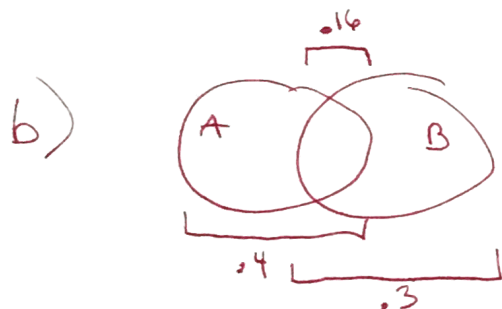


name: Solution

1 (4 points each). Suppose that  $P(A) = 0.4$ ,  $P(B) = 0.3$ , and  $P(B|A) = 0.4$ .

- (a) Find the probability that both  $A$  and  $B$  occur.
- (b) Use a Venn diagram to explain your calculation.
- (c) What is the probability of the event that " $B$  occurs and  $A$  does not"?

a)  $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A)P(B|A) = (0.4)(0.4) = \underline{0.16}$



c)  $P(A^c \text{ and } B) = \cancel{P(A^c)P(B|A^c)}$   
 $= P(B) - P(B \text{ and } A)$   
 $= 0.3 - 0.16$   
 $= \underline{0.14}$