

$$22) e^y y' = 1, \quad y(x) = \ln(x+C), \quad y(0) = 0$$

$$0 = \ln(0+C)$$

$$0 = \ln(C)$$

$$e^0 = e^{\ln(C)}$$

$$1 = C$$

$$\underline{y(x) = \ln(x+1)}, \quad \text{or } y(x) = \ln(x+1)$$

$$(10) \frac{dy}{dx} = xe^{-x}$$

$$u = -x$$

$$du = -dx$$

$$-du = dx$$

$$u = x$$

$$v = \int e^{-x} dx$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -1$$

$$v = -\int e^u du$$

$$du = -dx$$

$$v = -e^u$$

$$v = -e^{-x}$$

$$\int u dv = x(-e^{-x}) + \int e^{-x} dx$$

$$= -xe^{-x} - e^{-x}$$

$$y = -e^{-x}(x+1) + C$$

$$1 = -e^{-0}(0+1) + C$$

$$1 = -(1) + C$$

$$1+1 = C$$

$$C = 2$$

$$y = -e^{-x}(x+1) + 2$$

$$y = -e^{-x}(x+1) + 2$$