HW3 Report

Section 1

Q1:

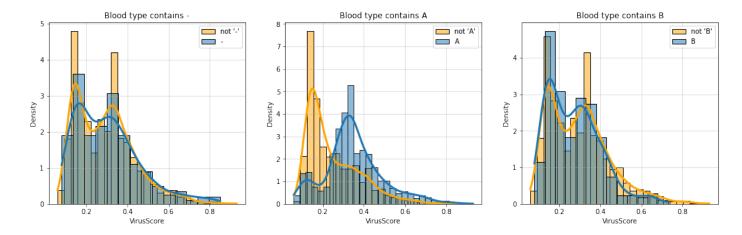


Figure 1: KDE plots of VirusScore conditioned different conditions of blood_type

Q2:

In figure 1 in the plot of A versus not A, we observe that the groups of patients with and and without "A" in their blood types are mostly seperable along a boundary that is approximately the VirusScore of 0.225.

Therefore, the condition of contains/does not contain A would be most informative for learning VirusScore. As it turns out, we decided already in hw1 to create this feature.

Q3:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial b} \mathcal{L}\left(\underline{\mathbf{w}},b\right) & \stackrel{a}{=} \frac{\partial}{\partial b} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left(\underline{w}^{\top}\underline{x}_{i} - b - y_{i}\right)^{2} \stackrel{b}{=} \frac{1}{m} \frac{\partial}{\partial b} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left(\underline{w}^{\top}\underline{x}_{i} - b - y_{i}\right)^{2} \stackrel{c}{=} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{\partial}{\partial b} \left(\underline{w}^{\top}\underline{x}_{i} - b - y_{i}\right)^{2} \stackrel{d}{=} \\ & \stackrel{d}{=} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} 2 \left(\underline{w}^{\top}\underline{x}_{i} - b - y_{i}\right) \cdot (-1) \stackrel{e}{=} \frac{2}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left(b + y_{i} - \underline{w}^{\top}\underline{x}_{i}\right) \stackrel{f}{=} \frac{2}{m} \left[mb + \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left(y_{i} - \underline{w}^{\top}\underline{x}_{i}\right)\right] \stackrel{g}{=} \\ & \stackrel{g}{=} 2b + \frac{2}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left(y_{i} - \underline{w}^{\top}\underline{x}_{i}\right) \Rightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial b} \mathcal{L}\left(\underline{\mathbf{w}},b\right) = 2b + \frac{2}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left(y_{i} - \underline{w}^{\top}\underline{x}_{i}\right) \end{split}$$

- a: Definition of $\mathcal{L}\left(\mathbf{\underline{w}},b\right)$
- $b: \frac{1}{m}$ is scalar c: Derivative of a sum is the sum of derivatives
- d: Derivative of $(\underline{w}^{\top}\underline{x}_i b y_i)^2$ w.r.t b
- e: 2 is scalar f: sum of b
- g : Removing b from the sum