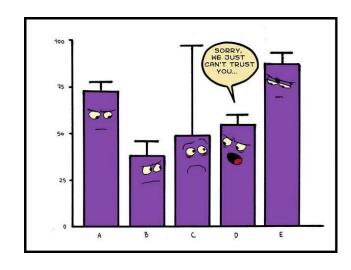
# Implement business strategies from Youtube Analysis.

Daniel Setiawan NYCDSA 12/2

# First things first: Why Youtube?

Social Media is profitable to both content producers and viewers.

Use technical data to develop action items for product marketing.



#### About the data:

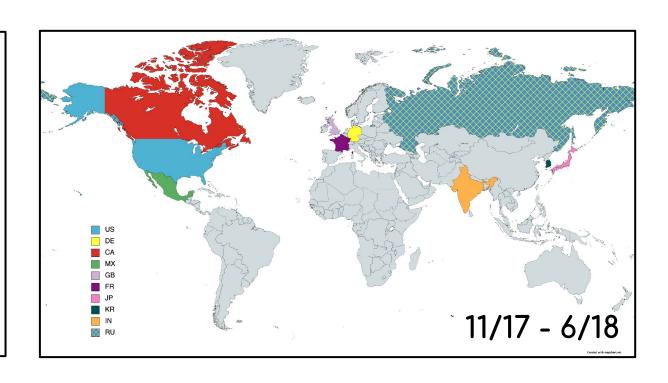
What's trending on Youtube?

11 datasets.

10 countries.

8 months.

~400K observations.



# Key Objectives

#### **Effective Marketing**

Which region will provide the highest ROI for online advertisements?

What marketing is most effective for consumers with different interests?

#### **Energy Consumption**

When are consumers more likely to shop online for products they don't need?

What infrastructure requisites are necessary for data center upkeep?

#### **Exploratory Analysis**

How do we use viral data to predict consumer buying trends?

Which products are consumers are likely to buy based on their interests?

# One last thing...

I'll be using the word *consumer* a lot.

Viewers are consumers.

Content is the product.

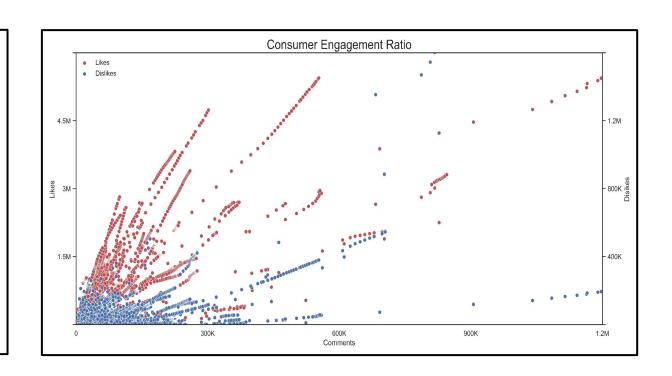
Digital currency is bitcoin time.



The opinions of the few.

We can see how often consumers will interact with the products.

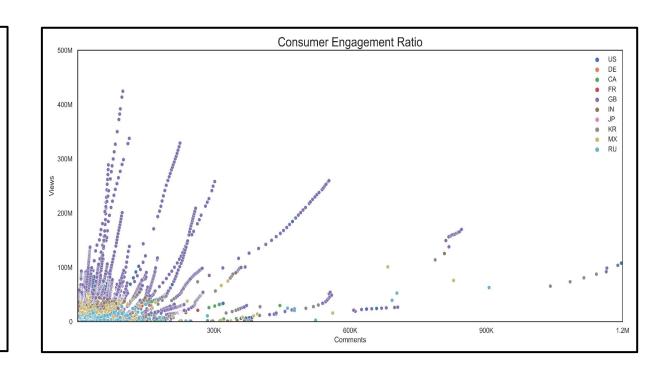
Consumers are 3x more vocal for products they like vs. dislike.



The voices that power the product.

The ratio here differ as it quantifies the engagement by views and country.

The engagement-product ratio is 0.15%; 0.05% of which are dislikes.

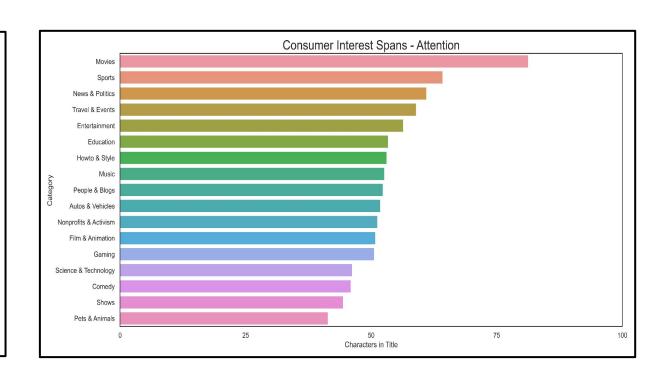


Good product engagement rates vary between 0.04-16%, depending on the platform/product.

The instant gratification dilemma.

Steal the consumer's attention by analyzing their interest spans.

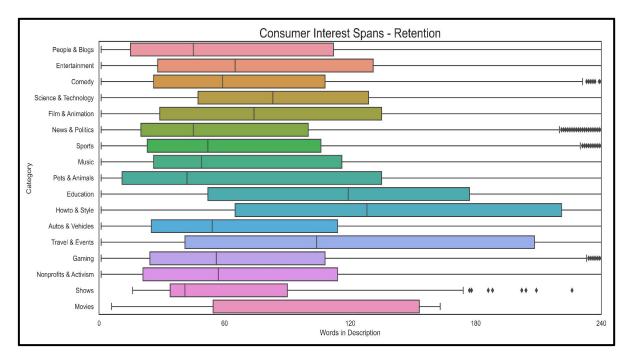
Consumers have varying levels of attentiveness based on their interests.



The goldilocks of product marketing.

Retain attention by using follow-up words that are *just right* in length.

With consistent consumer retention, we'll expect product sales to increase.

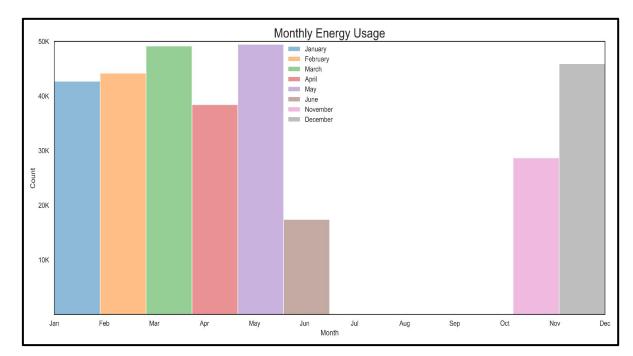


\*Pairing data with non-trending videos could allow us to gauge how consumers react to certain categories

# Energy Consumption: Take advantage of consumer habits.

Monthly usage can help determine when spending will be most frequent.

Decrease product cost during times of low energy consumption.

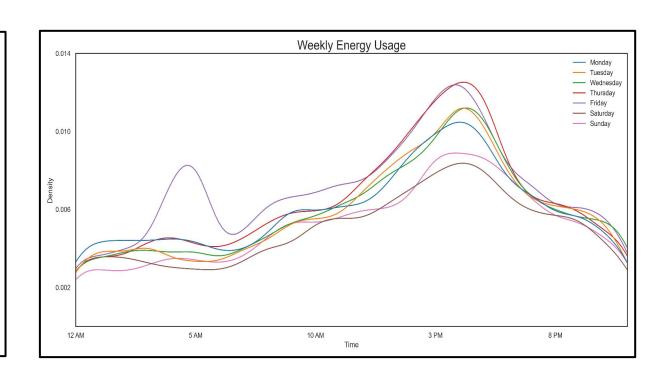


\* July - October Data unavailable

#### Energy Consumption: Keep calm and carry on.

Ads are only as effective as its impact. Calm the consumer to boost.

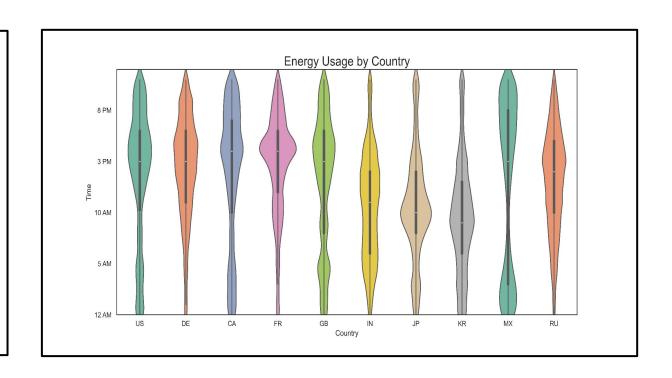
Target consumers when they are more likely to be *relaxed*.



# Energy Consumption: The music is nothing if the audience is deaf.

Know your target audience. Their buying habits vary globally.

Increase advertisement frequency during times of high region activity.

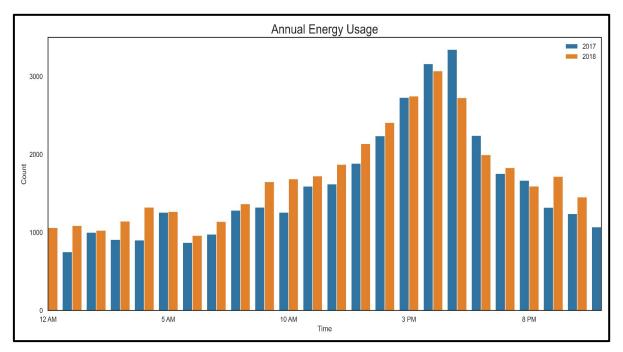


# **Exploratory Analysis:**

Let's use data to make data.

In 2018, energy consumption is higher from 10PM - 2AM.

This is the optimal time slot / window for marketing the product.



\*\* Data is normalized to reflect the number of months

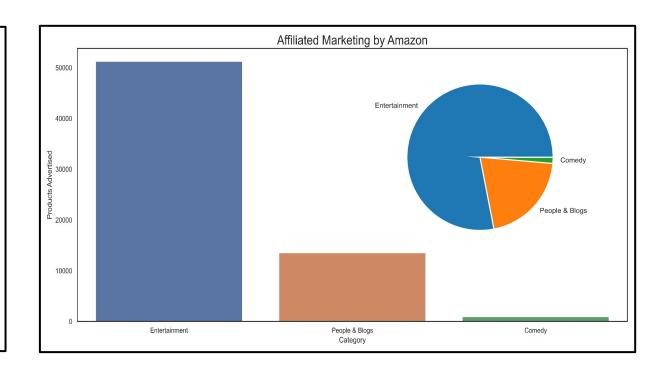
#### Exploratory Analysis:

Let's deconstruct their spending habits.

Entertainment is most likely to market / review products on Amazon.

Scraped Amazon Links:

50% electronics, 17% home goods, 8% Beauty, 8% DIY



#### Conclusion: That's all, folks!

**Effective Marketing** 

#### **WHAT**

Analyze consumer interactions to understand **what** they want.

**Energy Consumption** 

#### WHEN

Evaluate **when** the consumer is most likely to purchase a specific product.

**Exploratory Analysis** 

#### **HOW**

Optimize **how** the ROI and product margin can increase annually.

#### If I had more time...

 Find other datasets/observations to support trend hypothesis. See usage impact of CoVID-19.

 Scrape more than just Amazon links: find out which categories are most advertised.

 Compare trends from parallel social media platforms, including TikTok and Instagram. What impact did CoVID have in consumer demand?

What's the dominating marketplace platform for each category?

How do interests vary across platforms and age groups?