(5) SQL SAS

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*** SQL QUERIES;
        * Basic Query with Columns and Stats;
                proc sql;
                     create table/view <table3/view3> as
                     select distinct
                             <col1> format=<zW.d>,...,
                             <col1>/sum(<col1>) as <pct1>,...,
                             function(<coll>) as <new coll>,...,
                             function(calculated <new_col1>) as <new_col2>,...,
                             case
                                 when (<condition>) then function(<col1>)
                                 when (<condition>) then function(<col1>)
                                 else function(<col1>)
                             end as <new col3>,
                             sum(<col1>), count(<col1>), avg(<col1>), std(<col1>), count(*)
as <count rows>,...,
                             sum(<col3>='<subset>') as <count if>,
                             sum((<col4>*(<col3>='<subset>')) as <sum if>
                         from <table1>, <table2>, ...
                         where <condition(<coll>)>, <condition(calculated</pre>
<new col1>)>,...
                         group by <col1>, <col2>,...
                         having <condition(<col2>)>, <condition(<new col2>)>, ...
                         order by <col1>, <new_col2>, <select_num1>, <select_num2> desc
                quit;
        * Complex Query with In-line Views;
                proc sql;
                     select <coll>, <coll>, ...
                         from <table1> as a,(
                             select <col3>,<col4>
                                 from <table2>
                                 where <condition>
                         ) as b
                         where <condition>
                quit;
*** SQL SUBQUERIES;
        * Noncorrelated Subquery;
                proc sql;
                     select name, salary
                         from salaries
                         where name in (
                             select name
                                 from birthdays
                                 where month (birthday) =2
                         having salary>=(
                             select avg(salary)
                                 from salaries
                        )
                quit;
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* Noncorrelated Subquery (Any/All & Min/Max);
                proc sql;
                    select name, salary
                        from salaries_and_positions
                        where position=1 and salary>all(
                            select salary
                                 from salaries and positions
                                where position in (2,3,4)
                        )
                quit;
        * Correlated Subquery;
                proc sql;
                    select name, avg(salary)
                        from salaries
                        where 'AU'=(
                            select country
                                from countries
                                where salaries.name=countries.name
                        )
                quit;
        * Correlated Subquery (Exists/Not Exists);
                proc sql;
                    select name, position
                        from positions
                        where not exists (
                            select *
                                 from sales
                                where positions.name=sales.name
                        )
                quit;
*** SQL JOIN;
        * SQL Join (Cartesian Product);
                proc sql;
                    create table <dataset> as
                        select *
                            from <dataset_many_or_one1>, <dataset_many_or_one2>, ...
                quit;
        * SQL Join (Inner Join 2+);
                proc sql;
                    create table <dataset> as
                        select *
                            from <dataset many or one1>,<dataset many or one2>,...
                            where
<dataset_many_or_one1>.<var1>=<dataset_many_or_one2>.<var1>
                quit;
        * SQL Join (Inner Join);
                proc sql;
                     create table <dataset> as
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select a.*,b.<var2>,b.<var3>,b.<var4>
                           from <dataset many or one1> as a inner join
<dataset_many_or_one2> as b
                           on a.<var1>=b.<var1>
                           where <further subsetting>
               quit;
       * SQL Join (Left Join);
               proc sql;
                    create table <dataset> as
                       select a.*,b.<var2>,b.<var3>,b.<var4>
                       from <dataset_many_or_one1> as a left join
<dataset many or one2> as b
                       on a.<var1>=b.<var1>
                       where <further subsetting>
               quit;
       * SQL Join (Right Join);
               proc sql;
                    create table <dataset> (drop=<var1 old>) as
                       select
coalsece(dataset many or one1.<var1 old>, dataset many or one2.<var1 old>) as <var1>,
a.*, b.*
                           from <dataset many or one1> (rename=(<var1>=<var1 old>))
as a right join <dataset many or one2> (rename=(<var1>=<var1 old>)) as b
                           on a.<var1 old>=b.<var1 old>
                           where <further subsetting>
               quit;
       * SQL Join (Full Join);
               proc sql;
                    create table <dataset> (drop=<var1 old>) as
                       select
coalsece(dataset many or one1.<var1 old>, dataset many or one2.<var1 old>) as <var1>,
a.*, b.*
                           from <dataset_many_or_one1> (rename=(<var1>=<var1_old>))
where <further subsetting>
               quit;
*** SQL SET OPERATORS;
       * Except, Intersect, Union;
               proc sql;
                   select *
                       from <table1>
                       where ...
                   except/intersect/union all corr
                   select *
                      from <table2>
                       where ...
               quit;
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* Outer Union;
                proc sql;
                    select *
                       from <table1>
                       where
                    outer union corr
                    select *
                       from <table2>
                quit;
*** SQL MACRO VARIABLES;
        * Into Single Row;
                proc sql noprint;
                    select avg(salary), min(salary), max(salary)
                        into :<mean salary>,:<min salary>,:<max salary>
                        from salaries
                quit;
        * Into Multiple Rows (Grid);
                proc sql noprint;
                    select <col1>,<col2>,...
                       into :<a1>-:<an>,:<b1>-:<bn>,...
                       from <table1>
                       order by ...
                %let numrows=&sqlobs;
                quit;
        * Into Multiple Rows (Delimited);
                proc sql noprint;
                    select <col1>,<col2>,...
                       into :<macro_var1> separated by '<dlm>',:<macro var2>
separated by '<dlm>',...
                       from <table1>
                %let numrows=&sqlobs;
                quit;
        * Data Step Analog;
                data null;
                    set <dataset> end=last;
                    call symputx('<macro_var>'||left(_n_),<var1>);
                    if last then call symputx('<total_macro_var>',_n_);
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