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# **Completing recovery**

**ONTAP MetroCluster** 

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# **Completing recovery**

## Reestablishing object stores for FabricPool configurations

If one of the object stores in a FabricPool mirror was co-located with the MetroCluster disaster site and was destroyed, you must reestablish the object store and the FabricPool mirror

#### About this task

- If the object-stores are remote and a MetroCluster site is destroyed, you do not need to rebuild the object store, and the original object store configurations as well as cold data contents are retained.
- For more information about FabricPool configurations, see the Disk and Aggregates Power Guide.

#### Step

1. Follow the procedure "Replacing a FabricPool mirror on a MetroCluster configuration" in the Disk and Aggregates Power Guide.

### Verifying licenses on the replaced nodes

You must install new licenses for the replacement nodes if the impaired nodes were using ONTAP features that require a standard (node-locked) license. For features with standard licenses, each node in the cluster should have its own key for the feature.

#### About this task

Until you install license keys, features requiring standard licenses continue to be available to the replacement node. However, if the impaired node was the only node in the cluster with a license for the feature, no configuration changes to the feature are allowed. Also, using unlicensed features on the node might put you out of compliance with your license agreement, so you should install the replacement license key or keys on the replacement node as soon as possible.

The licenses keys must be in the 28-character format.

You have a 90-day grace period in which to install the license keys. After the grace period, all old licenses are invalidated. After a valid license key is installed, you have 24 hours to install all of the keys before the grace period ends.



If all nodes at a site have been replaced (a single node in the case of a two-node MetroCluster configuration), license keys must be installed on the replacement node or nodes prior to switchback.

#### **Steps**

1. Identify the licenses on the node:

license show

The following example displays the information about licenses in the system:

```
cluster B::> license show
       (system license show)
Serial Number: 1-80-00050
Owner: site1-01
             Type Description
Package
                                       Expiration
-----
                     -----
                                        -----
             ----
            license Cluster Base License
Base
NFS
            site
                     NFS License
                     CIFS License
CIFS
            site
                    iSCSI License
iSCSI
            site
FCP
            site
                     FCP License
FlexClone site FlexClone License
6 entries were displayed.
```

2. Verify that the licenses are good for the node after switchback:

metrocluster check license show

The following example displays the licenses that are good for the node:

cluster_B::> metrocluster check license show				
Cluster	Check	Result		
Cluster_B	negotiated-switchover-ready	not-applicable		
NFS	switchback-ready	not-applicable		
CIFS	job-schedules	ok		
iSCSI	licenses	ok		
FCP	periodic-check-enabled	ok		

3. If you need new license keys, obtain replacement license keys on the NetApp Support Site in the My Support section under Software licenses.



The new license keys that you require are automatically generated and sent to the email address on file. If you fail to receive the email with the license keys within 30 days, you should contact technical support.

4. Install each license key:

```
system license add -license-code license-key, license-key...+
```

- 5. Remove the old licenses, if desired:
  - a. Check for unused licenses:

```
license clean-up -unused -simulate
```

b. If the list looks correct, remove the unused licenses:

```
license clean-up -unused
```

## Performing a switchback

After you heal the MetroCluster configuration, you can perform the MetroCluster switchback operation. The MetroCluster switchback operation returns the configuration to its normal operating state, with the sync-source storage virtual machines (SVMs) on the disaster site active and serving data from the local disk pools.

#### Before you begin

- The disaster cluster must have successfully switched over to the surviving cluster.
- · Healing must have been performed on the data and root aggregates.
- The surviving cluster nodes must not be in the HA failover state (all nodes must be up and running for each HA pair).
- The disaster site controller modules must be completely booted and not in the HA takeover mode.
- · The root aggregate must be mirrored.
- The Inter-Switch Links (ISLs) must be online.
- Any required licenses must be installed on the system.

#### **Steps**

1. Confirm that all nodes are in the enabled state:

```
metrocluster node show
```

The following example displays the nodes that are in the enabled state:

2. Confirm that resynchronization is complete on all SVMs:

```
metrocluster vserver show
```

3. Verify that any automatic LIF migrations being performed by the healing operations have been successfully completed:

```
metrocluster check lif show
```

- Perform the switchback by running the metrocluster switchback command from any node in the surviving cluster.
- 5. Check the progress of the switchback operation:

```
metrocluster show
```

The switchback operation is still in progress when the output displays "waiting-for-switchback":

```
cluster_B::> metrocluster show
Cluster Entry Name State

Local: cluster_B Configuration state configured

Mode switchover

AUSO Failure Domain -

Remote: cluster_A Configuration state configured

Mode waiting-for-switchback

AUSO Failure Domain -
```

The switchback operation is complete when the output displays "normal":

If a switchback takes a long time to finish, you can check on the status of in-progress baselines by using the the following command at the advanced privilege level:

```
metrocluster config-replication resync-status show
```

6. Reestablish any SnapMirror or SnapVault configurations.

In ONTAP 8.3, you need to manually reestablish a lost SnapMirror configuration after a MetroCluster

## Verifying a successful switchback

After performing the switchback, you want to confirm that all aggregates and storage virtual machines (SVMs) are switched back and online.

#### Steps

1. Verify that the switched-over data aggregates are switched back:

```
storage aggregate show
```

In the following example, aggr\_b2 on node B2 has switched back:

```
node_B_1::> storage aggregate show
Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID
Status
------
...
aggr_b2 227.1GB 227.1GB 0% online 0 node_B_2 raid_dp,
mirrored,
normal
node_A_1::> aggr show
Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID
Status
------
...
aggr_b2 - - - unknown - node_A_1
```

If the disaster site included unmirrored aggregates and the unmirrored aggregates are no longer present, the aggregate might show up with a state of "unknown" in the output of the storage aggregate show command. Contact technical support to remove the out-of-date entries for the unmirrored aggregates.

2. Verify that all sync-destination SVMs on the surviving cluster are dormant (showing an Admin State of "stopped") and the sync-source SVMs on the disaster cluster are up and running:

```
vserver show -subtype sync-source
```

```
node B 1::> vserver show -subtype sync-source
                     Admin Root
Name Name
Vserver Type Subtype State Volume Aggregate
Service Mapping
______ ______
_____
vsla data sync-source
                 running vs1a_vol node_B_2
file file
aggr b2
node A 1::> vserver show -subtype sync-destination
                     Admin Root
Name Name
Vserver
            Type Subtype State Volume Aggregate
Service Mapping
-----
_____
cluster A-vs1a-mc data sync-destination
                           stopped vs1a_vol sosb_
file file
aggr_b2
```

Sync-destination aggregates in the MetroCluster configuration have the suffix "-mc" automatically appended to their name to help identify them.

3. Confirm that the switchback operations succeeded by using the metrocluster operation show command.

If the command output shows	Then
That the switchback operation state is successful.	The switchback process is complete and you can proceed with operation of the system.
That the switchback operation or switchback-continuation-agent operation is partially successful.	Perform the suggested fix provided in the output of the metrocluster operation show command.

#### After you finish

You must repeat the previous sections to perform the switchback in the opposite direction. If site\_A did a switchover of site\_B, have site\_B do a switchover of site\_A.

## Mirroring the root aggregates of the replacement nodes

If disks were replaced, you must mirror the root aggregates of the new nodes on the disaster site.

#### **Steps**

1. On the disaster site, identify the aggregates which are not mirrored:

storage aggregate show

```
cluster A::> storage aggregate show
Aggregate Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes RAID
Status
_____ _____
node A 1 aggr0
      1.49TB 74.12GB 95% online 1 node A 1
raid4,
normal
node A 2 aggr0
        1.49TB 74.12GB 95% online 1 node A_2
raid4,
normal
node A 1 aggr1
   1.49TB 74.12GB 95% online 1 node A 1
                                                 raid
4, normal
mirrored
node A 2 aggr1
   1.49TB 74.12GB 95% online 1 node_A_2 raid
4, normal
mirrored
4 entries were displayed.
cluster A::>
```

2. Mirror one of the root aggregates:

```
storage aggregate mirror -aggregate root-aggregate
```

The following example shows how the command selects disks and prompts for confirmation when mirroring the aggregate.

```
cluster A::> storage aggregate mirror -aggregate node A 2 aggr0
Info: Disks would be added to aggregate "node_A_2_aggr0" on node
"node A 2" in
    the following manner:
     Second Plex
      RAID Group rg0, 3 disks (block checksum, raid4)
        Position Disk
                                         Type
Size
        parity 2.10.0
                                         SSD
        data 1.11.19
                                         SSD
894.0GB
       data 2.10.2
                                         SSD
894.0GB
     Aggregate capacity available for volume use would be 1.49TB.
Do you want to continue? \{y|n\}: y
cluster A::>
```

#### 3. Verify that mirroring of the root aggregate is complete:

storage aggregate show

The following example shows that the root aggregates are mirrored.

cluster_A::>	> storaç	ge aggregat	te show	Ñ			
Aggregate Status	Size	Available	Used%	State	#Vols	Nodes	RAID -
node A 1 agg	- gr0						
node A 2 ago		74.12GB	95%	online	1	node_A_1	<pre>raid4, mirrored, normal</pre>
	2.24TB	838.5GB	63%	online	1	node_A_2	raid4, mirrored, normal
node_A_1_agg	1.49TB	74.12GB	95%	online	1	node_A_1	raid4, mirrored, normal
node_A_2_agg		74.12GB	95%	online	1	node_A_2	raid4 mirrored, normal
4 entries were displayed.							
cluster_A::>	>						

4. Repeat these steps for the other root aggregates.

Any root aggregate that does not have a status of mirrored must be mirrored.

# Reconfiguring the ONTAP Mediator service (MetroCluster IP configurations)

If you have a MetroCluster IP configuration that was configured with the ONTAP Mediator service, you must remove and reconfigure the association with the mediator.

#### Before you begin

- You must have the IP address and username and password for the ONTAP Mediator service.
- The ONTAP Mediator service must be configured and operating on the Linux host.

#### **Steps**

1. Remove the existing ONTAP Mediator configuration:

metrocluster configuration-settings mediator remove

2. Reconfigure the ONTAP Mediator configuration:

metrocluster configuration-settings mediator add -mediator-address mediator-IP-address

# Verifying the health of the MetroCluster configuration

You should check the health of the MetroCluster configuration to verify proper operation.

#### **Steps**

1. Check that the MetroCluster is configured and in normal mode on each cluster:

metrocluster show

cluster_A::> metrocluster	show	
Cluster	Entry Name	State
Local: cluster_A	Configuration state	configured
	Mode	normal
	AUSO Failure Domain	auso-on-cluster-disaster
Remote: cluster_B	Configuration state	configured
	Mode	normal
	AUSO Failure Domain	auso-on-cluster-disaster

2. Check that mirroring is enabled on each node:

metrocluster node show

3. Check that the MetroCluster components are healthy:

metrocluster check run

cluster A::> metrocluster check run

Last Checked On: 10/1/2014 16:03:37

Component	Result
nodes	ok
lifs	ok
config-replication	ok
aggregates	ok
4 entries were disp	layed.

Command completed. Use the "metrocluster check show -instance" command or sub-commands in "metrocluster check" directory for detailed results. To check if the nodes are ready to do a switchover or switchback operation, run "metrocluster switchover -simulate" or "metrocluster switchback -simulate", respectively.

4. Check that there are no health alerts:

```
system health alert show
```

- 5. Simulate a switchover operation:
  - a. From any node's prompt, change to the advanced privilege level:

```
set -privilege advanced
```

You need to respond with y when prompted to continue into advanced mode and see the advanced mode prompt (\*>).

b. Perform the switchover operation with the -simulate parameter:

```
metrocluster switchover -simulate
```

c. Return to the admin privilege level:

```
set -privilege admin
```

- 6. For MetroCluster IP configurations using the ONTAP Mediator service, confirm that the Mediator service is up and operating.
  - a. Check that the Mediator disks are visible to the system:

```
storage failover mailbox-disk show
```

The following example shows that the mailbox disks have been recognized.

```
node A 1::*> storage failover mailbox-disk show
                Mailbox
                Owner Disk Name
Node
                                           Disk UUID
                _____
                                 ____
still3-vsim-ucs626g
    local Om.i2.3L26
7BBA77C9:AD702D14:831B3E7E:0B0730EE:00000000:0000000:00000000:0000000
00:0000000:00000000
    local
              0m.i2.3L27
928F79AE:631EA9F9:4DCB5DE6:3402AC48:00000000:0000000:0000000:0000000
00:0000000:0000000
    local
              Om.i1.0L60
B7BCDB3C:297A4459:318C2748:181565A3:00000000:0000000:00000000:0000000
00:0000000:00000000
    partner 0m.i1.0L14
EA71F260:D4DD5F22:E3422387:61D475B2:00000000:0000000:00000000:0000000
00:0000000:0000000
    partner 0m.i2.3L64
4460F436:AAE5AB9E:D1ED414E:ABF811F7:00000000:0000000:0000000:0000000
00:0000000:0000000
28 entries were displayed.
```

b. Change to the advanced privilege level:

```
set -privilege advanced
```

c. Check that the mailbox LUNs are visible to the system:

```
storage iscsi-initiator show
```

The output will show the presence of the mailbox LUNs:

#### d. Return to the administrative privilege level:

```
set -privilege admin
```

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