14 21 13 2 5 18
19 13 1 19 15 14 }

This code was encrypted with substitution cipher.

16 → P	{	
9 → I	20 → T	2 → B
3 → C	8 → H	5 → E
15 → O	5 → E	18 → R
3 → C	14 → N	19 → S
20 → T	21 → U	13 → M
6 → F	13 → M	1 → A
		19 → S
		15 → O
		14 → N

So, the solution is :

PICOCTF { THE NUMBERS MASON }

④ New Caesar

In this problem, the solution was read the encode script and implement a new one with the decoding solution.

```
7 def b16_encode(plain):
8     enc = ""
9     for c in plain:
10        binary = "{0:08b}".format(ord(c))
11        enc += ALPHABET[int(binary[:4], 2)]
12        enc += ALPHABET[int(binary[4:], 2)]
13    return enc
14
15 usage
16 def b16_decode(cipher):
17     enc = ""
18     for i in range(0, len(cipher), 2):
19        binary = "{0:04b}".format(ALPHABET.index(cipher[i])) + "{0:04b}".format(ALPHABET.index(cipher[i + 1]))
20        enc += chr(int(binary, 2))
21    return enc
```

⑤ 13

At the same time exercise 1, it's a Rot13 problem. So:

cvpb PGs { abg - gbb - onq - bs - n - ceboyr }

is :

picoCTF { not_too_bad_of_a_problem }

We replace the letter with the 13th letter after in the alphabet.

⑥ Caesar.

This flag was encrypted with Caesar, so I implemented a solution of decoding in python, using the inverse logic.

```
1 encrypted_flag = "gvswwmrkxlivyfmgsrhnriseql"
2 decrypted_flag = ""
3
4 for mov in range(26):
5     decrypted_text = ""
6     for char in encrypted_flag:
7         if char.isalpha():
8             shifted_char = chr(((ord(char) - mov - 97) % 26) + 97)
9             decrypted_text += shifted_char
10        else:
11            decrypted_text += char
12    decrypted_flag += f"Mov {mov}: {decrypted_text}\n"
13
14 print(decrypted_flag)
```

```
C:\Users\dan1e\PycharmProjects\pyc
Mov 0: gvswwmrkxlivyfmgsrhnriseql
Mov 1: furvvlqjwkhuxelfrqgmqhrdfk
Mov 2: etquukpivjgtdkeqpflpgqcej
Mov 3: dspttjohuifsvcjdpoekofpbd
Mov 4: crossingtherubicondjneoach
Mov 5: bqnrhmfsgdqtahbnmcimdnzbg
Mov 6: apmqqglerfcpszgamlbhlcmyaf
Mov 7: zolppfkdeboryfzlkagkblxe
Mov 8: ynkoejcpdanqxeykjzffjakwyd
Mov 9: xmindibeezpwdxjiveizive
```

7 Easy 1

For this problem, the flag was encrypted with
Vigenère cipher:

So, there are 2 steps for each letter.

We have:

key: SOLVECRYPTO

To help: UF JKXQZQUNB

1st step: Find the row of the first lett of the key

2nd step: Find the column in wich the letter to help is
found.

For example, at first letter:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
A	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
B	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A
C	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B
D	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C
E	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D
F	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E
G	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F
H	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
I	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
J	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
K	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
L	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
M	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
N	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
O	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
P	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
Q	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P
R	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q
S	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
T	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S
U	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
V	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
W	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V
X	X	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W
Y	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X
Z	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y

so, the flag is: CRYPTOIS FUN

8 Spelling Quiz

In this example I used sub braker tool.

First, I broke the study guide, next I used the

decode key and the flag, with the subbraker decode

The Flag is : picoCTF{ perhaps - the dog - jumped - over - was -
just - tired }