

{mctq}: An R Package for the Munich ChronoType Questionnaire

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Overview

{mctq} is an R package that provides a complete and consistent toolkit to process the Munich ChronoType Questionnaire (MCTQ), a validated tool to assess chronotypes using peoples' sleep behavior presented by Till Roenneberg, Anna Wirz-Justice, and Martha Merrow in 2003.

The aim of {mctq} is to facilitate the work of sleep and chronobiology scientists with MCTQ data while also helping with research reproducibility.



Code repository: https://github.com/gipso/mctq

Documentation website: https://gipso.github.io/mctq

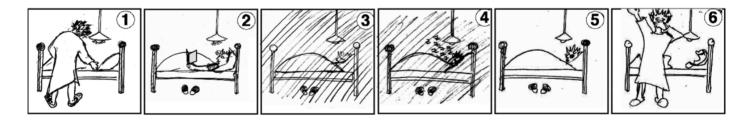


The MCTQ questionnaire

Munich ChronoType Questionnaire (MCTQ)

In this questionnaire, you report on your typical sleep behaviour over the past 4 weeks. We ask about work days and work-free days separately. Please respond to the questions according to your perception of a standard week that includes your usual work days and work-free days.

I have a regular work schedule (this includes being, for example, a housewife or househusband):								
Yes 🗌 I work on	1	2	3□	4□	5□	6□	7	days per week.
No 🗌								
Is your answer "Yes, on 7 days" or "No", please consider if your sleep times may <u>nonetheless</u> differ between regular 'workdays' and 'weekend days' and fill out the MCTQ in this respect.								



Please use 24-hour time scale (e.g. 23:00 instead of 11:00 pm)!

<u>Workdays</u>					
Image 1:	Igo to bed at o'clock.				
Image 2:	Note that some people stay awake for some time when in bed!				
Image 3:	I actually get ready to fall asleep at o'clock.				

Please use 24-hour time scale (e.g. 23:00 instead of 11:00 pm)!

<u>Workdays</u>								
Image 1:	I go to bed at	o'clock.						
Image 2:	age 2: Note that some people stay awake for some time when in bed!							
Image 3:	I actually get ready to fall asleep at	o'clock.						
Image 4:	I need	minutes to fall asleep.						
Image 5:	l wake up at	o'clock.						
Image 6:	After	minutes I get up.						
l use an aları	m clock on workdays:	Yes ☐ No ☐						
If "Yes": I re	gularly wake up BEFORE the alarm rin	ngs: Yes 🗌 No 🗌						
Free Days								
Image 1:	l go to bed at	o'clock.						
Image 2: Note that some people stay awake for some time when in bed!								
Image 3:	I actually get ready to fall asleep at	o'clock.						
Image 4: I need		minutes to fall asleep.						
Image 5:	I wake up at	o'clock.						
Image 6:	After	minutes I get up.						
My wake-up time (Image 5) is due to the use of an alarm clock: Yes \Box No \Box								
There are particular reasons why I <u>cannot</u> freely choose my sleep times on free days:								
Yes ☐ If "Yes": Child(ren)/pet(s) ☐ Hobbies ☐ Others ☐, for example:								
No 🗌								

Main challenges

- MCTQ requires a lot of date/time manipulation.
- Lack of consistency in computations.
- Inconsistencies can lead to irreproducible results.



The {mctq} package

Workdays and work-free days variables

- fd(): compute MCTQ work-free days.
- so(): compute MCTQ local time of sleep onset.
- gu(): compute MCTQ local time of getting out of bed.
- sdu(): compute MCTQ sleep duration.
- tbt(): compute MCTQ total time in bed.
- msl(): compute MCTQ local time of mid-sleep.
- napd(): compute MCTQ nap duration (only for MCTQ Shift).
- sd24(): compute MCTQ 24 hours sleep duration (only for MCTQ Shift).



Combining workdays and work-free days variables

- sd_week(): compute MCTQ average weekly sleep duration.
- sd_overall(): compute MCTQ overall sleep duration (only for MCTQ Shift).
- sloss_week(): compute MCTQ weekly sleep loss.
- le_week(): compute MCTQ average weekly light exposure.
- msf_sc(): compute MCTQ chronotype or corrected local time of mid-sleep on work-free days.
- sjl_rel() and sjl(): compute MCTQ social jet lag.
- sjl_weighted(): compute MCTQ absolute social jetlag across all shifts (only for MCTQ Shift).



Combining workdays and work-free days variables

Example:

```
# Local time of mid-sleep on workdays
msw <- c(hms::parse_hm("02:05"), hms::parse_hm("04:05"))
# Local time of mid-sleep on work-free days
msf <- c(hms::parse_hm("23:05"), hms::parse_hm("08:30"))
# Relative social jetlag
sjl_rel(msw, msf)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "-10800s (~-3 hours)" "15900s (~4.42 hours)"
```



Final remarks

Notes

- {mctq} is currently under a <u>rOpenSci software peer review</u>.
- We plan to submit {mctq} to CRAN soon after the review process ends.
- We plan to invite the MCTQ authors to review and author the package.
- An article about {mctq} will be published soon.



Thank you!