

# REWRITING OPEN GRAPHS

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ABSTRACT. open graphs, their rewrites, and an application

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Our goal is to model open networks and their rewrites. By an *open network*, we mean a network together with a boundary. To make this precise, we begin with a category of ‘input and output types’  $\mathbf{C}$  and another category of ‘networks’  $\mathbf{D}$ . To equip a network, an object of  $\mathbf{D}$ , with a boundary, a pair of objects from  $\mathbf{C}$ , we use an adjunction

$$C \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\quad} \\ \perp \\ \xrightarrow{\quad} \end{array} D$$

With this setup, we focus on three categories.

The first category, denoted  $L\text{-Span}(\mathbf{D})$ , has as objects, those from  $\mathbf{C}$ , and as arrows, cospans of the form

$$Lc \rightarrow d \leftarrow Lc'$$

inside of  $\mathbf{D}$ .

The second category, denoted  $L\text{-Open}$ , has cospans

$$Lc \rightarrow d \leftarrow Lc'$$

in  $\mathbf{D}$  for objects and triples of arrows  $(f, g, h)$  such that

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} Lc & \longrightarrow & d & \longleftarrow & Lc' \\ \downarrow f & & \downarrow g & & \downarrow h \\ Lc'' & \longrightarrow & d' & \longleftarrow & Lc''' \end{array}$$

commutes.

## REFERENCES

- [1] G. Wraith. Artin glueing. *J. Pure Appl. Algebra*, 4:345–348, 1974. ISSN 0022-4049. doi:10.1016/0022-4049(74)90014-0. URL [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/0022-4049\(74\)90014-0](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/0022-4049(74)90014-0).