

TABLE VI^a

t_g Sec.	t_F Sec.	$\frac{1}{t_F}$	$\frac{1}{t'_F} - \frac{1}{t_F}$	n'	$\frac{1}{n'}(\frac{1}{t'_F} - \frac{1}{t_F})$	$\frac{1}{t_g} + \frac{1}{t_F}$	n	$\frac{1}{n}(\frac{1}{t_g} + \frac{1}{t_F})$
11.848	80.708	.01236	.03234	6	.005390	.09655	18	.005366
11.890	22.366	.04470				.005358	.12887	24
11.908	22.390		.03751	.005348	.09138			
11.904	22.368	.005348				.005348	.09673	18
11.882	140.565		.01616	.005387	.11289			
11.906	79.600	.02870				.11833	22	.005379
11.838	34.748		.026872	5	.005375			
11.816	34.762	.021572				4	.005393	.11303
11.776	34.846		.01623	3	.005410			
11.840	29.286	.04507				8	.005384	.08619
11.904	29.236		.04307	9	.005421			
11.870	137.308	.03[79]4				7	.0054[20]	.09704
11.952	34.638		.01285	.01079	.005395			
11.860	22.104	.02364				Means	.005386	
11.846								
11.912	22.268							
11.910	500.1							
11.918	19.704							
11.870	19.668							
11.888	77.630							
11.894	77.806							
11.878	42.302							
11.880								

Duration of exp.	= 45 min.	Pressure	= 75.62 cm.
Plate distance	= 16 mm.	Oil density	= .9199
Fall distance	= 10.21 mm.	Air viscosity	= $1,824 \times 10^{-7}$ [poise]
Initial volts	= 5,088.8	Radius (a)	= .[0]000276 cm.
Final volts	= 5,081.2	$\frac{l}{a}$ [mean free path $\div a$]	= .034
Temperature	= 22.82°C.	Speed of fall	= .08584 cm./sec.

$$e_i = 4.991 \times 10^{-10} \text{ [statcoulomb]}^b$$

^a[The bracketed numbers are our corrections of errors in the original paper.]

^b[The value presently accepted is 4.802×10^{-10} statcoulombs.]