

# **Testing the MetroCluster configuration**

**ONTAP MetroCluster** 

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This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap-metrocluster/install-stretch/task\_test\_the\_mcc\_configuration.html on September 24, 2021. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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# **Testing the MetroCluster configuration**

You can test failure scenarios to confirm the correct operation of the MetroCluster configuration.

## Verifying negotiated switchover

You can test a negotiated (planned) switchover operation to confirm uninterrupted data availability.

This test validates that data availability is not affected (except for Microsoft Server Message Block (SMB) and Solaris Fibre Channel protocols) by switching the cluster over to the second data center.

This test should take about 30 minutes.

This procedure has the following expected results:

• The metrocluster switchover command will present a warning prompt.

If you respond **yes** to the prompt, the site the command is issued from will switch over the partner site.

For MetroCluster IP configurations:

- For ONTAP 9.4 and earlier:
  - Mirrored aggregates will become degraded after the negotiated switchover.
- For ONTAP 9.5 and later:
  - Mirrored aggregates will remain in normal state if the remote storage is accessible.
  - Mirrored aggregates will become degraded after the negotiated switchover if access to the remote storage is lost.
- For ONTAP 9.8 and later:
  - Unmirrored aggregates that are located at the disaster site will become unavailable if access to the remote storage is lost. This might lead to a controller outage.

### Steps

1. Confirm that all nodes are in the configured state and normal mode:

#### metrocluster node show

2. Begin the switchover operation:

#### metrocluster switchover

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster switchover
Warning: negotiated switchover is about to start. It will stop all the
data Vservers on cluster "cluster_B" and
automatically re-start them on cluster "cluster_A". It will finally
gracefully shutdown cluster "cluster_B".
```

3. Confirm that the local cluster is in the configured state and switchover mode:

### metrocluster node show

4. Confirm that the switchover operation was successful:

### metrocluster operation show

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster operation show

cluster_A::> metrocluster operation show
   Operation: switchover
        State: successful
Start Time: 2/6/2016 13:28:50
   End Time: 2/6/2016 13:29:41
        Errors: -
```

5. Use the vserver show and network interface show commands to verify that DR SVMs and LIFs have come online.

## Verifying healing and manual switchback

You can test the healing and manual switchback operations to verify that data availability is not affected (except for SMB and Solaris FC configurations) by switching back the cluster to the original data center after a negotiated switchover.

This test should take about 30 minutes.

The expected result of this procedure is that services should be switched back to their home nodes.

### **Steps**

1. Verify that healing is completed:

### metrocluster node show

The following example shows the successful completion of the command:

2. Verify that all aggregates are mirrored:

### storage aggregate show

The following example shows that all aggregates have a RAID Status of mirrored:

<pre>cluster_A::&gt; stora cluster Aggregates</pre>		te show	V			
Aggregate Size Status	Available	Used%	State	#Vols	Nodes	RAID
data_cluster 4.19TB	4.13TB	2%	online	8	node_A_1	<pre>raid_dp, mirrored, normal</pre>
root_cluster 715.5GB	212.7GB	70%	online	1	node_A_1	raid4, mirrored, normal
cluster_B Switched		_				
Aggregate Size Status	Available	Used%	State	#Vols	Nodes	RAID
data cluster B						
	4.11TB	2%	online	5	node_A_1	<pre>raid_dp, mirrored, normal</pre>
root_cluster_B		-	- unknow	n	- node_A_1	-

- 3. Boot nodes from the disaster site.
- 4. Check the status of switchback recovery:

### metrocluster node show

5. Perform the switchback:

#### metrocluster switchback

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster switchback
[Job 938] Job succeeded: Switchback is successful.Verify switchback
```

6. Confirm status of the nodes:

#### metrocluster node show

7. Confirm status of the metrocluster operation:

### metrocluster operation show

The output should show a successful state.

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster operation show
  Operation: switchback
     State: successful
Start Time: 2/6/2016 13:54:25
  End Time: 2/6/2016 13:56:15
     Errors: -
```

## Loss of a single FC-to-SAS bridge

You can test the failure of a single FC-to-SAS bridge to make sure there is no single point of failure.

This test should take about 15 minutes.

This procedure has the following expected results:

- Errors should be generated as the bridge is switched off.
- No failover or loss of service should occur.
- Only one path from the controller module to the drives behind the bridge is available.



Starting with ONTAP 9.8, the **storage bridge** command is replaced with **system bridge**. The following steps show the **storage bridge** command, but if you are running ONTAP 9.8 or later, the **system bridge** command is preferred.

### Steps

- 1. Turn off the power supplies of the bridge.
- 2. Confirm that the bridge monitoring indicates an error:

### storage bridge show

```
cluster_A::> storage bridge show

Is

Monitor
Bridge Symbolic Name Vendor Model Bridge WWN Monitored
Status

------
ATTO_10.65.57.145
    bridge_A_1 Atto FibreBridge 6500N
    200000108662d46c true
```

3. Confirm that drives behind the bridge are available with a single path:

storage disk error show

```
cluster A::> storage disk error show
Disk
               Error Type
                             Error Text
                onedomain 1.0.0 (5000cca057729118): All paths
1.0.0
to this array LUN are connected to the same fault domain. This is a
single point of failure.
                onedomain 1.0.1 (5000cca057727364): All paths
1.0.1
to this array LUN are connected to the same fault domain. This is a
single point of failure.
                onedomain
                                 1.0.2 (5000cca05772e9d4): All paths
to this array LUN are connected to the same fault domain. This is a
single point of failure.
1.0.23
                onedomain 1.0.23 (5000cca05772e9d4): All paths
to this array LUN are connected to the same fault domain. This is a
single point of failure.
```

## Verifying operation after power line disruption

You can test the MetroCluster configuration's response to the failure of a PDU.

The best practice is for each power supply unit (PSU) in a component to be connected to a separate power supply. If both PSUs are connected to the same power distribution unit (PDU) and an electrical disruption occurs, the site could down and a complete shelf might become unavailable. Failure of one power line is tested to confirm that there is no cabling mismatch that could cause a service disruption.

This test should take about 15 minutes.

This test requires turning off power to all left-hand PDUs and then all right-hand PDUs on all of the racks containing the MetroCluster components.

This procedure has the following expected results:

- Errors should be generated as the PDUs are disconnected.
- · No failover or loss of service should occur.

### **Steps**

- 1. Turn off the power of the PDUs on the left-hand side of the rack containing the MetroCluster components.
- 2. Monitor the result on the console by using the system environment sensors show -state fault and storage shelf show -errors commands.

```
cluster A::> system environment sensors show -state fault
Node Sensor
                       State Value/Units Crit-Low Warn-Low Warn-Hi
Crit-Hi
node A 1
      PSU1
                      fault
                           PSU OFF
       PSU1 Pwr In OK fault
                           FAULT
node A 2
       PSU1
                      fault
                          PSU OFF
       PSU1 Pwr In OK fault
                           FAULT
4 entries were displayed.
cluster A::> storage shelf show -errors
   Shelf Name: 1.1
     Shelf UID: 50:0a:09:80:03:6c:44:d5
 Serial Number: SHFHU1443000059
Error Type
             Description
                   Critical condition is detected in storage shelf
power supply unit "1". The unit might fail. Reconnect PSU1
```

- 3. Turn the power back on to the left-hand PDUs.
- 4. Make sure that ONTAP clears the error condition.
- 5. Repeat the previous steps with the right-hand PDUs.

### Verifying operation after loss of a single storage shelf

You can test the failure of a single storage shelf to verify that there is no single point of failure.

This procedure has the following expected results:

- An error message should be reported by the monitoring software.
- · No failover or loss of service should occur.
- · Mirror resynchronization starts automatically after the hardware failure is restored.

#### **Steps**

1. Check the storage failover status:

### storage failover show

### 2. Check the aggregate status:

### storage aggregate show

```
cluster A::> storage aggregate show
cluster Aggregates:
Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID
Status
_____ _____
-----
node A 1data01_mirrored
       4.15TB 3.40TB 18% online 3 node A_1
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
node A 1root
       707.7GB 34.29GB 95% online 1 node A_1
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
node_A_2_data01_mirrored
       4.15TB 4.12TB 1% online 2 node_A_2
raid_dp,
mirrored,
normal
node A 2 data02 unmirrored
       raid_dp,
normal
node A 2 root
       707.7GB 34.27GB 95% online 1 node_A_2
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
```

3. Verify that all data SVMs and data volumes are online and serving data:

### vserver show -type data

### network interface show -fields is-home false

### volume show !vol0,!MDV $^{\star}$

Cluster_A	\		aa da+a		
	::> vserve	er show -typ	pe data		
cluster_A	::> vserve	er show -typ			
77	Ш	Cools to one o		Operational	
Vserver Aggregate		Subtype	State	State	volume
		_	ce	running	SVM1_root
	data01_mir				
	data data01_mir		ce	running	SVM2_root
~]			b	alda da bama E	-1
_		es matching		elds is-home f	aise
_	_				
_		show !vol(		m	Q !
vserver Available		Aggrega	ate Stai	те Туре	Size
	: useus :				
SVM1					
	SVM1_root				
		node_A_	_1data01_m:	irrored	
			-		1000
O FOCD	E 0.		onl	ine RW	10GB
	5%		onl:	ine RW	10GB
	5% SVM1 data	ı vol	onl	ine RW	10GB
		_	onl: _1data01_m:		10GB
		_		irrored	10GB 10GB
SVM1 9.49GB		_	_1data01_m:	irrored	
SVM1 9.49GB	SVM1_data	 node_A_	_1data01_m:	irrored	
SVM1 9.49GB	SVM1_data	node_A_	_1data01_m: onl:	irrored ine RW	
SVM1 9.49GB	SVM1_data	node_A_	_1data01_m: onl: _2_data01_r	irrored ine RW nirrored	10GB
SVM1 9.49GB SVM2	SVM1_data 5% SVM2_root	node_A_	_1data01_m: onl:	irrored ine RW nirrored	
SVM1  9.49GB  SVM2  9.49GB	SVM1_data	node_A_	_1data01_m: onl: _2_data01_r	irrored ine RW nirrored	10GB
SVM1  9.49GB  SVM2  9.49GB	SVM1_data 5% SVM2_root	node_A_	_1data01_m: onl: _2_data01_r	irrored ine RW nirrored	10GB
SVM1  9.49GB  SVM2  9.49GB	SVM1_data 5% SVM2_root	node_A_ : node_A_ a_vol	_1data01_m: onl: _2_data01_r	irrored ine RW mirrored ine RW	10GB
SVM1 9.49GB SVM2	SVM1_data 5% SVM2_root	node_A_ : node_A_ a_vol	_ldata01_m: onl: _2_data01_r onl:	irrored ine RW  mirrored ine RW	10GB

4. Identify a shelf in Pool 1 for node node\_A\_2 to power off to simulate a sudden hardware failure:

### storage aggregate show -r -node node-name !\*root

The shelf you select must contain drives that are part of a mirrored data aggregate.

In the following example, shelf ID 31 is selected to fail.

<pre>cluster_A::&gt; storage aggregate show -r -node node_A_2 !*root Owner Node: node_A_2</pre>									
<pre>Aggregate: node_A_2_dat checksums)   Plex: /node_A_2_data01</pre>	_								
RAID Group /node_A_2_data01_mirrored/plex0/rg0 (normal, block									
checksums)				1.7					
Physical				Usable					
Position Disk	Pool	Type	RPM	Size					
Size Status		- 1 1							
dparity 2.30.3	0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB					
828.0GB (normal)									
parity 2.30.4	0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB					
828.0GB (normal)									
data 2.30.6	0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB					
828.0GB (normal)									
data 2.30.8	0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB					
828.0GB (normal)	0	Daza	7000	007 700					
data 2.30.5 828.0GB (normal)	0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB					
Plex: /node_A_2_data01	- <del>-</del>			_					
checksums)	ata01_mirrored/plex4/1	rgo (1101	LIIIal, D.	LOCK					
CireCkSums)				Usable					
Physical				OBADIC					
Position Disk	Pool	Type	RPM	Size					
Size Status		21 -							
dparity 1.31.7	1	BSAS	7200	827.7GB					
828.0GB (normal)									
parity 1.31.6	1	BSAS	7200	827.7GB					
828.0GB (normal)									
data 1.31.3	1	BSAS	7200	827.7GB					
828.0GB (normal)									

```
data 1.31.4
                                         BSAS
                                                 7200 827.7GB
828.0GB (normal)
    data 1.31.5
                                      1
                                                 7200 827.7GB
                                        BSAS
828.0GB (normal)
Aggregate: node A 2 data02 unmirrored (online, raid dp) (block
checksums)
 Plex: /node A 2 data02 unmirrored/plex0 (online, normal, active,
pool0)
  RAID Group /node A 2 data02 unmirrored/plex0/rg0 (normal, block
checksums)
                                                       Usable
Physical
    Position Disk
                                     Pool Type RPM
                                                         Size
Size Status
    ------
_____
    dparity 2.30.12
                                      0
                                          BSAS
                                                 7200 827.7GB
828.0GB (normal)
    parity 2.30.22
                                      0
                                         BSAS
                                                 7200 827.7GB
828.0GB (normal)
           2.30.21
                                         BSAS
                                                 7200 827.7GB
    data
                                      0
828.0GB (normal)
    data 2.30.20
                                      0
                                         BSAS
                                                 7200 827.7GB
828.0GB (normal)
           2.30.14
    data
                                      0
                                                 7200 827.7GB
                                         BSAS
828.0GB (normal)
15 entries were displayed.
```

- 5. Physically power off the shelf that you selected.
- 6. Check the aggregate status again:

```
*storage aggregate *
```

### storage aggregate show -r -node node\_A\_2 !\*root

The aggregate with drives on the powered-off shelf should have a degraded RAID status, and drives on the affected plex should have a failed status, as shown in the following example:

```
raid_dp,
mirrored,
normal
node A 1root
        707.7GB 34.29GB 95% online 1 node A 1
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
node A 2 data01 mirrored
         4.15TB 4.12TB 1% online 2 node_A_2
raid_dp,
mirror
degraded
node A 2 data02 unmirrored
         2.18TB 2.18TB 0% online 1 node_A_2
raid_dp,
normal
node A 2 root
        707.7GB 34.27GB 95% online 1 node_A_2
raid dp,
mirror
degraded
cluster A::> storage aggregate show -r -node node A 2 !*root
Owner Node: node A 2
Aggregate: node A 2 data01 mirrored (online, raid_dp, mirror degraded)
(block checksums)
 Plex: /node A 2 data01 mirrored/plex0 (online, normal, active, pool0)
  RAID Group /node A 2 data01 mirrored/plex0/rg0 (normal, block
checksums)
                                                     Usable
Physical
                              Pool Type RPM Size
   Position Disk
Size Status
    ______
-----
                                     0 BSAS 7200 827.7GB
   dparity 2.30.3
828.0GB (normal)
```

parity 2.30.4		0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB	
828.0GB (normal)						
data 2.30.6		0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB	
828.0GB (normal) data 2.30.8		0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB	
828.0GB (normal)		O	DOAG	7200	027.7GD	
data 2.30.5		0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB	
828.0GB (normal)		· ·	20110	, 200	0271702	
Plex: /node_A_2_data	a01_mirrored/plex4	(offlin	ne, fa	iled, in	active,	
pool1)						
RAID Group /node_A_	_2_data01_mirrored	/plex4/:	rg0 (p	artial,	none	
checksums)					1.7	
Physical					Usable	
Position Disk		Pool	Type	RPM	Size	
Size Status		1001	турс	IXIII	DIZC	
dparity FAILED		-	-		827.7GB	
- (failed)						
parity FAILED		-	-	-	827.7GB	
- (failed)					005 505	
data FAILED		-	-	_	827.7GB	
- (failed)  data FAILED		_	_	_	827.7GB	
- (failed)					027.790	
data FAILED		_	_	_	827.7GB	
- (failed)						
Aggregate: node_A_2_c	data02_unmirrored	(online	, raid	_dp) (bl	ock	
checksums)				_		
Plex: /node_A_2_data	a02_unmirrored/ple	x0 (onl:	ine, n	ormal, a	ctive,	
pool0)  RAID Group /node A	2 data02 unmirror	ad/nlev	)/ran	(normal	hlock	
checksums)	_2_uacao2_uiiiiiIIIOI	ed/prex	J/190	(HOLIMAL,	DIOCK	
					Usable	
Physical						
Position Disk		Pool	Type	RPM	Size	
Size Status						
					005 5	
dparity 2.30.12		0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB	
828.0GB (normal)		0	DCAC	7200	007 700	
parity 2.30.22 828.0GB (normal)		0	BSAS	/200	827.7GB	
020.0GD (HOTHIGT)						

data	2.30.21	 0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB	
828.0GB (no:	rmal)					
data	2.30.20	0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB	
828.0GB (no:	rmal)					
data	2.30.14	0	BSAS	7200	827.7GB	

828.0GB (normal)

15 entries were displayed.

7. Verify that the data is being served and that all volumes are still online:

vserver show -type data  $\label{eq:continuous} \mbox{network interface show -fields is-home false} \\ \mbox{volume show !vol0,!MDV}^{\star}$ 

cluster A::> vserver show -type data cluster A::> vserver show -type data Admin Operational Root Vserver Type Subtype State State Volume Aggregate SVM1 data sync-source running SVM1\_root node A 1 data01 mirrored SVM2 data sync-source running SVM2 root node A 1 data01 mirrored cluster A::> network interface show -fields is-home false There are no entries matching your query. cluster\_A::> volume show !vol0,!MDV\* Vserver Volume Aggregate State Type Size Available Used% \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ SVM1 SVM1 root node A 1data01 mirrored online RW 10GB 9.50GB 5% SVM1 SVM1 data vol node A 1data01 mirrored online RW 10GB 9.49GB 5% SVM2 SVM2 root node A 1data01 mirrored online RW 10GB 9.49GB 5% SVM2 SVM2 data vol node A 2 data02 unmirrored online RW 1GB 972.6MB 5%

### 8. Physically power on the shelf.

Resynchronization starts automatically.

9. Verify that resynchronization has started:

### storage aggregate show

The affected aggregate should have a resyncing RAID status, as shown in the following example:

```
cluster A::> storage aggregate show
cluster Aggregates:
Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID
Status
_____ ____
node A 1 data01 mirrored
       4.15TB 3.40TB 18% online 3 node_A_1
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
node A 1 root
      707.7GB 34.29GB 95% online 1 node A 1
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
node A 2 data01 mirrored
       4.15TB 4.12TB 1% online 2 node_A_2
raid dp,
resyncing
node A 2 data02 unmirrored
       raid_dp,
normal
node A 2 root
      707.7GB 34.27GB 95% online 1 node_A_2
raid dp,
resyncing
```

10. Monitor the aggregate to confirm that resynchronization is complete:

### storage aggregate show

The affected aggregate should have a normal RAID status, as shown in the following example:

```
cluster A::> storage aggregate show
cluster Aggregates:
Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID
Status
node A 1data01 mirrored
    raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
node_A_1root
      707.7GB 34.29GB 95% online 1 node_A_1
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
node A 2 data01 mirrored
      4.15TB 4.12TB 1% online 2 node_A_2
raid dp,
normal
node_A_2_data02_unmirrored
      raid dp,
normal
node A 2 root
      707.7GB 34.27GB 95% online 1 node_A_2
raid_dp,
resyncing
```

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