

$$(24) \quad 2xy' + y^3 e^{-2x} = 2xy$$

$$u = y^{1-3}$$

$$u = y^{-2}$$

$$u^{1/2} = y$$

$$\frac{2xy' - 2xy = -y^3 e^{-2x}}{2x}$$

$$y' - y = \frac{-y^3 e^{-2x}}{2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{2} u^{-3/2} \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} u^{-3/2} \frac{du}{dx} - u^{1/2} = -\frac{[u^{1/2}]^3 e^{-2x}}{2x}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} + 2u = -\frac{[u^{1/2}]^{-3/2} e^{-2x} (-2)}{2x u^{-3/2}}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} + 2u = \frac{e^{-2x}}{x}$$

$$\int \frac{2 dx}{e^{2x}} = \int \frac{e^{2x}}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{e^{2x}} w' + 2w \frac{e^{2x}}{e^{2x}} = \frac{e^{2x}}{x}$$

$$(e^{2x} w' + 2w e^{2x}) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(e^{2x} w) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$e^{2x} w = \int \frac{1}{2} dx$$

$$e^{2x} w = \ln x + C$$

$$w = \frac{\ln x + C}{e^{2x}}$$

$$y^{-2} = \frac{\ln x + C}{e^{2x}}$$

1.1.1

$$\frac{e^{2x}}{\ln x + C} = \frac{y^2}{x^2}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{e^{2x}}{\ln x + C}} = y$$