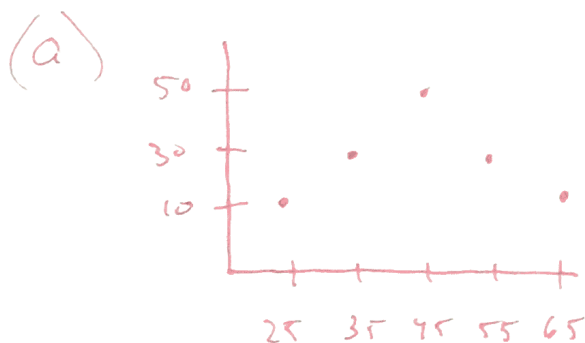


name: Solution

1 (10 points). Here is a data set that illustrates an important point about correlation:

X	25	35	45	55	65
Y	10	30	50	30	10

- Make a scatterplot of Y versus X.
- Describe the relationship between Y and X. Is it weak? Is it strong? Is it linear?
- Find the correlation between Y and X.
- What important point about correlation does this exercise illustrate?



(b) The relationship initially increases until X reaches 45, then decreases. It's piecewise linear & quite strong.

(c)

$$r = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum \left(\frac{x_k - \bar{x}}{s_x} \right) \left(\frac{y_k - \bar{y}}{s_y} \right) = \frac{1}{(n-1)s_x s_y} \sum (x_k - \bar{x})(y_k - \bar{y})$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{5} (25 + \dots + 65) = 45$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{1}{5} (10 + \dots + 10) = 26$$

$$\sum (x_k - \bar{x})(y_k - \bar{y}) =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (25-45)(10-26) + (35-45)(30-26) \\ & + (45-45)(50-26) + (55-45)(30-26) \\ & + (65-45)(10-26) = \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (-20)(-16) + (-10)(4) + 0 + (10)(4) + (20)(-16) \\ & = 0. \Rightarrow r = 0 \end{aligned}$$

(d) It doesn't matter how strong the relationship is on parts of X, but only overall.