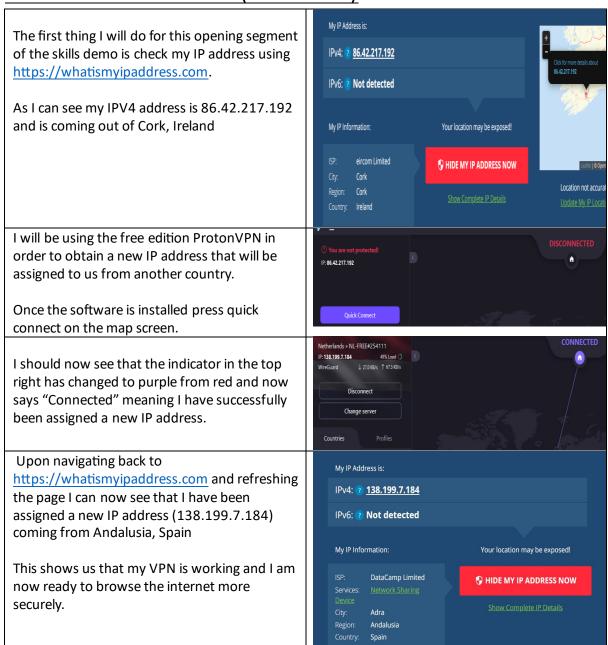
The Importance of Encryption

Daniel Sheehan

Introduction:

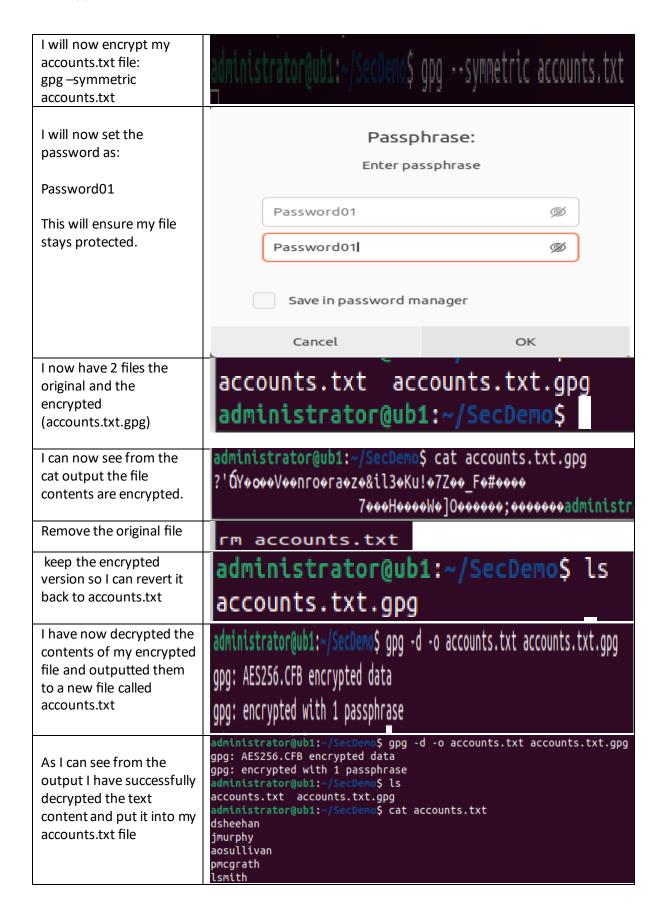
In this skills demo I will be exploring the importance of secure digital communication as well as a variety of encryption methods such as using a VPN to safely browse the web, Encryption methods such as GPG and Steghide, setting up and configuring secure wireless communication through encryption methods such as WPA2 and MAC address filtering. Another key aspect of secure communication I will be covering is the ability to use SSH to connect to a remote server and using SFTP to securely transfer files onto my local machine.

<u>Virtual Private Networks (ProtonVPN)</u>

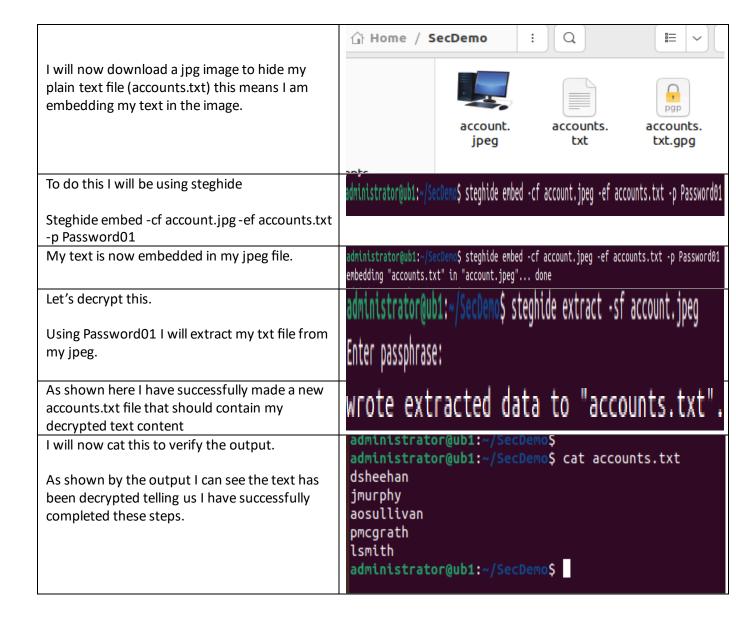


I will create a text file in my SecDemo directory known as accounts.txt Sudo nano accounts.txt	administrator@ub1:~\$ alps.jpg chkroot-30-11-23.txt cry.jpg csf csf.tgz cv2.txt cv.txt Desktop administrator@ub1:~\$ administrator@ub1:~{\$	Documents Downloads dsheehan file1.txt goodnews2.txt goodnews.txt lynis-30-11-23.txt Music cd SecDemo	SecDemo
In this NANO file I will enter a few sample account names for the contents	GNU nano 6.2 dsheehan jmurphy aosullivan pmcgrath lsmith	aco	counts.txt *
I will then cat my accounts.txt file to verify the contents	administrator@ub1:~/SecDemo\$ cat accounts.txt dsheehan jmurphy aosullivan pmcgrath lsmith administrator@ub1:~/SecDemo\$		

Encrypt (GPG)



Steghide (embed text into image)



Connecting to a remote server

In this next segment I will be connecting to a remote digitalocean server in a data centre in London through SSH, once I have connected, I will be creating a folder that will contain a txt file once I have created both files, I will be using the list (Is) command to show the contents of the directory. Once this has been completed, I will be using SFTP to transfer the file from the virtual server machine to my local machine and deleting the folder on the server.

SSH:

To begin I will navigate to the cli terminal on my Ubuntu machine and type the following commands in order to connect to this remote server being hosted on a data centre in London.

Ssh root@157.245.36. 80

Once I type this command I will then enter the password 4BlindMice and attempt to connect

As I can see I have successfully connected to the remote server as the root user meaning I have permissions to

files.

create new

directories and

I will type cd to ensure I am in the home directory administrator@ub1:~\$ ssh root@157.245.36.80
root@157.245.36.80's password:

administrator@ub1:-\$ ssh root@157.245.36.80 root@157.245.36.80's password:

Welcome to Ubuntu 23.10 (GNU/Linux 6.5.0-9-generic x86_64)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com

* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com * Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage

System information as of Thu Feb 8 11:58:50 UTC 2024

System load: 0.0 Processes: 126 Usage of /: 6.9% of 23.17GB Users logged in: 1

Memory usage: 27% IPv4 address for eth0: 157.245.36.80 Swap usage: 0% IPv4 address for eth0: 10.16.0.5

85 updates can be applied immediately.

44 of these updates are standard security updates.

To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Last login: Thu Feb 8 11:57:52 2024 from 87.38.10.2 root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~#

Now that I know where I am I will make a new directory called "daniel" by using the mkdir command.	root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# mkdir daniel root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# ls Abdi Ali Rawan damien daniel ewa jb mateusz root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~#
After I create the directory I will type Is again and I should see the daniel directory has been created.	
Next I will cd into the daniel directory and create a file called cv.txt using the command sudo nano cv.txt	root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# ls Abdi Ali Rawan damien daniel ewa jb mateusz root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# cd daniel root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~/daniel# sudo nano cv.tx
I will write contents to verify the integrity of my file and then press ctrl s ctrl x to save and exit	GNU nano 7.2 cv.txt * This is daniels CV
Once I type Is again I can see my cv.txt file	<pre>root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# cd danie root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~/daniel# l cv.txt</pre>
I will now press exit to close my connection to the server.	<pre>root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~/daniel# exit logout Connection to 157.245.36.80 closed. administrator@ub1:~\$</pre>

SFTP(Secure File Transfer Protocol):

I will now log back into the server using SFTP and the same login as previously:	<pre>administrator@ub1:~\$ sftp root@157.245.36.80 root@157.245.36.80's password: Connected to 157.245.36.80. sftp></pre>
root@157.245.36. 80	
pass: 4BlindMice	

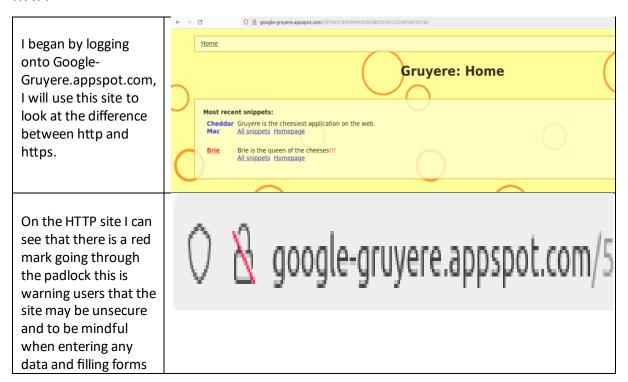
```
Once I have
                  Connected to 157.245.36.80.
connected I will us
                  sftp> ls
the ls command to
view my servers
                  daniel jb
home directory
containing the
                  sftp>
daniel directory.
Using the Is
                  sftp> lls
command I can
                  404.qif
                                         music.zip
see the contents of
                  'books(1).csv'
                                          network-dump.flag.pcap
my local machine
                  books.csv
                                          shark1.pcapng
away from the
                  cdDatabase-20230929
                                          smile.png
server. I will use
sftp to retrieve my
                  cdDatabase-20230929.zip
                                         tree.jpeq
cv.txt file from my
                  cds.csv
                                         'Vocational Study Brief Daniel Sheehan.pdf'
server and put it
                  qiphy.qif
                                         'Vocational Study Submission Daniel Sheehan.pdf
on my local
                  music
machine.
                  sftp>
                  sftp> get cv.txt
To achieve this I
                  Fetching
                                    /root/cv.txt
must use the
following
                  sftp> lls
command:
                  404.qif
                                         music
Get cv.txt
                  books(1).csv'
                                         music.zip
                  books.csv
                                         network-dump.flag.pcap
After this I will run
another Is and as I
                  cdDatabase-20230929
                                         shark1.pcapng
can see my file has
                  cdDatabase-20230929.zip
                                         smile.png
been re-tried and
is now present on
                  cds.csv
                                         tree.jpeg
my local machine
                  cv.txt
                                         'Vocational Study Brief Daniel Sheehan.pdf'
meaning I have
used sftp
                                         'Vocational Study Submission Daniel Sheehan.pdf'
                  qiphy.qif
successfully.
                  sfto>
                     Ttp>
                                       \subset \mathbf{d}
I will now clean up
after myself in
                                       ls
                  sftp>
order to securely
                                             daniel
                                                                          iЬ
remove any traces
                   sftp>
of my activity.
                                 exit
Exit sftp
                  administrator@ub1:~$
                  root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# cd
I will login again
using ssh and type
                  root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# ls
Is where I can see
my daniel
                           cv.txt daniel jb
directory.
```

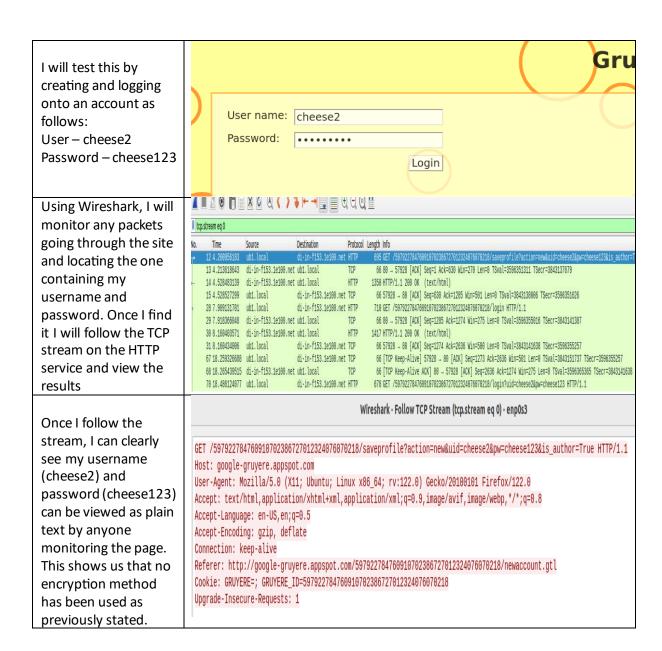
root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# ls Finally I will type rm -rf daniel Abdi cv.txt daniel jb I will then type Is root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# rm -rf daniel and see I have successfully root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# ls removed the daniel directory Abdi cv.txt jb meaning I have root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-lon1-01:~# cleared any trace of my activity.

HTTP vs HTTPS

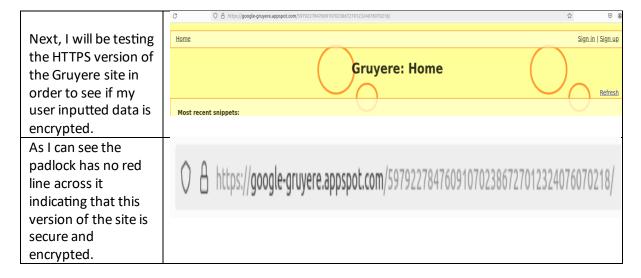
In this segment of my skills demo I will be demonstrating the difference of a HTTP vs a HTTPS website. HTTP messages are written in plaintext which allows anyone on the internet to access and read them, HTTPS however transmits all data encrypted, this means that when users fill out forms and submit sensitive information, they can be confident that it is secure.

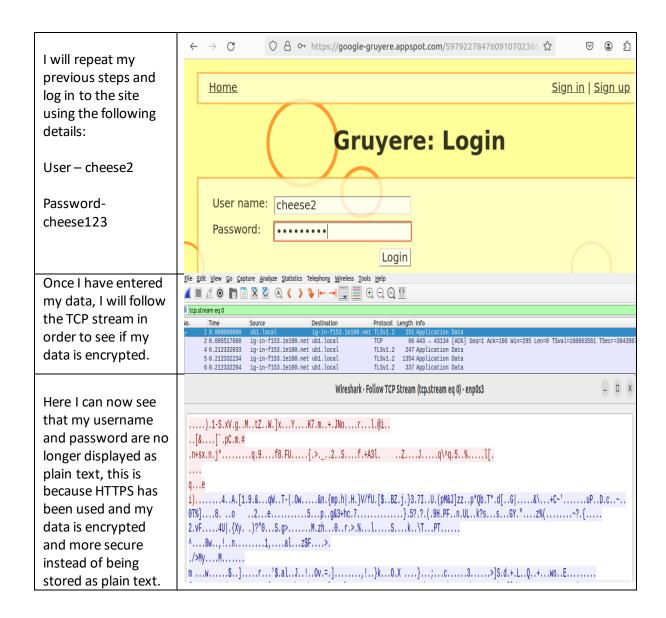
HTTP:





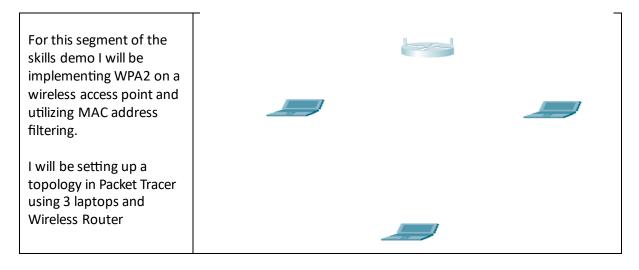
HTTPS:



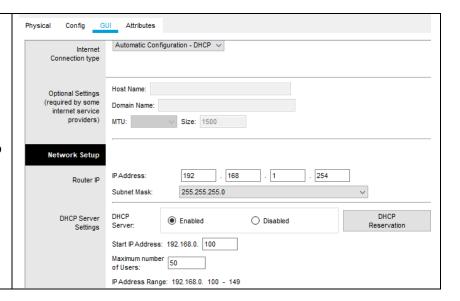


Filtering MAC Address + WPA2 integration

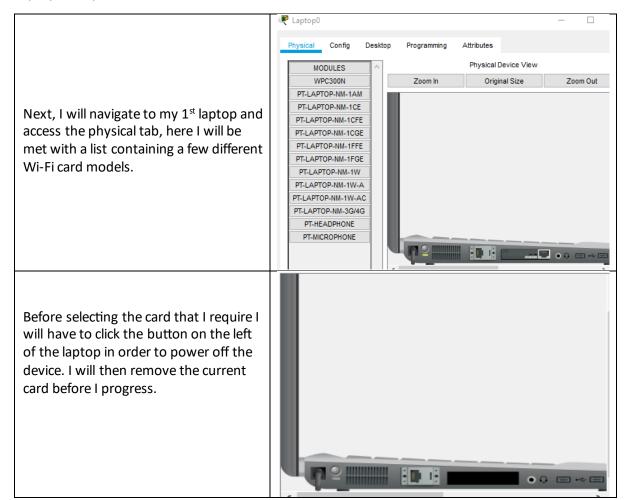
Topology & Wireless Router Setup:

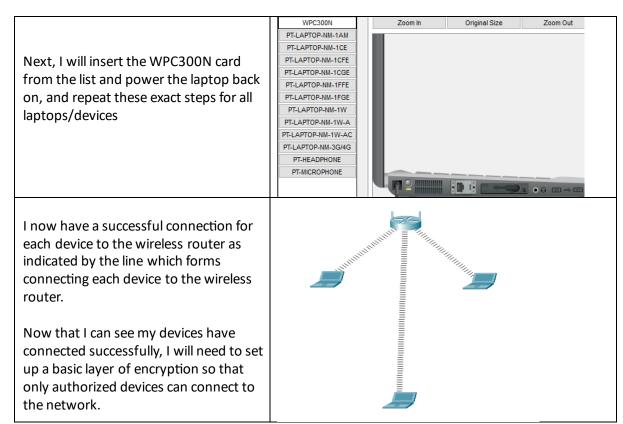


I will begin by navigating to the Router's GUI and setting its IP address to 192.168.1.254 and ensuring that DHCP is enabled. My starting IP Address will also be set to 100 and I will have a maximum of 50 users. Once this is completed, I am ready to move onto the next step.

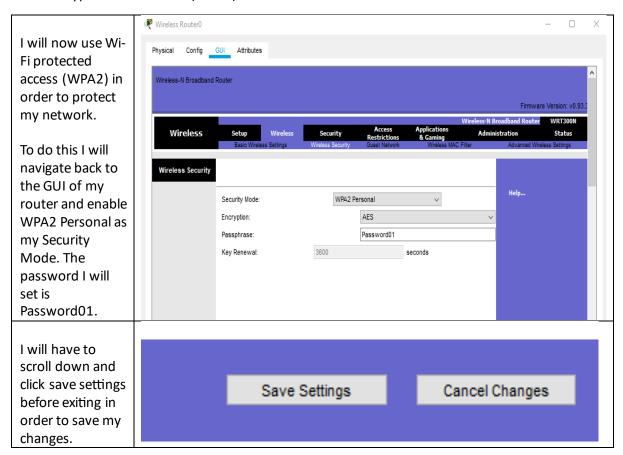


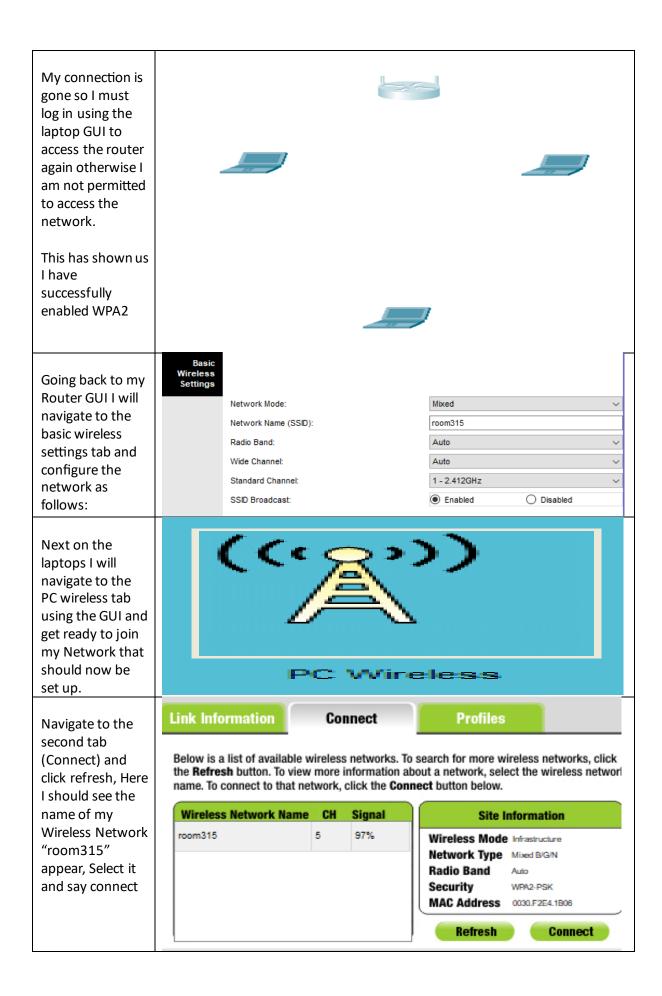
Laptops setup:

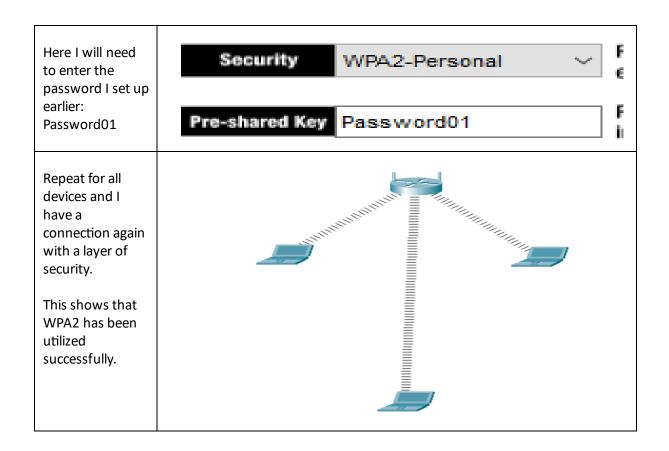




Basic Encryption for Network (WPA2):

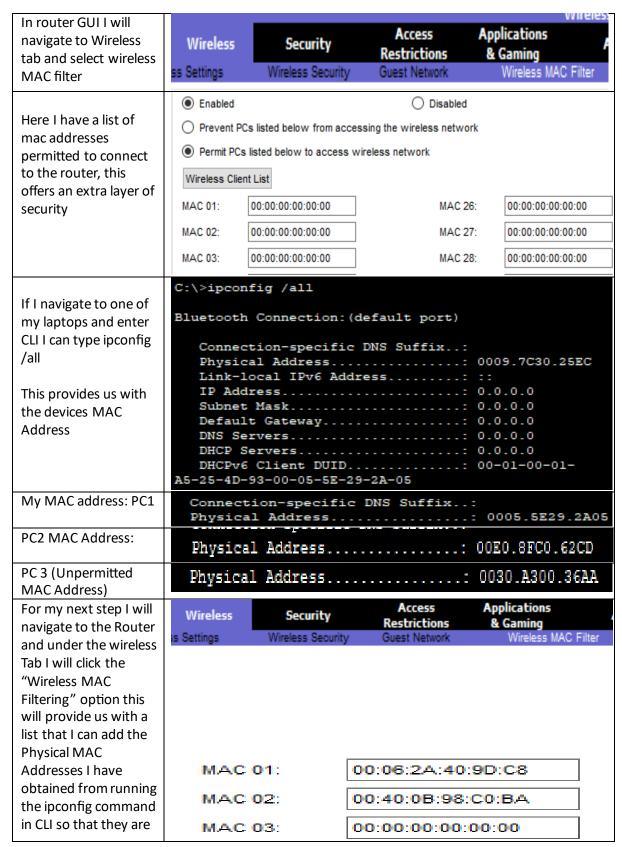


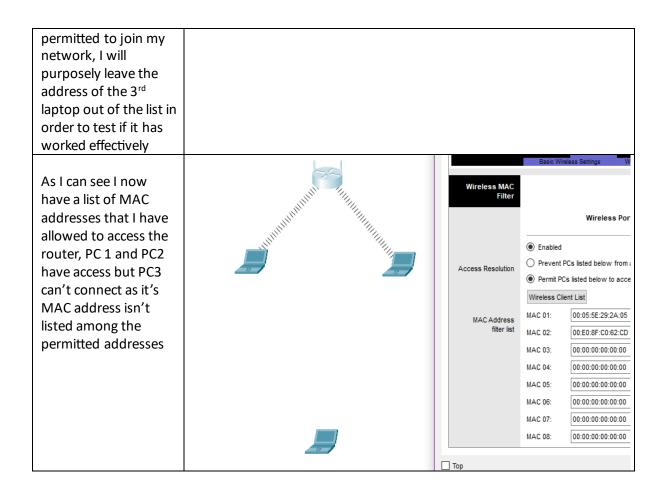




Filtering MAC addresses:

My next and final layer of security for my network that I will be setting up for this Skills Demo is MAC address filtering. This makes it so that only devices that have authorized MAC addresses from my Router have permission to connect to the network.





This shows us that my list is working, and I have successfully filtered MAC addresses to allow and deny access to my Network depending on the devices MAC address and whether or not it is permitted to connect to my network.

Conclusion:

In conclusion in this skills demo I showcased a variety of different uses for secure communication such as setting up and using VPNs to browse the internet securely and setting up different encryption methods such as GPG and Steghide in order to keep data secure and hidden. I also managed to successfully set up secure wireless connections on 3 different devices using WPA2 and MAC address filtering to keep unauthorized devices off of my wireless network. I also learned the importance of remote server access through methods such as using SSH to access files and SFTP to securely transfer them from a network onto my physical way in an encrypted way. I also demonstrated the importance of HTTPS over HTTP and how users should be cautious when inputting data on unsecure sites in order to avoid theft and their data falling into the wrong hands.