CSSS 510: Lab 5

Ordered Probit

2017-11-10

0. Agenda

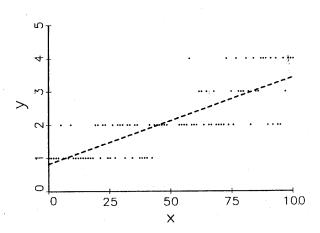
- 1. Deriving a likelihood function for the ordered probit model
- 2. Fitting an ordered probit model using optim() and glm()
- 3. Interpreting the results
- 4. Simulating predicted values and confidence intervals
- 5. Evaluating goodness of fit

Recall from lecture the ordered probit model:

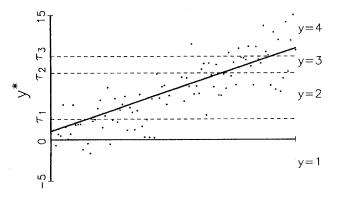
$$\Pr(y_i = j | \boldsymbol{x}_i) = \int_{ au_{i-1}}^{ au_j} \mathsf{Normal}(\boldsymbol{x}_i oldsymbol{eta}, 1) \mathsf{dx}_i oldsymbol{eta}$$

How does this model differ from the others we've covered so far in the course?

Panel B: Regression of Observed y



Panel A: Regression of Latent y*



$$\Pr(y_i = 1 | \mathbf{x}_i) = \Pr(\tau_0 \le y_i^* < \tau_1 | \mathbf{x}_i)$$

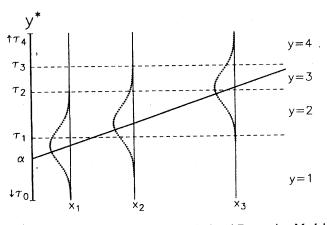


Figure 5.2. Distribution of y^* Given x for the Ordered Regression Model