The Imposter Syndrome, Stereotype Threat, and Growth Mindset



By the end of this video you will be able to...

- Define "Imposter Syndrome" and "Stereotype Threat" and give examples of each
- Describe what contributes to stereotype threat
- •Employ strategies for combatting imposter syndrome and stereotype threat.
- Discuss the advantages of a growth mindset



Not qualified!

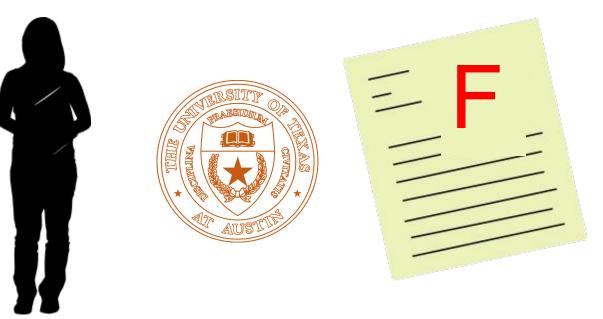
Mistake!

Imposter!

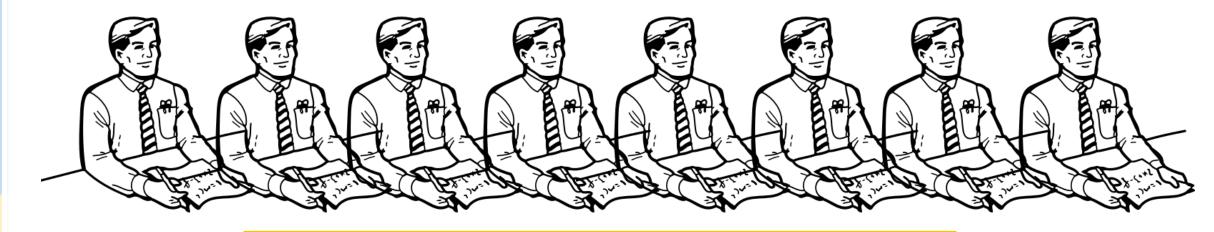
The Imposter Syndrome can hurt you

- Make you not apply for positions that you are qualified for
- Make you not take credit for your accomplishments
- Make you doubt your abilities and perform poorly in an interview
- Stress you out and make you unhappy

But it's not always imaginary



" 'Maybe you just weren't meant to be there,' she said. 'Maybe we should have sent you to a junior college first.' "



Women do worse when reminded of the stereotype before taking the test!

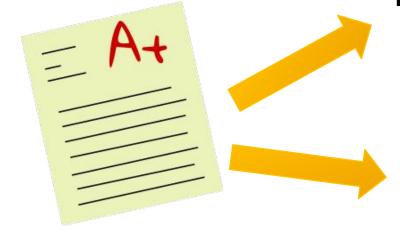
Stereotype Threat

Spencer, Steele & Quinn. Stereotype Threat and Women's Math Performance. Journal of Experimental Social Psychology 35, 4– 28 (1999)

Combatting Stereotype Threat and the Imposter Syndrome

- Role models
- Shared experiences with peers and mentors





Carol Dweck

"I'm so good at math!"

Fixed mindset

Natural ability or talent

"I worked really hard and I got it!"

Growth mindset

Practice and hard work



Growth mindset interventions have been shown to improve outcomes

"I'm no good at math!"

Fixed mindset

"I guess I needed to work harder!"

Growth mindset

Developing a Growth Mindset

- Missed an interview question? Practice more! You'll get it next time
- Didn't get the job? Think about what could be improved and work at it!

Hard work is something you can control, so take action and practice!

Up Next

Imposter Syndrome Gallery