We ek	Less on	Strand	Sub- strand	Specific-Learning outcomes	Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Question(S)	Learning Resources	Assessm ent	Reflectio n			
1	OPENING AND RECEIVING LEARNERS  Methods											
2	1-3	Conserving Agricultural Environmen t		By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to:  a) Explain the importance of	In groups, learners are guided to  i. Discussing in pairs the importance of soil conservation in agricultural environment.  ii. Form groups, search and share information on methods of soil conservation (strip cropping, grassed water ways, stone lines, trash lines, bund formation) using digital devices and print media.  iii. Conduct a practical activity: in groups, learners to explore the school environment and carry out activities on soil conservation in the school such as strip cropping, grassed water ways, stone lines, trash lines, and bund formation.  iv. Conduct project: in groups, learners to construct farm model using materials such as cartons, cardboards, soil and 2papier-mache to demonstrate farm layout with various soil conservation measures.	1. Why should we conserve soil in the environment?  2. How can we conserve soil in the environment?	Stones Trash from plat remains Spade Jembe Planting materials for grass Any cover crop Waste papers Soil Carton  Cardboard Digital resources Mentor Agriculture Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg 1-3	Observati on of learning activity Written assignme nts				
3	1-3	Conserving Agricultural Environmen t	Soil conserva tion measures Method s of soil conserv ation	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to:  a. Explain the importance of soil conservation in agricultural environment,  b. Describe methods of soil conservation in agricultural environment,  c. Carry out soil conservation activities in the school environment,	<ul> <li>In groups, learners are guided to</li> <li>✓ Discussing in pairs the importance of soil conservation in agricultural environment.</li> <li>✓ Form groups, search and share information on methods of soil conservation (strip cropping, grassed water ways, stone lines, trash lines, bund formation) using digital devices and print media.</li> <li>✓ Conduct a practical activity: in</li> </ul>	1. Why should we conserve soil in the environment?  2. How can we conserve soil in the environment?	Stones Trash from plat remains Spade Jembe Planting materials for grass Any cover crop Waste papers Soil	Observati on of learning activity Written assignme nts				

				d. Demonstrate caring attitude towards soil in agricultural environment.	groups, learners to explore the school environment and carry out activities on soil conservation in the school such as strip cropping, grassed water ways, stone lines, trash lines, and bund formation.  ✓ Conduct project: in groups, learners to construct farm model using materials such as cartons, cardboards, soil and 2papier-mache to demonstrate farm layout with various soil conservation measures.		Cardoard Digital resources  Mentor Agriculture Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg 3-5	
4	1-3	Conserving Agricultural Environmen t	ng and storage Methods and ways of harvesti ng water for farming	harvested water for farming purposes, c) Take part in harvesting and storing water in the school for farming purposes, d) Show responsibility in harvesting and storing water for farming.	In groups leaners are guided to:  ✓ Brainstorm in pairs, methods of harvesting water for farming purposes.  ✓ Search and share information in groups, on how water can be stored for farming purposes, using methods such as shallow water pans, water ponds and water tanks using digital devices and print media.  ✓ Make class presentations on possible initiatives that can be made to harvest and store rain water and surface runoff in the school environment.  ✓ Initiate measures towards water harvesting and storage of their choice in the school.	How can we harvest and store water for agricultural purposes?	Gardening tools Jembe Spade Panga Slasher Manila papers Marker pens Mentor Agriculture Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg 6-8	Observati on of learning activity Written assignme nts Oral assessme nt Group project Portfolio on water conservat ion structure
5	1-3	Conserving	Water	By the end of the lesson, the	In groups leaners are guided to:	How can we	Gardening tools	Observati
		Agricultural Environmen t	harvesti ng and storage Methods and ways of storing harveste d water	learner should be able to:  a. Outline methods of harvesting water for farming purposes,  b. Discuss ways of storing harvested water for farming purposes,  c. Take part in harvesting and storing water in the school	<ul> <li>✓ Brainstorm in pairs, methods of harvesting water for farming purposes.</li> <li>✓ Search and share information in groups, on how water can be stored for farming purposes, using methods such as shallow water pans, water ponds and water tanks using digital devices and print media.</li> </ul>	store water for agricultural	Jembe Spade Panga Slasher Manila papers Marker pens	on of learning activity Written assignme nts Oral assessme nt

				for farming purposes, d. Show responsibility in harvesting and storing water for farming.	<ul> <li>✓ Make class presentations on possible initiatives that can be made to harvest and store rain water and surface runoff in the school environment.</li> <li>✓ Initiate measures towards water harvesting and storage of their choice in the school.</li> </ul>		Agriculture Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg9- 12	Group project Portfolio on water conservat ion structure	
6	1-3	Crop production	Square foot gardenin g Concept of square foot gardenin g	square foot gardening in growing crops,  b. Prepare square foot garden for growing crops,  C. Establish a set of crops in	In groups leaners are guided to:  ✓ Form groups and search for information and share findings through presentations on the concept of square foot gardening for growing vegetables, spices and herbs.  ✓ To prepare in groups a garden with a set of partitions each measuring at least 1ft by 1 ft. (30cmby 30cm). The actual measurement may be varied based on the learners' preference.  ✓ To establish a set of vegetables spices and herbs on the garden based on the number of partitions (plant one type of crop per square foot partition).  ✓ Discuss and make presentations on the benefits of square foot gardening.  ✓ Conduct project: to	1. What is square foot gardening? 2. How can we grow crops through ssquare foot gardening?	Gardening tools Jembe Spade Panga Slasher Manila papers Marker pens Tape measure Planting materials like vegetable herbs Mentor Agriculture Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg 3- 18	Observati on of learning activity Written assignme nts Oral assessme nt Group project Portfolio	

7	1-3	Crop production	Square foot gardening Preparation of square foot garden	square foot gardening in	In groups leaners are guided to:  ✓ Form groups and search for information and share findings through presentations on the concept of square foot gardening for growing vegetables, spices and herbs.  ✓ To prepare in groups a garden with a set of partitions each measuring at least 1ft by 1 ft. (30cmby 30cm). The actual measurement may be varied based on the learners' preference.  ✓ To establish a set of vegetables spices and herbs on the garden based on the number of partitions (plant one type of crop per square foot partition).  ✓ Discuss and make presentations on the benefits of square foot gardening.  ✓ Conduct project: to	1. What is square foot gardening? 2. How can we grow crops through ssquare foot gardening?	Gardening tools Jembe Spade Panga Slasher Manila papers Marker pens Tape measure Planting materials like vegetable herbs  Mentor Agriculture Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg 19- 22	Observati on of learning activity Written assignme nts Oral assessme nt Group project Portfolio
8	1-3	Crop op production or	Square <sub>ju</sub> foot gardenin g Establish es crops for square foot gardenin g	square foot gardening igrowing growing crops re square foo  b. Prepare square foot garden for growing crops, a set of cr c. Establish a set of crops intent the square foot garden value d. Appraise the value of square	and establish a set of crops of their choice.  In groups leaners are guided to: are guided to: Form groups and search for ps at of squarinformation and share findings in grops, through presentations on the esert garden foncept of square footuare foot gardening for growingables, spices and herbs. In To prepare in groups a gardeton of square with a set of partitions feachy 1 fit ehold nut measuring at least of the head nut measuring at least of the measurement may be svaried has based on the learners herbs on the	nsquare footor dgardening/ling litations on the or gardenwegare week to be a constant of the c	Manua papersign Marker pensi gar gTape measure )Planting amaterials like nvegetable herbs spicMentor l onAgriculture	

					<ul><li>✓ Conduct project: to</li><li>✓ Prepare a square foot garden and establish a set of crops of</li></ul>	ike presentation square foot gard et: to	is on 25 dening. and		
9	1-3	Crop production	Crop manage ment	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to:  a) Give meaning of pests in vegetable crops, b) Identify vegetable crops attacked by pests, c) Identify pests that attack growing vegetable crops, d) Control pests on vegetable crops, e) Give meaning of disease in vegetable crops, f) Identify vegetable crops attacked by diseases, g) Control diseases on vegetable crops, h) Acknowledge importance of controlling pests and diseases in vegetable production	their choice.  In groups leaners are guided to:  Brainstorm in pairs the meaning of the term crop pests.  Take a field excursion to observe and identify vegetable crops attacked by pests (punctured leaves, cut-off seedlings, curling leaves) and the common sites where the pests are found.  Observe and identify pests (aphids, cutworms, caterpillars) during the field excursion.  Observe and identify pests that attack vegetable crops from displayed charts or digital resources (aphids, cutworms, caterpillars).  Control pests on vegetables using methods such as handpicking, removing affected crop parts, uprooting heavily affected crops and applying ash.	vegetable crops attacked by pests and diseases?  2. How can we control pests and diseases in crops?	Samples of crop materials affected by crop pest and diseases Field with growing crops Digital resources Charts displaying various crop pest and diseases  Mentor Agriculture Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg 26-28	Observati on of learning activity Written assignme nts Oral assessme nt Group project Portfolio on crop pests.	
10	1-3	Crop production	Crop manage ment	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to:  a. Give meaning of pests in	In groups leaners are guided to:  ✓ Brainstorm in pairs the meaning of the term crop pests.	1. How can we identify vegetable	Samples of crop materials affected by	Observati on of learning	

				vegetable crops, b. Identify vegetable crops attacked by pests, c. Identify pests that attack growing vegetable crops, d. Control pests on vegetable crops, e. Give meaning of disease in vegetable crops, f. Identify vegetable crops attacked by diseases, g. Control diseases on vegetable crops, h. Acknowledge importance of controlling pests and diseases in vegetable production	obse crop (pun seed the c pests  Obse (aph durin  Obse attac displ reson cater  Cont using hand crop	e a field excursion to erve and identify vegetable as attacked by pests actured leaves, cut-off clings, curling leaves) and common sites where the sare found.  erve and identify pests active and identify pests active, cutworms, caterpillars) and the field excursion.  erve and identify pests that the excursion active a	crops attacked by pests and diseases?  2. How can we control pests and diseases in crops?	crop pest and diseases Field with growing crops Digital resources Charts displaying various crop pest and diseases  Mentor Agriculture Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg 29- 32	activity Written assignme nts Oral assessme nt Group project Portfolio on crop pests.	
11	1-3	Crop production	Crop manage ment	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to:  a. Give meaning of pests in vegetable crops, b. Identify vegetable crops attacked by pests, c. Identify pests that attack growing vegetable crops, d. Control pests on vegetable crops, e. Give meaning of disease in vegetable crops, f. Identify vegetable crops attacked by diseases, g. Control diseases on vegetable crops, h. Acknowledge importance of controlling pests and diseases in vegetable production	✓ Brair of th ✓ Take obse crop (pun seed the copests ✓ Obse (aph durin ✓ Obse attac disp) reson cater ✓ Contusing	nners are guided to: Instorm in pairs the meaning the term crop pests. The a field excursion to the excursion the excursion that the excursion to the excursion that the	How can we identify vegetable crops attacked by pests and diseases?     How can we control pests and diseases in crops?	Samples of crop materials affected by crop pest and diseases Field with growing crops Digital resources Charts displaying various crop pest and diseases  Mentor Agriculture	Observati on of learning activity Written assignme nts Oral assessme nt Group project Portfolio on crop pests.	

					crop parts, uprooting heavily affected crops and applying ash		Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg33- 38		
12	1-3	Crop production	Crop harvesti ng Stages of harvesti ng	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify the appropriate stage of harvesting vegetable crops, b. Harvest vegetable crops using suitable methods, c. Take precautions in harvesting vegetables to ensure quality of produce, d. Show responsibility in handling of vegetable crop produce at harvesting stage.	In groups leaners are guided to:  ✓ Take an excursion to a vegetable garden, study and identify vegetables that are ready for harvesting.  ✓ Discuss and justify their observations on signs of readiness or non-readiness of the vegetable crops for harvest.  ✓ Observe samples of spoilt vegetable produce and then discuss precautions to be observed when harvesting to reduce spoilage.  ✓ Demonstrate how to harvest different types of vegetables.  ✓ Conduct practical: practice actual harvesting of vegetable crops at the right stage, taking necessary precautions and using appropriate methods when the vegetable is ready for utilization.	1. How can we tell that a vegetable is ready for harvesting?  2. How can we harvest vegetables to maintain quality and reduce spoilage?	Samples of crop materials affected by crop pest and diseases Field with growing crops Digital resources Charts displaying various crop pest and diseases  Mentor Agriculture Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg 39-40	Observati on of learning activity Written assignme nts Oral assessme nt Group project Portfolio on crop pests.	
13	1-3	Crop production	Crop harvesti ng Precauti ons when harvesti ng	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify the appropriate stage of harvesting vegetable crops, b. Harvest vegetable crops using suitable methods, c. Take precautions in harvesting vegetables to ensure quality of produce, d. Show responsibility in handling of vegetable crop produce at harvesting stage.	In groups leaners are guided to:  ✓ Take an excursion to a vegetable garden, study and identify vegetables that are ready for harvesting.  ✓ Discuss and justify their observations on signs of readiness or non-readiness of the vegetable crops for harvest.  ✓ Observe samples of spoilt vegetable produce and then discuss precautions to be observed when harvesting to	1. How can we tell that a vegetable is ready for harvesting?  2. How can we harvest vegetables to maintain quality and reduce spoilage?	A field with growing vegetables Mentor Agriculture Learner's Book ,Grade 8,Pg 41- 45	Observati on of learning activity Written assignme nts Oral assessme nt Group project	

		reduce spoilage.  Demonstrate how to harvest different types of vegetables.  Conduct practical: practice actual harvesting of vegetable crops at the right stage, taking necessary precautions and using appropriate methods when the vegetable is ready for utilization.	Portfolio on harvestin g crops.						
14	EXAMINATION CLOSING OF THE SCHOOL								