CCPS 844 Data Mining (Lab 7) Submit your solution as a pdf file

- Q-1 Select a dataset/datasets of your choice. Apply SVM Classification Evaluate the results
- Q-2 Select a dataset/datasets of your choice. Apply SVM Regression Evaluate the results

```
In [34]: % matplotlib inline
    from IPython.core.display import display, HTML
    display(HTML("<style>.container { width:90% !important; }</style>"))
```

```
In [35]: import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import pandas as pd
   pd.set_option('display.max_columns', 100)
```

```
In [36]: from sklearn import svm

df = pd.read_csv('winequality-red.csv')
    df['overfive'] = (df.quality > 5).astype(int)
```

```
In [37]: df.sample(5)
```

Out[37]:

	fixed acidity	volatile acidity		residual sugar	chlorides	free sulfur dioxide	total sulfur dioxide	density	рН	sulphates	alcohol	quality
191	6.4	0.370	0.25	1.9	0.074	21.0	49.0	0.99740	3.57	0.62	9.800000	6
859	6.8	0.560	0.22	1.8	0.074	15.0	24.0	0.99438	3.40	0.82	11.200000	6
1359	11.6	0.475	0.40	1.4	0.091	6.0	28.0	0.99704	3.07	0.65	10.033333	6
423	10.5	0.240	0.47	2.1	0.066	6.0	24.0	0.99780	3.15	0.90	11.000000	7
523	9.3	0.400	0.49	2.5	0.085	38.0	142.0	0.99780	3.22	0.55	9.400000	5

```
In [38]: X=df.iloc[:,0:3].values
         y=df.quality.values
In [39]: clf = svm.SVR()
         clf.fit(X, y)
Out[39]: SVR(C=1.0, cache size=200, coef0=0.0, degree=3, epsilon=0.1, gamma='auto',
           kernel='rbf', max iter=-1, shrinking=True, tol=0.001, verbose=False)
In [40]: clf.predict([[7,0.65,0.02]])
Out[40]: array([ 5.30354839])
In [41]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         sc = StandardScaler()
In [45]: y=np.reshape(y,(-1,1))
In [49]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         sc X = StandardScaler()
         sc y = StandardScaler()
         X1 = sc X.fit transform(X)
         y1 = sc y.fit transform(y)
         /Users/dee/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/utils/validation.py:475: DataCo
         nversionWarning: Data with input dtype int64 was converted to float64 by StandardScaler.
           warnings.warn(msg, DataConversionWarning)
In [56]: X1
Out[56]: array([[-0.52835961, 0.96187667, -1.39147228],
                [-0.29854743, 1.96744245, -1.39147228],
                [-0.29854743, 1.29706527, -1.18607043],
                [-1.1603431, -0.09955388, -0.72391627],
                [-1.39015528, 0.65462046, -0.77526673],
                [-1.33270223, -1.21684919, 1.02199944]])
```

```
In [48]: regressor = svm.SVR(kernel='rbf')
    regressor.fit(X1, y1)

/Users/dee/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/utils/validation.py:578: DataCo
    nversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please chang
    e the shape of y to (n_samples, ), for example using ravel().
        y = column_or_ld(y, warn=True)

Out[48]: SVR(C=1.0, cache_size=200, coef0=0.0, degree=3, epsilon=0.1, gamma='auto',
        kernel='rbf', max_iter=-1, shrinking=True, tol=0.001, verbose=False)

In [58]: y_pred = regressor.predict(sc_X.transform(np.array([[0,0,0]])))
    y_pred = sc_y.inverse_transform(y_pred)
    y_pred

/Users/dee/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/utils/validation.py:475: DataCo
    nversionWarning: Data with input dtype int64 was converted to float64 by StandardScaler.
    warnings.warn(msg, DataConversionWarning)

Out[58]: array([ 5.5876168])
```