# Output description

## General description of the output files

The simulation outputs multiple files, that are described below. Folders are marked in **bold**.

File name and level	Description
expansion-matrix-abs-values.csv expansion-per-cu.csv	Expansion matrix filled with absolute numbers List the expansion that happens per control unit
no param vari	Output directory if no param variation is selected
metrics-per-cu.csv	Computed metrics per control unit (like SSR, SCR, NPV, total grid demand,) including the concrete parameters for the simulated PV, battery and the charging station component
XXXX-substation-time-series.csv	Time series of the load, wind/o.s. PV feedin, etc. aggregated on substation level
 substation-detailed-time-series.csv	Time series of the additional details on substation level, like residential load (includes feed-in) and demand (only residential grid demand, no surplus feed-in accumulated)
parameter-settings.csv	Parameter settings for the concrete simulation run (very useful for parameter variations)

File name and level	Description
	A list of all sim. added roof sections per control unit
<pre>sim-added-roof-sections-per-cu.csv</pre>	
	Addition information, aggregated on substation level, that is not
<pre>substation-detailed-time-series.csv</pre>	contained in the first file
build_and_run_info.txt	Information on the simulation run and the used program
metrics-per-ev.csv	Computed metrics per EV
optional output:	Output of all power flows inside the control units
case single file:	See command line parametercu-output for details
XXXX-CU-time-series.csv	in one file
case seperated files:	
ts-per-cu	
YYYY-AllCUs-ts.csv	in one file per substation YYYY
param vari XXXX	Output directory if a parameter variation is selected
build and run info.txt	Information on the simulation run and the used program
variation index XXXX	There is one subfolder for every variation combination, the concrete parameters can be found in parameter-settings.csv
rest of the content	see folder no param vari

# Detailed description per file

## metrics-per-cu.csv

Column name	Description
UnitID SCR SSR	The control unit ID of the current record The self-consumption rate over the complete simulated time span The self-sufficiency rate over the complete simulated time span

Column name	Description
NPV	The net-present value (including installation costs) over the complete simulated time span [not in weekly output]
ALR	Array-to-load ratio (see Nyholm et al., 2016 in Applied Energy, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2016.08.172) [not in weekly output]
BDR	Battery-to-Demand ratio (see Nyholm et al., 2016) [not in weekly output]
RBC	Relative battery capacity (see Nyholm et al., 2016) [not in weekly output]
Sum of demand [kWh]	The demand sum of electricity demand of the real smart meters and all simulated consumers (heat pump and charging station) in kWh
Sum of MU demand [kWh]	The demand sum of the measurement units, i.e., the real smart meters in kWh
Sum of self-consumed e. [kWh]	The sum of locally produced and self-consumed electricity in kWh
Sum of PV-generated e. [kWh]	The sum of locally produced PV energy in kWh
Sum of grid feed-in [kWh]	The sum of electricity that was fed into the grid in kWh
Sum of grid demand [kWh]	The sum of electricity that was demanded from the grid in kWh
BS EFC	The battery equivalent full cycles (if not battery is simulated, this value defaults to 0.0)
BS n_ts_empty	The number of time steps where the battery was empty (if not battery is simulated, this value defaults to 0.0)
BS n_ts_full	The number of time steps where the battery was full (if not battery is simulated, this value defaults to 0.0)
BS total E withdrawn [kWh]	The sum of electricity that was withdrawn from the battery in kWh (if not battery is simulated, this value defaults to 0.0) - Attention: The battery might not be empty at the end of the simulation procedure
Sum of HP demand [kWh]	The sum of demanded electricity of the heat pump in kWh (if no heat pump is simulated, this value defaults to 0.0)
Sum of CS demand [kWh]	The sum of demanded electricity of the EV charging station in kWh (if no EV charging station is simulated, this value defaults to 0.0)
Peak grid demand [kW]	The peak grid demand in kW over the complete simulated time span

Column name	Description
Emissions cbgd [kg CO2eq]	The CO2e emissions caused by grid demand including upstream emissions (but no installation emissions for PV panels, battery storage or heat pumps)
Avoided emissions [kg CO2eq]	The avioded CO2e emissions caused by local production (and possibly storing) of renewable energy
Sim. PV max P [kWp]	The installed power in kW (resp. kWp) of the simulated PV installation, or
	0.0 if none is present
Sim. BS P [kW]	The installed power in kW of the simulated battery storage system, or 0.0 if none is present
Sim. BS E [kWh]	The installed capacity in kWh of the simulated battery storage system, or 0.0
	if none is present
n EVs	The number of EVs with their home at this given unit
Sim. CS max P [kW]	The installed power in kW of the simulated EV charging station, or 0.0 if none is present

### XXXX-substation-time-series.csv

Column name	Description
Timestep	The time step ID of the current record
Per substation YYYY	
YYYY	Active power in kW at substation YYYY
open space pv feedin	Total feed-in of open-space PV installations in kW
wind feedin	Total wind feed-in at grid level in kW
OverallBatterySOC	Mean SOC over all simulated battery storage systems on control unit level
total_load	Total active power in kW in the grid

### substation-detailed-time-series.csv

The columns of this output follows the following nomenclature:

- load: Sum of all current virtual smart meter measurements per time step
- demand: Sum of the positive current virtual smart meter measurements per time step

Column name	Description
Timestep Per substation YYYY	The time step ID of the current record
YYYY_resident_load_kW	Sum of residential load in kW of all residential buildings connected to substation YYYY
YYYY_resident_demand_kW	Sum of residential demand in kW of all residential buildings connected to substation YYYY
total_residential_load total_residential_demand	Total residential load in kW Total residential demand in kW

#### XXXX-CU-time-series.csv or YYYY-AllCUs-ts.csv

Column name	Description
Timestep	The time step ID of the current record
ControlUnitID	The control unit ID of the current record
Load_vSmartMeter_kW	The power at the virtual smart meter in kW (positive values denote a demand, negative values denote a feed-in)
Load_rSmartMeters_kW	The power summed over all real smart meters in kW (positive values denote a demand, negative values denote a feed-in)
Load_self_produced_kW	The self-produced power that is consumed in the current time step in kW at the given unit - Please note: If excess power was fed into the battery in the previous steps, this will only be taken into account at the moment of discharge

Column name	Description
PVFeedin_simulated_kW	The current PV production in kW (if present, else 0.0)
BS_SOC	The state of charge of the connected battery (if present, else 0.0)
BS_load_kW	The current power of the battery storage in kW (if present, else 0.0; positive values denote battery charging, negative values denote discharging)
HP load kW	The current power of the heat pump in kW (if present, else 0.0)
CS load kW	The current power of the EV charging station in kW (if present, else 0.0)
CS_n_EVs_conn	The number of home-parking vehicles that are currently connected to the charging station
CS_n_EVs_not_conn	The number of home-parking vehicles that are currently not connected to the charging station

## metrics-per-ev.csv

Column name	Description
CarID	The ID of the car as defined in the input data
Driving distance [km]	The total distance the EV is driven in the simulation in km
E used for driving [kWh]	The sum of electric energy required by the car in the simulation in kWh
Home-charged E [kWh]	The sum of electric energy that has been charged at home in kWh. Can be higher than E used for driving [kWh], especially in the case of bidirectional charging
Home-discharged E [kWh]	The sum of electric energy that has been discharged from the EV battery at home in kWh (only important for the case of bidirectional charging)