

# Task

uniform



# Task

CPU-bound



parallel  
parallel  
simultaneous



Task.Run  
Task.Factory.StartNew  
Parallel.Invoke  
Parallel.For  
Parallel.ForEach

Worker pool



# Exercise

async  
event-driven



# Task

## IO-bound





concurrent  
concurrent  
concurrent concurrent  
**concurrent**  
interleaved





# Continuation function



# async/await

## simplicity

```
function1(function(err, res) {  
  function2(function(err, res) {  
    function3(function(err, res) {  
      function4(function(err, res) {  
        function5(function(err, res) {  
          // do something useful  
        })  
      })  
    })  
  })  
})
```

```
cleanLaundry.ContinueWith(t => {  
    dryLaundry;  
})
```

await cleanLaundry;  
dryLaundry;

# Exercise

SimpleAsync  
FireAndForgot

# Recap

## best-practices

Use `async Task` instead of `async void`

dangerous

```
class VanillaHandler : IHandleMessages<AcquireVanilla>
{
    void Handle(AcquireVanilla message)
    {
        await AcquireVanillaFromGovernmentAsync();
        await DownloadRecipeFromBlobStorageAsync();
        await InsertVanillaUsageInDocumentDBAsync();
        await StoreTelemetryDataInEventHubAsync();
    }
}
```



# dangerous

**Error CS4033** The 'await' operator can only be used within an async method. Consider marking this method with the 'async' modifier and changing its return type to 'Task'.

# dangerous

```
class VanillaHandler : IHandleMessages<AcquireVanilla>
{
    async void Handle(AcquireVanilla message)
    {
        await AcquireVanillaFromGovernmentAsync();
        await DownloadRecipeFromBlobStorageAsync();
        await InsertVanillaUsageInDocumentDBAsync();
        await StoreTelemetryDataInEventHubAsync();
    }
}
```

# Recap

## best-practices

Use `async Task` instead of `async void`

Library code and framework should use  
`ConfigureAwait(false)`

# Recap

## best-practices

Use `async Task` instead of `async void`

Library code and framework should use `ConfigureAwait(false)`

`Async all the way`, don't mix blocking and asynchronous code

f... off

I don't care about your stupid async stuff!

# cumbersome

```
class VanillaHandler : IHandleMessages<AcquireVanilla>
{
    void Handle(AcquireVanilla message)
    {
        AcquireVanillaFromGovernmentAsync().Result;
        DownloadRecipeFromBlobStorageAsync().Wait();
        InsertVanillaUsageInDocumentDBAsync().Result;
        StoreTelemetryDataInEventHubAsync().Wait();
    }
}
```

wasteful

```
class VanillaHandler : IHandleMessages<AcquireVanilla>
{
    void Handle(AcquireVanilla message)
    {
        AcquireVanillaFromGovernmentAsync().Result;
        DownloadRecipeFromBlobStorageAsync().Wait();
        InsertVanillaUsageInDocumentDBAsync().Result;
        StoreTelemetryDataInEventHubAsync().Wait();
    }
}
```



# NServiceBus

Azure Service Bus	26 times
Azure Storage Queues	6 times
RabbitMQ	5 times
MSMQ	3 times

more message throughput

<https://particular.net/blog/rabbitmq-updates-in-nservicebus-6>

<https://github.com/Particular/EndToEnd/tree/master/src/PerformanceTests>

**ASYNC**



Async / await    ●  
is viral

but

It kicks your  
**servers**

**butt**

Task.Run  
Task.Factory.StartNew  
Parallel.For  
Parallel.ForEach

Worker pool

I/O pool

await iobound  
iobound.FireForget()



Task.Run  
Task.Factory.StartNew  
Parallel.For  
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Worker pool

I/O pool

await iobound  
iobound.FireForget()





# Exercise

AsyncVoid  
ConfigureAwait  
AsyncAllTheWay  
SequentialExecution

Implicit execution concurrency  
Code flow is sequential

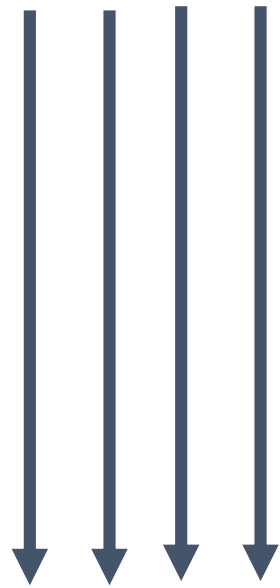


```
await Method1();  
try {  
    await Method2();  
} catch() { }
```

If you stick to that almost nothing can go wrong

Dangerzone

## Explicit execution concurrency



```
Method1Async();  
Method2Async();  
WhenAll / WhenAny  
ContinueWith
```

From now on more than a code monkey brain is required

Ambient state

## Ambient state



```
class ClassWithAmbientState
{
    static ThreadLocal<int> ambientState =
        new ThreadLocal<int>(() => 1);

    public void Do()
    {
        ambientState.Value++;
    }
}
```

# Ambient state

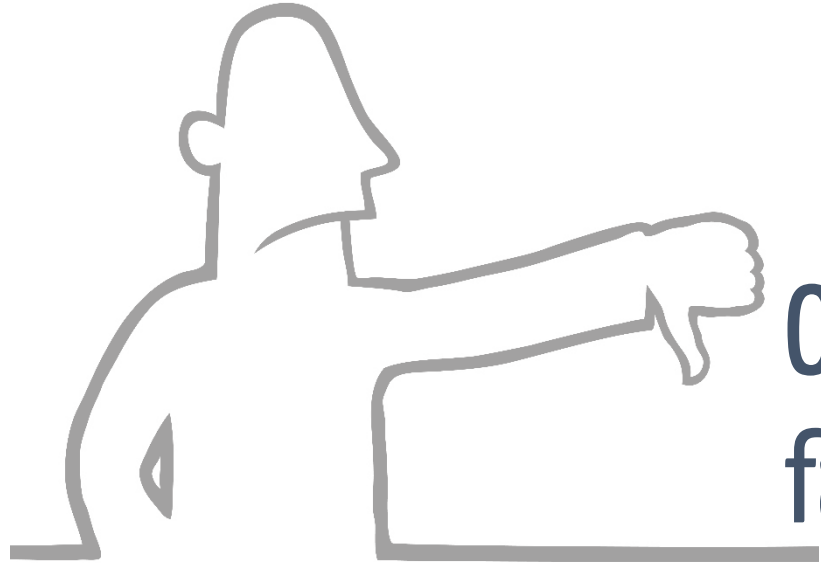


```
var instance = new ClassWithAmbientState();  
var tasks = new Task[3];  
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {  
    tasks[i] = Task.Run(() => {  
        instance.Do();  
        Thread.Sleep(200);  
        instance.Do();  
    });  
}  
  
await Task.WhenAll(tasks);
```

AmbientState passed

```
05:50:09:187: Thread: 4, Value: 2  
05:50:09:187: Thread: 8, Value: 2  
05:50:09:187: Thread: 9, Value: 2  
05:50:09:390: Thread: 4, Value: 3  
05:50:09:391: Thread: 9, Value: 3  
05:50:09:391: Thread: 8, Value: 3
```





Older constructs **bound to threads**  
fall apart in the async/await world

**Remember**

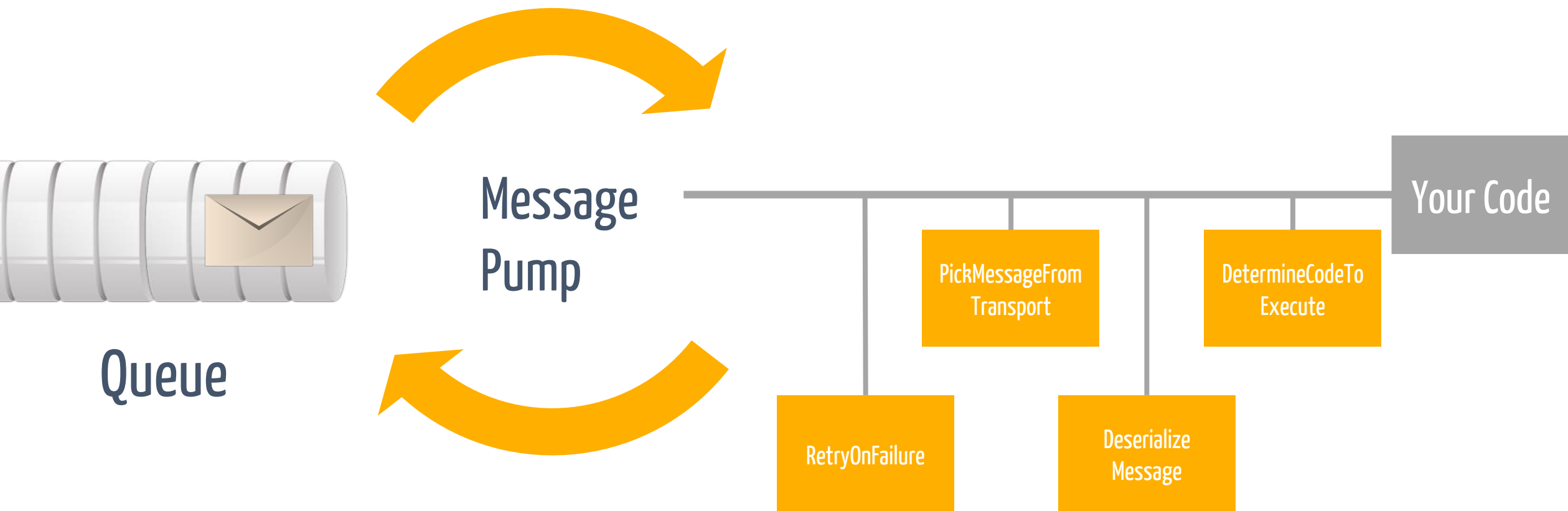
Forget thread!

think Task

# Exercise

DangerZone

All the other exercises  
until Concurrency Limit ;)



# Exercise

Your Pump

# Exercise

Multi Producer Concurrent Consumer

# Testing

# Debugging