The Mortalility and Medical Costs of Air Pollution:

Evidence from Changes in Wind Direction

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Introduction

Paper uses heteorgenous treatment effect and generic machine learning inference. Mortality in

elderly population 25% are effected. Conduct first large scale quasi experimental investigation

on health care use and medical case. Wind direction as an IV identification strategy. Mortality

displacement as problem with identification.

Use cox-lasso model as further model.

Conclusion

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