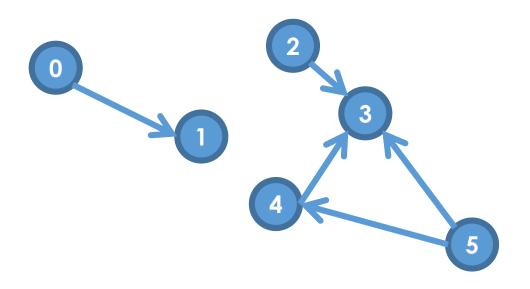
Graphs

Representation: Adjacency List

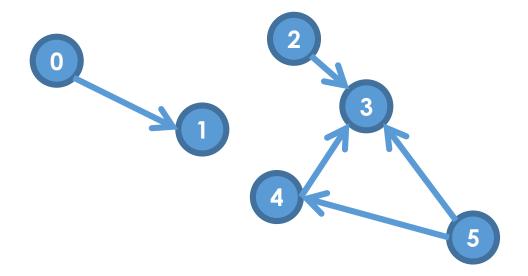


By the end of this video you will be able to...

- Implement graphs in Java using adjacency lists
- Describe advantages and disadvantages of adjacency list and adjacency matrix representations.



$$V = \{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$$



$$V = \{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$$

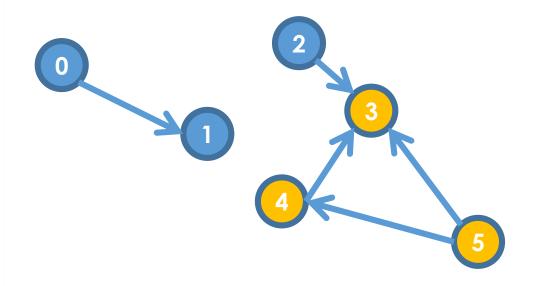
0	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	0



private Map<Integer,ArrayList<Integer>> adjListsMap;



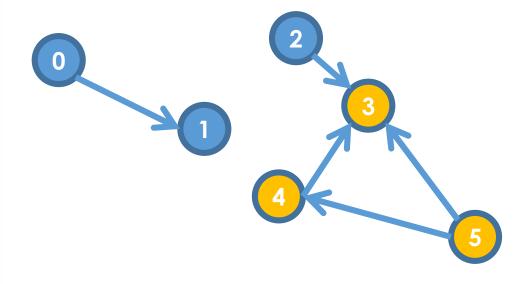
private Map<Integer,ArrayList<Integer>> adjListsMap;



 $5 \rightarrow \{3,4\}$



private Map<Integer,ArrayList<Integer>> adjListsMap;



$$0 \rightarrow \{1\}$$

1 → null

$$2 \rightarrow \{3\}$$

 $3 \rightarrow \text{null}$

$$4 \rightarrow \{3\}$$

$$5 \rightarrow \{3,4\}$$

```
public class GraphAdjList extends Graph {
public void implementAddVertex() {
  int v = getNumVertices();
  ArrayList<Integer> neighbors = new ArrayList<Integer>();
  adjListsMap.put(v, neighbors);
public void implementAddEdge(int v, int w) {
  (adjListsMap.get(v)).add(w);
```

Recap: Adjacency lists

- Easy to add vertices.
- Easy to add/remove edges.

May use a lot less memory than adjacency matrices.

Recap: Adjacency lists

- Easy to add vertices.
- Easy to add/rema

But is it fast?

May use a lot less memory than adjacency matrices.

Recap: Adjacency lists

- Easy to add vertices.
- Easy to add/rema

But is it fast?

May use a lot less memory than adjacency matrices.



private Map<Integer,ArrayList<Integer>>

adjListsMap;



java.util

Class ArrayList<E>

java.lang.Object java.util.AbstractCollection<E> java.util.AbstractList<E> java.util.ArrayList<E> Constant time operations:

size, isEmpty, get, set, add*

Why use anything else?