

Assigning ownership for replaced drives

ONTAP MetroCluster

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Assigning ownership for replaced drives

If you replaced drives when restoring hardware at the disaster site or you had to zero drives or remove ownership, you must assign ownership to the affected drives.

Before you begin

The disaster site must have at least as many available drives as it did prior to the disaster.

The drives shelves and drives arrangement must meet the requirements in Required MetroCluster IP component and naming conventions section of the MetroCluster IP Installation and Configuration Guide.

About this task

These steps are performed on the cluster at the disaster site.

This procedure shows the reassignment of all drives and the creation of new plexes at the disaster site. The new plexes are remote plexes of surviving site and local plexes of disaster site.

This section provides examples for two and four-node configurations. For two-node configurations, you can ignore references to the second node at each site. For eight-node configurations, you must account for the additional nodes on the second DR group. The examples make the following assumptions:

- · Site A is the disaster site.
 - node_A_1 has been replaced.
 - o node A 2 has been replaced.

Present only in four-node MetroCluster configurations.

- · Site B is the surviving site.
 - o node B 1 is healthy.
 - node B 2 is healthy.

Present only in four-node MetroCluster configurations.

The controller modules have the following original system IDs:

Number of nodes in MetroCluster configuration	Node	Original system ID
Four	node_A_1	4068741258
node_A_2	4068741260	node_B_1
4068741254	node_B_2	4068741256
Two	node_A_1	4068741258

You should keep in mind the following points when assigning the drives:

• The old-count-of-disks must be at least the same number of disks for each node that were present before

the disaster.

If a lower number of disks is specified or present, the healing operations might not be completed due to insufficient space.

- The new plexes to be created are remote plexes belonging to the surviving site (node_B_x pool1) and local plexes belonging to the disaster site (node_B_x pool0).
- The total number of required drives should not include the root aggr disks.

If n disks are assigned to pool1 of the surviving site, then n-3 disks should be assigned to the disaster site with the assumption that the root aggregate uses three disks.

- None of the disks can be assigned to a pool that is different from the one to which all other disks on the same stack are assigned.
- Disks belonging to the surviving site are assigned to pool 1 and disks belonging to the disaster site are assigned to pool 0.

Steps

- 1. Assign the new, unowned drives based on whether you have a four-node or two-node MetroCluster configuration:
 - For four-node MetroCluster configurations, assign the new, unowned disks to the appropriate disk pools by using the following series of commands on the replacement nodes:
 - i. Systematically assign the replaced disks for each node to their respective disk pools:

```
disk assign -s sysid -n old-count-of-disks -p pool
```

From the surviving site, you issue a disk assign command for each node:

```
cluster_B::> disk assign -s node_B_1-sysid -n old-count-of-disks
-p 1 **\(remote pool of surviving site\)**
cluster_B::> disk assign -s node_B_2-sysid -n old-count-of-disks
-p 1 **\(remote pool of surviving site\)**
cluster_B::> disk assign -s node_A_1-old-sysid -n old-count-of-
disks -p 0 **\(local pool of disaster site\)**
cluster_B::> disk assign -s node_A_2-old-sysid -n old-count-of-
disks -p 0 **\(local pool of disaster site\)**
```

The following example shows the commands with the system IDs:

```
cluster_B::> disk assign -s 4068741254 -n 21 -p 1
cluster_B::> disk assign -s 4068741256 -n 21 -p 1
cluster_B::> disk assign -s 4068741258 -n 21 -p 0
cluster_B::> disk assign -s 4068741260 -n 21 -p 0
```

ii. Confirm the ownership of the disks:

```
storage disk show -fields owner, pool
```

```
storage disk show -fields owner, pool
cluster A::> storage disk show -fields owner, pool
disk
      owner
                    pool
----- -----
0c.00.1 node A 1
                   Pool0
Oc.00.2 node A 1 Pool0
0c.00.8 node A 1
                  Pool1
0c.00.9 node A 1
                   Pool1
0c.00.15 node A 2
                 Pool0
Oc.00.16 node A 2
                   Pool0
Oc.00.22 node A 2 Pool1
0c.00.23 node A 2
                   Pool1
```

- For two-node MetroCluster configurations, assign the new, unowned disks to the appropriate disk pools by using the following series of commands on the replacement node:
 - i. Display the local shelf IDs:

```
run local storage show shelf
```

ii. Assign the replaced disks for the healthy node to pool 1:

```
run local disk assign -shelf shelf-id -n old-count-of-disks -p 1 -s node_B_1-sysid -f
```

iii. Assign the replaced disks for the replacement node to pool 0:

```
run local disk assign -shelf shelf-id -n old-count-of-disks -p 0 -s node_A_1-sysid -f
```

2. On the surviving site, turn on automatic disk assignment again:

```
storage disk option modify -autoassign on ^{\star}
```

```
cluster_B::> storage disk option modify -autoassign on *
2 entries were modified.
```

3. On the surviving site, confirm that automatic disk assignment is on:

storage disk option show

Related information

Disk and aggregate management

How MetroCluster configurations use SyncMirror to provide data redundancy

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