Apply Filters to SQL queries

Project Description

In this project, I need to use SQL commands to analyze data and retrieve specific information from a database.

When running SQL queries, using the correct operators to filter the information you're looking for in a table is essential to navigate databases. I will type in commands with the **AND**, **OR**, and **NOT** operators to look for the necessary information.

Here is the scenario:

I will obtain specific information about employees, their machines, and the departments they belong to from this **MariaDB** database using SQL commands.

Retrieve After-Hours Failed Login Attempts

```
MariaDB [organization] > SELECT *
    -> FROM log_in_attempts
    -> WHERE login_time > '18:00' AND success = FALSE;
```

To start working on this database, I will query failed login attempts, specifically all unsuccessful attempts after 18:00. For this command, I will need to use the **SELECT** keyword with an asterisk (*) to select all the columns in the table. From there, we will use the **FROM** keyword to indicate which table we will query, hence the name **log_in_attempts**.

After that, we will then filter the information by starting with the **WHERE** keyword to indicate the condition for a filter and use the columns (**login_time** and **success**) to specify our filter. To look for the login attempts that have failed after **18:00**, we will use the greater than sign (>) to indicate that the value in the **login_time** column must be greater than. Since 18:00 is a string data type, we will put it in quotation marks.

Lastly, we will use the **AND** operator to state that not only do we want the login attempts after 18:00 but we also want all of the failed attempts together. **FALSE** is a boolean data type, which is stored as either a 0 (false) or a 1 (true) - in this case, we want to look for all of the false conditions in the success column.

Here is our output from the command:

event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0
18	pwashing	2022-05-11	19:28:50	US	192.168.66.142	0
20	tshah	2022-05-12	18:56:36	MEXICO	192.168.109.50	0
28	aestrada	2022-05-09	19:28:12	MEXICO	192.168.27.57	0
34	drosas	2022-05-11	21:02:04	US	192.168.45.93	0
42	cgriffin	2022-05-09	23:04:05	US	192.168.4.157	0
52	cjackson	2022-05-10	22:07:07	CAN	192.168.58.57	0
69	wjaffrey	2022-05-11	19:55:15	USA	192.168.100.17	0
82	abernard	2022-05-12	23:38:46	MEX	192.168.234.49	0
87	apatel	2022-05-08	22:38:31	CANADA	192.168.132.153	0
96	ivelasco	2022-05-09	22:36:36	CAN	192.168.84.194	0
104	asundara	2022-05-11	18:38:07	US	192.168.96.200	0
107	bisles	2022-05-12	20:25:57	USA	192.168.116.187	0
111	aestrada	2022-05-10	22:00:26	MEXICO	192.168.76.27	0
127	abellmas	2022-05-09	21:20:51	CANADA	192.168.70.122	0
131	bisles	2022-05-09	20:03:55	US	192.168.113.171	0
155	cgriffin	2022-05-12	22:18:42	USA	192.168.236.176	0
160	jclark	2022-05-10	20:49:00	CANADA	192.168.214.49	0
199 I	yappiah	2022-05-11	19:34:48	MEXICO	192.168.44.232	0

Retrieve Login Attempts on Specific Dates

```
MariaDB [organization] > SELECT *
    -> FROM log_in_attempts
    -> WHERE login_date = '2022-05-09' OR login_date = '2022-05-08';
```

For this instance, we want to retrieve all login attempts that occurred on '2022-05-09' and the day before ('2022-05-08'). Since we know about the **SELECT** and **FROM** keywords now, let's go straight to the filter portion of this command.

After the **WHERE** keyword, we will use the **login_date** column to specify the login dates we want to compare. We will put our first date in quotes, to signify that it is a string data type, and then place our **OR** operator in between our log-in date comparison. The **OR** operator specifies that either condition can be met or both of them can be met. After the operator, we'll put in our other login date by specifying the column.

Here is the output of this command:

+	+	+			 	++
event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
+	+	+	+	+	+	++
1	jrafael	2022-05-09	04:56:27	CAN	192.168.243.140	1
3	dkot	2022-05-09	06:47:41	USA	192.168.151.162	1
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	USA	192.168.178.71	0
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	US	192.168.119.173	0
12	dkot	2022-05-08	09:11:34	USA	192.168.100.158	1
15	lyamamot	2022-05-09	17:17:26	USA	192.168.183.51	0
24	arusso	2022-05-09	06:49:39	MEXICO	192.168.171.192	1
25	sbaelish	2022-05-09	07:04:02	US	192.168.33.137	1
26	apatel	2022-05-08	17:27:00	CANADA	192.168.123.105	1
28	aestrada	2022-05-09	19:28:12	MEXICO	192.168.27.57	0
30	yappiah	2022-05-09	03:22:22	MEX	192.168.124.48	1
32	acook	2022-05-09	02:52:02	CANADA	192.168.142.239	0
36	asundara	2022-05-08	09:00:42	US	192.168.78.151	1
38	sbaelish	2022-05-09	14:40:01	USA	192.168.60.42	1
39	yappiah	2022-05-09	07:56:40	MEXICO	192.168.57.115	1
42	cgriffin	2022-05-09	23:04:05	US	192.168.4.157	0
43	mcouliba	2022-05-08	02:35:34	CANADA	192.168.16.208	0
44	daquino	2022-05-08	07:02:35	CANADA	192.168.168.144	0
47	dkot	2022-05-08	05:06:45	US	192.168.233.24	1
49	asundara	2022-05-08	14:00:01	US	192.168.173.213	0
53	nmason	2022-05-08	11:51:38	CAN	192.168.133.188	1
56	acook	2022-05-08	04:56:30	CAN	192.168.209.130	1
58	ivelasco	2022-05-09	17:20:54	CAN	192.168.57.162	0
61	dtanaka	2022-05-09	09:45:18	USA	192.168.98.221	1
65	aalonso	2022-05-09	23:42:12	MEX	192.168.52.37	1
66	aestrada	2022-05-08	21:58:32	MEX	192.168.67.223	1
67	abernard	2022-05-09	11:53:41	MEX	192.168.118.29	1
68	mrah	2022-05-08	17:16:13	US	192.168.42.248	1
70	tmitchel	2022-05-09	10:55:17	MEXICO	192.168.87.199	1
71	mcouliba	2022-05-09	06:57:42	CAN	192.168.55.169	0
72	alevitsk	2022-05-08	12:09:10	CANADA	192.168.139.176	1
79	abernard	2022-05-09	11:41:15	MEX	192.168.158.170	0
80	cjackson	2022-05-08	02:18:10	CANADA	192.168.33.140	1 1
83	lrodriqu	2022-05-08	08:10:23	USA	192.168.67.69	1 1
87	apatel	2022-05-08	22:38:31	CANADA	192.168.132.153	0 1
90	gesparza	2022-05-09	00:49:05	CANADA	192.168.87.201	0 1
92	pwashing	2022-05-08	00:36:12	US	192.168.247.219	0 1
96	ivelasco	2022-05-09	22:36:36	CAN	192.168.84.194	0 1

Retrieve Login Attempts Outside of Mexico

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
   -> FROM log_in_attempts
   -> WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%';
```

In the query, we want to look at unsuccessful login attempts in Mexico. Since there are field entries such as 'MEX' and 'MEXICO' we need to use the percentage sign (%). The percentage sign will be recognized as a wildcard, this will substitute any number of other characters after it. To find matching patterns, we should use 'MEX%' to find all related entries.

For this filter, we'll use the **WHERE** keyword followed by the **NOT** keyword. The **NOT** keyword negates the condition of the filter, so this will fulfill the 'not in Mexico' characteristic of what

we're searching for. After that, we have our column **country**, where we will search through as well as the **LIKE** keyword following it.

The **LIKE** keyword is needed when dealing with wildcards, instead of the equal sign (=). This is because the equal sign is finding that exact match, whereas **LIKE** allows for pattern matching. Once we put '**MEX%**' in quotations, we can now search for all the countries that are not Mexico.

Here is the output of this command:

+		-			+	++
event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
1	jrafael	2022-05-09	04:56:27	CAN	192.168.243.140	1 1
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0
3	dkot	2022-05-09	06:47:41	USA	192.168.151.162	1
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	USA	192.168.178.71	0
5	jrafael	2022-05-11	03:05:59	CANADA	192.168.86.232	0
7	eraab	2022-05-11	01:45:14	CAN	192.168.170.243	1
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	US	192.168.119.173	0
10	jrafael	2022-05-12	09:33:19	CANADA	192.168.228.221	0
11	sgilmore	2022-05-11	10:16:29	CANADA	192.168.140.81	0
12	dkot	2022-05-08	09:11:34	USA	192.168.100.158	1
13	mrah	2022-05-11	09:29:34	USA	192.168.246.135	1
14	sbaelish	2022-05-10	10:20:18	US	192.168.16.99	1
15	lyamamot	2022-05-09	17:17:26	USA	192.168.183.51	0
16	mcouliba	2022-05-11	06:44:22	CAN	192.168.172.189	1
17	pwashing	2022-05-11	02:33:02	USA	192.168.81.89	1
18	pwashing	2022-05-11	19:28:50	US	192.168.66.142	0
19	jhill	2022-05-12	13:09:04	US	192.168.142.245	1
21	iuduike	2022-05-11	17:50:00	US	192.168.131.147	1
25	sbaelish	2022-05-09	07:04:02	US	192.168.33.137	1
26	apatel	2022-05-08	17:27:00	CANADA	192.168.123.105	1
29	bisles	2022-05-11	01:21:22	US	192.168.85.186	0
31	acook	2022-05-12	17:36:45	CANADA	192.168.58.232	0
32	acook	2022-05-09	02:52:02	CANADA	192.168.142.239	0
33	zbernal	2022-05-11	02:52:10	US	192.168.72.59	1
34	drosas	2022-05-11	21:02:04	US	192.168.45.93	0
36	asundara	2022-05-08	09:00:42	US	192.168.78.151	1
37	eraab	2022-05-10	06:03:41	CANADA	192.168.152.148	0
38	sbaelish	2022-05-09	14:40:01	USA	192.168.60.42	1
41	apatel	2022-05-10	17:39:42	CANADA	192.168.46.207	0
42	cgriffin	2022-05-09	23:04:05	US	192.168.4.157	0
43	mcouliba	2022-05-08	02:35:34	CANADA	192.168.16.208	0

Retrieve Employees in Marketing

```
MariaDB [organization] > SELECT *
    -> FROM employees
    -> WHERE department = 'Marketing' AND office LIKE 'East%';
```

We will use the **employees** table for the next few SQL queries. For this particular query, we will be looking at all of the employees in the **'Marketing'** department who are located in all the offices in the East building (an example of this would be **'East-216'**)

If we take a look at our filter for this query, we'll start with our **WHERE** keyword and then choose the column **department** that equals '**Marketing**' for all the employees in this department. After that, we'll use our **AND** operator to include the 'office' column to look for offices that match the East building.

Lastly, we'll add in our **LIKE** keyword, since we're using a wildcard to match all East building offices, regardless of number. We'll then put our **'East'** string following the **LIKE** keyword to match any of the East building offices.

Here is the output of this command:

```
employee id | device id
                             username | department
       1000 | a320b137c219 | elarson
                                      | Marketing
           | a192b174c940 | jdarosa | Marketing
       1075 | x573y883z772 | fbautist | Marketing
              k8651965m233 |
                                        Marketing
                             rgosh
       1103
                             randerss
              a184b775c707 |
       1156 |
                             dellery
                                        Marketing
       1163 | h679i515j339 | cwilliam |
                                        Marketing
                                                     East-216
rows in set (0.043 sec)
```

Retrieve Employees in Finance or Sales

```
MariaDB [organization] > SELECT *
    -> FROM employees
    -> WHERE department = 'Finance' OR department = 'Sales';
```

For this query, we want to see which employees are in Finance or the Sales departments. Since we know about the **SELECT** and **FROM** keywords now, let's go straight to the filter portion of this command.

From the **WHERE** keyword, we'll then search the department column that is equal to the **'Finance'** department. Following this we'll add our **OR** operator so that either or both of these conditions can be met. We'll then use the department column again to search for any employee in the **'Sales'** department.

Here is the output of this command:

```
employee id | device id
                                        department
              d394e816f943
                             sgilmore
                                                     South-153
                                        Finance
                             wjaffrey | Finance
             h174i497j413
                                                     North-406
                             abernard | Finance
       1008 | i858j583k571
                                                     South-170
      1009 | NULL
                             lrodriqu | Sales
                                                     South-134
      1010 | k2421212m542
                           | jlansky
                                      Finance
                                                     South-109
      1011 | 1748m120n401
                           drosas
                                        Sales
                                                     South-292
      1015 | p611q262r945 |
                            jsoto
                                        Finance
                                                     North-271
      1017 I
             r550s824t230
                             jclark
                                        Finance
                                                     North-188
                                                    North-403
      1018 | s310t540u653 | abellmas | Finance
             w237x430y567
      1022 |
                             arusso
                                      Finance
                                                     West-465
      1024 | y976z753a267
                             iuduike
                                        Sales
                                                     South-215
      1025 | z381a365b233 |
                            jhill
                                                     North-115
                                        Sales
      1029 | d336e475f676
                             ivelasco
                                        Finance
                                                     East-156
      1035 | j236k3031245 | bisles
                                      Sales
                                                    South-171
             n253o917p623 | cjackson | Sales
                                                     East-378
      1039
      1041 | p929q222r778 |
                             cgriffin | Sales
                                                     North-208
      1044 | s429t157u159 |
                            tbarnes
                                      Finance
                                                    | West-415
      1045 | t567u844v434
                             pwashing | Finance
                                                    | East-115
      1046 | u429v921w138 | daquino
                                      Finance
                                                    | West-280
                             cward
      1047
             v109w587x644
                                        Finance
                                                     West-373
      1048 | w167x592y375 |
                             tmitchel | Finance
                                                     South-288
                             jreckley | Finance
      1049 | NULL
                                                     Central-295
      1050 | y132z930a114
                           | csimmons | Finance
                                                     North-468
      1057 | f370g535h632 | mscott
                                                     South-270
      1062 | k3671639m697
                             redwards |
                                        Finance
                                                     North-180
      1063 | 1686m140n569
                                        Sales
                                                     East-226
                             lpope
      1066 | o678p794q957
                             ttyrell
                                        Sales
                                                     Central-444
                             jpark
      1069 | NULL
                                      Finance
                                                    | East-110
      1071 | t244u829v723
                           | zdutchma | Sales
                                                    | West-348
       1072 | u905v920w694
                             esmith
                                        Sales
                                                     East-421
      1076 | y347z204a710
                             fgarcia
                                      Finance
                                                     Central-270
             a667b270c984
                             sharley
      1078
                                      Sales
                                                     North-418
      1081 | d647e310f618
                             gcorbit
                                      | Finance
                                                     South-290
       1083 | f840g812h544 |
                             gkoshi
                                        Finance
                                                     West-165
```

Retrieve All Employees Not in I.T.

```
MariaDB [organization] > SELECT *
    -> FROM employees
    -> WHERE NOT department = 'Information Technology';
```

For our last SQL query, we want to retrieve all of the employees who are not in the 'Information Technology' department. Since we know about the SELECT and FROM keywords now, let's go straight to the filter portion of this command.

The filter for this query is very straightforward, We'll start with our **WHERE** keyword, and following it we'll add our **NOT** keyword, this will negate the condition for this filter. After that, we'll add the **department** column to then search for specifically the **'Information Technology'** department.

Here is the output of this command:

Trois is the satpart	or triis command.			
+	+			+
employee_id	device_id	username	department	office
+				+
1000	a320b137c219	elarson	Marketing	East-170
1001	b239c825d303	bmoreno	Marketing	Central-276
1002	c116d593e558	tshah	Human Resources	North-434
1003	d394e816f943	sgilmore	Finance	South-153
1004	e218f877g788	eraab	Human Resources	South-127
1005	f551g340h864	gesparza	Human Resources	South-366
1007	h174i497j413	wjaffrey	Finance	North-406
1008	i858j583 k 571	abernard	Finance	South-170
1009	NULL	lrodriqu	Sales	South-134
1010	k2421212m542	jlansky	Finance	South-109
1011	1748m120n401	drosas	Sales	South-292
1015	p611q262r945	jsoto	Finance	North-271
1016	q793r736s288	sbaelish	Human Resources	North-229
1017	r550s824t230	jclark	Finance	North-188
1018	s310t540u653	abellmas	Finance	North-403
1020	u899 v 381w363	arutley	Marketing	South-351
1022	w237x430y567	arusso	Finance	West-465
1024	y976z753a267	iuduike	Sales	South-215
1025	z381a365b233	jhill	Sales	North-115
1026	a998b568c863	apatel	Human Resources	West-320
1027	b806c503d354	mrah	Marketing	West-246
1028	c603d749e374	aestrada	Human Resources	West-121
1029	d336e475f676	ivelasco	Finance	East-156
1030	e391f189g913	mabadi	Marketing	West-375
1031	f419g188h578	dkot	Marketing	West-408
1034	i679j565k940	bsand	Human Resources	East-484
1035	j236k3031245	bisles	Sales	South-171
1036	k5501533m205	rjensen	Marketing	Central-239
1038	m873n636o225	btang	Human Resources	Central-260
1039	n253o917p623	cjackson	Sales	East-378
1040	o783p832q294	dtarly	Human Resources	East-237
1041	p929q222r778	cgriffin	Sales	North-208
1042	q175r338s833	acook	Human Resources	West-381
1044	s429t157u159	tbarnes	Finance	West-415
1045	t567u844v434	pwashing	Finance	East-115
1046	u429v921w138	daquino	Finance	West-280
1047	v109w587x644	cward	Finance	West-373
1048	w167x592y375	tmitchel	Finance	South-288
1049	NULL	jreckley	Finance	Central-295
1050	y132z930a114	csimmons	Finance	North-468
1051	z451a308b518	itraora	Marketing	Central-134

Summary

In summary, we used SQL commands to analyze data and retrieve specific information from a database. We went over all of the SQL keywords for queries: **SELECT**, **FROM**, **WHERE**, **LIKE**, and **NOT**. As well as understanding wildcards, operators, string, and numeric data types. With this knowledge, we are better equipped to handle SQL as a cybersecurity analyst.