

$$ty' - 2y = t^4 \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \quad y' - \frac{2y}{t} = t^3 \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$$

$$y' + P(t)y = Q(t) \quad P(t) = -\frac{2}{t} \quad Q(t) = t^3 \sin\frac{t}{2}$$

$$y' = uv, \quad y' = u'v + uv', \quad v - \text{laisuai reikiamas}$$

$$u'v + uv' - \frac{2uv}{t} = \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)t^3$$

$$u'v + u\left(v' - \frac{2v}{t}\right) = \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)t^3$$

Laisvai reikiamas,
reikiamas = 0

$$v' - \frac{2v}{t} = 0 \quad \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{2v}{t} \quad \frac{dv}{v} = \frac{2dt}{t}$$

$$\int \frac{dv}{v} = \int \frac{2dt}{t} \quad \int \frac{1}{v} dv = \int \frac{2}{t} dt = 2 \int \frac{1}{t} dt$$

$$\ln(v) = 2 \ln(t) \quad e^{\ln v} = e^{2 \ln t} = e^{\ln t^2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow v = t^2 \quad u'v = \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)t^3 \Rightarrow u't^2 = \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)t^3$$

$$u' = t \cdot \sin\frac{t}{2} \quad \frac{du}{dt} = t \cdot \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \quad du = \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \cdot t \, dt$$

$$\int du = \int \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \cdot t \, dt \quad \int du = u \quad \boxed{\frac{t}{2} = x, t = 2x, dt = 2dx}$$

$$\int \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \cdot t \, dt = \int \sin x \cdot 2x \cdot 2dx = \int 4x \sin x \, dx =$$

$$= 4 \left(x \cdot (-\cos(x)) + \int x' \cos(x) \, dx \right) = 4 \left(-x \cos x + \int \cos x \, dx \right) =$$

$$= 4 \left(-x \cos x + \sin(x) \right) = \boxed{-4x \cos x + 4 \sin x}$$

$$x = \frac{t}{2}$$

$$\int f g' = f g - \int f' g$$

$$\checkmark u = -4\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + 4 \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + C$$

$$y = uv \Rightarrow u = \frac{y}{v} \quad \frac{y}{v} = -4 \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \frac{t}{2} + 4 \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + C \quad v = t^2$$

$$y = t^2 \cdot \left(4 \sin \frac{t}{2} - 2t \cos \frac{t}{2}\right)$$

$$y = 4t^2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - 2t^3 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + C \cdot t^2$$

$$t_0 = \pi \quad y_0 = 2\pi^2$$

$$2\pi^2 = 4\pi^2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - 2\pi^3 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \cdot \pi^2$$

$$\sin \frac{\pi}{2} = 1$$

$$\cos \frac{\pi}{2} = 0$$

~~$$2\pi^2 = 4\pi \cdot 0 - 2\pi^2 \cdot (-0.5) + C \cdot \pi^2$$~~

~~$$2\pi^2 = \pi^2 + C\pi^2$$~~

$$2\pi^2 = 4\pi^2 \cdot 1 - 2\pi^3 \cdot 0 + C \cdot \pi^2$$

$$2\pi^2 = 4\pi^2 + C\pi^2$$

$$C\pi^2 = -2\pi^2$$

$$\boxed{C = -2}$$

Gesultini formula:

$$y = 4t^2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - 2t^3 \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - 2t^2$$